

The Hood River Glacier.

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Hood River Glacier.

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THE GLACIER Barber Shop

Grant Evans, Propr.

Second St., near Oak. - Hood River, Or.

Shaving and Hair-cutting neatly done.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

The old Pinnacle placers in San Diego county, Cal., and near the San Bernardino border are being reworked with excellent results. Dry washers are used.

The Oregon Agricultural College exhibit at the State Fair was turned over to the World's Fair Commission of the State, and is now displayed at Chicago's great show.

Judge Ross at Los Angeles holds that a Chinaman to be a merchant must be actively engaged in buying and selling and other duties that merchants are occupied with.

Forest fires in the Sound country in Washington have driven the cougars and bears out of their dens and into the valley settlements, where they are seen in great numbers.

The population of New Mexico has not materially changed during the past year. The total Territorial indebtedness is \$911,712, and the cash balance in the treasury is \$421,000.

Immense coal fields in Sonora, Mexico, are to be worked by San Diego parties, who have obtained a lease from the government. Railroad, harbor and other concessions have been granted.

There is a rumor at Victoria, B. C., founded upon private advices, that the governments of the United States and Great Britain are negotiating to close Behring Sea and the Pacific for two years.

The Albatross has made the deepest sea sounding ever made. Phosphorus fish without eyes were secured at 2,800 fathoms. Fish and weeds sufficient to load four cars were secured in the neighborhood of Behring Sea.

It is reported at Chino that Claus Spreckels has bought 6,000 acres of the Bixby ranch, near Westminster, Orange county, Cal., and will plant it to beets. If this be true, it means another sugar factory for that region.

In Sonoma county, Cal., there will be 10,000 or 11,000 bales of hops produced this year, against 8,400 last year. The hops are of an excellent quality. Only white laborers were employed, and they were so satisfactory that Chinese will not be given work when white help can be secured.

The Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce has been induced by the large influx from the East to pass a resolution stating that "here, as in every other section of the country, several men stand ready to fill every vacancy for work that occurs. The new-coming day laborers stand very little chance of securing work at the present time, and are therefore urgently warned not to come to this country."

It is reported at San Diego that an Indian outbreak is imminent at Yuma, owing to the trouble between Chief Pasqual and ex-Chief Miguel. Telegraphic orders have been received by Colonel Kellogg in command of the local garrison of regular troops for aid. He has assigned Major Charles L. Davis to the command of a detachment of thirty men, who will leave at once for service at that point.

Suspicion is now aroused at San Diego that the body of the man found recently near La Mesa was that of A. C. Warner, who disappeared from San Diego some weeks ago after stealing \$30 from his roommate. He is said to have engaged passage by the Pacific Mail steamer September 5 for Chili, and is understood to have had \$4,000 in Chilean scrip, having stolen the American money to meet his immediate requirements.

The sugar industry of California for the past year has been very successful. Both the grower of sugar beets and the manufacturer of sugar therefrom have realized large profits. The refinery at Watsonville is reported to be working at its full capacity. The yield of sugar beets this year is 70,000 tons, which at present rates is worth \$77 per ton, exclusive of the bounty, which is worth \$40 per ton. Last year the crop of sugar beets was 5,000 tons. It is expected the growing of sugar beets will become a leading agricultural industry.

Thomas R. Sheridan, President of the First National Bank of Roseburg and one of the promoters of the Coos Bay, Roseburg and Eastern railroad, says the remaining sixty-two miles of road has been located from Myrtle Point to Roseburg. Work is practically suspended for the rainy season, but will be started in earnest early in the spring, and the road will be completed by November 1, 1894. Completion of this road will make accessible an immense timber area, and will render tributary to Portland a large and fertile section of the State, which has heretofore been in all but name part of California.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

There are 60,000 telephones in London. Germany's first railroad was built in 1835.

Russia has more horses than any other nation. Liberia yearly exports 1,000,000 pounds of coffee.

The bog land of Ireland amounts to 2,830,000 acres. California wines are said to be gaining favor in Europe.

