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Hood River Glacier.

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THE GLACIER Barber Shop

Grant Evans, Propr.

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Shaving and Hair-cutting neatly done.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

Checks of the Seven Stars Mining Co. Repudiated.

DEEDS FOR WORTHLESS LANDS.

A Wells, Fargo & Co. Express Car on the Atlantic and Pacific Destroyed by Fire.

The salmon run in the Columbia is improving.

Natural gas in Santa Fe, N. M., is to be utilized.

The Oregon Pacific road is to be extended to Boise City, Idaho.

The horse thieves who raided ranches near Prescott, A. T., have been caught.

Trouble is reported between the cowboys and Navajo Indians on Green river, Utah.

A project for a railroad between Phoenix, A. T., and San Diego is being actively developed.

The Stock-growers Association convention at Ogden wants the arid lands ceded to the States and Territories.

Mr. Huntington has directed the officers of the Southern Pacific Company to name the Santa Monica wharf "Port Los Angeles."

The mining excitement in Josephine county, Or., continues. New finds are reported almost daily, and some of them are very rich in gold.

The Sheriff and deputies at Visalia, who made a failure in their last effort to capture Evans and Sontag, are now busily engaged in explaining how they failed and placing the blame on each other.

Numerically the Stanford University faculty consists of thirty-three professors, seven associate professors, fourteen assistant professors, fifteen instructors, eight assistants and one non-resident lecturer; total, seventy-eight.

It is estimated that Oregon wool will clip seven pounds to the fleece this year, which will give the State 17,000,000 pounds of wool for sale within the next three months. The increase in sheep this year is estimated at 90 per cent.

Lake county, Or., has two salt marshes—one on Silver Lake and one on Warner Lake—and when the railroad pierces that country the salt industry will be a sure thing, as the salt is equal in strength and purity to Turk's Island salt.

Deeds for worthless lands in the Colorado Desert are arriving at San Diego for record from persons in the East who are being victimized by Walter J. Raymond. He calls them citrus fruit lands, and sells them for good prices. They are utterly without value.

The Wells, Fargo & Co. express car on the Atlantic and Pacific at Hancock, N. M., was destroyed by fire, and the safes contained nearly \$100,000 in gold and as much more in greenbacks. A large quantity of the gold will have to go back to the mint for recoinage, being melted together. There is nothing but ashes of the currency.

Checks of the Seven Star Mining Company have been repudiated by a Prescott (A. T.) bank, with which the company has been doing business, the company having no funds to its credit. This is the property recently stocked by Dr. Warner of patent medicine fame, and which was advertised for sale under a guarantee of paying dividends.

A farmer named Whitney living near Etiwanda, San Diego county, Cal., was recently bitten by a rattler, and through the prompt application of remedies experienced no apparent ill results. One week afterwards, it is gravely stated, while working in a barn he saw and killed a large rattler. Immediately he was thrown in convulsions, and since then he will throw himself on the floor, crawl along and protrude his tongue. He is under medical care.

The Bowers dredger, which has been at work at South Bend the past twenty months, has gone to Olympia. While at South Bend the dredger excavated 1,386,500 yards of river bottom, and distributed the material, a very sandy clay, over 280 acres of tide flat, of which about forty acres are filled five feet and the remainder three feet high. The harbor has been extended about half a mile eastward by the operation, the extension having an average depth of twenty-two feet at extreme low tide. The cost of the work, exclusive of engineering, drainage, etc., has been \$278,180, and all borne by the property owners of South Bend.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Henrietta Herschfeld, the first woman graduate of the Philadelphia College of Dental Surgery, is assistant court dentist in Germany.

Henry M. Stanley has gone to Africa to suppress the slave trade. If Henry doesn't make a few deals on his own account, he is not the thrifty fellow he used to be.

President Charles F. Thwing says that John L. Woods of Cleveland, who has just died, gave to Western Reserve University during his lifetime about \$500,000, and not \$250,000 as currently reported.

Gov. McKinley openly proclaims that he would accept the gubernatorial nomination again if his party offered it to him. The Governor still has faith in the tariff, and says the future will vindicate the wisdom of the bill that bears his name.

Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease is more than ever impressed that we are on the verge of a great upheaval both socially and politically. Mrs. Lease is a thorough Socialist, and believes the people's party should commence putting the Socialist ideas into practice.

Mrs. Rachel Floyd, formerly Miss Holloway of Ohio is one of the most accomplished chemists of the day and took her degree as a doctor of philosophy at the university of Zurich, Switzerland, an honor which only two women have been accorded. Mrs. Lloyd is now professor of chemistry at the University of Nebraska.

