

The Hood River Glacier.

It's a Cold Day When We Get Left.

VOL. 7.

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Hood River Glacier.

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ARMENIANS' DANGER

THEY ARE NOW THREATENED
WITH A FAMINE.

Armenians estimate the losses at Anatolia alone at fifty millions and the number of victims at forty thousand—The Fleets Gathering.

Constantinople, via Sofia, Nov. 28.—Now that matters seem to be quieting down here and in the Asiatic provinces, people are beginning to form estimates of the amount of damage done and the number of lives lost during the recent disturbances. Well informed Armenians estimate the losses through the events which have just taken place in Anatolia alone at \$50,000,000, and the number of victims are 40,000. Of course these are Armenian estimates, but there seems good reason for believing that the property destroyed, the number of lives sacrificed and the terrible outrages committed are far beyond anything hitherto estimated or described.

But this is not all. People competent to pronounce an opinion upon the subject say that, with the coming of winter, there will be many more deaths from exposure and famine, and that even the prompt collection of relief funds, food and clothing cannot avert much loss of life and great suffering. Famine is threatened in a number of districts, and there seems to be no way of preventing it.

The powers instead of ordering their fleets away from Turkish waters, as the sultan earnestly requested, seem to be determined upon keeping them in the vicinity for an indefinite period. A portion of the British Mediterranean fleet, will soon leave Salonica bay for Smyrna, where the powers are mustering their fighting ships. The warships of Great Britain, expected to rendezvous at Smyrna this week, will consist of nine battleships, four cruisers and four smaller boats. The rest of the Salonica bay fleet will, it is expected, remain off that port for the present, ready for any emergency.

France has already at Smyrna one battleship, two cruisers and two smaller ships. Italy's flag floats from two battleships and two cruisers and four small craft in the waters of Smyrna. Russia has two cruisers on the way to Smyrna, in addition to a powerful fleet cruising in the Western portion of the Black sea. The United States has been represented at Smyrna by two cruisers, and Germany has one small gunboat there, but it is rumored that two German battleships are on their way. Austria has off Smyrna one battleship, two cruisers and two small gunboats. Of course, this is not a "naval demonstration." It is simply a concentration of the foreign fleets at a point agreed upon apparently between the powers.

A Boston Undertaking.
Boston, Nov. 28.—A meeting attended by over 1,000 persons, among whom were many Boston society people, was held in the Bijou theater today to organize the movement for elevating the stage. Henry A. Rogers presided. He stated that the plan was to lease some theater in Boston for a short season and give a series of theatrical performances, probably three a week, for two weeks. The plays are to be selected from the French, Italian and German schools. The profits, if any, are to be devoted to charity.

Another New World's Record.
Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 27.—The Coliseum at Nashville, this city's new enterprise, was inaugurated tonight with the breaking of a world's record. L. D. Barret, of Lincoln, Neb., rode two miles unpaced in 4:49 1-5. The record was 4:54, made in January by Starbrough at Madison Square Garden.

Another Victim of Football.
Memphis, Nov. 26.—George Phelan, son of the late Representative Phelan, died at the university of Virginia, Charlottesville, today from injuries received in a football game yesterday. He will be buried here.

SALISBURY'S REPLY.

England's Answer Regarding Venezuela to Be Delivered to Bayard.

London, Nov. 27.—The Marquis of Salisbury, it is understood, has completed his reply to Secretary Olney's note regarding Venezuela. The marquis was busily engaged upon it during the most of last week, and numerous papers dealing with the subject were sent to the Hatfield house from the foreign office. It is expected the answer will be delivered to the United States ambassador, Thomas F. Bayard.

No Further Proposals.

London, Nov. 27.—Nothing is known at the colonial office here of the alleged statements of the administration of British Guiana that the imperial government is preparing to assert its rights by arms. Newspapers reaching here say the legislature of that colony had been acquiescent to the proposals of the secretary for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, to increase the colonial force by two inspectors and another Maxim gun, the legislature also notifying the government that it is prepared to vote anything the colonial secretary considered necessary for the defense of the colony. No further proposal, however, has been made by the imperial government. There has been no change in the boundary dispute, and the government, it is added, will not tolerate Venezuelan aggression beyond the Schomburgk line. Otherwise it is stated that the warlike statements printed in certain newspapers are not founded on facts.

Senator Hill's Lecture.

