

# THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Columns.

The convention of the American Federation of Labor has adopted a resolution declaring that no official of the federation should affiliate with any political party.

Antonio Jorco, a religious fanatic, who murdered his father near Vineyard, N. J., last week, has been killed by the sheriff. He was trying to murder his keeper, and the sheriff felled him with a club.

In anticipation of severe fighting there, two German warships have been ordered from Hong Kong to Manila. The government is acting in this matter in agreement with other powers for the protection of their subjects.

A Paris paper publishes interviews with prominent men of France and a foreign diplomat, all of whom reproach Great Britain and Spain for abandoning France in the Mexican expedition of 1862, the object of which, they say, was to create an American government to counterbalance the power of the United States.

The Russian ambassador, M. de Nelidoff, has had an audience with the sultan of Turkey, at which he urged the introduction of reforms and the granting of amnesty to imprisoned Armenians. The sultan asserted that the reforms agreed upon by the powers already had been executed and promised to issue an amnesty decree in a few days.

M. Philippe Eugene Cuissart, radical deputy for the first division of Laen, France, is dead.

A Rouen dispatch says the French steamer Marie Fanny is a total loss, off the island of Alderney. The captain was saved. Fourteen members of the crew were drowned.

Ernest Chase, of Detroit, Mich., cut the throat of his wife, and with the same weapon cut his own throat from ear to ear and fell dead beside her. The tragedy was the climax of a life of unhappiness.

Alexander Salvini, son of Tommaso Salvini, the great Italian actor, died in Florence, Italy. He died of intestinal tuberculosis. The Italian newspapers publish eulogistic obituaries of the deceased actor.

The London News has a dispatch from Berlin with reference to rumors of reprisals against American property. It says that German consumers are likely to suffer more by this move than American exporters, Russia being scarcely able to supply Germany.

Governor McGraw, of Washington, has offered a reward of \$250 for the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who placed dynamite or other explosives under the building occupied by L. A. Plant and brother, at Prairie, in Skagit county. This is in addition to the reward of \$250 offered by the commissioners of that county.

Representative Ellis, of Oregon, has introduced a bill extending until January 1, 1899, the time in which settlers upon forfeited railroad lands can make payments. The hard times have made it difficult for settlers to make their payments, and Mr. Ellis has been asked to secure an extension. There ought to be no objection to the bill, and it will no doubt pass, if time can be obtained for its consideration.

Senator Squire, of Washington, has prepared an amendment which he intends offering to the sundry civil appropriation bill, directing the secretary of the interior to apply \$25,446 upon the penitentiary at Walla Walla. This is the amount that still remains unexpended of the appropriation of \$80,000 made by congress for the purpose of building a penitentiary in Washington. It is the intention to have the balance used to construct a wing on the penitentiary.

Hon. A. G. Blair, Canadian minister of railways and canals, and Colonel James Domville, member of parliament, were in Seattle recently and while there Mr. Blair recited the results of his investigations of Crow's Nest Pass railway in British Columbia. He says the country is undoubtedly such that it will demand better railway facilities. Colonel Domville, one of the leading liberalists in the Dominion, says government aid should be extended to the Crow's Nest Pass railway. His idea is to run it as a public highway.

The net results of the experiments of the board which is investigating the battleship steel has resulted in the condemnation of nearly the whole amount now stacked up in the Newport News Ship-Building Company's yard. Six out of twelve test pieces, which should have been folded back on the vessels without breaking, either broke short off as readily as cast-iron, or tore apart with less brittleness, but none the less certainly of failing to meet contract requirements. These disclosures will lead the board to extend their investigations much further than anticipated.

Another race riot occurred near Mayfield, Ky., and a hundred shots were fired at the residence of Tom Chambers, colored, and the house afterwards burned. A number of negroes have been warned to leave town, and more trouble is expected.

The Southern Pacific train was held up by masked men about 200 miles from San Antonio, Tex. Three men ordered the engineer to stop the train, and while one stood guard at the engine, the two others went through the express car and secured about \$70.

