

The Hood River Glacier.

"IT'S A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET LEFT."

VOL. XI.

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1899.

NO. 28.

HOOD RIVER GLACIER

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THE MAILS.
The mail arrives from Hood at 10 o'clock a. m. on Wednesdays and Saturdays; departs the same days at noon.
For Clatsop, leaves at 8 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives at 6 p. m.
For White Salmon (Wash.) leaves daily at 6:45 a. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.
From White Salmon leaves for Pulla, Gilmer, Trout Lake and Glenwood Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
For Bunker (Wash.) leaves at 3:45 p. m.; arrives at 2 p. m.

SOCIETIES.

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S. H. FRANKSON, Secretary.

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EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKETS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

Many honors are being purchased by the government now.

The United States cruiser Montgomery has arrived at Montevideo.

In consequence of Lord Salisbury's bereavement, diplomatic matters will be delayed.

It is said that the Boers move so fast and often that the British cannot keep track of them.

The Americans are in control of vastly greater territory in Luzon than they were a month ago.

Agulnaldo, with a few men, women and carts, was seen between San Fabian and San Fernando on Friday.

James D. Richardson will very probably be the leader of the minority in the next house of representatives.

As a matter of convenience for their Western business, the Pullman company will build repair shops in Denver.

A Brooklyn court has rendered a decision that school boards cannot be forced to admit negroes in white schools.

The Vancouver (B. C.) chief of police believes he has the long-sought Tascott, the murderer of Millionaire Snell, of Chicago.

The British court of appeals has reversed the lower court and will permit the Mexican International railroad to proceed with its plan for funding its \$6 per cent bonds.

The navy department has awarded the contract for a drydock at the League Island navy-yard, Philadelphia, to the Atlantic, Gulf & Pacific Company, for \$782,000.

A report has been received at Victoria of the drowning in Alaska of a Mrs. Damberton, another woman and three unknown men. They were carried under the ice in a small boat.

Because he transferred his Washington home, the gift of patriotic citizens, first to his wife and later to his son, Admiral Dewey is the subject of much censure, and contributors to the fund will accept no explanation.

Congress will be petitioned to create positions for Fitzhugh Lee and "Old How" Wheeler. A fund will also be started to purchase each of them a sword. The movement is being engineered by young ladies, who want their idols to be major-generals. The first meeting was held in Chicago.

Four thousand miners in Indiana have gone on a wage strike.

Democratic newspapers in Kentucky now concede Taylor nearly 2,000.

Cattle now command the highest prices since 1882 in the Chicago markets.

Lumbermen in this country think that Canada is too severe in her retaliation.

The Standard Oil Company has raised the price on crude oil to a point the highest in four years.

The revenue cutter Manning will soon leave New York for the North Pacific coast, where she is to remain in future.

President's message will be held open until the latest possible time, awaiting developments in the Philippines.

Two confessed horse-thieves in Illinois traveled a rough road on their way to jail and narrowly escaped lynching twice.

A terrible battle took place last Thursday between Colombian rebels and government forces. A thousand rebels were killed.

Walter Morehead, of London, a stockholder in the Southern Pacific, has appealed to the courts to set aside the recent reorganization.

The schooner Maple Leaf was wrecked abreast of New Glasgow. Her captain, now dead, was to have been married on his arrival in port.

The torpedo-boat Dahlgren is not up to requirements and her builders will have to pay fines. The boat, it is said, should not have been accepted.

General Funston says that Colonel Metcalf is not guilty of the charges of murdering a Filipino preferred against him by a member of the Twentieth Kansas.

The Santa Fe is stretching out for trade in northern California. It has recently bonded the Klamath road, the Belt Line about Eureka harbor and immense tracts of timber land.

By the death of Vice-President Hobart, the office of vice-president becomes vacant for the rest of McKinley's term. The president pro tem of the senate will be elected when congress meets.

Naval tests of the Marconi wireless telegraph at sea were successful up to 30 miles. At 36 miles the messages became unreadable.

Lieut. Franklin Schley, who is soon to go to Manila, closely resembles his father, Rear Admiral Schley, in appearance and stature.

With appropriate ceremonies the Methodist Episcopal home for the aged at Rala, a suburb of Philadelphia, was dedicated by Bishop Foss.

LATER NEWS.

Major-General Otis will come home soon.

In England, the "antia" are not allowed a free press.

Three hundred Spanish prisoners are now at Manila.

Much damage has been done to potatoes by the recent rains in Oregon.

Hundreds are dying weekly in China from the plague, and the government refuses to take sanitary precautions.

Dispatches found on prisoners show the Boer loss at Belmont to have been only 10 killed and 40 wounded.

The United States ship Ranger at Mare Island, is supposed to be fitting for some secret mission.

France is hostile to Catholic orders. Seven bishoprics and salaries of 700 vicars are to be suppressed.

