

The Hood River Glacier.

VOL. 3.

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1891.

NO. 23.

Hood River Glacier.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY
The Glacier Publishing Company.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.
One year.....\$2.00
Six months.....1.00
Three months......50
Single copy......10

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PACIFIC COAST.

A Huge Block of Pure
Asphaltum.

GOLD HILL'S CINNABAR VEIN.

Heavy Business Done Along the Rio
Grande in Smuggling in
Horses and Cattle.

Fresno is considerably agitated over the disposal of its mummy.

One day last week sixty traps were put off the train between Yuma and Colton.

Oregon's State funds are all exhausted. The last legislative levy has proved insufficient.

J. T. Hayne of Portland has been elected Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of Oregon.

A cinnabar vein, sixty feet in width, has been discovered near Gold Hill, Or. The ore is immensely rich.

The Chino sugar-beet factory will run until December. So far 825 tons of granulated sugar have been turned out.

In Nevada the total tax levy throughout the State is over \$3,000,000. The total levy on railroads is nearly \$2,000,000.

It is believed the property involved in the Davis will case at Butte, Mont., will be divided among the claimants and further litigation will be suspended.

The tailors of Vancouver, B. C., are on a strike because the bosses have refused to pay extra for all pockets over four in coats. The bosses want five pockets allowed.

The British sealers Otto and E. B. Marvin, seized in Behring Sea, have been released at Vancouver, B. C., by direction of the Lord Commissioner of the Admiralty.

The Oregon Grand Lodge of the Knights of Pythias voted that hereafter no saloonmen shall be admitted to membership in the subordinate lodges of the order in the State.

A Fresno physician is recommending eucalyptus tea, made by boiling the leaves, to all his patients suffering from malarial troubles, and the discovery is thought to be quite an important one.

From observations made by Prof. Israel C. Russell, who was sent out by the United States government and the National Geographic Society to explore the region about Mount St. Elias, the mountain is between 18,000 and 19,000 feet high.

Walter Law of the firm of W. & J. Sloane of New York city has presented \$1,000 to the Lick Observatory for the purpose of publishing a series of enlarged heliographic plates of the moon made from the photographs taken with the great telescope.

M. E. Wisdom and J. W. Bailey of Portland have purchased the Point Breeze stock farm in Baker county, Or. There are about fifty fine brood mares on the place, and the celebrated stallion Challenger is at the head of the stud. The price was \$150,000.

Santa Barbara is to have a boulevard 100 feet wide on the beach in front of the city just above high-water mark and protected from the sea by a heavy bulkhead. The sidewalks and roadway will be paved with bituminous rock and lined with double rows of trees.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone Will Pass the Winter in Italy—Death of Mrs. Henrietta Lamar.

Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone have determined to pass the winter in Florence, Tennyson, who is in excellent health, has just been giving sittings for a portrait.

Mrs. Harrison has been chosen an honorary member by the Association of the King's Daughters.

Lord Lytton is in such precarious health that he has it under consideration to resign his post of British Minister to France.

Secretary Foster's portrait was just being painted for the Treasury Department by Miss Blanche F. King, a young Washington artist.

Warner Miller has been studying the canal system of Holland and the waterway that the German government is constructing at Kiel. He is to take part in the New York State campaign.

The death of Bishop William J. Boone (Episcopal) of China is announced. The Bishop, who was the son of Bishop Boone of China, did much to forward the cause of Christian missions in that country, and was entirely devoted to his work.

After publishing a great variety of contradictory and alarming stories about the health of the Queen of Romania the London newspapers appear to have reached the conclusion that there is nothing very terrible the matter with her after all.

Many of the valuable gems in the collection of the Hohenzollerns are to be utilized in the construction of the new crowns recently designed by Emperor William for himself and the Empress. Both crowns are to be of gold, that of the Empress a little the smaller of the two.