## CONGRESS IN SESSION.

Senate.

Seventh day—The session of the senate developed the most eventful and exciting debate that either branch of congress has heard in a long time. It brought forward the recognized leaders of the various parties and elements, including such conspicuous figures as Sherman, Frye, Teller, Gorman, Vest, Aldrich, Platt, Mitchell of Oregon, Chandler, Hale and Allen, in notable statements on the leading questions which have engaged the attention of the country of late. Not only was the line laid down on tariff and finance, but the debate partook of all the pent-up feeling resultant from the national contest. It was dramatic in its intensity, and at all times absorbingly interesting to the crowded galleries and body of senators. The debate came unexpectedly when Vest called up the Allen resolution for consideration of the Dingley bill, in order to make remarks on it. But it remained for Sherman to formally announce that the Dingley bill was dead. He said he could not always speak for his associates, but, in view of what had been said on the floor, he felt that he could safely announce now that the Dingley bill could not be passed, and that it was useless to waste further time on it.

Eighth day—The senate today passed the immigration bill, known as the Lodge bill, with a new section providing that the exclusion shall not apply to persons arriving from Cuba during the continuance of the present disorders there. The strength of the bill was greater than had been expected, the final vote being 52 to 10. As passed, the bill amends the immigration laws so as to exclude from admission to the United States all persons over 16 years old who cannot read and write the language of their native country or some other language, but an admissible immigrant over the age of 16 may bring in with him, or send for his wife or parent or grandparent or minor children or grandchildren, notwithstanding their inability to read or write. The Cuban section added to the bill provides that the act shall not apply to persons arriving in the United States from any port or place in the island of Cuba during the continuance of the present disorders there; provided such persons have heretofore been inhabitants of that island. The house amendments to the bill concerning lands of the Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Company were nonconcurrent in and Hill, Platt and Clark named as senate conferees.

Ninth day—The main event of the day was the presentation by Mr. Cameron of the report of the committee on foreign relations favorable to his resolution, recognizing the independence of Cuba. The proceeding was brief and perfunctory, the report not being read, and an agreement was speedily reached by which the resolution and report go over until after the holidays. Aside from the Cameron report Morgan of Alabama presented a further report on the same lines, embodying the views of himself and Mills. The offering of the reports served as a prelude to several brisk exchanges between senators. Mr. Gear made an unsuccessful attempt to take up the Pacific railroad funding bill, and then gave notice it would be urged after the holidays.

House.

Seventh day—Bailly of Texas, created a ripple of excitement in the house today by asking immediate consideration of the resolution to investigate the construction of the battle ship Texas, Dingley of Maine, thought the resolution ought to be considered by the committee on naval affairs before being acted upon; he therefore objected. On motion of Chairman Hull of the committee on military affairs, the house went into committee of the whole for consideration of the army appropriation bill. Several amendments looking to the abandonment of the army and navy hospital at Hot Springs, Ark., and the surrender and transfer of the reservation to the interior department were offered.

Eighth day—The house today passed the third of the regular appropriation bills (that for the support of the army), and entered upon consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial bill. The latter bill carries \$21,669,869, or \$38,399 more than the law for the current year. Fair progress was made today. It is expected this bill and the military academy appropriation bill will be passed before the holiday recess. The army bill, as passed, makes no provision for the army and navy hospital at Hot Springs, Ark.

Ninth day—Almost the whole day was devoted to a debate on the provision of the bill relating to the control of the new congressional library. Both the appropriations and library committees offered plans for the future care of the building. After a somewhat acrimonious contest, the appropriations committee gained the victory, defeating the substitute of the library committee by a vote of 27 to 85. An amendment designed to place the employees of the library under civil service law was also defeated, 27 to 73. Librarian Spofford's salary was raised from \$4,000 to \$5,000. The senate amendments to the immigration bill were nonconcurrent in. Bartholdi, chairman of the immigration committee, sought to have the bill and amendments recommitted to his committee.

