

THE COLUMBIA REGISTER

VOL. I.

HOULTON, COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1905.

NO. 45.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

HAPPENINGS OF TWO CONTINENTS

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

A terrorist arsenal has been found in Moscow.

A Nevada mob has lynched a high-wayman.

Japan will ask a new war loan without foreign aid.

Provision has been made for instruction at West Point of jiu-jitsu.

Congress has agreed on a minister to Morocco at a salary of \$7,500 a year.

Mayor Williams, of Portland, is now the only living member of Grant's first cabinet.

The Missouri legislature has passed a law prohibiting all forms of book-making and pool-selling.

Six large buildings and a number of smaller ones in East Liverpool, Ohio, were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$500,000.

Ice gorges at East St. Louis have done much damage to property. The new \$250,000 government dike has been completely demolished.

Severe measures have been adopted to put down the revolt in Poland. In Warsaw the strikers are growing worse, and a coal famine is threatened.

The government is now investigating land frauds in Minnesota. One man has secured 16,000 acres by having others make application for him.

The senate will not increase the Columbia river appropriations.

Joseph W. J. Lee has been named for consul general at Panama.

The Panama canal commissioners have violated the law in buying supplies without advertisements public for bids.

George S. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, formerly secretary of the treasury, is dead.

Peasants are joining in the strike movement in Poland and are burning saloons.

The Russian officers who broke their parole have been ordered back to San Francisco.

The final settlement of the Klamath irrigation scheme has been postponed until April.

The Russian government has adopted strong measures to keep the railways in operation.

The Russian Third Pacific squadron has passed Cherbourg, France, on its way to the Far East.

Gorky, the priest strike leader, has been released and re-arrested, to be exiled from St. Petersburg.

Eleven persons were killed and more than 50 others injured, some probably fatally, by the collapse of a floor in a New York colored church.

Starvation threatens Fairbanks, Alaska.

Secretary Taft will speak at the Lewis and Clark fair.

Oil men of several states have united to fight the Standard Oil company.

Northwest senators have asked an increase in river and harbor appropriations.

Automobiles are to race from the Atlantic coast to Portland for the Lewis and Clark fair.

A big ice gorge has carried out a Union Pacific railroad bridge on Loup river, at Columbus, Nebraska.

St. Louis financiers are interesting capital for the construction of an electric road from St. Louis to Kansas City.

What is believed to have been Paul Jones' body has been found by the searchers in the old St. Louis cemetery, in Paris.

The secretary of state has received for presentation to President Roosevelt a large photograph of the empress dowager, of China.

The Japanese have captured a Russian position of importance after an awful battle. The losses of both sides will reach into the thousands, but it is believed the Japanese lost the most men.

It is believed that Judge Swayne will be acquitted.

John D. Long says the Monroe doctrine is carried too far.

The blockade of Vladivostok is now complete, but food is not scarce.

King Edward favors Irish liberty as a step to Anglo-American alliance.

DOINGS IN CONGRESS.

Wednesday, February 22.

Government ownership of railroads was discussed by the senate today in connection with the purchase of the Panama railroad, while the bill for the government of the canal zone was under consideration. Consideration of the bill was not completed when the senate adjourned.

A number of witnesses were examined in behalf of Judge Swayne in the impeachment proceedings against him.

After a brief but spirited debate the house today sent back to conference the army appropriation bill. All senate amendments were again disagreed to, excepting one appropriating \$95,000 for continuing the cable from Valdes to Seward, Alaska.

Thursday, February 23.

Without a dollar being added or subtracted the river and harbor appropriation bill passed the house today, after the session had run well into the evening. The total amount carried by the bill is \$17,234,657. It was impeded by the offering of amendments, but only those presented by the committee were adopted.

The last testimony in the interest of Judge Swayne in the impeachment against him was today presented to the senate.

The bill providing a form of government for the Panama canal zone was passed early in the day.

Friday, February 24.

The time of the senate today was divided between the Swayne impeachment trial and the motion of Beveridge to appoint conferees on the joint statehood bill. It is the expectation that a vote on the Swayne matter will be reached Monday. No agreement was reached in the appointment of statehood conferees.

A resolution was introduced in the house directing the attorney general to proceed against the armor plate trust. A number of pension bills from the senate were considered, altogether 125 being passed. Four hours was given to the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Saturday, February 25.