Mr. Spurgeon was only 19 when he preached his first sermon. Even then his eloquence was remarkable, and within a few years he had gathered about him a large congregation. At that time he was a pale and slender stripling, with a noticeably large head. His rotundity of body came many years later.

William Cotter, Jr., of Hartford, Conn., must have a remarkable memory. He is a registrar of voters, and the Times says that of 12,000 names on the list he claims to be able to tell from memory the residence and politics of each one, and also in cases where a person has been absent in Europe, or staying in some other part of the country, to tell where he went and when.

Scurvy and typhus fever are raging in the wake of the famine in Russia. The Novosti says that famine prevails in thirteen different governments of the country and 14,000,000 persons are in urgent need of succor. The government is purchasing corn for the use of the famishing peasants. The government is also negotiating for the purchase of large quantities of breadstuffs in the United States.

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NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Annual Report of the Auditor of the Treasury for the Postoffice Department.

The report of Lieutenant Cowles upon the wreck of the United States steamer Despatch has been received at the Navy Department. It is merely a brief statement of the facts already well known, and contains no comment nor explanation whatever. It is customary in such cases for the officer to reserve his testimony for later use under oath.

In his annual report to the Secretary of the Interior Governor Prince of the Territory of New Mexico refers at length to the beneficial results which, he thinks, will accrue from a settlement of the disputed Spanish and Mexican land claims by the Court of Private Claims recently organized. The Governor insists from any point of view that New Mexico is entitled to Statehood.

The annual report of the Auditor of the Treasury for the Postoffice Department, showing the receipts and expenditures of the department for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1891, has been submitted to the Postmaster-General. It shows that the postal revenues during the year were \$65,931,785. The expenditures to September 30, 1891, were \$71,662,462, leaving an excess of expenditures over all revenues of \$5,730,677. The amount placed with the Treasurer to the credit of the department, consisting of grants from the general treasury in aid of postal revenue under the act of June 30, 1890, was \$2,200,000. The excess of the expenditures over the grants is \$3,530,677.

Chief Harrington of the weather bureau in the report of the operations of the bureau since its transfer to the Department of Agriculture—July 1 last—says the service has been reorganized with a view of carrying out the expressed intention of Congress to especially develop and extend its work in the interest of agriculture. Since July 1 new service has been organized in Arizona, California, Utah, Florida, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia and Wyoming. The most practical and the most highly complimented portion of the exclusive work of the State service is the issue of a weekly weather crop bulletin. On September 30 there were over 1,300 weather signal display stations in operation, an increase of about 100 per cent. in less than three months. There are now probably 2,200 voluntary observers in the United States, reporting to the weather bureau, and steps are being taken to cover every section of each State and Territory, so as to leave no section without stations from twenty to thirty miles apart.

EASTERN ITEMS.

Carter Harrison Buys the Chicago Times.

JOSIE MANSFIELD MARRIES.

The Manner in Which the Ballots in Ohio Are to Be Distinguished From Each Other.

St. Paul cars have letter boxes.

Carter Harrison is said to have bought the Chicago Times for \$400,000.

Anthracite coal has been discovered in the district of Alberta, Canada.

The Italian Consul in Boston is investigating the condition of Italians.

The public schools of Owatonna, Kan., have been closed for want of funds.

Chicago will erect a building in memory of Columbus at a cost of \$1,000,000.

The postmaster of Philadelphia has ordered his subordinates to stay away from the races.

The government is about to begin the work of preparing a hydrographic survey of the Great Lakes.

A Justice of New York has just decided that you need not pay for a meal at a restaurant unless you eat it.

The financial statement of the Pullman Palace Car Company shows a surplus for the past year of \$2,989,223.

A moonshiners' church in Alabama and a secret oath-bound moonshiners' club in Georgia are promoting lawlessness by wholesale.

In the 6,000,000 letters that reached the dead-letter office last year there was money amounting to \$28,642 and checks and notes of the value of \$1,471,871.

