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THE GLACIER

Grant Evans, Propr.

Second St., near Oak. . . Hood River, Or.

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OCCIDENTAL MELANGE

An Attempt to Wreck a Southern Pacific Express Train.

THE CROP OUTLOOK IN CALIFORNIA.

The Unknown Girl Who Committed Suiclde at San Diego Proves to be a Gambler's Wife.

Nevada's Legislature will continue in session but forty days.

The outlook for coming crops in South-ern California was never better than at

The damage to the orange crop by the storm in Central California is less than

Irrigation work along the Snake river in Idaho has seriously endangered navigation on that stream.

Victoria, B. C., has done away with vaccination as a necessity before a child can enter the public schools.

Kid's band of renegades are in the San Carlos Mountains without food or in one operation. shelter, suffering greatly from cold and exposites.

Columbia river canners declare that a salmon trust is absolutely necessary to secure results that will prove at all remunerative.

The grand jury at Fresno has charged that the builders of the courthouse there did not follow the plans and made several thousand dollars by not doing so.

Ira Bartlett, a miner well known on the Coast, killed himself in a mining camp near Tombstone, A. T. He was we to do, but his health was failing.

Early in May of next year Frank Fordyce, a young stock baron of Idaho, will attempt to drive from the center of Idabo to Ogallala, Neb., a band of 45,000

A party of old Indian fighters is being organized in Southern Arizona, who hope to capture Kid and his band, as Murphy. ,

Efforts to revive the Journal, Russell Harrison's paper, which recently failed at Helena, Mont., have proved abortive. The total amount due to creditors is said to be \$925,000.

The civic Board of Health at Victoria, B. C., is engaged on the claims of parties whose houses were fumigated after the smallpox epidemic for damage to clothing, furniture, etc.

The State Board of Agriculture has formally decided in favor of holding the Northern Citrus Fair at San Francisco next month in conjunction with the Mechanics' Institute Fair.

The unknown girl who committed suicide at the Coronado Hotel in San Diego has been positively identified as Mrs. Kate Morgan. Her home was in Hamburg, Ia., and her husband is a gambler.

A petition is being circulated by some of the ladies of Pasadena asking the Leg slature to so amend the laws of California that the right of voting will be extended to women upon all questions,

both local and national. In the United States Circuit Court af Portland Judge Gilbert has decided the case of the United States against the Willamette Valley and Cascade Mountain Wagon Road Company in favor of the de endants. The controversy in the case was over 600,000 acres of land granted by Congress to the company for building a road.

An attempt to wreck the Southern Pacific north-bound express was made near Grant's Pass, Or. Rails had been taken from a treatle, on which had the train run it would have been thrown into a deep canyon and the loss to life would have been terrible.

Many home-seekers are looking forward with gratification to the early opening of the Nez Perge reservation in Idaho. The Indian allotments leave 600,000 acres unclaimed. Of this area fully 500,000 acres is fine agricultural

and grazing land. At Snowflake in Apache county, A.T., Charles H. Flake and James M. Flake attempted to arrest Tom Taylor. Taylor killed Charles Flake, and wounded James, who in turn killed Taylor. The Flakes are merchants and leading Mormons of that section. Tay or was a des-

INDUSTRIAL BREVITIES.

Liquor Made From Common Mushrooms in Africa-Algeria as a Cork-Producing Country.

The Krupp works have 5,542 furnaces. Indelible ink is made from banans

Reading, Pa., made 75,000,000 cigars this year.

Georgia taxes every cigarette seller

This country mines 23,000,000 barrels f sait a year. Mexico exported 43,750,009 pounds of

offee last year. In India the government runs the

pium business. Consolidation of the lead and oil in-

erests is contemplated. The annual liquor bill for the United States is \$1,484,000,000.

There are several jockeys at Newmaret earning \$15,000 a year.

The hog pack this year will exceed that of last by 1,100,000 hoge.

The Union Pacific railroad is figured on to have cost \$108,778 per mile. An electric cigar lighter has been in-

venud for the benefit of amokers. There is more money spent for eggs than for flour in the United States.