New York, Dec. 23.—The competition between the American sugar refinery and the firm of Arbuckle Bros., coffee merchants, is on in earnest. Another reduction of one-half a cent per pound in the wholesale price of roasted coffee was made today, the second reduction this far, and there is a margin yet of four or five cents, it is said, before rock-bottom prices can be reached; that is the price at which a bare margin of profit can be made by the roasters, if any at all.

## SEALSKINS CHEAPER.

Owing to the Falling Off in the Demand.

San Francisco, Dec. 21.—The sleek and costly sealskin seems to be somewhat out of fashion. The tale of a falling demand in the product of Behring sea and the Pacific has just been told by the yearly sale at Lampson's, London. Telegrams have been received in this city, stating that the price for the Alaskan fur was 16 per cent less than that of last year; that of Copper island (Russia) furs 1 1/2 per cent, and that of Coast furs, including California and Japan, 20 per cent lower than in 1895.

This news comes as a surprise to local traders, for the catch of this year was much lower than that of 1895. The entire catch of the Canadian sealers in Japanese waters and Behring sea amounted to 55,877 seals. In 1895, the catch of the Canadians amounted to 74,124, and 1894 to 97,474 seals. The catch of the American pelagic sealers entered at this port amounted to only 5,040 seals, as against 15,000 in 1895. To the former number, 30,067 skins are added as the catch of the North American Commercial Company on the seal islands.

## MINING TOWN BURNED.

Jamestown, Cal., Had No Means of Fighting Fire.

Sonora, Cal., Dec. 21.—The little town of Jamestown, located right in the heart of the mother lode's richest section, was visited by a costly fire this morning. The fire originated in a bakery, and the whole business section was at the flames' mercy, and the disorganized bucket brigade fought furiously but feebly against odds. When it was seen that the volunteers were unable to successfully cope with the fire, telegrams were sent for assistance to nearby towns, and many persons responded. Giant powder was used to check and confine the fire when the limited water supply and crude means of getting it on the fire failed. Nine buildings, all on the north side of the street, were consumed with almost the entire contents. The loss is \$40,000, with barely \$5,000 insurance. A favorable breeze saved the town from complete destruction.

## A HORRIBLE ATROCITY.

Bucket of Lye Water Thrown in Face of a Woman and Child.

Chillicothe, O., Dec. 21.—There is great excitement at Bethel, a small town three miles south of Kingston, this county, occasioned by a horrible atrocity which occurred this afternoon. Two married women named Moon and Shell got into a quarrel over a trivial matter, which resulted in the Shell woman throwing a bucket of strong lye water into the face of Mrs. Moon and her infant daughter. Both have their eyes burned out and their heads and faces were also horribly burned. The baby died in a short time, and the mother is in terrible agony, her death being looked for at any moment.

Mrs. Shell made her escape, but is being pursued by several hundred men and boys, assisted by dogs, and if captured a lynching will follow. The police of this city have been summoned to the scene.

## Herrmann, the Magician, Dead.

Rochester, N. Y., Dec. 21.—Herrmann, the magician, died today of heart disease in his private car at Great Valley, near Salamanca, on his way to Bradford. His remains will be forwarded to New York. Herrmann completed his engagement at the Lyceum theater in this city last night, and later was entertained at the Genesee Valley Club.

(Professor Herrmann, whose father was a sleight-of-hand performer, made his debut as a magician when he was but 8 years old. He has traveled all over Europe and America and has amassed a great fortune. Of late years he has made New York his home. He spoke seven different languages fluently, and had traveled around the world three times. He was naturalized in Boston in 1876.)

## Pardoned by Cleveland.

Seattle, Wash., Dec. 21.—Today Sheriff Van de Venter, of this county, received notification from Washington, D. C., that Mrs. Margaret Morrison, a young woman of Port Townsend, had been granted a conditional pardon by President Cleveland. She was sentenced to eight months' imprisonment and fined \$50 and costs for smuggling opium from Victoria. She has now been in jail five months, and her little daughter has been permitted to share the same cell. President Cleveland grants the pardon on condition that the fine and costs are paid. They now amount to over \$100, but the money will be subscribed by sympathizers.