Oliver Sumner Teall is a man of medium height, with big, bushy, blonde mustache, a pair of shoulders andiceps that do not invite aggression, and a self-contained manner that belittles such a hustler as the candidate for the place of Big Tom Brennan. He never has the blues, never gets excited, is always courteous to everybody, and makes friends easily.

George Sheffield, the "Massachusetts Yankee," as he calls himself, who has a new motor that will take a steamer to London from this side in three days without a pound of fuel, is gently but firmly informed that one John M. Keeley has had one of 'em for the last twenty years, its only drawback being that it will not mate.

Among the items of minor importance connected with court life in Europe it may be mentioned that the Duke of York, the future King of England, has recently joined the ranks of detective camera fiends and amateur photographers, while Prince Albert, the nephew and heir of King Leopold of Belgium, has blossomed forth as a bicyclist.

Captain G. W. Grant of the English army, who is in Washington, speaks thus of our soldiers: "I have seen most of the armies of the great nations on review, and I consider that the American regular troops are a fine body of excellently drilled and well-officered men; though, of course, the army in this country does not receive the attention bestowed upon the armies of the older nations."

Mme. Camille Collett, the well-known advocate of the emancipation of women in Norway, recently celebrated the eightieth anniversary of her birth. A festival was given in Christiania in honor of the day, and was attended by Ibsen and many other famous writers. Professor Loremy Diederichsen made the address. Mme. Collett is the author of "The Official's Daughter" and other books. She still enjoys splendid health, despite her great age.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

Georgia's cotton acreage is not increased.

There is not a wagon factory in Mexico.

A new freight car is double the ordinary size.

Machine lace is made to look like hand work.

Sugar cultivation is rapidly increasing in Louisiana.

In 1892 17,295 vessels arrived in New York Harbor.

Women serve as switchmen on the Italian railroads.

Four hundred patents were issued to women last year.

The Southern strawberry crop will be large this season.

Over 4,000 books were published in this country last year.

More than 180,000,000 pins are made weekly in Birmingham, England.

Chair manufacture is a trade in which machinery has not superseded human skill.

It costs thirty-five cents a thousand to manufacture illuminating gas in Boston.

On the Arabian coast the pearl fishery produces annually a sum little short of \$1,750,000.

Good farms can be bought in Chautauque county, N. Y., at prices varying from \$10 to \$15 per acre.

The hairsprings for watches are made principally by women on account of the delicate handling required.

Electricity is now used for making forgings, augers, ball bearings and other articles hitherto made by hand.

France has three dynamite factories, which produce over 25,000,000 dynamite cartridges a year.

The railroads employ more men than double the number of men required by the general government.

Last year the net profits of the Metropolitan Telephone Company of New York city were about \$3,400,000.

According to the Iron Age steel beams for building purposes are at present cheaper than heavy pine beams.

Of all the vast store of wheat that was sent abroad from New York last year not a bushel went in a sailing vessel.

EASTERN MELANGE.

Strike on the Union Pacific Satisfactorily Settled.

A CONSCIENTIOUS HORSETHIEF.

Pennsylvania Iron Trade Expects Much Trouble This Year in Strikes—C. W. Harris.

Albany is to have an electric trunk line.

Kansas is filling up this spring with Germans.

"Gum-chewers' lockjaw" has made its appearance.

The new directory of St. Louis contains 191,523 names.

A \$2,000,000 postoffice is to adorn the city of Buffalo, N. Y.

Boston is planning to build an elevated railroad to cost \$25,000,000.

Nut culture is attracting attention on the Delaware peninsula.

George Gould says the Union Pacific's floating debt is only \$4,000,000.

The New York Legislature has dried up the pool rooms in that State.

Missouri crop prospects are most discouraging, owing to heavy losses.

It is said the railroads will ignore the Nebraska maximum freight rate law.

Eastern capitalists are said to be trying to buy the St. Louis street railroads.

The water is very low in the South Pass at the mouth of the Mississippi river.

There are seventy-seven branches of the Theosophical Society in the United States.

The strike on the Union Pacific is at an end. The terms of settlement have not been made public.

Pittsburgh capital, controlling 40,000 acres of this territory, will build great iron mills at Muncie, Ind.

Governor Flower of New York will commute the sentence of Carlyle W. Harris, the wife murderer.

The 1,027 electric-light lamps of Chicago are maintained at the expense to that city of \$102 each per year.

Louisville will offer \$4,000,000 in bonds and a building site, if the State will move its capitol from Frankfort.