Over 12,000 persons are employed in London theaters. Nearly 1,000,000 pianos are made annually in England.

The total cost of the Suez canal exceeded £20,000,000. The capital invested in English railroads exceeds \$500,000,000.

The little Kingdom of Greece finds employment for 27,000 sailors. The unicycle is expected by an inventor to go a mile in twenty seconds.

The hats worn out in this country annually cost as much as \$30,000,000. It is estimated that 5,000,000 women are earning wages in the British Isles.

One of the largest barber shops in New York now employs girl barbers exclusively. The price paid for cider apples at the big mill at Doylestown, Pa., is 16 cents per 100 pounds.

Forty-seven years ago the patent for the first practical sewing machine was issued to Elias Howe.

The State of Illinois will use this year more than 4,000,000 barrels of beer, or enough to float a navy.

The national debt of Great Britain is £680,981,581 (\$3,403,407,905); the national debt of the United States is \$377,777,804.37.

Greely, Col., will ship about 5,000 carloads of potatoes to other States the present year. Many carloads of these potatoes go to Texas.

The Waterbury Watch Company has resumed operations. The courts ought to have known that it was impossible to wind that concern up.

A carpet loom has been devised which runs two sets of needles, and the inventor claims that it will produce a square yard of carpet material in one minute.

The consumption of beer in the United States is now half a barrel per capita, and is doubling about every eight years. At the beginning of the next century it promises to be a barrel a head.

The Tribune states that the 1,103 millionaires of New York city alone could, if they choose, buy up the whole real estate of the entire Southern States and evict the population by due process of law.

According to the official report for the past twelve months the American people drank only 8,383,720 barrels of beer in 1875, while last year we drank 31,374,519, and this year 33,876,466, an increase of 2,492,746 barrels.

The nail machine was invented in 1775. At the present day it is estimated that 4,000,000,000 nails are annually made by machinery in Great Britain alone, and from a fourth to a half of this number in the United States.

Eastern Switzerland manufactures annually nearly \$20,000,000 worth of machine-made embroideries. The United States alone have imported as high as \$7,700,000 worth of these articles in a single year, and the business seems to be increasing.

PURELY PERSONAL.

General Black holds his pension by grace of a special act of Congress. Inspector Williams of the New York police was arrested the other day by one of his men, who was convinced that the Inspector was a confidence man.

Mrs. Crook, the widow of the Indian-fighting General, is a very fine-looking woman, with snowy-white hair that is in striking contrast to her youthful and vivacious spirits.

Tennessee has seven living ex-Governors. In the list of official successions they come as follows: Isham G. Harris, D. W. C. Senter, James D. Porter, Alvin G. Hawkins, William B. Bate, Robert L. Taylor and John P. Buchanan.

Don M. Dickinson of Michigan, ex-Postmaster-General of the United States, has been retained by the Canadian Pacific and other officials of the road charged with violation of the interstate commerce law. The trial comes up in November at Tacoma.

Captain Mahan, now of the United States steamer Chicago and the author of the remarkable books on the influence of sea power, is one of the most popular Americans in England. He was a guest at the dinner given by the Queen to the German Emperor at Osborne the other evening.

It is stated that as soon as the Archduke Francis Ferdinand d'Este returns from his journey round the world his betrothal will take place with Princess Elizabeth of Bavaria, a granddaughter of the Emperor Francis Joseph and of Prince Regent Luitpold of Bavaria.

Ex-President Benjamin Harrison writes to a friend that he will arrive in San Francisco about the 1st of next February. He will remain in California six weeks. His lectures at Stanford University will be largely historical, and will treat of colonial characters down through the confederation to the adoption of the United States constitution.

Dr. Thomas Heazle Park, the physician who accompanied Stanley through the Central African forest in his search for Emin Pasha, is dead. The explorer showed much affection for Park in his book, for the physician pulled Stanley through when he was attacked by sickness at Fort Bodo and also performed excellent service for the other members of the expedition.

EASTERN MELANGE.