The house today divided its time between legislation and patriotic exercises. An hour and a half was spent in passing minor bills. The same period was devoted to the sundry appropriation bill, without reaching a conclusion. Legislation then gave way to speeches by several members honoring the memory of Houston and Austin; when the marble statues of each, given by the state of Texas, were accepted.

Some sharp criticisms of the president's policy towards Santo Domingo and in enlarging the navy was indulged in today by senators on both sides during the debate on the naval appropriation bill.

A vote on the Swayne impeachment case will be taken Monday.

Monday, February 27.

Charles Swayne, district judge of the Northern district of Florida, was today acquitted by the senate of all 12 articles of impeachment against him.

President Roosevelt's policy of building up a great navy came in for more criticism today in the senate when the naval appropriation bill was under consideration. The bill was passed, carrying appropriations of \$100,300,000.

The house agreed to the conference report on the army appropriation bill. The sundry civil appropriation bill was passed, carrying \$45,272,280.

Tuesday, February 28.

The senate spent almost the entire day discussing amendments to the Indian appropriation bill. It was agreed that no funds should be used for church schools. An amendment was adopted appropriating \$500,000 to carry into effect an agreement entered into with the Klamath Indians.

The house today considered the general deficiency appropriation bill, but reached no conclusion. The bill amending the homestead laws as to unappropriated and unreserved lands in South Dakota and Colorado so as to allow selection of 640 acres instead of 160 acres was also discussed. A number of minor bills were passed.

Warships Bombard Rebels.

Constantinople, Feb. 24.—Extremely alarming reports are current here concerning the situation at Batoum and Poti. It is alleged that some vessels of the Black sea squadron (Russian) have bombarded Poti. An English merchant who has just arrived here says he was obliged to flee from Batoum, where his life was menaced by strikers and his office destroyed. This merchant says the authorities of Batoum are powerless. The strikers are all Georgians, and are estimated to number 40,000.

Conference on Land Frauds.

Washington, Feb. 24.—District Attorney Heney took lunch with the president today by invitation. Secretary Hitchcock and Attorney General Moody were present. The object was to have a conference on the Oregon land fraud matters. The president later sent for W. J. Burns, who had worked up the evidence in these cases, thanked him and warmly congratulated him on his successful work.

AIMING AT MUKDEN

Japanese Strike Decisive Blow at Main Position.

OYAMA ORDERED TO ADVANCE

Must Act Before Snow Melts — May Attempt to Isolate Vladivostok at Same Time.

Tokio, Feb. 28.—Following the custom of the Japanese government, the officials at the war office refuse to discuss the present movements in Manchuria, but there is a general air of confidence among the higher officers, who are absolutely posted on the situation, which is believed to indicate that General Kuroki has again scored a complete success and that official announcement may be expected very soon.

Up to midnight Monday no particulars of the fighting had been given out, but it was stated that, so far as was known, only the right and center of Marshal Oyama's army had been engaged and that the conditions on the left are unchanged.

It is the general opinion among the best informed experts in the Japanese capital that the present movement, before it ends, will result in the capture of Mukden. It is known that orders have been sent to Field Marshal Oyama, telling him that the time is ripe for taking the Russian main position, as, if action is postponed much longer, the spring thaws with their resultant floods will be upon him and it will be impossible to do any fighting until the roads dry up.

There is, of course, a possibility that the present movement may have for its object, as well as the capture of Mukden, the isolation of Vladivostok. In view of the recent reports that the port was being blockaded by sea by a Japanese squadron of torpedo boats and protected cruisers, there can be little doubt that, if Kuroki crushes the Russian left, such troops as can be spared will be assigned to a special campaign against the Siberian stronghold.

FOR PHILIPPINE FREE TRADE

House Committee Reports in Favor of Curtis' Tariff Bill.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Chairman Paine, of the house ways and means committee, today filed a report favoring the passage of the Curtis bill providing for the free entry of products from the Philippine islands, except sugar and tobacco, on which 25 per cent of the Dingley tariff is to be collected. The report declares that the only logical result of our possession of the islands is free trade.

It has been definitely settled, it says, that we will retain the islands until their population is fitted for self-government, and he repeats Secretary Taft's suggestion that this will be at least one generation. Until the treaty stipulation between the United States and Spain shall expire in 1909, all tariff advantages given by the islands to the United States must be given to Spain, and for that reason reciprocal free trade is not feasible. The present bill, says the report, goes as far as is practicable under these conditions.