The Populist women of Kansas have begun organizing women suffrage clubs. The first was organized at Topeka last week.

The Pennsylvania iron trade expects much trouble during this year in strikes. Manufacturers will attempt to reduce wages.

General Harrison has been invited to make the chief speech at the unveiling of the new soldiers' monument at Athens, O.

Cargoes of horse meat, it is said, are being shipped from New York to Belgium as food for the poor people of that country.

The Goodland Rain-making Company is said to be contracting with farmers in Western Kansas counties at an average of \$1,000 per county.

A Kansas woman, who held a man up at a revolver point and went through his pockets, has been sent to the penitentiary for two years.

Governor Nelson of Minnesota has signed the anti-scalper bill, which becomes a law April 18 next. Scalpers say they will contest it.

According to a recent decision it is an offense against the laws of the United States to send a dunning or scurrilous message on a postal card.

Electric roads in Ohio are so numerous that there is a prospect of so many being jammed together as to form a continuous line across the State.

As a result of the immense crops of grain harvested the last two seasons in South Dakota, that State is this spring having the heaviest immigration in ten years.

The first grain fleet of the season has cleared from Chicago with 11,000,000 bushels. Notwithstanding the severe winter, navigation has opened earlier than usual.

The wonderful influence of the sun on earth is shown by the fact that during less than three minutes while the last eclipse was total the temperature fell three degrees.

The receipts from water rates in Chicago during the last fiscal year aggregated \$2,569,952, and the operating expenses were only \$1,170,098. This leaves a profit of \$1,399,854.

Steel caskets for the bodies of those who die suddenly on shipboard are being carried on many of the transatlantic liners. The remains are placed in them and hermetically sealed.

The Supreme Court of the United States has had occasion to declare itself on the question whether singular or plural pronouns ought to be used in speaking of the United States. The Court sustains the constitutional form, "The United States are."

John Bailey, a Tennessee farmer in hard luck, has just been made happy by the receipt of \$685 from Frank K. Waldman of Reading, Pa., being in full payment with 6 per cent interest for a horse which Waldman, then a soldier, appropriated from Bailey's stable in 1864.

In the effort to keep New York's streets clean four hundred red barrels have been placed at the corners of Union Square for passers by to throw their banana skins and papers into. If the experiment prove useful, barrels will be placed at street corners all over the city.

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

Secretary Morton has appointed H. H. C. Dunwoody assistant chief of the weather bureau, vice Major Rockwood resigned. Major Dunwoody has been connected with the bureau for many years.

E. P. Baldwin, First Auditor of the Treasury, has issued an order which will prevent favoritism in the examination of accounts. Under the new order each account will be taken up in the order in which it was received and on no account made special, except by order of the head of the department.

Unless unforeseen reason for postponement should occur the International Monetary Conference will reconvene at Brussels May 30. All the Commissioners have tendered their resignations, and but one of them—Henry W. Cannon, President of the Chase National Bank of New York city—has been reappointed. It is understood Senator Jones of Nevada has been requested to withdraw his resignation.

The Executive Committee of the local directory of the World's Fair held a meeting at which resolutions were adopted which practically mean a flat renunciation of Congressional control. The joint committee made a lengthy report on the recent act of Congress instructing the Secretary of the Treasury to withhold enough of the Columbia half dollars to secure the payment of \$570,000 for awards, which was amply discussed. The report says the committee would regard it as a direct and inexcusable violation of the pledges and covenants with the bondholders to enter into the formal undertakings which the act of Congress require. The requirement of this act, says the committee, is a violation of the act of August 5, 1892, accepted by the directors.

Acting Commissioner of Pensions Murphy has transferred about fifty clerks, who were heretofore employed on "statistical work," but which, so far as he could see, are of no value to the office, to current work in order to facilitate in bringing up the business to date. Murphy is decidedly of the opinion that among the 958,000 pensioners on the rolls of the bureau there are many fraudulent cases, and with a view of purging the list of such as can be reached he has issued an order to the special examiners in the field directing them to use all diligence in searching out such cases as require the attention of the bureau.

Friends of ex-Representative Blount, now on a special mission to Honolulu, say there are several reasons why he will not be chosen as Minister Stevens' successor. Notwithstanding that his actions have been approved by the administration, the President is not blind to the fact that certain things he has done, notably the hauling down of the flag, have been received in this country with disfavor. The President realizes also that a commissioner appointed to assist in settling a controversy between two parties in a foreign nation can hardly hope to be persona grata to all factions after the settlement is effected.