The whaling season has been a success, the catch being valued at \$1,500,000.

The movement of the cotton crop for the season to date is over 1,300,000 bales

Russia produced in the past ten years, it is said, 878,680,400 gallons of pure al-

The aggregate of salaries of postmasters appointed by the President is \$5,-

Alexandria, Ind., is to have a \$5,000,-000 glass plant, the largest in the United

There are about 130 duly qualified female medical p actitioners in the United Kingdom.

The Lincoln paper mill at Lincoln, Neb., has been sold to the paper trust The damage to wheat and oats in

Michigan by smut this year is estimated at \$1,000,000. Glass in oven doors is something new.

The cook can see what she or he and the are doing. The natives of Liberia prepare a sin-

gularly intoxicating beverage from a common mushroom, A New Hampshire man has invented

a machine that trims and punches belts The production of distilled spirits of all kinds in this country last year was

117,186,114 galions. Dublin claims to have the largest

brewery in the world; St. Louis the biggest in the United States. Ten million pounds of tea were

brought into the United States last year, an increase of nearly a third. It has been discovered that the weight required to crush a square inch of brick

varies from 1,200 to 4,500 pounds. The mines of the world produce twenty-five tons of gold every week, and

yet the precious metal remains as scarce Most heavy tunnel work is now done

by machine drills, driven by compressed air, which also serves to ventilate the Algeria is the greatest cork-producing

country in the world, having 2,500,000 well as the rewards offered by Governor acres of cork forests, of which 300,000 are made to yield regular crops.

Electric heating has made great progress in Ottawa, Canada, and hotels and private establishments are rapidly adopting this new convenience.

The oyster dealers of Baltimore agree that the oyster supply this year will not be sufficient to keep their packinghouses running on even haif-time.

A drying-house for lumber has been erected at Ottawa, in which electricity is the heating power. This is the first establishment of the kind in the world.

The shortage of the hop crop in Otsego and Schoharie counties, N. Y., is said to be unprecedented. Twenty-three cents is offered, but growers are holding their stock for 30 cents.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mr. Carnegie came to this country forty-seven years ago, when he was 10 years old, and has never had time to get naturalized.

Mascagni, the composer, has received an offer to come to America. Should he decide to come he will conduct some of his operas here.

A prince of the Bassa tribe of West Africa is taking a course of studies at Bates College, Me. He goes by the mame of Louis P. Clinton.

Sam Joseph, who led the Chi cago Convention in singing "Grover, Grover, four years more of Grover," it is said, will be made United States Marshal of Philadelphia.

James Payn, the noted novelist and editor, is probably the worst writer in the British kingdom. A letter from him is nothing more than an interesting study in hieroglyphics.

General F. J. Lippitt of Washington is the only survivor of the few who, standing at the grave, witnes sed the interment of Lafayette. He was them a

youth, and resided in Paris. A heavy loss to the literary circles of Austria was the death, a few weeks ago, or Frederick von Hellwald, the geographical writer and historian. Anton Heller von Hellwald, to give his full name, was born in Padua in 1842, at the son of a Field Marshal of the Austrian army. Convention to aid in pushing the Nica-He himself entered the army of Austria ragua canal bill through Congress. They and took part in the campaign against are all confident that the bill will pass,

BEYOND THE ROCKIES

Wonderful Progress Made in the Condition of Our Navy.

A GOVERNMENT BUILDING SINKING.

The Trick of Voting on the Names of Dead Men Developed Into a Scientific Fraud in Providence.

New Haven, Conn., is in the throes of temperance revival.

There are nearly 1,000,000 pensioners. During last year 25,306 pensioners were dropped.

Colorado's Legislature proposes to make silver coins full legal tender in the Centennial State. Excitement has been caused by the discovery of rich deposits of nickel ore

near Keokuk, Iowa. The government building in Chicago

is sinking so that six hew props have been put in to hold it. The Wells-Fargo Express Company, it s reported, has secured control of the

Colorado Midland line.

Suits against forty-three companies are to be brought at St. Joseph, Mo., for violation of the anti-trust law.