Milwaukee, Nov. 28.—Senator Hill was greeted by an audience of 400 people at his first appearance as a public lecturer in this city tonight. The prices of admission to the theater were too high, and that is given as the explanation of the small audience. The audience consisted mainly of old-line Democrats, who entertained the senator during the day. The lecture was on the subject of "Liberty," its underlying idea being that the safest road of liberty and government was that which did not interfere with individual liberty, and did not attempt to legislate in matters of personal customs and habits. It was an elaboration upon a former speech he delivered in New York, explaining why he was a Democrat and why every true lover of liberty ought to be a Democrat. He spoke at length of the Monroe doctrine, of which he showed himself to be a strong adherent, and proclaimed his sympathy with the Cubans in their present struggle for independence.

The Waller Case.

Washington, Nov. 28.—The Kansas congressional delegation, as soon as possible after the fifty-fourth congress begins, will introduce resolutions in both houses looking to an investigation of the circumstances connected with the arrest and imprisonment of ex-consul Waller. The members of the delegation take the position that the United States is entitled to the record of the trial as a matter of right, and therefore should not ask it as an act of comity. The probabilities are they will try to secure the passage of a resolution instructing the government to stand by its demand for the documents. The first resolution, however, only will call for the correspondence in the case.

The Christian Endeavorers.

Boston, Nov. 28.—The completion of all business relating to the great Christian Endeavor convention, held here in July, was celebrated tonight by a banquet at the Hotel Brunswick, at which the now famous committee of thirteen sat down with President Francis E. Clark, D. D., and Secretary John Willis Baer. The committee subcommittee and treasurer read their reports. The latter was of great interest. The total receipts were \$22,782, with contributions in labor and material of nearly \$1,000 more. The expenditures were \$22,286, leaving a balance of \$496.

Smith Defeats Burge.

London, Nov. 28.—At Bolinbroke Club today in a twenty-round contest for £700 between Jem Smith and Dick Burge, Smith won in the ninth round. Smith weighed 178 pounds, while Burge weighed only 140 pounds. In the first round Burge appeared to have Smith at his mercy, but he unwisely allowed his opponent to rest during the next round. As a result, Smith pulled himself together, and, by sheer force of weight, knocked Burge all over the ring. Burge fell down repeatedly without being struck by Smith. For this he was finally disqualified.

Harry Hayward Confesses.

Minneapolis, Nov. 28.—Harry Hayward, who is to be hanged next month for the murder of Catherine Ging, and who has protested that he is innocent, has confessed his guilt. At the time of his trial, Harry endeavored to show that it was his brother Adry who murdered the dressmaker, Miss Ging, who had money and other transactions with Harry, and had been very intimate with him. Harry Hayward, who had been refused a new trial, made several attempts to break jail.

EXTRA GUARD SHIPS

AMBASSADORS AWAITING THE SULTAN'S REPLY.

When It Is Received Another Conference Will Be Held by the Representatives of the Powers and a Joint Note Prepared in Answer.

Constantinople, Nov. 27.—The main question now being discussed between the porte and representatives of the powers is the demand of Great Britain, Italy, Russia and Austria for firmness for passage through the Dardanelles of an extra gunboat to be attached to their respective embassies. While admitting that the powers possess the right to have two guard ships each in the Bosphorus, the porte considers that the proposed increase of the number of foreign war vessels there under present conditions, might excite the Mussulmans and produce an effect far from the one desired by the powers. In addition the porte points out that in view of the measures taken to preserve order there, an increase in the number of guard ships attached to the embassies is not required. It can be said upon good authority that this is the substance of the note the porte has sent the representatives of the powers.

As soon as the note shall have been received and considered at the British, Russian, Italian and Austrian embassies a conference of the representatives of those powers will be called and a joint reply may be sent the porte. Turkish representatives at London, St. Petersburg, Rome and Vienna will be instructed to earnestly request the four powers not to insist on their demand.

In political circles the repugnance of the porte to grant the firmness applied for contributes to the belief said to exist among the Turkish ministers that to grant the firmness would be a sad blow to the dignity of the sultan and a direct proof of the lack of confidence upon the part of the powers in his ability to govern and maintain order. Behind this, it is claimed, the Turks fear the demanded increase in the number of foreign guard ships in the Bosphorus is really only a cloak for the intention of the powers to make a naval demonstration in Turkish waters in case of renewed disturbances in Asiatic Turkey.

TO MODIFY SHIPPING LAWS.

The Hold of Foreign Nations on Our Carrying Shipping Trade.