Before leaving Washington President Cleveland practically set at rest all rumors that he would call an extra session of Congress to consider the financial situation. During a conversation with Cleveland Representative Kilgore inquired regarding the intentions of the President as to an extra session. Kilgore explained that he wished to bring his family to this city, and for this reason was anxious to learn what would probably be done in order that he could make his plans accordingly. The reply of the President was he would not call an extra session until September, unless some unforeseen circumstances which were now unanticipated made such a course necessary. He stated a call would be made for assembling Congress between September 1 and 15.

Senator Ransom, Chairman of the Commerce Committee, was seen in reference to the committee's Pacific Coast trip. When asked about the probable date of the start from Chicago he said he had an idea that arrangements could be perfected so that the committee would leave June 15. There was no certainty about this, he said, but it was his purpose to get the committee away at the earliest possible moment. It is now stated that the committee will be on the Pacific Coast for fully six weeks, and possibly for a more lengthy period. Senator Ransom says the committee will go direct from Chicago to San Francisco. From there the committee will go to Los Angeles, to investigate whether the proposed deep water harbor should be located at Rodondo Beach or San Pedro. When the investigation for this purpose is completed other river and harbor improvements will be looked into, and then the committee will go north to Oregon and Washington to investigate the Columbia river improvements and also the proposed scheme to connect Lake Washington to Puget Sound by ship canal.

CHICAGO EXPOSITION.

World's Fair construction has cost eighteen lives.

World's Fair buildings will need 120,000 incandescent electric lights.

But few English society people will come to the World's Fair until the London season is over in July.

The buildings of the Chicago World's Fair have already cost twice as much as those of the Paris Exposition.

The Prince of Wales is not coming over this year, but his son, the Duke of York, is expected to do so before his marriage.

What is claimed to be the plow used by Daniel Webster on his farm at Marshfield, N. H., will be sent to the World's Fair.

The government exhibit for the World's Fair is not ready, and therefore will not be placed in position at the fair until May 15.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Count Herbert Bismarck to Reappear in Public Life.

JAPANESE WOMEN FOR CHICAGO.

Women Employed as Station Agents in France—Belgian Suffrage Rioters Sentenced.

British India has 10,417 licensed opium shops.

The revolution in Honduras has been suppressed.

Victor Vifquain has been appointed Consul-General at Panama.

It is estimated that 70,000,000 of people in Europe wear wooden shoes.

The latest record-breaking time between Bombay and London is thirteen days.

Grasshoppers in China are so numerous that soldiers have been ordered out to fight them.

A Tokio paper says 300 young Japanese women are to be shipped to Chicago for immoral purposes.

It is reported that a seam of coal has been struck at a depth of 200 feet at Newport, near Melbourne.

The Reichstag has passed by a large majority the bill providing for the more careful preservation of military secrets.

Count Herbert Bismarck is about to reappear in public life. He has become a candidate for a seat in the Prussian Diet.

Cape Colony's export of gold during March amounted in value to £430,000, as against \$334,000 in the same month last year.

The Pope has ordered that prayers for rain be offered by Catholics throughout Italy. Rain has not fallen for two months.

The province of Quebec is endeavoring to float a new loan in Europe in order to pay off the Mercier \$4,000,000 loan, maturing in July.

The Russian government confesses that in the first two weeks of April there were 359 deaths from cholera in one province alone.

Nearly 500 women are employed as station agents in France, but they get only half as much pay as men in the same positions.

The famous clock said to have been made by Louis XVI. was recently purchased by a member of the Rothschild family for \$168,000.

Germany's wine crop of 1892 was little more than half the average production of the previous ten years, although the quality is excellent.

Sanction has been recently granted for the construction of a railway between Taichikawa and Ome, Japan, to be known as the Ome railway.

In the relief of paupers £2,191,172 was spent by local government relief boards in England and Wales during the last half of last year.

Queen Victoria abandoned her projected visit from Florence to Venice on account of the alarming reports as to the prevalence of cholera.

The Prussian Landtag has approved Finance Minister Miquel's proposal for a property tax, the most contentious part of his financial reform bill.

Sir Andrew Barclay Walker, who made a fortune of \$14,000,000 as a brewer and spirit merchant and in coal mines, left \$50,000 of it to Liverpool hospitals.

The total stock of wheat at twenty-eight cities in continental Europe decreased 3,403,000 bushels in March. Stocks on April 1 were 17,875,000 bushels.

The increase of population in the whole of Australasia during 1892 is estimated by the government statist at 85,000, of which only 6,700 was due to emigration.