A Firebug Conspiracy Discovered in Chicago.

HE LOVED A COLORED WIDOW.

Destitute Farmers of Western Kansas Appealing to Governor Lewelling for Aid.

Of fifty-six Indian agencies twenty are now in charge of army officers.

Massachusetts is credited with having 100,000 cyclists, including both sexes.

The water supply is limited in New York, and the price of milk has gone up.

Gold-mining in Colorado has been much stimulated by the decline in silver.

The town of Perry in the Cherokee Strip is rapidly assuming city proportions.

There are said to be about five contestants for every claim in the Cherokee Strip.

There are about 750 hotels in Chicago, which have accommodations for 150,000 guests.

Three billion cigarettes were smoked in this country during the fiscal year just ended.

It is said good moonshine whisky can be bought in Eastern Tennessee for 50 cents a gallon.

The clergymen of Kings county, N. Y., are denouncing the proposed Corbett-Mitchell fight.

A syndicate of Populists, headed by State officials, is buying up newspapers in close counties in Kansas.

Floods have done immense damage to crops in Virginia and washed away four large mills on the Rapidan.

The Federal grand jury at Birmingham, Ala., has indicted six Federal officers for corruption in office.

Deer are more plentiful in the Adirondacks this fall than during any previous open season for a score of years.

An organization of Spiritualists recently met at Liberal, Mo., and raised \$100,000 for a Spiritualistic college.

Captain H. D. Spore of Hudson is organizing a bicycle corps for the First Regiment of the Texas Volunteer Guard.

A movement has been started among the A. O. U. W. of Kansas to secure seed wheat for the destitute western farmers.

The big dynamite guns for the defense of New York harbor are to be trained, elevated and depressed by electric motors.

The consolidation of electric railroads with the establishment of a truck system in New England is one of the latest schemes.

The Columbian Celebration Company's building at the World's Fair cost \$400,000, and it was sold by the receiver for \$2,250.

A Chinaman at Ottawa will test the constitutionality of Canada's law, which imposes a duty of \$50 each on all Chinese immigrants.

The Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers in Pennsylvania has agreed to concede a 10 per cent reduction in the finishers' department.

In Cincinnati there has recently been organized a rent guarantee company, the business of which is to insure landlords against loss by bad tenants.

There have been recent developments tending to show that the Louisville and Nashville railroad will soon absorb the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern.

A Chattanooga electrician proposes to tend to show that by means of which train robbers will be electrocuted as soon as they touch the express company's safe.

Already \$5,000,000 have been spent upon the scheme to carry electric power for illuminating and manufacturing purposes from Niagara Falls over the State of New York. The first wires will probably be strung along the Erie canal.

The statistics of the shipping of the world, just published by Lloyd's, show that there is no nation which has made so rapid an increase in the tonnage of steamers registered during the past twelve months as the United States.

Two hundred and one women availed themselves of the privilege of voting for school officials at an election held in New Haven, Conn., on September 18. The ticket they supported was elected by a majority of 1,700 out of a vote of 7,507.

The reports of railroad earnings continue to show a decrease as compared with the earnings last year. There has been a decrease every week for some time, but the weekly decrease has been growing smaller since the middle of August.

A firebug conspiracy has been discovered in Chicago, the scoundrels having their headquarters in that city. At least eight fires have been traced to these firebugs in Illinois and two or three other States, and during the last three years the gang has succeeded in getting a clear \$50,000 from the insurance companies.

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

Ex-Representative George H. Durand of Michigan has been selected by the Attorney-General to assist in the prosecution of Federal officials and others implicated in the charges of opium and Chinese smuggling on Puget Sound and vicinity.

It is intimated that the Treasury Department is actuated in ordering the revenue steamers Grant and Perry to the Pacific Coast more by the condition of the Chinese and seal-fishery questions than to aid in the prevention of the smuggling of opium in Puget Sound.

