Hood River Glacier.

Published every Friday by
S. F. BLYTHE.

Terms of Subscription—$1.50 a year when paid in advance; $2 if not paid in advance.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1898.

From the Boys in the Philippines.

Mrs. Geo. P. Crowell has received lengthy letters from her son, telling of the capture of Manila, from which the following extracts are taken:

MANILA, Aug. 16, 1898.—You have doubtless heard before this of Manila's surrender. The Stars and Stripes now float over the Philippines. We have taken possession in great shape. The insurgents wanted to enter the city after our troops and the fleet had taken it, and kill all the Spanish soldiers and loot the town, but our troops do not let them come in at all. They are allowed to go and come at will when not armed. Aug. 13th we of the first and second battalions, Oregon volunteers, turned out of our bunks at 3:30 in the morning and made ready for battle. We took 200 rounds of ammunition and two days' rations with us, and at 7 o'clock went aboard the Kwongtoi, a side-wheel steamer, and steamed out into the bay with our war ships, and about 9 o'clock we headed for Manila. We were to land right in Manila from the front, so you see we expected a hard fight unless the city should surrender before we landed. Our warships lined up in front of the south end of Manila and opened fire on their intrenchments at Malata. I saw every shot fired and it was exciting. I think the bombardment lasted about an hour. The American troops in the trenches attacked at the same time and fought them tooth and nail, driving them back towards the city. The Spanish soon run up a white flag, the firing from the ships ceased, and we steamed up past the city and stopped off the mouth of the Pasig river, and at about 4 p. m. the governor-general surrendered. We landed at 5 p. m. on the jetty at the mouth of the Pasig, and found a Spanish gunboat on fire in the stream. They had set fire to it and scuttled it so it would sink and not fall into our hands, but our sailors went to work putting out the fire, and I guess she will not be a total wreck. We were marched to the governor-general's palace, where we found thousands of arms and equipments piled up like cord wood. The Spanish soldiers do not seem to care much and tell us that the Americans are good. I don't let them fool me; I have heard too much of their history. We slept that first night in the governor-general's palace It is a grand palace, all marble and fine material, but our company were stuck back in the rear hallways and had to sleep on the floor. We didn't mind that, however. The next day we were moved to our present quarters, which are the best we ever had. Only three Americans were killed in the capture of the city. We were the first to enter Manila. I was on guard yesterday and last night in an old earthquake ruin, used as a government wood yard, and while talking to a native I found out where the Spanish had stored away a good many thousand dollars' worth of stores—25,000 beds, lots of blankets, uniforms, hats, rice, and all kinds of supplies. I reported the matter to headquarters and took the native along and had him show me the place. Gen. Merritt sent a squad of men there to take the stores and keep guard over them. I am getting so I can carry on quite a conversation in Spanish. That's how I came to find out the Spanish stores.

Aug. 18th.—We are now comfortably settled in our new quarters at the Plaza de Artileria, in old Manila. I bought a small shell purse from a Spanish soldier, yesterday, that he said he brought from the Suez canal. It has engraving and hand painting on it and will make a very pretty little souvenir. I send it, along with a few other things, to you. We are in full possession of Manila and have captured hundreds of tons of all kinds of ammunition and cannon and small arms. I never saw so many handsome women as there are here We have had lots of hard work since coming to Manila, but now we will have it easier, I think. There are no large horses here that I have seen, but those here are the prettiest little horses you ever saw. All the carriages have low wheels and are built to match the horses, and they have a great many fine carriages. These small horses seem to be very strong and always go on the trot. The native police and the servants at the palace are covered with white braided cord and tassels of silver and walk around as straight as a cob. I have not had time to get acquainted with any of the ladies yet, but by the way they smile at us boys they don't seem to be very mad at us for whipping their men folks. This is a very old town and a large one. There are ruins and old walls everywhere that have bushes and even large trees growing out of them. A fellow needs a small haversack to carry his small change in down here. This is one of your free silver countries, I guess. It takes a whole scoop full of the copper money to buy anything, and then you have only paid the small price which is about half as much as at home.