Four men were shot by the Mexican military authorities a few miles across the border from Rio Grande City, Tex. They were charged with being revolutionists.

J. and F. D. Mollenhauer will start a new sugar factory in Brooklyn, with a capacity of 1,200 barrels refined per day. It will open next July. It will be independent of the trust.

September statement of the Santa Railroad Company shows that the gross earnings of the system for the fourth week in September were the largest in the history of the company.

The validity of the new constitution of Kentucky is to be contested on the ground that the Constitutional Convention made numerous changes after the instrument was ratified by the people.

Josie Mansfield, whose relations with Jim Fisk and Ed Stokes brought her into public notoriety in New York twenty years ago, was married recently in London to Robert L. Reade, a New York lawyer.

A statement prepared at the pension office shows that the pensions issued during September numbered 27,644, on which the first payments aggregated \$4,072,476. The average first payment in each case was \$137.32.

M. R. Hanson, reputed to be a wealthy lumberman at Hanson, Wood county, Wis., is alleged to have signed the name of George Hiles, a Milwaukee millionaire, to \$50,000 worth of fraudulent paper. Hanson has disappeared.

There are thousands of dead fish along the shores of the Upper Mississippi. The river fell lower than for twenty years, leaving large numbers of fish in pools which gradually dried up, and the fish have since died on the bed of scorching sand.

The Bank of Columbia and the Columbia Banking Company of Columbia, Tenn., have assigned. The capital stock of the former is \$100,000 and that of the latter \$60,000. It is claimed that the creditors of both institutions will be paid in full.

On each ballot to be cast according to the provisions of the new election law in Ohio are to be these distinguishing devices that have been adopted by the parties: Republican, eagle; Democratic, rooster; Prohibition, rose; People's, plow and hammer.

The influx of Chinamen into the United States from Mexico continues, and it is only those who are unaware of the prohibitory law that are captured. Those who know they are breaking the laws generally evade the officers. Fifteen were arrested last week.

The Cramps will enlarge their plant for ship building on the Delaware river to eight times its present area. Seven launching ways are to be constructed, large enough to admit the building simultaneously of seven vessels of the size of the war ship Philadelphia.

One of the recent evidences of a growing interest in trade with the United States on the part of the countries to the southward is to be seen in the announcement that a permanent exposition of the products of Mexico and Central America is to be opened in New York.

James A. Bradshaw, engineer of the Eagle Lock Company works at Terryville, Conn., approached W. A. Hough, aged 17 years, and ordered him to go to another part of the shop on an errand. Bradshaw had no authority over the men, and the boy refused to obey. Bradshaw picked the boy up in his arms, and carrying him to a vat of vitriol in the room, dipped him in, head downward, before the other employes in the room could interfere. The boy's hair was all burned off, his scalp is raw, his face and neck were horribly burned, and both eyes were burned out. Bradshaw has disappeared.

EDUCATIONAL.

An Iowa Public School Gives a Holiday That the Children May Attend the Races.

Wellesley College opens this year with 700 students.

New York has turned away 10,000 school children that cannot be housed.

President Angell threatens to close the University of Michigan if gambling is not stopped.

The gain in population in the United States from 1850 to 1890 was 128 per cent, and in the school enrollment 195 per cent.

There are said to be over 23,000 Indians in the United States who can read English and over 10,000 who can read Indian languages.

Northwestern University at Evanston, Ill., has followed the example of Cornell and abolished the barbarous cane rush between the freshmen and sophomores.

The schoolmaster is going to be abroad in England more than ever. The London School Board is educating 20,806 more scholars now than they were three years ago.

The management of the public schools at Mason City, Ia., declared a recent Thursday afternoon a holiday in order that pupils might attend the races. The action has caused much comment.

The census statistics show the gain in population in the United States to be 24.86 per cent., while the enrollment of children in the public schools is 26.54 per cent. This is a healthful indication.