Canadian newspapers say the annexa-tion question must be discussed. They are now willing to hear both sides.

It is estimated that the value of the honey and wax produced in this country during the past year was \$20,000,000.

It is thought that George Gould's inclinations will prompt him to own a large racing stable, and that he will soon be on the turf.

The Brooklyn bridge is to have a great pneumatic tube for the transmission of mail and baggage between New York and Brooklyn. Herr Seidl, the New York musician.

will get \$15,000 for playing five months at the World's Fair, and his orchestra is paid accordingly. A woman who was elected a Trial Justice in Wyoming commenced her duties letter stating that a crisis has been by committing her husband to jail for

contempt of court. Jersey City is to have a new city hall, a contract for the construction of which enforce the regulations in accordance has been awarded. The cost has been limited to \$237,000.

Atlanta is to have a belt road five miles in length, connecting all the roads centering there. It is to be opened as an independent line.

The St. L uis Republic figures it out that the recent rise in cofton has made the South richer by \$100,000,000 since should show the Indians that it is in the middle of October. The Wisconsin monolith on the World's

Fair grounds is to pierce the air at a height of 115 feet. It will be the highest obelisk in the world. Mme. Diaz, wife of the Mexican President, is going to send at her own ex-

pense a woman's band of forty-five musicians to the World's Fair. A combination to form the largest and most complete printing and publishing naval station at Port Orchard, Kitsap house in the world has been formed at

Chicago, with \$5,000,000 capital. Dr. Preserved Smith, who was found guilty of heresy by the Cincinnati Presbytery and sentenced to suspension will

appeal his case to the General Synod. Richard Mansfield complains that Boston, instead of criticising his acting, found fault with his legs. He thinks

Chicago is intellectually superior to Boston. New York's Board of Aldermen proposes to pass an ordinance which will render unlawful the driving of steers, bulls or cattle through the streets of the metropolis.

If the prohibition bill should pass the South Carolina Legislature, a Charleston brewing firm, whose charter lasts seventeen years, will have a monopoly of the business in the State. A temporary camp of military in-struction for the army and volunteer

forces is proposed by Senator Mitchell to be established at the World's Far, the militia not to exceed 50,000. The upper mill of the Lackawanna Iron and Steel Company at Scranton,

Penn., has been shut down on account of lack of orders. This movement throws 600 men out of employment. The Pennsylvania Company will make extensive improvements near Washing-

ton, D. C., and reduce the running time to New York to four and one-half hours. The assessed valuation of the coal lands of Schuylkill county, Penn, has been definitely settled by the County Commissioners, who place them at \$16,-

604.756. The trick of voting on the names of dead men, non-residents, minors and the like appears to have been developed onto an almost scientific fraud in Provifictitious personages were found on the list of voters.

Secretary Tracy's report on the condition of the navy shows wonderful progress in the past few years. The estimates in the report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, for the navy and marine corps, including those for public works and the increase of the navy, are \$24,471,498, being \$2,713,141 less than those for the last fiscal year.

There is now in Washington a regularly organized committee consisting of five members sent from the New Orleans

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

A Bill Having as Its Object the Perfection of the Quarantine Service of the Country Introduced.

In the trial of Commander Johnson of the Mohican, charged with grounding his vessel in Alaskan waters, Lieutenant Strong, navigating officer, was submitted to a long examination, explaining how the Mohican struck on Cherkoff Island. He testified in full as to the position of the ship and the sailing manen vers at the time, and stated that the ship's course had to be laid out the best way possible, as the charts were inac-

The detail of Captain Borup of the ordnance department to duty at the World's Columbian Exposition in con-nection with the exhibit of the ordnance department is regarded by army officers as a vindication of his conduct while military attache of the United States Legation at Paris. Captain Borup was recalled at the instance of the French government on account of alleged sale of plans of the French coast fortifications to officers of the German and Ital-

ian armies. A bill has been introduced in the Senate by Senator Chandler, having as its object the perfection of the quarantine service of the country. The bill author-izes the President to designate from time to time such places on the United States coast for the establishment of quarantines as in his judgment are necessary to maintain a uniform service in accordance with the laws. It further provides that it shall be lawful for any State or municipal authority to assess any fee for quarantine purposes on any vessel of any national company, or upon any person brought into the United States from abroad.