Aug. 21st.—I am still in the best of health, and we are having it a little easier at present. We took possession of the Spanish treasury building the other day. I was on guard there at the time the money was counted and turned over to Major Whipple, who has been appointed treasurer. The official Gazette, which has just been started at our headquarters, says that the Oregon regiment will be stationed here at headquarters inside the walled city. You see we are honored everywhere we go. We were the first to land at Honolulu, and would have been first at the Ladrones if the infantry had landed, and in fact they had two companies of our regiment nearly to shore when the place surrendered. We were the first to land in the Philippines and first to enter Manila, and now are picked out as the regiment to be stationed at headquarters. We have never had to fire a shot in battle yet, and have only had one experience of much danger, and that was when we entered Manila. We were in transport steamer with Dewey's fleet during the bombardment and in full range of the Spanish batteries If they had dared to fire they might have sunk the whole crowd of us. We entered the city as gay as ever and went marching along in front of the Spanish fort, whistling "Yankee Doodle" and "Marching Through Georgia." So you see we are not much afraid of the Spanish. The Spanish papers printed here commented on the fact and seemed to think that we did not fear them much. I will mail you a Manila paper containing Gen. Merritt's first proclamation to the people of the Philippines. We get all kinds of stories here about peace and armistice and other questions, but can place no dependence in any of them. They seem to try to keep us in ignorance of the affairs with Spain. It is on account of the Spanish here, I guess. Our quarters are clean, high, light and airy. I am wearing a pair of Spanish shoes that I found in our new quarters. They just fit me, and I am making good use of them. We can get our underclothes washed for 2 cents and socks for 1 cent in our money. You can ride in a hack for 30 cents for the first hour and 12½ cents for every hour over. We captured about thirty Spanish ships in the Pasig river; most of them are coasting vessels of small tonnage. This city, especially the new part, looks just about like the pictures of the Chicago world's fair when you see it from the bay. Nearly all the buildings are white, with galvanized iron roofs, which also look white from a little distance. Sergeant Mercer, our first duty sergeant, carried the American flag into Manila. He is one of my best friends and one of the best soldiers in the regiment. I was picked as one of the guards for the treasury building the day we took it.

C. C. ENGLISH,
Co. E, Oregon Vols., Manila, Philippine Islands.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Snakes.

It should be borne in mind that, although "the war's all over and all is free from harm," the terrors and dangers of snakes seem yet far from banishment. Of course snakes have their place in "Nature's economy" and must be respected. The sacred history proclaims all things good that God made, and very soon introduces a snake story. Snakes are very useful in giving us exhilerating surprises as well as materially cutting down the census lists and preventing overproduction. I can not for the life of me see how we could dispense with snakes any better than we could do without centipedes, tarantulas, bed bugs, fleas, musquitoes and a horde of other good things. Texas is blessed with a good many snakes, perhaps not too many nor too few to preserve a healthy equilibrium, and it is but natural that there should be many and varied experiences with them. Some grow to be as large around as a stovepipe or child's body, and in extrme cases have measured 10 to 12 feet long. The stuffed skin of a diamond rattler 7 feet long, 4 inches diameter, caught near this place last May, ornaments the front show window of a dry goods merchant. Two rattlers killed recently in another county, one had 43 rattles, the other more, but the rattles being damaged by the shot exact count could not be made. Chicken snakes are most numerous and troublesome. One woman told me the other day that she had done no good this year raising chickens on account of their depredations. Racers, as is their characteristic elsewhere, I think, seem to be in a great hurry and don't care to be interviewed, and flash by without a friendly nod of recognition, or otherwise. 'Tis not so with the dry land moccasin. He stops, and apparently wants to have a chat, but the interview is generally distasteful to him. The king snake has a good reputation and sells his life dearly in combat with the rattler, if defeated. The joint snakes are put together in sections so they can unbuckle at will if emergency or fancy prompts them to make an exhibition of their peculiar structure, and, as they have been, may probably be abundant yet in places. The hoop snake I have never met, and I am not sure that I have lost any hoop snakes. If one comes rolling by it is best, I am told, not to attempt to stop him for an interview, as it might make him mad, unloose his tail and strike, and if he should miss me and strike a tree the tree would wilt immediately, I am told, and it would be a pity to lose a noble tree of the forest, thus cut down, perhaps, in the prime of life, without chivalrous warning. The unicycle originated by the hoop snake, who has sole control of patent, with all rights reserved, is the only untrammeled system of locomotion conceivable. The bicycle is but a stepping stone in this direction to suit man's inability at present to cope with the problem. After men and women have long bent over bicycles in strained efforts of body and soul there will be a sudden development, and the world will stand amazed beyond all former amazements to see the genus, equipped in tights, with feet in mouth, speeding over the ground a la hoop snake and relegating to shadows all former conceptions of locomotion. "Don't you never doubt it." When that time comes there will be no more need to say, "If wishes made horses then beggars would ride." The beggar and the tramp will be "in it," and, rolling side by side with the millionaire, the speed attained will only be limited by the ambition and energy of the individual and his or her capacity to duplicate the hoop snake or the rubber hose. There is an outlook in this of pernaps far greater importance than the regeneration of the Philippines. It will be the great agency in leveling the human race. In the time of the great human level street cars and ordinary carriages will no longer be needed, for human hoops of all sizes, grades and colors will be the predominating feature of locomotion in busy thoroughfares. The skill in grasping the feet with the mouth for a start, and the dexterity shown in bounding from the hooped condition to the upright, natural one, when a stop is desired, will be paralyzing until we get used to it.

