The Hood River Glacier.

It's a Cold Day When We Get Left.

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THE GLACIER BARBER SHOP

HOOD RIVER, OR.

GRANT EVANS, Proprietor.

Shaving and hair-cutting neatly done. Satis-

EDUCATION OF INDIANS

Annual Report of Superintendent Hailman.

Hearty-Co-Operation Has Been Received From a Number of State Superintendents in the West.

Washington, Nov. 14.-W. N. Hailman, superintendent of Indian schools, in his annual report, discusses at some length the proposition to enlist the diferent states in Indian education. He says there is, in cases, an unwillingness to admit children to schools attended by white children, and in some cases, he thinks it might be necessary to continue separate schools for limited periods. Superintendent Hailman reports that a hearty co-operation was received from state superintendents of schools in California, Oregon, Washington, Nevada, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Idaho, and he believes that in most of these states it will be possible to transfer the work of Indian education to the state authorities in a comparatively short period. Mr. Hailman discusses the difficulties which Indian children who have been at school encounter when they return to the reservations and the squalor of Indian life. He thinks efforts should be made to have agents put these Indians in homes of their own, and exert every effort to prevent them from returning to their former mode of life.

MINING SUIT DECIDED.

Supreme Court Rands Down a Decision in a Butte Case.

Helena, Mont., Nov. 13 .- The supreme court handed down a decision today in a mining case, in which Hon. W. A. Clark, chairman of the national bimetallic committee, was defendant. The decision of the third judicial district court in Butte was affirmed, which was against Clark, compelling him to pay \$40,000.

The decision settles the ownership of a vein which dips under an adjoining vein. The Niagara and Black Rock claims adjoin, running east and west, the former on the south. The apex of the west end line of the Black Rock and crossed the common side line westerly from the east end line of the Black Rock and continues across the Niagara. passing out of the east end line thereof. The vein dipped to the south. The Black Rock extracted ore from that vein on the dip at a point under the apex, which was on the Niagara and south of a perpendicular plane sunk into the earth at the common side line. The lower court decided that the Niagara people were entitled to an ore accounting against the Black Rock for ore taken from the dip of the vein under the apex, which was on the Niagara ground, and east of the point where the apex passed wholly within the Niagara premises.

Another Disappearing Gun-Carriage.

Philadelphia, Nov. 12.-The second Buffington-Crozier disappearing guncarriage erected as an experiment was shipped today on three cars from Cramp's shipyard to San Francisco. The Buffington-Crozier carriage is automatic in its movement, and is operated by a system of weights. Another disappearing gun-carriage now being prepared in Cramp's shop is E. Huntspiller's invention. This latter is pneumatic in action, and is intended as a competitor to the former.

One Killed, Five Injured.

Saint Neots, eight miles south of Huntcaused by the breaking of a rail, today resulted in the death of a lady passenously injured.

THE TEXAS INJURED.

Cement Lining of the Double Hull Is Badly Cracked.

Washington, Nov. 14.-The battleship Texas has come to grief at the drydock at New York, and has sustained injuries, the exact extent of which is not known at present. The ship went into drydock about a week ago to be cleaned and painted, and to remove an accumulation of seaweed which had grown in the pipe gratings leading to the circulating pumps. On the 18th instant, Captain Glass reported to the commandant of the navy yard that on the regular weekly examination of the vessel, made that day, frames 43 and 44, in compartment B, were found to No other evidence of straining appeared, and an outside examination failed to show any evidence of damage.

By direction of Commandant Sicard, Constructor Bowles made an examinathe Texas was resting easily and supported thoroughly in all respects. Still, as a measure of precaution, six feet of water was let into the dock to lighten the load on the keel blocks. On the 11th, further straining was reported, and the dock was flooded then a depth of eleven feet, as far as the water could be admitted without danger of disturbing the position of the Texas on the

Commandant Sicard called for a detailed account of the injuries, and, in return received from the constructor a report stating exactly and by number FAVORS STATE INDIAN SCHOOLS the injured frames, and where they were located. This report was transmitted to the navy department with the statement that no delay in the work then progressing on the ship would ensue, and that the straining ap-peared to be due to the weight of the ship on the keel blocks. The department was not altogether satisfied, and has called for further particulars, regarding the report so far made as pre-

It appears from these reports that it will be necessary to undertake to repair these frames and remove the dents in the bottom cannot be told until a further examination can be made, and to do this, it may be necessary to remove all the weight of the ship in order to draw off the water safely, otherwise the strains might again become excessive and irreparable injury follow.