Goto's leprosy medicine, a new cure put forward by a Japanese physician, is being tested in the San Francisco (Cal.) pesthouse.

Let's take hold hands, Mr. Grocer, and dance! We've got some beautiful business for you and with you, and for you and with your customer.

Schilling's Best is the tea. Pay every customer's money back that don't like it. We'll pay you.

There's money in it.

A Schilling & Company San Francisco

## BRIEF PACIFIC COAST NEWS

A Resume of Events in the Northwest.

EVIDENCE OF STEADY GROWTH

News Gathered in All the Towns of Our Neighboring State.—Improvement Noted in All Industries.—Oregon.

The sheep inspector of Benton county says there are very few scabby sheep in that county.

Prominent men in Heppner say that they will build a telephone line from Heppner to Long Creek, in Grant county, if they can arrange for a satisfactory bonus.

The legal complications that have so long arrested the operations of the Divilbiss quartz mill in Coos county, have finally been satisfactorily adjusted, and the miners of the Johnson creek district will now have free use of the mill.

Superintendent Morrison, of the Western Union construction department, has finished receiving and storing at Flavel 2,000 poles for the main telegraph line between Astoria and Portland. It required two acres on which to stack this material.

While leveling off the grounds about the house on his Blind Slough ranch, in Clatsop, Martin Impo found buried two feet in the earth an Indian stone weapon, shaped like a ship's marlin spike, having a hole bored through the handle, which had evidently been made by a stone implement, says the Astorian.

Some very old residents claim that Rogue river was up where the Grant's Pass depot now stands in 1863. The river bed has deepened and widened very much since then, and there is very little probability that it will ever overflow its left bank again. The winter of '62 made gullies and gulches where all was level before.

Fully 100 men are hard at work along the Alderbrook water front cutting wood for their winter's use, says the Astorian. During the recent freshet hundreds of cords of wood, and about 2,000 shingle bolts from the Cowlitz river were thrown upon the beach. It was an interesting sight to see these men cutting huge logs into stove-wood lengths, and rolling them up the beach to their homes. They used a large instrument like a pair of ice tongs with which to drag the logs along.

Fisher and William Logan, brothers, were caught out in the cold snap of last month in Crook county, while driving cattle. They left their cattle and tried to reach the cabin that was their destination, but, thinking they could not find it, they built a fire under a rimrock and remained there all night. It was the coldest night, and others who were out say it was thirty-four degrees below zero. The men made themselves as comfortable as they could. They had no blankets, and while sitting around the fire both fell asleep, and after awhile young Logan was awakened by his clothes catching on fire. On waking up he found that both of his feet were frozen. They also discovered when daylight came that they were in sight of the cabin.

## Washington.

There are said to be fully 500 cases of measles reported and unreported in Walla Walla.

The Northern Pacific Railway Company paid \$9,008.60 taxes into the Lewis county treasury last week.

Burglars attempted to open the safe in the office of Indian Agent Erwin, at Fort Simcoe, one night last week, but failed to get away with anything of value.

The United States revenue cutter Bear has been taken to Quartermaster harbor to be put on the drydock for repairs to her hull. A \$5,000 contract has been let, and extensive repairs are to be made.

Work will be resumed at the Coweeman shingle mill, in Cowlitz county, as soon as the water recedes sufficiently to permit of it. Attorney Pisk will have charge of the plant. It is the intention of the company to pay off all claims as soon as possible.

A mandamus sued out to compel the commissioners of Jefferson county to make a special levy to pay certain road warrants was quashed last Saturday at Port Townsend. The effect of the decision is thought to be to invalidate the road warrants issued under the law of March 7, 1890.

It is estimated that to build the telephone line from Eastern Washington to Puget sound points it will take 16,000 poles, 1,884 miles of No. 10 hard-drawn copper wire, 15,000 cross-arms and braces and 32,000 pins and insulators. The estimated cost of material and labor is \$72,000.