I have always doubted the strict accuracy of the well-worn saying that "it never rains but it pours," but a number of interesting snake episodes in this vicinity cause me to hug the old adage with special sympathy as I narrate some, all but one of recent occurrence, every one seeming to evince a desire of the snake to be sociable, or to get up in the world and partake of the blessings of civilization.

A woman south of town found a snake in the wood box. A short distance from her a sack of selected corn in the ear was left in the crib a few hours, then carried to the house to be shelled. In the bottom of the sack was found a copperhead, which they call a "rattlesnake pilot" here. Two weeks ago a small snake crawled up and lay down to dream in one of the lock boxes at the post office. A little later a groceryman put his hand in the cracker box and encountered a three-foot chicken snake. He was so frightened that he declares he never will put his hand in a box again without first looking. Over in the east part of town a lady opened the wardrobe and there lay a snake apparently prepared to dispute possession. In the south part of town, a few weeks ago, a man entered his room to retire, when he discovered a snake under the chair he was about to sit down on. Interesting cases of chicken snakes about the barns and cribs are numerous and varied. One case at my nearest neighbor's has such unique features about it that it is well worth recital. A hen sat brooding her chicks on the ground against the planking of an out shed. A snake attacked the brood and swallowed one, the others climbing through a crack between two planks and huddled down close to the planking on the other side. After the first-swallowed chick had been passed down the body sufficiently the snake reached through the narrow crack and swallowed another. The noise among the chicks at this time brought the farmer out and showed that the snake had unwittingly trapped himself by swallowing one chick on each side of the fence, and with the two lumps in his body, one on each side of the narrow crack, he could neither back out nor go forward, so he furnished an easy prey, as well as establishing the fact that snakes sometimes make mistakes. A copperhead entered another house, supposedly during the night, and went to sleep under the cook stove, and was not observed until the family were called for breakfast, and then came the fight. It would seem that snakes sometimes go it blindly, or else are prompted by curiosity or a spirit of investigation, else what would be the use of a snake going into a sack of salt, as one large chicken snake did at the latter named place, and surrendered his ghost in consequence? As we have summer about ten months in the year in the sunny South, the lengthened sweetness of sweltering weather long drawn out gives unlimited scope to snake life and varied surprises galore. In fact there is not a day but what the rattler comes out of his den somewhere in Texas to view the scenery and take advantage of the unwary.

S. T. H.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY AND ACTIVE gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in Oregon. Monthly $65 and expenses. Position steady. Reference. Inclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. Y, Chicago.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Vancouver, Wash., Sept. 15, 1898.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof in support of their claims, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land office at Vancouver, Washington, on Nov. 15, 1898, viz:

ANDREW J. JOHNSON,

H. E. No. 8625, for the north half of southwest quarter, south half of northwest quarter section twenty-nine, township six north, range eleven east, W. M., who names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Nils Olson, Frank M. Coate, Charles W. Moore and C. A. Pearson, all of Trout Lake P. O., Wash.

NILS OLSON,

H. E. No. 7696, for the southwest quarter of northeast quarter, south half of northwest quarter, and northwest quarter of northwest quarter of section twenty-four, township six north, range ten east, W. M., who names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Andrew J. Johnson, Frank M. Coate, Charles W. Moore and C. A. Pearson, all of Trout Lake P. O., Washington.