Troops will continue to go to the Philippines. They will be needed, as other islands than Luzon are requiring attention.

Roberts will not be able to retain his seat, as a majority are against him. He has some supporters who will insist on a hearing.

The rebels evacuated Mangalaren in a hurry. They did not fire a shot and left an hundred American and Spanish prisoners behind.

The English money market is apprehensive. Discount rates are high and gold continues to flow out for war supply purchases.

Two men, Engineer Robert Hunter and Fireman D. L. Miller, were killed in the O. R. & N. wreck near Rooster Rock. W. F. Herzinger was badly injured.

The Boers at Estcourt were defeated by Hildyard's forces. The defeated force retreated toward Colenso, destroying a railway bridge at Frere, and Britishers are after them with a flying column.

The young celestials of San Francisco have a plan on foot to restore to power the young emperor of China. They will raise a fund of \$50,000 to carry it out and introduce certain needed reforms in the empire.

The purchase of large tracts of fir forests by Eastern lumbermen has caused a sharp advance in the price of both logs and standing timber in Washington. Within a short time stumps have arisen from 10 to 20 cents.

Viceroy Curzon in his report on the famine in India says that 30,000,000 people in the area are now affected. Relief work up to the present time has cost the government \$5,000,000, aside from losses of revenue and loans.

Governor Leary says he must have an ice machine in the island of Guam. Water is unfit to drink. With a cold storage outfit and an occasional supply of fresh beef, he can furnish subsistence for a larger garrison of men.

Smallpox is prevalent in Indian territory.

Cubans want the troops withdrawn but no American civil governor.

A new finance bill is under consideration by the Republican committee.

Eastern Oregon steers sell for \$70 apiece. Wool goes at 15 cents per pound.

Secretary Wilson will try to reform the present practice of free seed distribution.

An organization to control the output of electric fans has been perfected in New York.

England has given notice to the powers of Europe that a state of war exists in the Transvaal.

A portage road at the Dalles on the upper Columbia is under construction. This is part of a large transportation system.

A representative of the Russian government is in Chicago buying horses for the czar. Over 2,000 head have so far been purchased.

Admiral Watson reports that the entire province of Zamboanga, island of Mindanao, has surrendered to Commander Vey.

The widespread operations of the Boers demonstrate that they have greater strength than has been estimated, says a London dispatch.

A private of the Twentieth Kansas says the Filipino whom Colonel Metcalf is accused of murdering was killed by the colonel in self defense.

Filipino troops are scattered in small companies and are committing frightful atrocities. Those of the natives who have welcomed or tolerated the Americans are remorselessly cut to pieces.

Sir Francis Wingate, in the battle with the khalifa's force, near Gedid, captured 9,000 men, women and children. Osman Digna, the principal general of the khalifa, is still at large.

Dr. von Holleben, German ambassador to the United States, in the presence of 2,000 Germans, presented a flag sent by Emperor William to the United German Soldiers' Societies in Chicago.

Representatives of the American-English syndicate have been in Montana all summer and fall, securing options on the best sheep ranches and best watered land for the purpose of consolidating them into one large company.

William R. Moody, son of Dwight L. Moody, has assumed the editorship of the official newspaper of Moody's schools.

The grave of President Tyler, in Hollywood cemetery, in Richmond, Va., which has been unmarked for 37 years, is to have an appropriate monument.

Mrs. Annie E. Brumby, mother of Lieut. Brumby of the Olympia, was one of the spectators at the festivities in Atlanta, Ga., in honor of her son.

FUNERAL OF HOBART

Impressive Religious Services at Paterson.

SERMON BY REV. DR. MAGIE

Distinguished Men of the Nation Present—Remains Placed in a Vault at Cedar Lawn Cemetery.

Paterson, N. J., Nov. 28.—With the impressive religious ceremonies of the Presbyterian church, and with the dignity due to his high office, all that was mortal of the vice-president, Garrett A. Hobart, was committed to the earth. The president, Secretary of State John Hay, Chief Justice Fuller, ex-Vice-President Levi P. Morton, ex-Secretary of War Alger, Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, the supreme court judges, members of the senate, members of congress and the vice-presidents' personal friends filled the beautiful church of the Redeemer, and with moistened eye and bowed head testified silently and eloquently to his worth as a statesman, friend and neighbor.

Through the west window from the center of the stained glass Maltese cross pierced a shaft of crimson light that shed its light around the catafalque and bathed the orchids, narcissus blossoms and white roses in bright tints. The eye of the clergyman, Dr. David Magie, traveled along the shaft of light to the cross as he repeated the words: "The Lord gave and the Lord hath taken away; blessed be the name of the Lord."

The chief magistrate of the country bowed his head in his hands. He was visibly agitated. There was scarcely a dry cheek in the crowded edifice, and the widow was comparatively the most composed. All the pomp of an official pageant, which was omitted in deference to the wishes of the deceased, could never have caused the impressiveness of this scene.