The Jews of Bulgaria gave to the bride of Prince Ferdinand an album inlaid with diamonds, rubies and emeralds, which cost \$50,000. The Pope sent a diamond ring.

The latest crop report of the Hungarian Agricultural Minister says frosts and north winds have done much damage to wheat, and a considerable area of rye has been killed.

Ouida's latest novel promises to be startling even for her. Mr. Gladstone will figure as a villain in the plot, and she promises to make him as black as any she has ever painted.

The Franco-Siamese difficulty is regarded at Singapore as serious. The Siamese traders, as they fear there will be fighting, have ceased importing rice, and the dealers are hoarding it.

Many of the men who participated in the recent suffrage riots in Mons, Belgium, have been sentenced to short terms in prison, and the Socialist leader, Brenez, was sent to prison for five years.

Notwithstanding that every year from 5,000 to 6,000 ships go up and down the river Seine, carrying 2,500,000 tons of goods, it is said that there is no map of this important French stream in existence.

The official estimate of the condition of the French wheat crop on April shows the area to be about the same as last year. Twenty-eight departments report the condition very good, fifty good, seven satisfactory and two medium.

The Empress of Austria is to visit Vienna again after years of wandering about the world. She is extravagantly fond of flowers, and the florists of her loyal city are forcing their roses and orchids in order to meet her unexampled demands.

SEPARATION.

If it were land, oh, weary feet could travel

If it were sea, a ship might cleave the wave;

If it were Death, sad Love could look to heaven

And see through tears the sunlight on the grave.

Not land or sea or Death keeps us apart,

But only thou, oh, unforgiving Heart!

If it were land, through piercing thorns I'd travel

If it were sea, I'd cross to thee or die;

If it were Death, I'd tear Life's veil asunder

That I might see thee with a clearer eye.

Ah, none of these could keep our souls apart;

Forget, forgive, oh, unforgiving Heart!

The Human Eye.

The last 100 years have increased the need and capacity for work upon small objects near at hand. One of the questions occurring to the mind is, Do these different and increased demands bring increased facility and capacity to the human eye?

Eyes are now used in ways never imagined by our remote ancestors, possibly never dreamed of in the oriental countries. Whatever there may have been in the way of sculpture among the Greeks demanding artistic and accurate vision, there was no typesetting, no electric telegraphy, no stenography and no typewriter. The eye of the patriarch Job was constituted at birth and went through life to old age very much such an optical instrument as that of the English squire who devotes himself to an outdoor life in the Eighteenth or Nineteenth century; but Job had no printed books to beguile the tedium and pain of his seat in the sand and ashes.

The examination of the mummies in the Egyptian museums shows that there has been no change in the anatomical conformation of the human ear in 4,000 years, and there is no evidence that there has been any in that of the human eye; but the difficulty of preserving the eye for examination centuries after it has ceased to see prevents us from proving this.—Cosmopolitan.

Three Kinds of Them.

Eddie Dinwiddie was in a mood of inquiry, and he said:

"Papa?"

"Well, Edward?"

"Papa, what is a canthook?"

"A canthook? Don't you recollect, son, when we were at grandpa's sawmill last summer and looked at the men rolling logs about with a huge pole, to which was fastened a gripper or hook of steel? That was a canthook. There is also?"

"But, papa, isn't there another canthook?"

"Wait, my son, until papa finishes. In former times barbers and toothdrawers used a canthook for pulling teeth. It was on the same principle as the one mentioned, only of course smaller. The prongs were inserted under the roots of the tooth, and a twist finished the job. Now, son, that explains it."

"But, papa?"

"Well?"

"Don't you know anything more about a canthook?"

"No, my son."

"How does a mulley cow strike you?"—Pittsburg Chronicle.

A Quick Witted Thief.

I saw a clever thief worked the other day. A messenger boy got on the car with several bundles. He looked at the addresses on them all to see where to get off first. "Hang it!" said he, picking up the largest one of the lot, "the marker forgot to put the mark on it. I don't know where to take it."

It was a cold day, and a moment after the messenger entered the car he was followed by a seely looking individual who had heard the boy's remark while on the platform. Soon I saw him writing an address on that unaddressed package when the boy's head was turned. It must have been at some nearby street or hotel, for suddenly the boy shifted his boxes, looked up hastily, and evidently thinking he had missed the address at first glance he made a bolt for the front door and was gone before I could stop him.

In the meantime the rogue who had written the false address got away by the rear door, and I have no doubt got home in time to intercept the bundle.

Let this serve as a warning to all.—New York Herald.