FRANK M. COATE,

H. E. No. 7843, for the north half of southwest quarter, southeast quarter of southwest quarter, southwest quarter of southeast quarter section thirteen, township six north, range ten east, W. M., who names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Andrew J. Johnson, Nils Olson, Charles W. Moore and C. A. Pearson, all of Trout Lake, Washington.

s23o28 W. R. DUNBAR, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Vancouver, Wash., Sept. 20, 1898.—Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office, at Vancouver, Wash., on Thursday, Nov. 3, 1898, viz:

JOHN J. HEIMBERG,

H. E. No. 8591, for the east ½ of northeast ¼ section 33, and west ½ of northwest ¼ section 34, all of township 3 north, range 11 east, W.M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Norman S. Hamlin, Henry Swanson, George White and Johnson McLanahan, all of White Salmon P. O., Wash.

s23o28 W. R. DUNBAR, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Vancouver, Wash., Sept. 20, 1898.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Vancouver, Wash., on November 14, 1898, viz:

THOMAS HEDLEY,

H. E. No. 8913, for the southwest ¼ section 11, township 3 north, range 11 east. W. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Walter J. Bates of Portland, Or.; Henry Johnson, Jacob E. Jacobson and Ira E. Rowland of White Salmon, Wash.

s23o28 W. R. DUNBAR, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Vancouver, Wash., Sept. 5, 1898.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proofs in support of their claims, and that said proofs will be made before the Register and Receiver U. S. Land Office at Vancouver, Wash., on Tuesday, October 18, 1898, viz:

CORNELIA VANDERPOOL,

H. E. No. 9293, for the east half of northeast quarter and northeast quarter of southeast quarter section 12, township 3 north, range 10 east, W. M., and lot No. 3, section 7, township 3 north, range 11 east, W. M.

She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Philip M. Gatchell, Joseph H. Evans, James H. Butler and William H. McCoy, all of White Salmon P. O., Washington.

PHILIP M. GATCHELL,

H. E. No. 8184, for west half of southeast quarter, southeast of southwest quarter section 1, and northwest quarter of northeast quarter section 12, township 3 north, range 10 east, W. M.

Who names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Joseph H. Evans, William H. McCoy, James H. Butler and Marion Locke, all of White Salmon P. O., Washington.

WILLIAM H. McCOY,

H. E. No. 7758, for the northeast quarter section 7, township 3 north, range 11 east, W. M.

Who names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Philip M. Gatchell, Joseph H. Evans, James H. Butler and Marion Locke, all of White Salmon P. O., Washington.

JOSEPH H. EVANS,

H. E. No. 7711, for the southeast quarter section 8, township 3 north, range 11 east, W. M.

Who names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Robert M. Clemens, Philip M. Gatchell, William H. McCoy and Marion Locke, all of White Salmon P. O., Washington.

s9o14 W. R. DUNBAR. Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon, Sept. 1, 1898.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver at The Dalles, Oregon, on Friday, October 14, 1898, viz:

D. A. TURNER,

Of Hood River, for the heirs of William W. Turner, deceased, H. E. No. 4881 for the northeast ¼ northeast ¼ and west ½ northeast ¼ section 30, and southwest ¼ southeast ¼ section 19, township 2 north, range 11 east, W. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

John F. Mohr, John Monror, William Boorman and J. B. Rand, all of Hood River, Or.

s9o14 JAY P. LUCAS, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon, Sept. 7, 1898. — Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at The Dalles, Oregon, on Friday, October 14, 1898, viz:

NICHOLAS J. DEVOLD,

Of Mt. Hood, Homestead Application No. 4935, for the southeast ¼ section 33, township 1 north, range 10 east, W. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Henry Tomlinson, D. R. Cooper and Horace Richmond of Mt. Hood, Or., and P. F. Fouts of The Dalles, Or.

s9o14 JAY P. LUCAS, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at Vancouver, Wash., Sept. 6, 1898. — Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof in support of their claims, and that said proof will be made before W. B. Presby, U. S. Commissioner for District of Washington, at his office in Goldendale, Wash., on Saturday, Oct. 22, 1898, viz:

AUGUST FERDINAND WILKEN,

Homestead Entry No. 7903, for the east half of southwest quarter, and west half of southeast quarter of section thirteen, township four north, range ten east, Will. Mer.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

Matt. Wilken, Charles L. Colburn, Wesley S. Locke and Bethewel Hendryx, all of White Salmon P. O., Washington. Also,