In the absence of full details, which must in the end be gathered by a special board, the department officials are not disposed to place the blame for the actoo lightly built to stand her own indemnity of \$5,000,000,000. While probably lead to an official investigalarge sum and much time to strengthen useless without appliances to cope with the hull. The vessel was built on the modern engines of war, and with defective, in that too much strength or Japan. had been sacrificed in order to save weight and make the vessel float at the calculated displacement.

JAPAN TO WITHDRAW.

Prepared to Evacuate the Liao Tung Peninsula.

Washington, Nov. 14.—The purpose of Japan is to evacuate Port Arthur the vein in controversy passed through and the Liao Tung peninsula by February 16 next, which is three months from the date of the payment by China of the 30,000,000 teals agreed upon for the evacuation. While three months is fixed as the time within which the evacuation may be made, it is probable the Japanese will not take the limit of time, but will set about retiring from Port Arthur immediately upon the payment of the 30,000,000 teals next Tuesday, as the cost of the maintenance of an army is

very heavy. It is understood also that a further feature of the treaty for surrender is that its evacuation will not be followed by a cession of the fortress to any other power. An official statement to that effect has been made and is credited here, but the Japanese legation has re-

ceived no official advices. Late mail advices satisfy the officials that the rebellion in Formosa is over, and that the rebel leader has surrendered. He offered to make a conditional surrender some time ago, but the Japanese would not give concessions to rebels. Since then, the officials believe known in court circles here of the senhe has yielded unconditionally and that the war is at an end.

All Are Penny Papers.

Chicago, Nov. 13 .- The Tribune in its issue Sunday announced that the couchment of the czarina, formerly price of that paper on week days inside Princess Alex of Hesse, may be expectthe city hereafter would be one cent. London, Nov. 12 .- An accident to This morning the Times-Herald and the Scotch express from London at the Inter-Ocean, the only two-cent morning papers, announced a similar ington, on the Great Northern railway, reduction in their price to meet the cut made by the Tribune The action of these morning papers today places all ger. Five other passengers were seri- the morning papers in Chicago at one

OUR COAST DEFENSES

First Report of the New Commander of the Army.

Million Brave Men Would Be Useless Without Appliances to Cope With Modern Engines of War.

Washington, Nov. 13.-The annual be distorted, apparently from the straining of the ship on the keel blocks. between the straining of the ship on the keel blocks. between the shown to be in excellent worthy source has been received that the large worth attentive to duty. Liberal appropria- majority of the national committee in propriations for next year, the most at the posts, many of which are out of fight for the convention four years ago, tion, and on the 9th he reported that the peaceable conditions now existing committee then pledged themselves to among the various Indian tribes is vote for that city next time. Citizens largely attributable to the presence of of San Francisco are working for next troops at suitable points and the ad-mirable conduct of the experienced energy and enthusiasm, and have addarmy officers who have been placed in ed to the list of pledges secured four charge of the principal agencies, years ago enough new ones to make While it is economical and desirable to them feel certain of having a majority have the reserve forces of the army of the committee when that body meets near the great centers of communica- in this city a month hence. tion, General Miles urgently contends that these points should be selected for probability of the convention going to their strategic value, and that the tendency toward concentration should not members of the committee familiar be carried to the point of depriving the with the temper of that body predict Western settlements of proper protec-

Under the head of coast defenses, General Miles states the condition of these is such as to require decided and immediate action for their improve- are expected to bring with them a forement. The unguarded condition of our case of the sort of hospitality which coasts is known by every first-class the Golden Gate people are ready to power, and our people should not be led into false security.

He quotes from his report of 1894 a strong argument for the defense of Puget sound, and shows that since the time the new Canadian railroad conwenty-one of the bottom frames and nections have been established there not prackets unbuckled from a quarter of a single gun has been placed in posian inch to an inch and a half, while tion for defense, while those at the enthe cement lining on the double bottom trance of the Columbia are obsolete and is cracked in many places. Whether of little value. It is true that some progress has been made toward defending San Francisco, and a few modern guns and rifles have been placed there. These, however, are but a small part of the general plan for the defense of the harbor, while San Diego is in the same condition as Puget sound, entirely at the mercy of any foreign fleet.