The Secretary of War has awarded a medal of honor to Captain Ernest A. Cardington of the Seventh Cavalry "for distinguished gallantry at Wounded Knee creek, S. D., during the Sioux war of the winter of 1890-1." Captain Cardington was badly wounded in the battle.

The Committee on Ways and Means has begun consideration of the new tariff bill. There is an intimation that the Secretary of the Treasury favors an increase in the internal-revenue tax on whisky, beer and tobacco as the best means of raising the additional revenue necessary to meet the increasing deficits of the government.

In consequence of the new restrictions for conducting the official trial trips of naval vessels contractors will find it more difficult in the future to earn premiums for an excess of speed. Beginning with the Montgomery, soon to be tried, the contractors will not be permitted to maintain a pressure above 5 per cent in excess of the standard pressure. Hereafter the contractors carried steam to a dangerously high pressure.

It is highly probable that the Committee on Territories will report a bill for the admission of Utah to Statehood soon. Joseph, a member of that committee, said that such a bill will be reported and added that before the close of the present session bills for the admission of Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma will be reported favorably from his committee. He expressed great confidence that all four will become laws.

In response to a resolution of inquiry the Secretary of the Interior sent to the Senate a statement concerning the discontinuance and consolidation of land offices, showing the following among the consolidations: California, Independence with Visalia; Nevada, Eureka with Carson City; Wyoming, Lander with Buffalo. This statement said the reason for the consolidations was the inadequacy of the appropriation and to prevent a deficiency.

The Postoffice Department has accepted the offer of the North American Navigation Company to carry mails for Mexico and Central America. The new arrangement is not a contract, but a designation of the company as the official mail carrier under the general laws. According to the offer the steamers will carry mails once in twenty days to those ports at which they are compelled to stop by provisions of the company's contracts with the Central American States, leaving the postmaster to fix the compensation.

Secretary Herbert has given to the press the correspondence relating to the removal of Captain Higginson from the command of the Atlanta. The statements that Secretary Herbert apologized to Captain Higginson for removing him from duty and offered to restore him to his command on his own application are not borne out by the facts, and are especially denied. Captain Higginson is entitled to the credit of having disclosed to the department the condition of the Atlanta when the vessel was ordered to sea. The letters embrace the full history of this well-known case, and the conclusion of the matter is that Secretary Herbert accepts the apology and explanation of Captain Higginson, and says his connection with the matter will be permitted to prevent his being assigned to such duty as his rank entitles him to perform, when the opportunity offers.

The compromise silver measure prepared by Senator Jones of Arkansas has been introduced in the Senate by its author. It provides that there shall be a commission, comprised of three Senators to be selected by the Senate, three Representatives to be selected by the Speaker of the House and three persons to be selected by the President, subject to confirmation by the Senate. The commission shall organize by the election of one of their number as President, and the President is to appoint a clerk. The commission is to hold its session in the city of New York, and in such other places as a majority shall direct, and employ necessary stenographers and employees, and may administer oaths and send for persons and papers. The commission is charged with an examination into the fiscal and monetary condition of the government and the people of the United States, with a view to devising means for the betterment thereof, and is given full jurisdiction. It is charged to specially examine and report upon by one or more bills the following subjects: The full or partial remonetization of silver and a proper ratio between it and gold; revision of legal-tender laws to prevent discrimination between various descriptions of money; State-bank tax repeal with necessary revisions; the cause of the present paralysis of trade and the necessity of legislation to prevent national banks from abusing their power. The second section of the resolution instructs the Secretary of the Treasury to set apart and retain in the Treasury so much of the silver bullion now in the Treasury as will be necessary to redeem the outstanding Treasury notes in compliance with the terms of the act of July 14, 1890, and provides that the remainder of the bullion shall be set apart to be coined, and the Secretary is required to coin it at the rate of not less than 4,000,000 standard silver dollars per month, which when coined shall be an asset in the Treasury, and while this coinage is in progress the purchases of silver bullion under the terms of the Sherman act shall be suspended.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Great Progress in the Study of the Monkey Language.

THE ABOLITION OF KNOTTING.