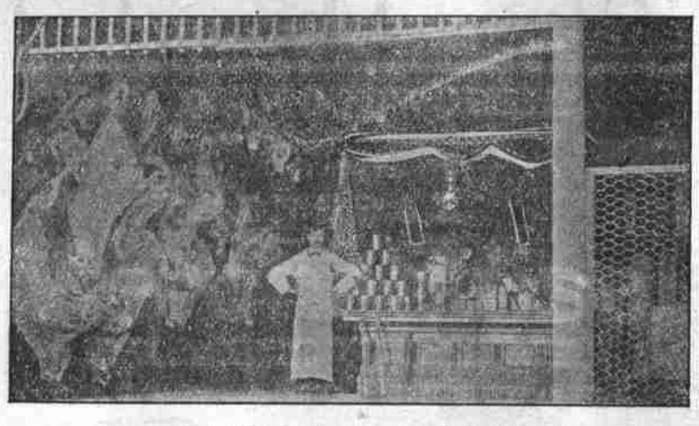
BETHEWEL HENDRYX,

Homestead Entry No. 8104, for the southeast quarter of southwest quarter of section eighteen, and the northeast quarter of northwest quarter and lots one and two of section nineteen, township four north, range 11 east, Will. Mer.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Matt Wilken, August Ferdinand Wilken, Wesley S. Locke and Charles L. Colburn, all of White Salmon P. O., Washington.

s9o14 W. R. DUNBAR, Register.



CLYDE T. BONNEY

Is still alive and doing RED HOT BUSINESS at RECIPROCITY CORNER. He is in the market especially just now for your merchantable

Fir, Pine and Oak Wood

And is always in the market for TRADE. He constantly keeps on hand and for sale a fine lot of Staple Groceries, Hay, Feed, Grain, and dry Fir, Pine and Oak Wood, at rates that defy competition. Has just received a fine lot of Graham Flour, also Bran and Shorts mixed. He is always in the market for a

Good, Live Deal,

And as he believes in reciprocity, buys all merchantable produce. Now

Get a Move On,

Sell your wood in Hood River,

and Get Rich!

☞ Until further notice, all goods bought at the Reciprocity Corner will be delivered in any part of town free of cost. ☜

We Can Wholesale Meats at Prices that Defy Competition!

Come and see us and verify what we say.

Cash,

AND CASH ONLY, is what makes prices so low on
Hardware, Harness, Doors, Sash, Paints, Oils,
Guns and Ammunition,
Shoe Findings and Bike Supplies,
At DENZER'S NEW STORE.

M. S. & L. CO.'S
Livery and Feed
STABLES

Of Hood River can furnish comfortable conveyances to all parts of the valley and vicinity. Heavy draying and transferring done with care and promptness.

Shingles.

FISHER & HANNA, Chenoweth, Wash., manufacturers and dealers in Red Cedar SHINGLES. Correspondence solicited.

G. D. WOODWORTH,
(Successor to A. S. Blowers & Son)
—DEALER IN—
GENERAL
Merchandise,
HARDWARE,
STOVES AND TINWARE,
Also, Agent for OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS.
Second door East of Glacier office.

Hard Times Prices.

Hereafter I will sell for CASH only or its equivalent. Regarding prices, will say that I defy competition. I am not afraid to meet competitive prices at any time. Meet me on Portland lines and I will meet you with Portland prices. Call and see

S. E. BARTMESS.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10c 25c 50c
ALL DRUGGISTS
s23.

35 Acres.

Unimproved land for sale, with running creek, 2 miles south of town, East Side. Inquire on premises to John Sweeney, or Charles H. Jenkins, 233 Stark st, Portland. 13-25*

Stock Ranch for Sale.

One of the best stock ranches in Klickitat county, Wash., at a bargain. Facilities for handling a thousand head of sheep or other stock. E. D. CALKINS, Hood River.