The Cornell school of law has enrolled Mrs. Mary Kennedy-Brown, a graduate of Wellesley and a young widow, as one of its students. She is the first lady whose name appears on the school list.

The endowment of the new Chicago University is now over \$2,000,000, and more than 600 students have already entered the first year's course, which will begin, it is expected, in the autumn of 1892.

Austria has not only a high school of agriculture, but fifteen intermediate and eighty-three primary agricultural schools besides nine chairs of agriculture in polytechnic establishments and agricultural experimental stations.

Prof. Harris, United States Commissioner of Education at Washington, in a letter to Assistant Postmaster Sturgeon of St. Louis, who had requested his views as to corporal punishment in schools, has replied that the fewer the cases of such punishment the better the schools are likely to be, and that enlightened sentiment is against the use of the rod.

Cornell University has opened with an attendance in excess of that in any preceding year. Up to date 1,370 students in all departments have registered, and a number are in attendance, especially post graduates, who have not yet registered. A noticeable feature is the increase of students in the courses in arts, philosophy and electrical and mechanical engineering.

A remarkable career in the teaching profession was brought to a close some two weeks since by the resignation of Miss Lucy D. Bliss from the principalship of the Plain Primary School, Stockbridge, Mass. Miss Bliss began teaching in town when 16 years old, and taught continuously, with the exception of one year, for about fifty-four years. Three generations in Stockbridge have begun their school life under the instructions of Miss Bliss.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Use of Chloride of Gold and Manganese Successful for the Cure of Consumption.

Governor Steele of Oklahoma has resigned.

George William Curtis says Tammany is an organization for plunder and without politics.

Edward F. Searles is to present to the town of Methuen, Mass., a fine statue of George Washington.

There is much excitement at Clifton Forge, Va., over the threatened uprising of the negroes, owing to the lynching of one of their number.

The noted telescope makers, Alvan G. and George B. Clarke of Cambridge, Mass., who made the lens for the Lick telescope, have dissolved partnership.

Mrs. Parnell proposes, if she recovers her health, to write a memoir of the great leader and relieve him from much of the blame cast upon him on her account.

The original site of the old Valley Forge, Washington's headquarters in the winter of 1777-8, has just been sold for \$10 per acre. The tract embraces fifty-one acres.

There is a rumor at Washington that Governor Steele of Oklahoma is to supersede Commissioner of Pensions Raum, who, it is asserted, has resigned, to take effect November 30.

The length of the twelve-inch gun for the Monterey is thirty-seven feet, and it is designed to propel an 800-pound projectile twelve miles, necessitating a powder charge of 600 pounds.

Prof. Totton in a military lecture at Yale remarked that the average age of the 110 men in the class was 21 years, and he added: "Upon graduation you will have before you about forty-eight years apiece."

The largest Sunday-school in the world is in Stockport, England. It began in 1804. It now contains 5,000 pupils and 440 teachers. It has registered during its existence 70,000 scholars and 3,500 teachers.

Government schools are to be established in San Salvador, where free education will be given to women to fit them for places in the government offices as postoffice clerks, printers, telegraph and telephone operators.

FOREIGN LANDS.

Pritchard Imitates John L. in Brutality.

SCURVY AND TYPHUS FEVER

Rage in the Wake of the Famine in Russia—The Czarina Gives an Immense Sum.

Berlin's debt is \$50,000,000.

Austria wants Germany to admit her hogs, too.

American cars will be used on an English road.

Government management has reduced railroad fares in Saxony.

Three thousand people in London have the influenza or is gripe.

A co-operative home for single women is to be started in Vienna.

The first consignment of American bacon has arrived in Berlin.

London theaters issue something like 50,000 free passes every year.

The sarcophagus of the Emperor Frederick has been placed in his tomb.

It is reported that Italy has decided to abolish the decree against American pork.

The German interior press is showing considerable hostility to the Chicago World's Fair.