The Washington Mining Company has been incorporated for \$1,000,000. The stock is divided into a million shares of the par value of \$1 each. The trustees for the first six months are J. Lynch Montgomery, of New York; Ralph L. Clarke and T. E. Jefferson, of Spokane, and John L. Retallick, of Kaslo.

The last season's work at Hall & Bishop's logging camp, in Clallam county, is one to be proud of. At the beginning of the year two miles of railroad were put down, and since then the loggers have been busy getting out logs. The season's cut amounted to 7,000,000 feet, most of which was towed to Hadlock, and from there was distributed to different points on the Sound and British Columbia. Forty men were employed in the camp throughout the year, at an average of \$2.50 per day.

## READY FOR BUSINESS.

With a very active, energetic workman, or a man of business, a cane or crutch is a sign of some infirmity, but he will have to use one or both if sciatica sets in and disables his hip. Worse than all this, he may be bed-ridden for a long time, and still worse, may be obliged to resort to surgical treatment. Why all this should be endured when the trouble can be easily cured must be because he don't know that St. Jacobs Oil, the best remedy for pain, is a special cure for this very much dreaded malady. It has proved itself the most soothing and penetrating remedy for reaching the sciatic nerve and effectually curing its agonies that has perhaps ever been tried.

A flowering plant is said to abstract from the soil two hundred times its own weight in water.

## BORNE DOWN WITH INFIRMITIES

Age finds its surest solace in the benignant tonic aid afforded by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which counteracts rheumatic and malarial tendencies, relieves growing inactivity of the kidneys, and is the finest remedy extant for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. Nervousness, too, with which old people are very apt to be afflicted, is promptly relieved by it.

The human race is but a contest of dollars.

Two bottles of Piso's Cure for Consumption cured me of a bad lung trouble.—Mrs. J. Nichols, Princeton, Ind., March 26, 1895.

## HOITT'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

This school is located at Burlingame, San Mateo county, Cal., in charge of Ira G. Hoitt, Ph. D. It is accredited at the State and Stanford Universities, and is one of the best of its kind. Twelfth term begins January 4, 1897.

## STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, Ohio, and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A million acres of forest are out down every year to supply European railway companies with sleepers on which the lines are laid.



## Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

FOR PEOPLE THAT ARE SICK OF "JUST DON'T FEEL WELL" DR. GUNN'S LIVER PILLS are the One Thing you need. Only One for a Dose. Sold by Druggists at 25c, a box of 12 for \$2.50. Address Dr. Bosanko Med. Co., Phila. Pa.

RUPTURE and PILES cured; no pay until cured; send for book. DR. MANFIELD & FORTRELL, 838 Market St., San Francisco.

OPIUM HABIT DRUNKENNESS Cured. DR. J. L. STEPHENS, LEBANON, PA. 1000

I WANT YOU TO UNDERSTAND THAT I'LL HAVE NOTHING BUT THE GENUINE BLACKWELL'S DURHAM!

You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

Cheapest Power.... Rebuilt Gas and Gasoline Engines. ....FOR SALE CHEAP

Hercules Gas Engine Works

Eczema All Her Life.

Mr. E. D. Jenkins, of Lithonia, Ga., says that his daughter, Ida, inherited a severe case of Eczema, which the usual mercury and potash remedies failed to relieve. Year by year she was treated with various medicines, external applications and internal remedies, without result. Her sufferings were intense, and her condition grew steadily worse. All the so-called blood remedies did not seem to reach the disease at all until S.S.S. was given, when an improvement was at once noticed. The medicine was continued with favorable results, and now she is cured and well, her skin is perfectly clear and pure and she has been saved from what threatened to blight her life forever.

S.S.S. (guaranteed purely vegetable) cures Eczema, Scrofula, Cancer, Rheumatism, or any other blood trouble. It is a real blood remedy and always cures even after all else fails.

A Real Blood Remedy. Take a Blood Remedy for a blood disease; a tonic won't cure it. Our books on blood and skin diseases mailed free to any address. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SURE CURE FOR PILES. PISO'S CURE FOR PILES. CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. In Stock. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION. N. P. N. U. No. 681.—S. F. N. U. No. 758