Wasp Plague in Sussex, England—Assassinations in Italy—The French Vintage.

Another native war in Southern Africa now seems inevitable. Succi, the faster, is insane, and is now in an asylum near Paris.

Harvesting operations in Roumania show a satisfactory result. The revision of the Belgian constitution has been accomplished at last.

A caravan of 10,000 camels and 4,000 slaves left Timbuctoo for Morocco recently. The doctors to Chinese royalty were recently fined a year's salary each for incompetence.

Train-robbing in Spain is guarded against by stationing two soldiers in every railway car. Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria's latest project is the establishment of a medical faculty in Sofia.

Paris has a new storage-battery street-car line that has been in successful operation several months. Dr. Cornelius Herz of Panama canal notoriety is recovering his health at Bournemouth, England.

The average number of assassinations and attempts at assassination in Italy is said to be fully 5,000 a year. France is the only European country which has to-day fewer able-bodied men than it had thirty years ago.

The Ubuva volcano in the Peruvian Cordillera has become active after being in a quiescent state for years. Kaiser William, Dr. Miguel says, has taken for his motto, "The Emperor is the first servant of the people."

The London section of the National Liberal Federation has declared for the abolition of the House of Lords. The wasp plague is still very bad in Sussex, England, and the destruction in the orchards has been very great.

During the reign of Victoria the Indian dollar was coined £2,000,000 of gold and £206,000,000 of silver. The latest estimate of the Russian wheat crop is 272,000,000 bushels. Last year's crop was 256,000,000 bushels.

A peasant living on one of the Greek isles recently dug up a statue, for which the British government has paid \$32,000. The tariff war between Germany and Russia will force the former country to buy enormous quantities of grain in this country.

Russia is said to be about to acquire a naval station in East Africa at which to repair and coal the vessels of her Pacific squadron. The phylloxera has at last touched every wine-growing district in France, the Champagne vines being the last to be harmed.

Christine Nilsson has her dining room papered with hotel bills which she has paid during her professional tours. The sum total is enormous.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Central News says that an imperial ukase will shortly be issued abolishing the practice of knouting by the police.

The recent army maneuvers of the Austro-Hungarian troops were not satisfactory. Emperor William was very favorably impressed with the work of the Generals.

In Switzerland all the telegraph lines are controlled by the government. There are 1,411 offices and 12,385 telegraph operators. The annual profit derived above all expenses is \$250,000.

Mr. Burne-Jones, the English artist, is engaged upon the interesting task of painting a portrait of Mr. Gladstone's youngest granddaughter, Dorothy Drew. This little blue-eyed maiden of 3 years is said to resemble the grandfather startlingly.

Dr. Buchwald of Leipzig discovered among some forgotten manuscripts in the University of Jena Martin Luther's political essay against the theological faculty of the University of Louvain, Belgium, which manuscript was supposed to have been lost.

The tailors have met in London "to prepare for the abolition of the sweating system and long hours and for the coming battle of the tailors of the world." The 25,000 members of the organization are threatened by the master tailors with a destruction of their union.

The present year of 1893 promises to be a great year for the French vintage. Chateau Lafite, which produced 320 hogsheads last year, has this year yielded 1,000, and the increase is general. There is such a demand for casks that certain ordinary sizes, usually bringing 4 francs, now cost 12 francs.

Many of the houses in Holland have a special door, which is never opened save on two occasions, when there is a marriage or a death in the family. The bride and groom enter by this door; it is then nailed or barred up until a death occurs, when it is opened and the body is removed by this exit.

The Chinese government in reply to the joint protest of foreign Ministers against the alleged barbarous treatment of foreigners in China, especially in Hunan and Hubei, of which Chang Tung is Viceroy, promised that Chang Tung should be degraded in rank in the event of further outrages happening in his province.

WHERE SHE DREW THE LINE.

Her eyes were soft and dark as night,
Her raven tresses vying,
I took a seat beside my love,
And soon I fell to sighing.
She placed her hand within my own—
What thrills began to quiver
About my heart! Said she, "Dear John,
What is it makes you shiver?"

