

The Hood River Glacier.

It's a Cold Day When We Get Left.

VOL. 8.

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOV. 13, 1896.

NO. 25.

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Culled From the Telegraph Columns.

In an opinion filed in the supreme court of Illinois, the Torrens land title act is held to be unconstitutional.

Rev. E. L. Benedict shot and fatally wounded Harry McWhorter, a prominent druggist, of Larrabee, Ia. The shooting was in self defense.

There is a shortage of dry wines in California, and the manufacturers wish to advance the price, but to this the dealers object, for fear of foreign competition.

President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, has issued a decree making land duty free from October to April, and flour and corn, which are also scarce, are made free of duty.

The country home at Clover Bend, Lawrence county, Arkansas, of Miss French, authoress and magazine contributor, well known as "Octave Thanet," was destroyed by fire. A large and valuable library was burned.

Serious rioting has occurred at Shotaput, near Bombay. Five thousand men looted 1,500 bags of grain. The police fired upon the mob, killing four men and wounding six. A further outbreak is feared as Shotaput is one of the worst famine tracts.

A St. Petersburg dispatch to the London Times quotes the Novosti as saying that towards the close of the war with Japan, China offered to cede the island of Formosa to England without condition, with a view to excluding the Japanese, but that Lord Rosebery, then prime minister, promptly declined the offer.

Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, recently sentenced in London to three months' imprisonment without hard labor, after having pleaded guilty to a charge of shop-lifting, has been released from prison on medical grounds, by order of the home secretary, Sir Matthew White Ridley.

The report that was recently sent out from Constantinople that sixty Armenians were massacred there early last week was not exaggerated. On the contrary, the affair turns out more serious than was at first announced. The massacre occurred at the village of Eyerek, where nearly one hundred persons were killed and all the Armenian houses pillaged.

A tramp, while going over the Baltimore & Ohio, near Mitchell, Ind., found enough dynamite on the track to blow an engine to pieces as soon as it struck it. He ran to the nearest switch, tore off a lamp, and returning, signaled the approaching express train. He was shot at by the wreckers and was found unconscious by the trainmen.

In Richmond, Mo., a mob collected around the jail and attempted to get hold of Jesse Winner and Lon Lackey, charged with the murder of Mrs. Eva Winner and her two children. Their evident purpose was to lynch them. A brother of the murdered woman addressed the mob and pleaded with them to leave the law take its course. They accepted his counsel and retired.

Samuel S. Tucker, a painter, met Dr. James S. Wintermute on the street in Tacoma, and suddenly drew a revolver, shooting Wintermute through the body. Tucker then turned the revolver on himself, shooting himself through the head, blowing his brains out. Wintermute was not killed and may recover. The latter professes not to know the cause of the shooting.

Superintendent Keene who shot Mort Roderick, the supposed robber, at the Cariboo mines, was acquitted by the coroner's jury.

John B. Barthelman, a sewing-machine agent shot and killed his divorced wife in Los Angeles, Cal. They quarreled over the possession of their 8-year-old daughter.

In Ashland, Ky., Tobe Stanley, a mine superintendent, was shot and killed by Ike Barker on his way to the polls to vote. Stanley opened hostilities by cutting Barker across the face with a buggy whip. Family troubles were the cause.

About twenty fist fights occurred near the polls in Lexington, Ky., on election day. Pistols were drawn in half of them. An editor attempted to assault Colonel Breckenridge, who drew his pistol. They were separated before anyone was hurt.

S. R. Clough, a hotel proprietor of Minneapolis, Minn., was so determined to vote that he arose from his bed to get to the polls. He had a handkerchief in his pocket, which he used to wipe his face. He was so tired that he fell over dead.

But there was hardly an election day fill the offices, and three the polling were postponed till pistol at Lewis Frank Noble, the old jerk, attempted swars, is mentioned for trigger three was caught, for the deed.

An Extra Session of Congress.

An extra session following immediately the inauguration of Mr. McKinley is, in the prevailing opinion in Washington, certain. No one professes to have word from Mr. McKinley direct on the subject, but there is good authority for saying that Mark Hanna, during a recent visit in New York, said enough to give the impression that an extra session is on the Republican programme. Senator Quay believes an extra session is certain.

Storm on Lake Erie.