Representative Hermann has introduced and is pressing before the Com-mittee on Public Lands a bill enlarging the powers of the United States Commissioners. The bill provides that persons having homestead proofs may make them before these Commissioners.

At present the homesteader is compelled to make final proof before United States land officers at the local offices or before Clerks of Court at the county seat. Mr. Hermann declares that this new provision would be of great advantage to many settlers who live a long distance from county seats or from the local land offices.

Indian Commissioner Morgan has sent to the Secretary of the Interior a reached in the work carried on by the Indian office in the education of children. He says the omce i with the act of 1890, and he lays the his information. Gen. Morgan gives the details of several recent cases where the authority of the government as repreby Indian agents has been openly denied. Morgan says he does not believe in using violence, but he certainly does think the government earnest in the matter. He is of the opinion that all that would be necessary would be to show force. The Commissioner makes no specific recommen-

Senator Allen has presented an amendment to the naval appropriation bill, making an additional appropriation of \$300,000 to continue the contract for a timber dry dock at the United States county, Wash. This is under the act approved March 2, 1891, authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to have constructed by contract after public advertisement for naval and commercial purposes at a cost not to exceed \$700,000 for the beginning of the work, of which sum \$200,000 was appropriated by this The additional appropriation is for erecting an office bui'ding, water closets and sheds, approaches to the dry dock, rent of quarters for the Chief Engineer and inspectors, pay of superintendents,

inspectors and draughtsmen, and the

necessary dredging, clearing and clean-

ing up of the station, including expenses

and unforseen exigencies. A number of prominent railroad men, including Mr. Depew, of the New York Central; President Roberts, of the Pennsylvania; President Ingalls, of the Big Four, and Chairman Walker of the Trunk Lines Association were before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce the other day to advocate the passage of the amendment to the interstate law, introduced by Senator Cullom, to modify the existing law so as to authorize railroad companies to form pools under the supervision of the Interstate Commerce Commission: to wipe out the penal clause of punishment prescribed. etc. All the gentlemen named above urged that a great majority of the railroads of the country were in favor of the proposed arrangement. Mr. Depew in the course of his remarks, said there were eight roads between New York and Chicago, but for all purposes of the public there was but one. If an ironclad rule of equal rates under equal conditions of time was established, the New York Central and Pennsylvania would do eight-tenths of the business, and the other roads would go into bankruptcy. The law preventing pooling was creating dence. R I., where over 2, 00 names of trusts. If the law were continued in force five years longer, Mr. Depew thought there would not be an independent business man in any of the large cities of the United States. miserable condition of affairs is being brought about by the law intended to prevent trusts. Under the proposed amendment, the roads would be authorized to make contracts upon a business basis and could agree upon rates, which would always be the same to the public. In discussing the existing conditions, Depew said it would soon be impossible for manufacturers to exist, except at | terminal points. Mr. Ingalls spoke to the same effect. If the amendment passed, he said it would not result in increased rates, but in equal rates, and perado, and recently robbed the bank at Prussia in 1866, but became editor of although they are not so confident that in many cases it would reduce rates. San Marcial.

FOREIGN CABLEGRAMS Various Devices of Students to Pass Ex-

The Imperial Cholera Commission in Germany.

Renewal of Friendly Intercourse Between sriumphant. the Czar and the Dreibund-Wolves in Russia.

Sweden has increased her army considerably.

There will be no performance at Beyruth next year. The Noble-Rothschild corner in Baku

naphtha has collapsed. Kaiser Wilhelm has devised a warship with many novel features.

South Australia has had forty administrations in thirty-six years. Physicians have declared that Mrs.

Maybrick's life is not in danger.

Bismarck says the chrysanthemum is a new flower and not very pretty. A co-operative laundry, to be run by women, is being considered in England. The young Duke of Marlborough is said to have inherited about £25,000 a

year. Since 1831 Hamburg has been visited by cholers fifteen times and Berlin twelve times.