4 Acres, Well Improved

For sale. 3 miles west from town; 50 bearing fruit trees; balance in garden and strawberries; fine spring of water for house use; plenty of water for irrigating. This is one of the earliest strawberry places in the valley, well protected from late frosts. It is ¼ mile from graded school. Will sell cheap for cash only. Apply to P. F. CORDES, f25 Hood River.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, General Land Office, Washington, D. C., May 27, 1898.—Notice is hereby given of the following Executive Order, restoring certain lands in the Cascade Range Forest Reserve to settlement and entry: "EXECUTIVE MANSION, Washington, D. C., April 29, 1898. In accordance with the provisions of the Act of June 4, 1897 (30 Stat., 36), upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior, the west half of Township one South, of Range ten East, Willamette Meridian, Oregon, within the limits of the Cascade Range Forest Reserve, is hereby ordered restored to the public domain, after sixty days notice hereof, by publication, as required by law, it appearing that said tract is better adapted to agricultural than forest purposes. WILLIAM McKINLEY." The above lands will be subject to entry at the United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, on and after October 17, 1898. Binger Hermann, Commissioner. a12s14

Blue Stem Wheat.

I have a good lot of Blue Stem seed wheat for sale. JOHN A. WILSON.

Mt. Hood Saw Mills,
TOMLINSON BROS., Prop'rs.
FIR AND PINE LUMBER
Of the best quality always on hand at prices to suit the times. jy24*

M. F. SHAW, M. D.
(Successor to Dr. Morgan)
All Calls Promptly Attended
Office up stairs over Copple's store. All calls left at the office or residence will be promptly attended to.

Fresh Milk,
Areated and deodorized, 5 cents a quart.
F. H. BUTTON.

The Glacier
BARBER SHOP,
GRANT EVANS, Prop'r,
Hood River, Or.

Fruit Ranch for Sale.

40 acres, 2 miles from town. All kinds of fruit; 2 acres in strawberries; natural water privileges; bearing orchard. Terms reasonable. W. J. CAMPBELL.

160 Acres of Land

3½ miles from town of Hood River. Will sell all or part, or trade for city property. Terms part cash, part on time.

1 J. H. FERGUSON.

5 Acre Tracts.

Some of the most desirable places in Hood River have been placed in my hands for sale. Sixty acres for sale in five-acre tracts. If you wish to buy or sell lands in Hood River valley, call on or address

M. H. NICKELSEN,
Real Estate Agent, Hood River, Or.

FOR SALE.

Lumber Wagon, 2¼ inch $50 00
Milch cow 25 00
Will sell part or all of my ranch.
E. E. SAVAGE.

190 Acres.

A well improved farm of meadow and fruit land. Stock and complete outfit for farming. Call and see what I have for sale.

13-21* D. A. TURNER.

Bargains.

Two or three choice locations near town—ten to forty acres. Bargains and no mistake. See T. R. COON.

Klondike Bakery.

I can supply people of Hood River with fresh bread, pies and cake after this date, and will have on hand everything connected with a bakery. M. H. NICKELSEN.
Maren 4, 1898.

Wagon Repairing.

All kinds of wagon repairing done on short notice and at reasonable prices, at the old Rogers mill in Frankton. C. H. ROGERS.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Land Office at The Dalles, Oregon, Sept. 21, 1898.—Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of her intention to make final proof in support of her claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at The Dalles, Oregon, on Tuesday, Nov. 8, 1898, viz:

BERTHA M. RAND,

formerly Bertha M. Johnson, of Hood River, Homestead Application No. 4517, for the west ½ northeast ¼ and west ½ southeast ¼ section 6 township 2 north, range 11 east, W.M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz:

G. D. Boardman, J. S. Harbison, W. Foss and Fannie Kennedy, all of Hood River, Or.

s23o28 JAY P. LUCAS, Register.

Don't Sacrifice

Future comfort for present seeming economy, but buy the sewing machine with an established reputation, that guarantees you long and satisfactory service.

The WHITE

IT'S PINCH TENSION
.. AND ..
TENSION INDICATOR,
(devices for regulating and showing the exact tension) are a few of the features that emphasize the high grade character of the White.

Send for our elegant H. T. catalog.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.,
CLEVELAND, O.

CURE THAT COUGH WITH SHILOH'S CURE
TAKE THE BEST
25cts., 50cts. and $1.00 Bottle. One cent a dose.

THIS GREAT COUGH CURE promptly cures where all others fail. Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough and Asthma. For Consumption it has no rival; has cured thousands, and will CURE YOU if taken in time. Sold by Druggists on a guarantee. For a Lame Back or Chest, use SHILOH'S BELLADONNA PLASTER. 25c.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY.
Have you Catarrh? This remedy is guaranteed to cure you. Price, 50 cts. Injector free.
For sale by H. A. YORK.