Great damage has been done to the shipping interests on lake Erie by a high wind. The canal boat Mayside Way, while being towed up the river from Tonawanda, broke her hawser and was blown on the rocks along shore. The captain was rescued with a rope, but his mules were wrecked to death. The boat became a total wreck. An old excursion steamer was blown across the channel near Buffalo and will be a total loss.

Suicide of a Capitalist.

Joseph D. McDonald, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Fremont, Neb., shot himself, causing almost instant death. The cause for the rash act was mental unbalance, the result of financial reverses in mining investments in Colorado. He was a railroad contractor and built all of the South Platte branches of the Northwestern road in Nebraska on the Elkhorn system, and was reputed to be worth over \$100,000.

Of Interest to Miners.

A New York attorney has received a cablegram announcing that the high court at Pretoria, South Africa, has declared void the MacArthur-Forrest patents for the cyanide process for the recovery of gold. This decision was given in a suit brought by the combined gold-mine owners of Johannesburg and the Transvaal. The announcement is said to be of great interest to gold mine owners.

Mrs. Castle Sentenced to Prison.

Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, who was arrested in London, charged with shoplifting, has had her trial. She pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to three months' imprisonment without labor. Mr. Castle was acquitted.

Harper's Magazine.

An important feature of Harper's Magazine for several months to come will be Poutney Bigelow's series of papers on the "White Man's Africa," treating in the author's original and striking way the new continent recently opened up to European exploitation. The first paper, in the November number, will give a novel view of Jameson's raid from material placed in the author's hand by an English physician and a Boer official—thus presenting both sides of this remarkable episode. The series is the result of a journey to South Africa undertaken by Dr. Bigelow for Harper's Magazine, and is to be illustrated from photographs specially made for the purpose.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

The president has issued the following Thanksgiving proclamation: "By the President of the United States:

"The people of the United States should never be unmindful of the gratitude they owe to the God of nations for his watchful care, which has shielded them from disaster and pointed out to them the way of peace and happiness. Nor should they ever refuse to acknowledge with contrite hearts their proneness to turn away from God's teachings and to follow with sinful pride after their own devices.

"To the end that these thoughts may be quickened, it is fitting that, on a day especially appointed, we should join together in approaching the throne of grace with praise and supplication.

"Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 26th day of the present month of November, to be kept and observed as a day of thanksgiving and prayer throughout our land. On that day let all our people forego their usual work and occupations and assemble in their accustomed places of worship; let them with one accord render thanks to the Ruler of the Universe for our preservation as a nation, and our deliverance from every threatened danger; for the peace that has dwelt within our boundaries; for our defense against disease and pestilence during the year that has passed; for the plenteous rewards that have followed the labors of our husbandmen; and for all the other blessings that have been vouchsafed to us.

"And let us, through the mediation of Him who has taught us how to pray, implore the forgiveness of our sins and a continuance of heavenly favor.

"Let us not forget on this day of thanksgiving the needy, and by deeds of charity let our offerings of praise be made more acceptable in the sight of the Lord.

"Witness my hand and the seal of the United States which I have caused to be hereunto affixed.

"Done at the City of Washington, this 6th day of November, in the year of our Lord, 1896, and of the independence of the United States of America, the 121st.

(Seal.) "Grover Cleveland, "By the President.

"Richard Olney, "Secretary of State."

THE BATTLE IS OVER

Republican National Ticket Has Been Victorious.

M'KINLEY AND HOBART CHOSEN

Washington Is For Bryan and Oregon For McKinley—The Southern Vote Is Divided.

With three states yet in doubt, it is known that the Republican national ticket is elected by a majority of nearly 100 in the electoral college, and of 1,000,000 plurality of the popular vote. New York, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Massachusetts and Ohio have rolled up unprecedentedly tremendous majorities, from 100,000 to 300,000. The rest is detail, to be settled by complete returns.

There are now three states in the doubtful column—Kentucky, Wyoming and South Dakota. In Kentucky it will require the official count to determine the result, owing to irregularities. In Wyoming the uncertainty is due to the slow returns. The latest reports, however, indicate that Bryan will get two of the three votes. South Dakota's vote on presidential electors is tied, and an official count will be required to determine the result. Republican managers have closed their office with the above declaration.

The Republican candidate is now sure of 260 electoral votes. The other states that were considered doubtful—Kansas, North Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia—have gone for Bryan. His vote is 167, and with Kentucky, Wyoming and South Dakota would be 187.