FOUR SENATORS EXPELLED.

Result of Bribery Investigation in the California Legislature.

Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 28.—Crowded galleries and lobbies this afternoon watched a dramatic scene when Senators Bunkers, French, Wright and Emmons were expelled from the state senate of California by a vote which contained no dissenting voice. Bunkers' case was first to be considered. Thirty-four brother senators supported the report of the investigating committee that he be put out. No one voted for him. He was not present.

The report of the committee recommending expulsion of all four was adopted by 35 votes to 0, the four accused senators and Senator Welch not voting. Expulsion ballots then followed separately.

Anti-Trust Law Sustained.

Washington, Feb. 28.—The supreme court of the United States has decided the case of the National Cotton Oil company vs. the state of Texas, involving the Texas anti-trust law. The state court found the company guilty under that law and held that it had forfeited its right to do business in the state. The case was appealed to the supreme court on constitutional grounds. That court, however, in its opinion today, held that the claim was untenable and sustained the verdict of the court below.

Anti-Salt Trust Measure Killed.

Topeka, Feb. 28.—A house concurrent resolution calling for an investigation of the salt trust was defeated by a vote of 57 to 19. It was necessary for the resolution to receive a two-thirds vote, or 69 votes.

RACES WITH FIRE.

Steamer Oregon will be Beached at Eureka if Possible.

Crescent City, Cal., March 1.—The steamer Oregon, with a burning cargo, left here today for Eureka, where she will be beached. The Oregon was accompanied from Crescent City by the steamer Del Norte, Captain Payne, and every effort will be made to reach Eureka.

The Oregon has a heavy list and is drawing about 20 feet of water. This will make it difficult to take her over the Humboldt bar. It is thought her cargo of general merchandise will be a total loss.

Fire broke out in the cargo of the steamer Oregon when the ship was north of Crescent City, on her voyage from San Francisco to Portland. There were 56 passengers on board the Oregon besides the crew.

Signals of distress were at once made, and these brought the collier Meteor promptly alongside.

The first thing considered by Captain Warner was the safety of his passengers, and all of the 56 were at once transferred to the Meteor. The Oregon was then turned back in her course and headed for Crescent City, where it was determined to beach her in the event of extreme necessity.

Nearing Crescent City, the steamer Del Norte was attracted by the signals of distress that were still flying. The Del Norte was at once headed toward the Oregon, and within a few minutes the passengers made another transfer, this time to the Del Norte.

Soon after this the burning steamer and the Del Norte shot out of Crescent City harbor, Captain Warner believing he could make Eureka in time to beach his vessel. Smoke was coming out of the Oregon in clouds, however, and it was deemed very doubtful by those who saw her that she would ever reach the more southerly port. Captain Warner and his crew were fighting the flames in heroic fashion.

DEATH GRIPS.

Battle Rages Along Entire Front of Two Great Armies.

St. Petersburg, March 1.—Last evening's news from Manchuria is of the most important nature, the Associated Press dispatches from Mukden, which were transmitted at noon of Tuesday, indicating that a general battle was beginning along the whole of the 100 miles of front occupied by the two armies. General Kuropatkin appears to have taken a leaf out of Field Marshal Oyama's book and replied to General Kuroki's attack on the Russian left by a counter attack on the Japanese left, in which General Kaulbars' initial success is better for the Russians than the success of General Gripenberg, the Russian vanguard being established in the outskirts of Sandiapu. At the same time General Kuropatkin delivered a blow against the Japanese center, seizing a railroad bridge across the Shakhe river. These reports, therefore, give a more hopeful aspect to the situation, as the Russian army, though driven out of Da pass, appears to have succeeded in stopping, at least for the moment, the further advance of the Japanese eastward and beaten off the attack on the center.

The effect of yesterday's developments on General Kuropatkin's reported intention to withdraw from the Shakhe is problematical. Retirement in the face of an enemy, which is extremely hazardous under any circumstances, are doubly dangerous when the armies are grappling in a general engagement; but, if General Kuroki succeeds in rolling up the Russian left much further, the perilous experiment may become necessary. The counter strokes on the right and center may possibly be intended to cover the withdrawal of trains and stores. If, however, General Kuropatkin is determined to stand and fight out the battle on the line-up he has held during the winter and if he should be able to administer a vigorous check to General Kuroki, he has scored a good position for his second move in the great game.

Are Between Two Terrors.