Tacoma, Nov. 27.—Cramp, the Philadelphia ship builder, is engaged in securing reliable data regarding all the steamship lines plying between the United States and foreign countries, and has sent here for information regarding the steamship lines radiating from Puget sound. The firm intends to present to congress reliable information showing what a great hold England and other foreign nations have upon the carrying trade of this country, the object being to secure the passage of more favorable shipping laws, which shall make American ship building more advantageous and profitable. The firm believes that a great commerce is soon to grow up on the Pacific ocean. Charles H. Cramp stated to L. Holmes, of this city, who has just returned from the East, his belief that the marine laws would be modified in the near future.

He Admits the Bugging.

Leavenworth, Kan., Nov. 27.—Miss Etta Morley of this city has begun proceedings in the district court for \$5,000 damages against Walter Willis, of Atchison, alleging that during the apple carnival Mr. Willis hugged her and startled her in such a manner that she has since suffered with a serious nervous attack. Willis has been served with papers and tells an Atchison reporter that he has hugged several girls during the Leavenworth carnival, but that he did not hug any of them hard enough to hurt; the girls did not seem to object to it, and he thought everything passed off satisfactorily. He will fight the case.

The Italian Budget.

Rome, Nov. 27.—In the chamber of deputies today Signor Sonnengo, minister of the treasury, in presenting the budget, announced that the surplus would be 1,250,000 lire this year, and that he expected a surplus next year of 8,020,000 lire without a new loan. He added that the position of the treasury was improving gradually; that the payment of the coupons of the foreign loans was completely assured, and finally that the depression on the bourses of Paris and Vienna has had no serious effect upon Italian funds, which are still quoted above their value.

Will Not Prosecute the Indian.

Baltimore, Nov. 28.—On the request of Jacob Horn, the father of little Johnny Horn, who was killed by the Indian Mohawk, of Buffalo Bill's troupe, State Attorney Kerr today nolle prossed the case against the Indian. The father wrote that, upon investigation, he is convinced the deed was wholly accidental. Mr. Cody has come forward and paid him a sum of money for expenses, etc., and he is unwilling to prosecute the case further.

Barrow's New Field.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—The Rev. John Henry Barrows, widely known as the president of the world's fair parliament of religions, today tendered his resignation as pastor of the First Presbyterian church, of this city. He has been pastor of this church for fifteen years. It is his purpose in December, 1896, to go to Bombay, Calcutta, and Madras, to deliver a course of Christian lectures, to which he has been assigned by the university of Chicago, and for which invitations have been extended by several missionary conferences and by many men of influence in the East. In addition to this work, Dr. Barrows will lay the foundation of a Christian lectureship already endowed, which is to be permanently sustained in the cities of India.

Return of Admiral Kirkland.

New York, Nov. 26.—Rear-Admiral W. A. Kirkland, who, it is officially reported, has been recalled from his command of the European squadron, "because of certain indiscretions," was a passenger on the steamer La Bourgoigne, which arrived here this afternoon. The powers at Washington are said to be displeased because of a letter he wrote to President Faure, of France, his personal friend, congratulating him upon his election to the office of chief magistrate. The admiral was seen as he left the ship. He seemed in a happy frame of mind, and was willing to talk on almost any subject but that of his rumored recall.

A Linotype Contest.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—A contest for the championship on the Mergenthaler Linotype machine took place in this city today between George W. Green, of the Boston Standard, and Eugene Taylor, of the Rocky Mountain News, of Denver. The stake was a purse of \$500. Green set 70,000 corrected solid noupareil in seven hours, to Taylor's 64,027, smashing all previous records. Mr. Green holds himself ready to defend against all comers the title which today's victory gives him. At the close of the contest, Mr. Green received a challenge from Reilly, of Boston. Much money changed hands and great interest was manifested in the result.

The Colt Divorce Settled.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 26.—James M. Ripley, Mrs. Colt's counsel, returned from New York last night. He says the Colt case has been settled, and that he thinks no more will be heard of either Mrs. Colt's suit or the suit against J. J. Van Allen. Francis Colwell, attorney for Colt, also says that the case is settled. Although particulars of the settlement have not been made public, it is understood Mrs. Colt's alimony will be much less than at first demanded. Mrs. Colt is expected to go abroad at once for an indefinite period.

Dr. Rice in Bad Shape.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—Dr. Rice, winner of the Brooklyn handicap in 1894, will in all probability never face the starter again. Recently his attendants attempted to fire him to see if he would stand training sufficiently in 1896 to race over the grass courses in England. In attempting to throw him his back was hurt. Every care has been given him since, but it is very doubtful if he will ever be able to race.