Through a long lane of thousands of uncovered heads, the cortege wended its way to Cedar Lawn cemetery, where the body was placed in the receiving vault.

THE KHALIFA IS DEAD

Killed in a Battle With the Anglo-Egyptian Army.

Cairo, Nov. 28.—Lord Cromer, the British minister here, has received the following dispatch from General Kitchener:

"Wingate's forces caught up with the khalifa's force 77 miles southeast of Gedid and attacked it. After a sharp fight he took the position. The khalifa, who was surrounded by a body-guard of emirs, was killed, and all the principal emirs were killed or captured except Osman Digna, who escaped. The derwishes were utterly defeated, their whole camp was taken and thousands surrendered. A large number of women, children and cattle also fell into the hands of the Anglo-Egyptian force."

General Kitchener also wires:

"We took the entire derwish camp. All the derwishes not killed surrendered. I cannot speak too highly of the excellent behavior of the troops, and wish to commend the final action. From 4 o'clock in the morning of November 21 until 5 o'clock in the morning of November 24 they marched 60 miles and fought two decisive actions. "The Sudan may now be declared to be open."

REBELLION BROKEN

Filipino Troops are now Scattered in Small Companies.

Manila, Nov. 28.—The last Filipino council of war was held by the retreat leaders at Bayambang November 13, in the house now occupied by General MacArthur. It was attended by Aguinaldo, Pio del Pilar, Garcia, Alejandrino and some members of the so-called cabinet. Information has reached General MacArthur from several sources to the effect that the council recognized the futility of attempting further resistance to the Americans with united forces, and agreed that the Filipino troops should scatter and should hereafter follow guerrilla methods. The disposition of the generals, with their approximate forces, is as follows:

General Concepcion, with 840 men, in Negia province; General Macabulos, with 325 men, at the town of Binaca, province of Tarlac; General Pio del Pilar, with 800 men, northeast of Malolos; General Aquino, with 500 men, at Arayat; General San Miguel, with 150 men, in Zamboles province; General Mascardo, with 1,100 men, in the mountains west of Angeles, and the largest force, probably under General Trias, in Cavite province.

Train Struck a Slide.—The O. R. & N. eastbound passenger No. 2 ran in a small slide near Rooster Rock at 9 p. m. The engine was derailed and slid down the embankment, instantly killing Fireman Miller and injuring Engineer Robert Hunter, how seriously is not known. The mail car was derailed, but the passenger coaches remained on the track. The train crew and passengers showed great heroism in the work of digging the dead and injured men from the wreck.

Thanksgiving in Berlin.
Berlin, Nov. 28.—Rev. Mr. Dickie, pastor of the American church in Berlin, delivered today a Thanksgiving discourse before a large congregation. The church was hung with American flags.

Rusty marks can be taken out of linen by dipping it in hot water and squeezing the juice of a lemon over it.

CABLE TO THE PHILIPPINES.

Re-ot Recommendations Construction of One at Once.

New York, Nov. 27.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: President McKinley has received a synopsis of Secretary Root's annual report, which he is now considering in connection with his message to congress. Dealing as it does with all the events of the last year in connection with the Philippines, Cuba and Puerto Rico, and in the discussion and recommendations for the future government of these new possessions it will form the basis for the most important chapter of the president's message. These are some of the most essential features of the secretary's observation and recommendations:

The immediate appointment of civil governors for Cuba and Puerto Rico.

The substitution of civil government either by commission or a civil governor for the Philippines following the suppression of the present insurrection.

A complete system of suffrage in the Philippines, Cuba and Puerto Rico with educational and property qualifications required for all voters.

The immediate construction of a cable between the United States and the Philippines.

No general reorganization of the army will be recommended by the secretary at the present time. He will leave this subject open for further consideration until after the war in the Philippines has been brought to a close. It will be pointed out, however, that the retention of the bulk of the present army will be necessary for some months to come.

WILL RETURN MONEY.

Admiral Dewey Offers to Reimburse Those Who Wish It.

New York, Nov. 27.—A special to the World from Washington says: Any subscriber to the Dewey home fund who wishes to, may have his or her money back. John R. McLean, speaking for his sister, Mrs. Dewey, said:

"Mrs. Dewey and the admiral have been overwhelmed with, not hundreds, but thousands, of telegrams of sympathy for the affliction which has befallen them in this farious and thoughtless attack made upon their domestic life. Admiral Dewey's statement has had great effect to accomplish this revulsion of sentiment.

"Among the telegrams received was one from Emerson McMillan, of New York, to the effect that if any person desired the return of his subscription to the home fund, the admiral would forward the list of contributors to him, together with any letters or dispatches requesting refunding of the money, he, Mr. McMillan, would immediately reimburse all applicants in full.