The Electoral College.

The following table gives the standing of the electoral college as far as returns indicate:

STATES.	McKinley.	Bryan.	doubtful.
Alabama.....	11	11	
Arkansas.....	8	8	
California.....	2	2	
Colorado.....	8	8	
Connecticut.....	6	6	
Delaware.....	4	4	
Florida.....	12	12	
Georgia.....	12	12	
Idaho.....	5	5	
Illinois.....	18	18	
Indiana.....	15	15	
Iowa.....	12	12	
Kansas.....	10	10	
Kentucky.....	12	12	
Louisiana.....	8	8	
Maine.....	8	8	
Massachusetts.....	15	15	
Michigan.....	14	14	
Minnesota.....	12	12	
Mississippi.....	9	9	
Missouri.....	17	17	
Montana.....	3	3	
Nebraska.....	8	8	
Nevada.....	7	7	
New Hampshire.....	10	10	
New Jersey.....	12	12	
New York.....	36	36	
North Carolina.....	11	11	
North Dakota.....	3	3	
Ohio.....	23	23	
Oregon.....	2	2	
Pennsylvania.....	24	24	
Rhode Island.....	4	4	
South Carolina.....	9	9	
South Dakota.....	3	3	
Tennessee.....	12	12	
Texas.....	15	15	
Utah.....	4	4	
Virginia.....	12	12	
Washington.....	4	4	
West Virginia.....	2	2	
Wisconsin.....	12	12	
Wyoming.....	3	3	
Totals.....	260	267	2

The returns show interesting features and in some respects have been a surprise to the leaders of both political parties. The New England states have, as was expected, given heavy pluralities for McKinley, without exception. The Republican ticket was successful in Massachusetts beyond what was claimed for it by the most enthusiastic prophet of Republican success.

New York and Pennsylvania have given the Republican candidate between 275,000 and 285,000 each.

The Virginia electors will, without question, be for Bryan, but they have been elected by a heavily reduced vote. The Republicans have given Texas up. Illinois has given McKinley about 175,000 plurality. In the gubernatorial race Altgeld has been beaten, but is 60,000 ahead of the Democratic national ticket.

Ohio has given McKinley 52,438 plurality.

Returns by counties in Iowa have been completed. The total vote cast in the state is in excess of 510,000 votes, estimating the Prohibition and Palmer votes together at only 5000. Of these votes 286,751 were cast for McKinley, and 216,118 for Bryan. McKinley's plurality, 67,633. This is the largest vote ever cast in the state.

In Kentucky the situation is materially changed from early advices. At first the Republicans claimed the state by about 15,000, but late returns show large Democratic gains, and now the state is claimed for Bryan, but this the Republicans will not concede.

California has given McKinley a plurality of 6,000.

Kansas has given Bryan 4,000 plurality.

With nearly complete returns from Michigan Pingree's plurality is estimated at about 70,000 and McKinley's 15,000 less. Of the congressional delegation 12 are Republicans and 2 Democrats.

NORTHWEST STATES.

Oregon.

Complete returns have been received from 22 out of the 32 counties in Oregon, and the returns from the 10 other counties are practically complete. The number of votes reported is 91,542, of which McKinley has 46,792 and Bryan 44,750, or a plurality of 2,042 for McKinley. Less than 500 votes remain to be added to the 91,542 in order to give the full number of votes cast for McKinley and Bryan.

The following table shows the vote by counties:

Counties.	McKinley.	Bryan.
Baker.....	907	1,236
Benton.....	276	730
Clatsop.....	2,566	2,389
Clatsop.....	1,849	1,135
Columbia.....	675	609
Cook.....	1,106	1,590
Crook.....	600	596
Curry.....	276	258
Douglas.....	1,208	2,045
Gilliam.....	387	472
Grant.....	672	828
Harney.....	218	405
Jackson.....	1,376	2,383
Josephine.....	1,100	1,609
Klamath.....	346	462
Lake.....	389	416
Lane.....	2,221	2,588
Lincoln.....	576	568
Linn.....	2,064	2,108
Malheur.....	210	469
Marion.....	3,520	2,031
Morrow.....	886	400
Multnomah.....	11,830	6,430
Polk.....	1,248	1,307
Sherman.....	426	419
Tillamook.....	685	626
Umatilla.....	1,410	1,674
Union.....	1,275	2,108
Wallowa.....	406	466
Wasco.....	1,487	1,187
Washington.....	2,085	1,666
Yamhill.....	1,615	1,965
Totals.....	46,792	44,750

Washington.