Riotous Strikes in St. Petersburg.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 26.—A strike is going on at the Le Firme cigar factory, the trouble growing out of the introduction of new machinery. A serious riot was one of the results of the strike, the strikers smashing the new machines. The dissatisfied workmen then threw the broken machines and the tobacco out of the windows. A thousand strikers were placed under arrest.

Refused to Approve the Verdict.

San Francisco, Nov. 27.—A cornerer's jury today decided that the shooting of William Massie last week by his wife was accidental. Coroner Hawkins refused to approve the verdict, maintaining that the evidence showed conclusively that the killing was not accidental. Mrs. Massie's preliminary action for murder will be held in the police court tomorrow.

Lord Sholto as Manager.

San Francisco, Nov. 28.—A local music hall, to which no admission is charged, announces that Lady Sholto Douglas will soon appear on its stage. She and her husband are said to be today en route to this city from Los Angeles. It is said that hereafter Lord Sholto will act as his wife's manager.

The New Chinese Loan.

London, Nov. 26.—A dispatch to the Times from Berlin confirms the report that China is negotiating with a German syndicate for a new loan for the purpose of securing funds with which to pay a portion of the indemnity pledged to the Japanese at the conclusion of the recent war.

The Disgrace Too Great.

Parcell, I. T., Nov. 26.—Paul Gluckman, one of the merchants arrested here charged with having applied the torch to his stock of goods and store building during the conflagration of Tuesday night, committed suicide last night. The disgrace of his arrest for arson is supposed to have prompted the deed.

NORTHWEST NEWS.

MANUFACTURING ENTERPRISES AND DEVELOPMENT.

Output of the Mines—What the Railroad and Steamship Lines are Doing—Formation of a Cannery Syndicate—Oregon News.

A shingle mill is about to be erected at Tillamook.

One of the aldermen just elected at the town of Beaverhill is a negro.

Bandon woolen mills are making large shipments of blankets to San Francisco.

Prineville is to have a new public hall, which will be erected by a joint stock company.

Steamboat navigation has been resumed on the upper Willamette, after four months of low water.

Coos county has manufactured over 20,000,000 feet of lumber during the past year and mined 50,000 tons of coal.

The whole amount of land owned in Harney county is 519,690 acres. The property belonging to the Miller & Lux estate is 83,080 acres.

The Postal Telegraph Company expects to extend the line down the coast to Tillamook from Astoria at an early day. There is talk of building a line from Jordan to Woods, extending it to Tillamook.

The grand lecture bureau of the I. O. G. T., of Oregon, have at great expense, secured the temperance lecturer, Howard Carleton Tripp, of Kingsley, Ia., who will lecture throughout the state in behalf of the temperance cause. Mr. Tripp comes highly recommended as a first-class speaker.

Washington.

The bureau of immigration at Spokane is reorganized and is vigorously pushing its work.

J. L. Johnson, one of the founders of Ritzville, well known there and in Eastern Oregon is dead.

Aberdeen has succeeded in raising enough money by subscription to have the city lighted by electricity.

Harry Kreech, of Tacoma, convicted under the city ordinance for keeping his barber shop open on Sunday, has appealed to the superior court.

A force of men is at work on the Bonanza Queen mine at Monte Cristo, recently bonded to Seattle and Eastern capitalists for \$250,000. Work will be begun on a large scale in the spring.

The mill of the Pacific Coast Milling Company, which was recently burned, is to be reconstructed. Subscriptions of cash, labor and merchandise have been made to the amount of \$1,478.50. The mill will be in operation in about a month.

The jute mill machinery at the penitentiary has been thoroughly overhauled and repaired and is now in condition to resume operations in the spring. Other improvements have been made, including electric alarms in the sleeping rooms of the guards, by which they can all be brought out in an instant at any hour of the night.

Joshua Isaacs, a pioneer resident of Walla Walla, is dead. He came to the Pacific coast in 1860, engaged in the mill business at Boise City until 1861, and then came to Walla Walla and amassed a fortune in the mill business. He constructed the first water works in the town. Jacob Lucinger, a pioneer from Walla Walla, is also dead.