General Miles recalls his report of weight while in dock, and if this the railroads might transport a million tion. should be the case, it would require a brave men to the coast, they would be plans purchased from England, and it all our intelligence, inventive genius

Such were the conditions six years tion of the slight progress made at San Francisco.

Wedding in High Society.

principal society events of the year, second in interest and magnificence only to the recent Marlboroug-Vander- for the 21st. bilt alliance, was the marriage of Miss Pauline Payne Whitney to Mr. Almeric Paget, which was celebrated at noon today in St. Thomas' church, in the presence of a distinguished company of guests, which included President Cleveland and Secretaries Lamont and Herbert. The bride, although yet very young, has been known in the society of this country and Europe for two years past. She is the do battle." daughter of Hon. W. C. Whitney, who was secretary of the navy in the first Cleveland administration, and is one of the wealthiest men in New York. Additional interest has been centered upon the bride because she is an heiress to several millions from her father and more from her grandfather. Henry B. Payne, of Ohio, the oil magnate. The groom is a young Englishman,

who came to this country several years ago and has acquired a large business in real estate in St. Paul, where he will reside with his bride.

The Czarina's Reported Illness. Darmstadt, Nov. 13.-Nothing is

sational story circulated regarding the an operation. Nothing further is known at Darmstadt than that the sced any day.

No More of the Canal Scandal.

Paris, Nov. 12.-The report of l'Intransigeant, that the government is about to reopen the question of the prosecuted on this account is authoritativetly denied here.

THE NEXT CONVENTION.

Almost Certain That It Will Come to San Francisco, Nov. 14.-The Chron-

icle's Washington special says: Chicago acknowledges itself beaten by San Francisco and declares that the Republican convention will come to the Pacific coast city. The Chicago NECESSITY OF IMMEDIATE ACTION Times-Herald, which had been one of THE BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION the staunchest advocates of the claim of that city for the convention, this

morning publishes the announcement that San Francisco has won. This is the statement which its Washington

correspondent sends ont: "The Republican national convenreport of General Miles, commanding tion of 1896 will probably be held in Philip Hichborn, chief of the bureau of the army, was made public today. The San Francisco. Information of a trustcondition, well instructed, efficient and Golden Gate city already has nearly a The report includes estimates for aptions are required for public buildings its favor. San Francisco made a strong repair. General Miles believes that and many members of the national energy and enthusiasm, and have add-

> "Great as the surprise will be at the the far side of the continent, leading that San Francisco is in a position to win and will carry off the prize. A large delegation of leading citizens of San Francisco will be in this city to attend the meeting December 1, and extend to their guests.

SPOKANE COUNTY POOR FARM

Charges Against Management Lead to Arrest of Superintendent.

Spokane, Nov. 13.-Superintendent Pittman, of the Spokane county poor farm, was arrested today at Spangle and held in \$200 bonds to await trial in the superior court for attacking and Copeland. Pittman admits that he Copeland because he would not work.

The Carson Mint Case.

Carson, Nev., Nov. 14.—General Clarke, for the government, today outis said department officials were of the and enterprise, we are as far behind in lined the mint-stealing case for the opinion from the first that they were the modern appliances of war as China prosecution, saying that they expected to prove that August 14, 1893, James Heney, the defendant, took bullion to ago, says General Miles, and such are the Reno reduction works to be melted the conditions today, with the excep- into bars; that this bullion contained no silver, and was of mint fineness: that such bullion comes from no mine in the world. The jury visited the mint and two witnesses were placed New York, Nov. 14.-One of the on the stand to explain the routine work of receiving and disposing of the bullion. The Jones trial has been set

Maher Challenges the World.

New York, Nov. 14 .- John Quinn, manager of Peter Maher, who knocked out O'Donnell, made a statement today in behalf of the fighter. He said: "Maher challenges any man in the world to fight for the championship,

and will fight for \$5,000 a side in public or private, and will go any place to

Quinn said Maher would not chal lenge Corbett, because Corbett had asked him as a personal favor not to do so, as he had retired.

Colombians Auxious for Peace. New York, Noy. 13 .- The Herald's correspondent in Bogota telegraphs that the government has issued a decree, raising the state of siege in the republic with the exception of Bogota and the province of Cucuta. The government grants amnesty to all engaged in the last revolution as conspirators, unless they shall have been charged with common crimes or acted as leaders in organizing invading expeditions against Colombia. All exiles now in Venezuela may return without penalty illness of the czarina, whose life was if they promise they will not again said to be despaired of as the result of ity of the country.