The latest reports from Washington indicate that Bryan's plurality will be near 10,000. The Bryan vote was the strongest in the more thickly populated portion of the state. The number of votes thus far reported—77,175—about equals that of two years ago, so that, allowing for the increase, there remains about 10,000 more to hear from.

John R. Rogers, Populist, has been chosen governor over P. C. Sullivan, though by a majority probably 2,000 under the electoral ticket.

The entire fusion ticket has been successful by majorities ranging from 3,000 to 8,000. The legislature is Populist on joint ballot, though there is a possibility that the Republicans may control the senate, as they have 14 hold-overs out of a total of 34 members of the upper house.

The returns from Washington as reported for presidential electors appear in the table below. No returns have been received from Okanogan and Skamania counties:

Counties.	McKinley.	Bryan.
Adams.....	169	261
Asotin.....	78	147
Chehalis.....	1,286	1,476
Chilliwack.....	254	284
Clark.....	1,495	1,478
Columbia.....	436	368
Cowlitz.....	1,487	1,456
Douglas.....	58	121
Franklin.....	107	107
Garfield.....	478	636
Grant.....	196	178
King.....	677	467
Jefferson.....	670	7,968
Kittitas.....	613	562
Klickitat.....	616	891
Lewis.....	710	549
Lincoln.....	1,319	1,491
Mason.....	421	921
Mehar.....	371	541
Okanogan.....	856	456
Pacific.....	5,139	5,139
Pierce.....	4,325	5,139
Sah.....	409	240
Skamania.....	177	248
Snohomish.....	1,497	2,200
Spokane.....	2,706	5,924
Stevens.....	141	282
Thurston.....	1,052	1,281
Wahkiakum.....	199	374
Walla Walla.....	1,523	1,538
Whitman.....	1,560	1,736
Yakima.....	1,206	2,728
Yakima.....	861	1,136
Totals.....	34,145	48,000

The New Lawmakers.

Washington.—At Republican and Democratic congressional headquarters the chairmen have been figuring on the complexion of the next house. Chairman Babcock says he has complete reports from 193 congressional districts, which have elected Republicans; that there are 135 districts that have elected Democrats and Populists, and 28 districts in which the returns are incomplete. These may all be classed as doubtful, he says, with the prospects that the Republicans will secure at least one half of them, which would make a total Republican membership in the fifty-fifth congress of 207. He claims that, under no circumstances, will the Republican membership fall below 200.

Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Democratic committee, although he does not concede the Republicans a majority in the next house, gives them 176, within three of a majority.

The Democrats have made gains as follows: Delaware, 1; Illinois, 1; Missouri, 4; New York, 1; total, 11.

The Republicans have gained as follows: Maryland, 3.

The Demo-Populists have gained 1 in Colorado and 1 in Missouri.

The Next Senate.

Washington.—From returns thus far received, the next senate will probably stand as follows:

Republicans, 44.

Democrats, 23.

Independents and Populists, 12.

Doubtful, 2.

On the currency question, the senate undoubtedly will have an anti-silver majority.

Republicans who bolted the St. Louis ticket and platform are classed as independents. They are: Teller, Dubois, Mantle, Cannon.

Another Utah senator to be elected to succeed Brown will undoubtedly be independent.

BRIEF PACIFIC COAST NEWS

A Resume of Events in the Northwest.

EVIDENCE OF STEADY GROWTH

News Gathered in All the Towns of Our Neighboring States—Improvement Noted in All Industries—Oregon.

The output of the Bandon cannery is being shipped to Astoria.

The sturgeon catch this season at The Dalles has been remarkably good.

The tax levy for Clatsop county this year will be between 12 and 13 mills.

Insurance men have adjusted most of the losses caused by the Woodburn fire.

A tannery is being built about 2½ miles above Enchanted prairie, in Coos county, and will soon be in operation.

The wrecked steamer Arago had on board when she went down \$653 worth of property belonging to the Coos bay creamery.

The telephone line between McEwen and Sumpter has been completed. Now they will build to Granite and Cracker Creek, in Baker county.