I scarcely knew, and so I said,
"I'm warmer than a cinder."
And then a daring thought occurred—
Pray, what was there to hinder?
I bent above her ruby lips
To steal the tempting blisses,
"Oh, no!" said she, "it cannot be;
I draw the line at kisses."

Ah, who can tell the royal way
To manage pretty misses?
Just when you think they love you most
They draw the line at kisses.

The years may come, the years may go;
I'll ne'er forget our meeting.
Upon her cheeks a pretty glow—
The moments all too fleeting,
And oft my heart doth dream anew
Of aromatic blisses,
As when, her little hand in mine,
She drew the line at kisses.

—Chicago Dispatch.

Mrs. Sleuth; or, The Lady Detective.

"Ja!"
"You will not give me a million dollars?"
"No."
"I am your wife?"
"Yes."
"Therefore you are my husband?"
"It is so."
"And you will not put your property in my name?"
"Woman, what takest thou me for?"
"We will see."
"Annette!"
"Yes, madam."
"Buy all the disguises in New York."
"As good as done."
"I may need one."
"Hat."
"Put them in a Fifth Avenue stage."
"I begin to comprehend."
"They will reach the Union League club by tomorrow evening."
"With industry—but it is quite four blocks."
"Attach my diamond revolver to my watch chain."
"And put my knitting needle in its scabbard."
"I obey."
"It is a small room in the club. Two men are playing cards. The stakes are a million dollars. They are not two men. Nay, they are a man and a boy. The man holds four kings. The boy holds two aces. But they look to the man like four. He staggers from the table."
"I am ruined!"

"It was I who won your million dollars."
"What, you, my wife?"
"Yes, I! Is my hat on straight?"—Truth.

A Sweet Samaritan.

Small Boy—Oh, mamma, this poor old gentleman says he hasn't had a thing to eat for eight months, so I've invited him home to lunch with us.—Harper's Bazar.

Drauidish Ruins in England.

The Stonehenge, one of the most remarkable of the ancient monuments on the British isles, is situated on the Salisbury plain about three miles from the village of Amesbury. It lies at the junction of two roads, surrounded by a bank and ditch, and is as much of a puzzle for the antiquarians of today as it was for those who carefully surveyed and examined it a thousand years ago. When perfect, it consisted of 90 huge upright stones varying in size and form, those at the entrance being 13 feet high and some of the others 18 feet. They all average 10 feet in height, the majority of them being 6 feet square.

These upright stones were joined together by others at the top, these last lying horizontally, like the lintels of a doorway, and each about 12 feet long. The whole made a huge circular cage, the use of which can only be conjectured. At exactly 8.3 feet from this circle of largestones is an inner one composed of 40 stones standing on end, but much smaller than those of the outer ring. It is supposed that this structure was a Drauidish temple.—St. Louis Republic.

Sacred Hymns of a Youngster.

If only we could recognize that children do not mean to be irreverent! Little Lewis was really as devout as could be expected from a 4-year-old and sang with great fervor Sunday school hymns innumerable, sometimes revising them after his own fashion or jumbling them up with scraps of other songs in a style less shocking than comical. Whether he sat on the porch steps by the hour blithely warbling forth to the passersby the somewhat alarming assurance that

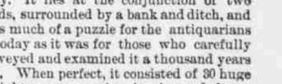
I will guide thee with my knife,
or announcing with lusty shout,
Holy forks, for I am coming,
whose original I need not remind those who live within avoiding distance of a melodious was the widely known hymn, "Hold the Fort," his intentions were of the best.—Washington News.

His Choice.

"Did he marry the girl who could paint things on crockery ware?"
"No; he married one who could cook things to put into crockery ware."—New York Press.

Progressive.

"We charge \$5 a dozen; \$10 for three dozen; \$15 for six dozen, and so on."
"I suppose av a man tuk enough av um yez 'ud let um go for nothin'?"—Harper's Bazar.



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