The Czarina has given 20,000,000 roubles to the Russian famine sufferers from her private purse.

A unique present by the British war office to the Salvation Army was 30,000 worn-out helmets.

An English doctor at Simla, India, has succeeded in discovering, separating and neutralizing a special microbe of leprosy.

Russia is experimenting very extensively with the idea of using metal sleepers upon the railroads in that country.

The time limit of the Russian loan which is being taken up in France has been extended from October 31 to November 1.

It is estimated that no fewer than 70,000 girls are employed in the public houses and drinking bars of the United Kingdom.

There are said to be nine inmates of the Camberwell (England) workhouse who have reached ages varying from 103 to 108 years.

Ted Pritchard, the London pugilist, was last week sentenced to a month's imprisonment for a cowardly assault upon a barkeeper.

A new method of torture has been discovered by Siberian jailers, whereby prisoners are compelled to subsist on salt herring alone.

The endeavor to strengthen the triple alliance between Germany, Austria and Italy by commercial union is not progressing very favorably.

The fishing fleet of Yarmouth, England, have returned to port, and give fearful descriptions of the effects of the recent storms on the coast.

In Vienna the Prefect of Police has ordered an investigation of whether the long, sweeping skirts of ladies tend to spread contagious diseases.

A Judge in Glasgow has decided that the amount of copper used in tinned green peas was not dangerous, and that the process need not be stopped.

Until recently the Royal Palace at Berlin has been lighted only by candles. Emperor William has had gas put in, and is now arranging for electric lights.

The civil authorities of Leipzig, Germany, have struck a crushing blow at the sausage industry in that country by deciding that it is illegal to use dog meat in sausage.

The latest report from Turkestan indicates an abundant crop of cotton. The cotton grown there is from American seed, and the development within a few years has been wonderful.

The English Conservatives have been prematurely jubilant over having escaped the leadership of Goschen. Telegrams from Balfour deny that he had been offered the leadership.

Forty-three of the leaders of the revolution in Uruguay are in prison at Montevideo. Dr. Pantoleon Perez was shot while trying to escape from the barracks. Martial law prevails.

Peat fuel has been found very successful in Russia. It is produced by a patent process, and is cheaper than coal, has less weight and bulk, and contains scarcely any sulphur.

The Pope in a note to the powers says the recent Pantheon disorders were of extreme importance, and insists it is impossible for both the Italian government and papacy to remain in Rome.

An agrarian lawsuit in the Caucasus, in which the plaintiff is the Prince of Mingrelia, has so many people concerned with it, the witnesses amounting to 2,000, that the court is sitting in the open air.

The British and the Portuguese, having settled their quarrel in Malholland, are amicably working together to construct a railroad from the Indian Ocean to their adjoining possessions in the far interior.

Some estimates of the wonderful value of the fishing industry of Great Britain can be gained from the statement that the total catch of fish on the coasts of England and Wales in 1890 was 305,000 tons, exclusive of shell fish.

PORTLAND MARKET.

Produce, Fruit, Etc.

WHEAT—Valley, \$1.50@1.52½; Walls Walla, \$1.40@1.42½ per cental.

FLOUR—Standard, \$4.80; Walls Walla, \$4.60 per barrel.

OATS—New, 40¢@45¢ per bushel.

HAY—\$11@13 per ton.

MILKSTUFFS—Bran, \$18@19; shorts, \$20@21; ground barley, \$22.50@25; chop feed, \$20@22 per ton; feed barley, \$20 per ton; brewing barley, \$1.15 per cental.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 35¢@37½¢; fancy dairy, 3¢@32½¢; fair to good, 25¢@27½¢; common, 15¢@22½¢; Eastern, 25¢@31½¢ per pound.

CHEESE—Oregon, 12½¢; Eastern, 14¢@15¢ per pound.

EGGS—Oregon, 10¢; Eastern, 25¢@27½¢ per dozen.