"I am authorized to say most positively that all such requests will receive the promptest attention. All that is necessary for these people to do is to forward their requests to the admiral himself and not to rush to the newspaper offices with them. All that came in proper style will receive attention.

"I also desire to say that nothing that has happened to us throughout our lives has been such a source of grief as this public furore. Mrs. Dewey has always been the favorite in our family and has been almost idolized. We feel her grief very keenly and propose to defend her. At present she is in no condition to say anything for publication.

"This trouble has also seriously afflicted our aged mother, who looked forward to the coming of Admiral Dewey with such pleasure and admiration, and who was so happy in her daughter's marriage. We had never anticipated the outburst, and acted in absolute good faith, as we supposed, with everybody."

INSTRUCTIONS TO MACRUM.

Washington, Nov. 27.—United States Consul Macrum, at Pretoria, has been instructed by cable to impress upon President Kruger that it is the view of this government that the usage of all civilized nations sanctions the mistreatment of a neutral representative in the interest of citizens and captives of one of the parties to the war, and he must further insist upon performing the sacred duty imposed by all the conditions of humanity. This is practically an announcement of our government upon the execution of the trust which it assumed to look after the interests of British citizens in the South African republic.

Invited to Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—The Chicago Dewey committee, owing to the recent criticism of Admiral Dewey in connection with the transfer of his home, decided today to urge an early acceptance of Chicago's invitation to the admiral to visit this city. The date of the visit is named as May 1 of next year, and in the committee's communication to the admiral he is assured that Chicago citizens do not approve of the storm of criticism recently raised. Mayor Harrison supplemented the committee's communication by a personal telegram in which he urged the admiral to accept the invitation.

Carnegie's Offer Accepted.

Tucson, Ariz., Nov. 27.—Andrew Carnegie's offer of \$25,000 for a public library building has been accepted, the city council voting on the military plaza and \$2,000 per annum for the maintenance of the library.

Immigration Is Increasing.

Washington, Nov. 27.—Reports to the immigration bureau show that the total immigration to the United States during the last four months was 115,276, an increase over that of the corresponding period of last year of 30,544.

An artist residing in Florence, Robert Davidson, has discovered the oldest known caricature of a fight between knights. It is dated 1620, and was found on the inside cover of a manuscript.

RETREAT OF BOERS

Joubert's Forces Fall Back on Ladysmith.

BRITISH POSITION TOO STRONG

Hildyard's Victory Evidently Turned the Tide—Dutch Destroyed the Bridge at Frere.

London, Nov. 28.—The colonial office has received the following dispatch from the governor of Natal, dated Pietermaritzburg, Sunday, November 28:

"The Boers are retiring on Weenen. Our troops are occupying a ridge three miles northward of the Mool river. It appears that the Boers have found our position too strong, and are retiring toward Ladysmith with the loot they have collected. The river is in flood. Buller has arrived. Telegraphic communication with Estcourt was restored early this morning."

Frere Bridge Destroyed.

Estcourt, Nov. 29.—The railroad bridge at Frere, spanning a wide stream, has been destroyed by the Boers, who are reported to be retiring rapidly. A general advance upon Colenso has been ordered, and a flying column has left here to intercept the Boer raiding parties.

Boers Driven Back.

London, Nov. 29.—The war department has received the following dispatch from General Buller, dated Pietermaritzburg:

"Hildyard, going from Estcourt, made a successful attack November 25 with three battalions, one field battery, a naval gun and 70 mounted troops on the enemy, occupying Bascon Hill, which dominated Willow Grange, and had interrupted his communication. As a result of operations the enemy is retreating, and the railway and telegraph lines have been restored between Estcourt and Weston. Our loss was about 14 killed and 60 wounded. Hildyard has advanced to a position near Frere, as he hopes to cut off the enemy, who is believed to be retiring on Colenso, via Weenen.

"Hart, from Weston, has advanced to Estcourt. As soon as communication is restored, I will telegraph particulars. So far as I can make out the operation is one for which Hildyard and the troops deserve much credit. The railway is now open to Frere."

For the moment the Boer invasion southward in Natal seems not only to have spent its force, but to have developed into a retrograde movement. Though with forces so mobile as those of the Boers, it is difficult to surmise where they will appear next. Apparently General Buller's advance to the relief of Ladysmith has really commenced.

So far as ascertainable Hildyard's force, which is already at Frere, must number 1,000 men, and should be able to recapture Colenso, where it may have to await reinforcements of artillery and cavalry before joining hands with General White. General Barton now occupies Estcourt, and the Mool river will be occupied by reinforcements from Pietermaritzburg. The whole situation has been distinctly cleared since the arrival of Buller in Natal, though doubtless the British will have many difficulties to overcome before White is relieved.

The big battle is likely to occur at the passage of the Tugela river, and it may