The Russian authorities have forbidden Sarah Bernhardt to play "Fedora" in St. Petersburg. On several of the railroads in Rassia

iron telegraph poles are to be substi-

tuted for wooden ones. The use of the merchant marine as an auxiliary fleet in event of war is being tested practically in France just now. The British admiralty have directed designs to be prepared for a new class o

gunboats for service in foreign waters. Mr. Labouchere said the other day in Truth that Europe would shortly have at her disposal at least 20,000,000 trained soldiers.

Prussia only 2,435,858 persons possess an income of over 900 marks a year, which The renewal of friendly intercourse between Russia and the Dre bund is due

Out of a population of 30,000,000 in

facts in the case before the Secretary for to the Czar's annoyance at the Panama and Carmaux scandals in Paris. There is less danger now of being lost in London than formerly. Electric-bell signals are now used in London while

navigating its streets in the fogs.

The Governor of the province of Veronezct, Russia, has made application for 5,000,000 rubles to relieve the faminestricken peasantry of the province. Some of the English pumping engines perform work equal to the raising of

120,000,000 pounds one foot high by the consumption of 100 we ght of coal. Wolves in Russia destroy annually upward of 800,000 head of domestic animais, valued at 8,000,000 rubles. Their

number does not appreciably decrease. The walls of the old Chateau d'if in the harbor of Marseilles, made famouby Alexandre Dumas in his "Monte Cristo," are covered with autographs of

visitors.

into allway connection with the rest of Spain. The railroad goes now to Algeciras, just on the other side of the Bay of Gibraltar. The Indian Government is going to curtail, possibly abolish, the trial by

Gibraltar has been nearly brought

Eastern conditions, and has been but little practicea. It is reported in London, says the New York Sun, that another "wealthy American centleman' is to try the publication there of a daily newspaper on the

jury. It has been found unsuitable to

American model. The French Academy of Fciences has resolved to open an international sub-scription, with the object of presenting a testimonial to M. Pasteur on his road rollers, still it has fallen to the lot of seventieth birthday. The report in the Levant Herald that

the Nestorian patriarch, Mar Shimun, had brought his people into submission to the Church of Rome is contradicted by the patriarch himself. France is going largely upon wheels, and seems to be willing to pay for it

The new tax upon bicycles in France will

be \$2. As there are about 225,000 cyclists, the revenue will be about \$450,000. Great efforts are making in Vienna to build up there a toy making industry to compete with the famous factories of Germany and France. An exhibition of toys is now being held in the Austrian

capital. The water-ways of France have a total length of 7,995 miles, of which 2,735 | Chronicle. miles are rivers navigable naturally, 2,250 miles rivers which had been rendered navigable by dredging and the rest canals.

The Imperial Cholera Commission in Germany announces its discovery that wine-claret or hock-will kill the bacilli of cholera in a few minutes. Tea will kill them in an hour.

The Scientific Commission, appointed for the purpose of selecting a site for a new capital for Brazil, includes five civil engineers, two astronomers, a naturalist and an expert in hygiene. It is said that President Carnot intends to establish a new military order

of merit, which will be conferred on

such officers as are debarred from ob-

taining the Cross of the Legion of

OUTWITTING THE FACULTY.

aminations Without Study. At a recent meeting of a number of college men in Hartford conversation happened to drift to the trials and struggles of examination days. It was led that way by the first story teiler who said that, baving been at one examination where each student drew a separate slip of question, be met a classmate who had to go in with the next division. "The thing is not likely FAMINE IN A RUSSIAN PROVINCE, to be a chance," he said to his friend, "but in case you should draw the paper I had, I'll tell you what each question was." So he did. The fellow looked them up, went in and drew that very paper, and came out