Now Worth \$6,000,000.

Peeria, Ill., Nov. 14.-J. Cummings Drexel, of this city, a nephew of the late Anthony Drexel, of Philadelphia, received information today that by the death of an aunt, Mrs. C. F. Kenilworth, of Brighton, England, he is the heir to an estate valued at about \$6,-Panama scandal, and that prominent 000,000. Mr. Drexel is 27 years old, members of the parliament would be and has his residence in the city. He has been in the employ of the business department of a newspaper.

Annual Reports of the Heads of Departments.

The First Assistant Postmaster-General Makes Some Recommendations in His Report.

Washington, Nov. 12.—Commodore construction and repair of the navy, important being \$5,950,549, to be expended on vessels authorized by congress for the increasse of the navy. He also asks for \$1,500,000 for the general repair of vessels and purchase of stores and machinery; \$528,000 for the continuance of work already authorized on the Hartford, the Chicago and other vessels, and \$500,000 for two composite sailing vessels. He dwells especially upon the necessity of adequate money for the repair of vessels, covering modern steel ships, with their extreme subdivision and elaborate systems of ventilation, drainage and mechanical auxiliaries of all kinds. They require much greater care, both when in commission and in ordinary than was formerly the case with the old wooden ships.

It is more than nine years since the first vessel of the new navy was put in commission, and the necessity for general repairs and renewals of fittings and equipments is becoming more and

more pressing.

The policy of extreme economy has about reached its limit, and unless more ample appropriations are made for the care and preservation of ships and the general maintenance of the yard plants, the efficiency of the fleet will be diminished and the government property will suffer serious deteriora-

Commodore Hichborn notes the completion and acceptance during the year of the Marblehead, Columbia, Olympia and Minneapolis; gives the choking an aged inmate, named Mc- status of other vessels almost completed, and also states the fact in connecgrabbed the old man, threw him out of tion with contracts recently let and the room into the hallway, where he specifications made under the authority fell, and that he and his son then of the last naval appropriation bill. picked him up and carried him out He suggests the importance of approdoors. They were trying to expel Mc- priations sufficient to put the navy yard plants at Portsmouth, N. H., Boston 1889 upon the absolute importance of Another inmate, named Anderson, was the defense of the entire Pacific coast, expelled Sunday. He walked into Spo-Mare island in condition to meet the in view of the fact that it is possible kane. He charges the management demands of the immediate future. He for any naval power to blockade any with gross brutality and tyranny, and thinks \$125,000 necessary at Norfolk: cident upon Constructor Bowles, as important port within ninety days, accuses Pittman's sons of tying a rope to the has the reputation of being one of while it would take many years to around the neck of an old man and at Mare island. He also renews the the best dockmen in the navy. Instead, there is belief that the Texas was

make a successful resistance, and the choking him so that he could not swalcountry might be required to pay an low for several days. The affair will new stations at Port Royal and Puget sound. The money is, he says, necessary to equip the stations with tools so as to enable them to cover the ordinary

repair work. Probably, the most important part of the report is that devoted to the necessity of the increased drydock facilities. Mr. Hichborn notes the fact that there was no dock in the country sufficiently large to dock the Indiana preliminary to her trial trip.

The Postal Department.

Washington, Nov. 12.-First Assistant Postmaster-General Frank M. Jones has issued his annual report for the year ended June 80, 1895. Mr. Jones shows that the divisions under his supervision have saved, during the year, \$1,395,577, the principal items being in the saving in carriers by stopping overtime, and a reduction of force mounting to \$1,300,000. The salaries of all presidential postmasters amounting to \$5,897,200, and the gross receipts of postoffices \$60,538,097. The number of presidential postmasters is 3,491, of which 159 are first class, 700 second class, 2,632 third class,

An estimate of \$17,000,000 for all postmasters is made for the year 1897. an increase over the present year of \$1,000,000.

The total number of positions brought within the classified service was 2,395.

Mr. Jones recommends the abolition of experimental free delivery, unless \$10,000,000 is appropriated for the purpose; also free rural delivery, unless \$20,000,000 is appropriated.

Of the investigations and discharge of carriers for cause, Mr. Jones says 385 carriers have been removed. He reviews the conditions which made the investigations necessary, the principal one being the accumulation of overtime claims, showing that something was wrong. The work has been systematically prosecuted during the past eight months, and the carriers at 151 offices have been investigated.

for the free delivery service next year. The money order report shows that there are 19,691 domestic money order offices, and orders to the amount of 156,709,089 were issued, and \$156,-159,689 paid . Mr. Jones recommends

An estimate of \$12,960,900 is made

Concerning dead letter matter, the re-"The number of pieces of original paid November 16, 1895.

mail matter received during the year for treatment was 6,319,873, a decrease of 81,171."