The next thing of importance and the last act in the work of completing the big dry dock at Port Orchard to be done will be the placing in position of the big gate at the entrance. This is a powerful piece of machinery, for it holds back the water in the sound from pouring into the drydock after it has been pumped out. The dredging in the channel leading from the bay to the entrance to the drydock is progressing well, but it is not a part of the original Bartlett contract. The work on the officers' quarters and permanent buildings is nearing completion.

Idaho.

The new hospital at Wardner is completed.

Boise has carried her proposition to issue bonds for the purpose of building sidewalks.

The commercial association of De Lamar has under consideration a proposition to put in a manufacturing plant on the foundry site.

There is a body of fine cedar timber in the valley of the Upper Clearwater in the Nez Perce reservation, which has just been thrown open to settlement.

A movement is on foot at Idaho Falls to organize a stock company with a capital of \$25,000, for the purpose of erecting a pork packing establishment.

A large first-class hotel is to be erected at Kayserville by Henry Kays. He also intends to put in a well-equipped stage line in the spring, and he will build a railroad from Hailey to Kayserville.

Montana.

The new building of the reform school at Miles City is almost completed. Most of the work was done by boys of the school.

The National Park Transportation Company is to spend \$5,000 overhauling its 150 coaches and carriages for next season's travel.

Work has begun at Phillipsburg remodeling the old schoolhouse into a court house, which will be ready for occupancy the middle of December.

The wool growers of nine counties have organized at Helena a state association for their protection and improvement. Seventy per cent of the sheep industry of the state is represented.

A block of \$100,000 of the bonds of the Great Falls Water Company has just been bought by a Chicago firm. This purchase makes a total of \$300,000 in bonds held by Eastern capitalists in that company.

British Columbia.

Trail expects to be three times her present size by spring if she can obtain all the lumber she wants.

The smallest place in the world is the miniature place known as Steward City, Alaska, United States, its three inhabitants being respectively mayor, chairman of the board of aldermen and the president of the common council.

The last stone of the great dome that is to surmount the new parliament buildings of British Columbia has been laid. The copper roofing—upward of fifty feet in height—to be surmounted by a statue of Captain George Vancouver—is all that remains to complete the exterior of the dome.

Three hundred thousand dollars will be spent utilizing the water power of Seymour creek to operate the street railways of Vancouver and Westminster, besides the electric light system and branch lines of electric railways. The power will be concentrated at one point to operate all these undertakings.

Arrangements have been completed, it is understood, for the purchase by an Eastern syndicate of all the canneries for which Turner, Beeton & Co. are the agents, as well as several other canneries. There are nine in all, including both Northern and Fraser river canneries. It is said that the Royal Canadian Canning Company's cannery at Claxton, the Balmoral, Inverness and Carlyle canneries are included in the deal.

EDITORIAL OPINION.

Topics of the Day Discussed by the Leading Papers.

[Philadelphia Times.]

The fact that agriculture is in process of gradual abandonment in Great Britain may account in part for the great increase in immigration from that country, the number of arrivals since August aggregating 238,000. It evidently does not pay the British farmer to raise wheat on high-priced British land. The next problem is to make this land profitable in some other way. The decline in wheat acreage this year is 26 per cent less than 1894. This indicates that upwards of 200,000 acres of land have failed of cultivation because agriculture no longer pays.

Torrens Land Title Law.

[Chicago Times-Herald.]

The Torrens law, affecting as it may every land title in the country, is of infinitely more importance to all the people than any other law of recent times. There are immense interests opposed to it, and everything that can be done to discredit it will be done. It is therefore important that the friends of the law as speedily as possible bring about a case that may be taken to the supreme court and have the law brought to its ultimate test.

The Hawaiian Government.

[Boston Herald.]

Minister Castle's announcement that the present government in Hawaii is increasing in popularity with everybody except the Kanakas appears to be tantamount to a boast that it is in disfavor among about two-thirds of the population. Minister Castle is scarcely diplomatic.

Disappointments of Great Men.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

There is nothing more than the successive disappointments of great men in the matter of the presidency. They have dedicated their lives to the service of the country with the belief that their labors would surely bring them what they earned; but after all their endeavors they have been disappointed, and the prize has gone to men of inferior merits, as if in contempt of the rules of justice and propriety.

A Negro Obtains Damages.

[Minneapolis Tribune.]

The supreme court of Kentucky has decided that negroes are entitled to protection from intrusion by white people into the separate cars set apart for their use, and a colored woman recently recovered damages from a railroad company because the conductor permitted a white man to enter the colored coach to speak to an old friend. While in the car the white man insulted a colored woman, hence the suit.