> But that proved a very mild case when the others came up. It seems that in one examination at Yale some years ago in Latin, one fellow, who was very shaky, put his own interlined text book into his overcoat pocket, and entered the room. He was called to the desk, and the tutor gave him a text book, of course not interlined. He shoved it into his other pocket, walked slowly back to his seat, drew out his own book from his pocket, and was all prepared. After reciting, before the tutor could call for the book, he absent mindedly thrust it back into his pocket, and turned away. Being asked for the book he apologized, hauled out the other one, and re

> tired Once in alumni hall at Yale a shaky student who couldn't bear to part with his class discovered in advance a knothole in the floor. He secured the desk by that hole. Pretty soon he had the misfortune to drop his pencil. Bending over for it he shoved his examination paper down through the knothole. Fellows in waiting in the cellar ran off with it, filled out papers for him, not too well, but well enough to save him, for a perfectly correct examination was not consistent with his record, and on returning signaled to him. This time he had the misfortune to knock a lot of paper off his table and litter the floor. He got down and conscientiously picked everything up, including the relief papers that came up through the knothole.

At another time where papers were drawn one fellow drew two by sleight of hand process, passed on one, surrendered it and went out. Then he gave the extra one to a lame friend, who at once "crammed" that paper. Then he went in, drew his paper and calmly substituted the one he knew, passing well on it and carrying away for what might be termed outdo

relief the paper that he drew. This was kept going all day and worked well. Another fellow, illustrating alike the sharpness of the boy and the laziness of the professor, having practically no knowledge of one heavy subject that had been a study for the term, went to the record and learned by heart the answers to each of the twelve questions asked in each of the previous years, discovering the while that, instead of being thirty six questions, there was a good deal of repetition. Knowing these questions thoroughly, and not a word outside of them, he went in, and, sure enough, the professor had drawn sufficiently on his earlier papers to enab's this fellow to answer more than enough to pass him. As for the rest, his paper was a blank.-Hartford Courant.

Playing Cards in Alabama.

Burr McIntosh, the actor and quondam newpaper man, relates a funny anecdote. "About a year ago our company was delayed several hours at a little way station in Alabama near Birmingham. Several of the party, including one of the ladies, suggested a quiet game of 'hearts' to pass away the time. There were absolutely no signs of civilization about the place excepting an old cow and a pig grazing quietly near by, but we hadn't been playing five minutes when a big, burly fellow came along swinging a club and pompously 'You are all under arrest!' thought he was joking, and paid no attention to him until he repeated the remark, when one of the party did consent to say 'Rats!

"But the deputy sheriff, or whatever he was, wouldn't have it. He arrested us all, even the lady, although we protested that the game was for fun and not money, and took us before the 'mayor,' who fined us \$1 each and then tacked on costs enough to make it \$9. I got even with the sheriff a few days later on our return by throwing a bottle of ink all over him as our train passed the station, but I never again attempted to play 'hearts' in Alabama."-New York World.

Unusual Printing.

While there are doubtless many printing presses in existence that would fulfill a more useful mission if transformed into a newspaper in Middlesborough, England, to make the first adaptation of a steam road roller to printing purposes, and it was with such a unique machine that The Northeastern Daily Gazette printed an edition of 64,000 copies. The motive power of The Gazette office is a gas engine, but on the day in question an accident to the gas works suddenly out off the supply of gas.

A gang of workmen were hastily obtained from a neighboring establishment, and heavy iron plates were laid in the yard adjoining the printing room, in the walls of which a large opening was made. A fifteen ton steam roller was then pushed into the press room, shored up and belted to the shafting, and an hour after the usual time of going to press the presses were started and the entire edition was run off without a hitch. - Newcastle

A Character to Please Thackeray. Thackeray was never so happy in his style as when engaged in describing some odd character. There passed away by the death in London recently of Sir Charles Cox a man whom the great novelist would have delighted to portray. Sir Charles was a man whose unusual stature and excessive thinness would have made him noticeable in any circumstances, and these physical eccentricities were accentuated by his singular attire. He wore invariably a dress coat of antique cut, gray trousers, open buff waistcoat, high Gladstonian collar and an immense neckcloth, His hat was of a style of several generations ago. Sir Charles was a constant perambulator of the streets and a noted at tendant at weddings.