Mr. Jones renews several recommendations made in his last report, such as a penalty for using postmarks for unlawful purposes; to prevent boycotting postoffices; to amend the franking laws; more stringent legislation against obscene mail matter; the power to suspend employes; the employment of temporary and substitute clerks; care of disabled employes; the better classification of salaries for clerks in larger offices and the employment of substitute carriers.

TO EXPEL DUNRAVEN.

such Action Talked of by New York Yacht Club Members.

New York, Nov. 13 .- There is much talk among the members of the New York Yacht Club of expelling Lord Dunraven from the club, of which he is an honorary member, for his course in imputing knowledge of fraud to Messrs. Iselin and Smith, in the matter of the official measurement of Defender prior to the recent races for the America's cup. Among those who have expressed themselves in favor of charges being preferred against Lord Dunraven, if he does not immediately resign, are J. V. Bouvier, P. M. Halstead, Mr. Doremus, Mr. Clark and N. I. Nichols. Commodore Smith said that he did not know whether Mr. Iselin had demanded that the cup and regatta committees of the New York Yacht Club should make an investigation of Lord Dunraven's charges, but he had no doubt that he would take such action. Mr.

Iselin was not in town today. Members of the New York Yacht Club say that it is not necessary to prefer charges against Dunraven in order to expel him from his honorary membership. They say that under chapter 20 of the by-laws he can be summarily deposed from the roll. The chapter

"In case of an occurrence injurious to the welfare of the club, the name of any member implicated therein may be removed from the list of members by a vote of a majority of the representatives at any meeting."

It is thought a meeting of the cup committee will be held in a few days to consider Dunraven's charges. There was a remonstrance of feeling on the floor of the stock exchange today. Ex-Commodore Smith cheered, and when brokers yelled, "What's the matter with Iselin?" there were loud cheers, but Lord Dunraven's name was hissed.

AN IRATE MOTHER-IN-LAW.

Lord Sholto Douglas Threatened With a Horsewhipping.

San Francisco, Nov. 12. - Lord Sholto Douglas is to be horsewhipped. He has been unfortunate enough to arouse the ire of his mother-in-law Mrs. Addis, of Oakland, and she gives notice that she will start for Los Angeles early next week with the intention of teaching his lordship a lesson. Lord Sholto will soon learn what it is to have an American mother-in-law on

Mrs. Addis is a buxom woman with will of her own. His lordship has dared to defy the will of his motherin-law. Not only that, but she says that he has insulted her, and now she is going to teach him some American manners, so she says.

Lord Sholto, in a letter to his mother-in-law, a few days ago, had courage enough to inform her that when he married her daughter he did not marry the whole family. He suggested that he was fully able to manage his wife, and that he would be extremely happy if he had never laid eyes on any of his Oakland relatives. In other words, he told his mother-in-law to mind her own business, and that hereafter he would brook no interference on her

Satolli's Possible Successor.

Baltimore, Nov. 12.-Cardinal Gibbons was asked this evening in regard to the report that Pope Leo had determined upon the recommendation of the cardinal to appoint Monsignore Laurenzli, at present inter-nuncio at the Hague, the successor of Satolli as ablegate, after the latter has been raised to the cardinalate. The Cardinal said he knew nothing about the matter, and had not recommended Monsignore Laurenzeli, of whose ability he spoke in the highest terms.

Anson Is an Actor.

Syracuse, N. Y., Nov. 14.-Captain Adrian Anson, of the Chicago baseball club, became an actor this evening. Hoyt & McKee presented him to the public in Hoyt's comedy, "A Runaway Colt." Anson had a bad case of stage fright, and several times missed his lines. He was well received, however and, with Mr. Hoyt, was called before the curtain. The play will be- a success. The last act is one of the best things that Hoyt has ever done.

Japan's War Indemnity. Washington, Nov. 13.-The Japan-

ese minister has received a telegram that an agreement has been signed at legislation requiring clerks handling Peking providing for the payment of money order business to give bonds. an additional indemnty by China for the evacuation of Liao Tung peninsula. The amount is 30,000,000 taels, to be