Eleven single-deck carloads of sheep were shipped from The Dalles one day last week. Two carloads were for Tacoma and the rest for Troutdale, Or.

Milton's apple crop will bring her in thousands of dollars this fall, for only in that immediate neighborhood has anything like a full crop been obtained.

Mr. Jacobson, who had the contract for erecting the Bandon lighthouse, has been awarded the contract for jetty work in Marshfield. His bid was 62 cents a ton.

Seven thousand cords of wood have been cut for the Virtue Mining Company in Baker county in the course of the last three months. One hundred men were employed in getting out the wood.

The chinook salmon continue to run in large numbers in Neetsucca bay and river. It is seldom they run as late as they have this season. The silver-side run is very good, and they are very large.

Heavy shipments of hops have been made from the Willamette valley during the last few weeks, mostly to England. One firm in Salem shipped 2,000 bales and has large quantities yet to ship.

Counterfeit coins of the denominations of \$1 and 50 cents, have been passed on several business men in Salem within the past few days. The dollars bear the date of 1879, and the half dollars that of 1894.

James Callahan is buying sheep in Eastern Oregon. He has already bought 18,000 head and will buy 4,000 more. He buys lambs and yearlings only and ships them to Montgomery, Ill., where they are then fattened for the Chicago market. The prices received were from \$1 to \$1.10 per head.

Washington.

The total value of all school property in Whitman county is estimated at \$280,000.

The Northern Pacific railway paid its Kittitas county taxes, amounting to about \$8,000.

There has been more travel over the Wallula ferry this month than there has been at any time during the year.

The total tax levy in Spokane county, as fixed last week by the county commissioners, is 31.3 mills. The estimated expenditures for the year will amount in the aggregate to \$183,100.

The Reservation Chief Mining & Milling Company and the Big Four Mining & Milling Company, each with \$1,000,000 capital stock, have been incorporated with headquarters at Spokane.

Loggers around Kelseo have received the encouraging news from the Northern Pacific Mill Company that from now on the mill company will pay \$4.50 spot cash for logs. This is an advance of \$1 per thousand.

John C. Smith, formerly an engineer on the Great Northern railway, has begun an action in Spokane against that corporation for the sum of \$64,583, as damages for injuries received in two accidents alleged to have been due to the carelessness and negligence of the defendant corporation.

A corps of civil engineers are at work surveying and staking out the new sidetracks and other improvements contemplated by the new management of the Northern Pacific Coal Company at Roslyn. A work train with a crew of about forty men has arrived and the men have been put to work grading and preparing for the new sidetracks.

Oakesdale seems to be the leading potato market, as well as one of the leading grain markets of the Palouse country. Every day large quantities of potatoes are sold there, and two firms have already bought twenty carloads, or 600,000 pounds of potatoes. It is estimated that this is only about two-thirds of what will be brought to Oakesdale this fall.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

Dowling, Hopkins & Co.'s Review of Trade.

Portland, Or., Nov. 11.—Wheat has reached a very high point since our last letter, which was only natural and to be expected after so rapid a decline, and the situation grows stronger daily and all the best authorities in the grain trade throughout the world predict continued enhancement in values of farm products and say America holds the key to the situation. Exports are enormous and ocean freight room cannot be secured at any price. Tramp steamers from all corners of the world have been attracted to our shores. On the Great Lakes there is a blockade of grain-laden vessels at several ports, and trunk line railroads as well as those throughout the Northwest, are unable to supply half of the demand for cars. There is every prospect of another advance that will carry prices far beyond anything we have yet seen, and we hope our friends will take advantage of the breaks to buy wheat and make some money.

The supply and demand exhibit of the world argues as strongly as ever for a higher range of values, but these conditions neither warrant blind enthusiasm nor license riotous speculation. Pyramid builders will deal gently with wheat, if they are wise; for, just as Egypt owns and repents the monumental folly of her ancients, so must the prodigious builders of these times put on sackcloth and ashes if they insist upon ignoring the law of commercial prudence. The immense surplus of wheat that for several years past menaced values, and aided speculators in raiding the markets, has vanished. Wheat is once more worth what the actual buyer will pay for it.

We need not expect that importers will buy a year's supplies within the space of a week or two. Even though every bushel that can be brought forward from the field of production may find a ready market before we harvest another crop, it does not follow that such demand will be thrust upon us wholesale as it were.