POULTRY—Old chickens, \$4.50@5.00; young chickens, \$2.50@4.00; ducks, \$5.00@8.00; geese, \$9.00@10.00 per dozen; turkeys, 15¢ per pound.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, nominal, 75¢@81¢ per cental; cauliflower, \$1.25 per dozen; Onions, 75¢@81¢ per dozen; potatoes, 40¢@50¢ per sack; tomatoes, 40¢@50¢ per box; sweet potatoes, 1½¢@2¢ per pound; California celery, 75¢ per dozen bunches; fancy Oregon celery, 50¢ per dozen bunches.

FRUITS—Sicily lemons, \$8.50; California, \$5.50@6.50 per box; apples, 50¢@80¢ per box; bananas, \$3.00@3.50 a bunch; pineapples, \$4@6 per dozen; peaches, 50¢@75¢ per box; grapes, Tokay, \$1 per box; muscat and black, 75¢@90¢ per crate; pears, 55¢@85¢ per pound; quinces, \$1@1.25 per box; cranberries, \$10@11 per barrel; Oregon cranberries, \$9.50 per barrel; Smyrna figs, 20¢ per pound; citrons, 27¢ per pound.

NUTS—California walnuts, 11½¢@12½¢; hickory, 8½¢; Brazil, 10¢@11¢; almonds, 16¢@18¢; filberts, 13¢@14¢; pine nuts, 17¢@18¢; pecans, 17¢@18¢; cocoa nuts, 8¢; hazel, 8¢; peanuts, 8¢ per pound.

Staple Groceries.

HONEY—17½¢@18¢ per pound.

SALT—Liverpool, \$14.50, \$15.50@16.50; stock, \$11@12 per ton.

RICE—Japan, \$5.00; Island, \$5.75 per cental.

BEANS—Small white, 2½¢; pink, 2½¢; bayos, 3½¢; butter, 3½¢; limas, 3½¢ per pound.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, 20½¢@21¢; Rio, 21¢; Mocha, 30¢; Java, 25¢; Arabica's, 100-pound cases, 22½¢ per pound.

SUGAR—Golden C, 4½¢; extra C, 4½¢; white extra C, 4½¢; granulated, 5½¢; c to be crushed and powdered, 6¢; confectioners' A, 6½¢; maple sugar, 10¢ per pound.

SYRUP—Eastern, in barrels, 47¢@55¢; half-barrels, 50¢@58¢; in cases, 55¢@80¢ per gallon; \$2.25@2.50 per keg. California, in barrels, 30¢ per gallon; \$1.75 per keg.

DRIED FRUITS—Italian prunes, 8¢; Petite and German, 7¢ per pound; raisins, \$1.20@1.50 per box; plummer dried pears, 8¢@9¢; sun-dried and factory prunes, 9¢; evaporated peaches, 9¢@11¢; Smyrna figs, 20¢; California, figs, 7¢ per pound.

CANNED GOODS—Table fruits, \$1.65@1.80, 2½¢; peaches, \$1.80@2.00; Bartlett pears, \$1.80@1.90; plums, \$1.37¢@1.50; strawberries, \$2.25; cherries, \$2.25@2.40; blackberries, \$1.85@1.90; raspberries, \$2.40; pineapples, \$2.25@2.80; apricots, \$1.60@1.70. Pie fruit: Assorted, \$1.10@1.20; peaches, \$1.25; plums, \$1@1.10; blackberries, \$1.25 per dozen. Vegetables: Corn, \$1.25@1.65; tomatoes, \$1.00@3.00; sugar peas, \$1.00@1.15; string beans, 90¢@1.00 per dozen.

FISH—Salmon, 75¢@1.05; lobsters, \$2.30@3.50. Condensed milk: Eagle brand, \$8.10; Crown, \$7.00; Highland, \$6.50; Champion, \$5.50; Monroe, \$6.75 per case. Meats: Corned beef, \$2.00; chipped beef, \$2.15