Vienna, March 1.—The authorities of the Austrian province of Bukovina, close to the Russian frontier, have ordered all the Russian refugees and deserters, totalling about 3,000 persons, to leave within six weeks. The reason for this action is that the Russians are underbidding the Austrians in the labor market at a time when many Austrians are out of work. It is also alleged that most of the Russians are suffering from trachoma. The majority of the Russians came to Bukovina during the last six months.

A Costly Shooting Scrape.

London, March 1.—The Reuter Telegram company states that the compensation for the North sea affair has been fixed at between £75,000 and £100,000.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

NO STATE FAIR THIS YEAR.

Attorney General Says State Funds Cannot be Used for Race Meet.

Salem.—"No state fair can be held in 1905," declares Attorney General Crawford, in answer to an inquiry from the state fair board. The legislature at its recent session passed an act authorizing and directing the state fair board to expend the annual appropriation of \$10,000 for improvements in 1905, and relieving the board from holding an exhibit in that year.

The fair board, however, was anxious to hold a fair this year and sought to find authority therefor in section 4138 of the code, making it the duty of the board to hold "an annual fair or exhibition," which section has not been repealed.

The attorney general holds that, although this section has not been repealed, expressly or by implication, the legislature has suspended the holding of the fair for one year. He also holds that the annual appropriation of \$10,000, together with the additional \$5,000 appropriated by the legislature, must be used for improvements at the fair grounds during the year 1905, and that any sum not so used will revert to the general fund. In conclusion Attorney General Crawford says there is nothing to prevent the board from holding a race meet in 1905, but none of the state appropriation can be used for that purpose.

SNOW COVERED WASCO FIELDS.

Only Damage to Wheat is Along the Columbia River.

The Dalles.—From reports farmers make, Wasco county has withstood the recent cold better than almost any other section of Eastern Oregon. During the cold weather snow covered all grain fields, with the exception of those in the extreme north part of the county; hence very little, if any, damage, was done fall grain in the principal wheat section of the county. Along the Columbia river the snow had melted before the freeze came, and in that section grain has been more or less injured, and reseeded will be necessary. On Tygh ridge and about Dufur, the most extensive grain growing section, the damage is nominal, and only isolated instances will be required. Where the snow has gone off since the freeze grain is of good color and thrifty, and bids fair to make an excellent crop.

New Grants Pass Iron Foundry.

Grants Pass.—Two carloads of machinery have arrived here for the new Grants Pass Iron and Steel works, the enterprise that has become a necessity by the rapid growth of the mines and the demand for mining machinery and castings. Local people are backing the enterprise, and it will be the largest foundry and machine shop in the state south of Portland. The huge planing machine, turning lathes and drill press, capable of handling the largest castings or shaftings, are among the consignment and are being unloaded. A five-ton and three-ton cupola will handle the casting for the foundry.

Contracts to Sell Wool.

Pendleton.—Kil Kenney, who resides southwest of here, has contracted his wool for this year to Zack Brown, the hide dealer of this city, receiving 13 cents a pound for the clip. The wool comes from the Sandy district, and, although the price seems small for this year's crop, it is an advance of 3 cents over last year and is a good figure. Mr. Kenney is one of the few of the county who have contracted, as the greater number of the sheepmen desire to hold, believing that the price will advance even more than it has.

Cougars Destroying Stock.

Cottage Grove.—Cougars are quite numerous in the hills west of this place. A few farmers have reported a combined loss of \$140 in the last few months and numerous goats and sheep have been disappearing for the past month. Several cougars have been killed this winter, and if there was a bounty for the killing this part of Lane would furnish its share of the beasts. Where a cougar turns his attention to goats, he often "gets away" with about two a day.

Almond Trees in Bloom.

Grants Pass.—Almond trees are in bloom in Grants Pass, the warm weather of the past month having brought them out several weeks earlier than usual. Peach trees are also ready to burst into bloom, and will be in full blossom within the next ten days. The bloom is very heavy on the almond trees, and if not nipped by late frosts, the crop of almonds from Southern Oregon will be good this season.

Will Open Seed House.

Pendleton.—S. H. Feghawn, the florist, has leased the Despain building on Alta street, formerly occupied by D. Kemler with a grocery store, and will open a seed room, handling also cut flowers and nursery stock.

GRAIN OUTLOOK GOOD.

No Damage Done by Cold in Grand Ronde and Acres Large.

La Grande.—Up to the present prospects for the largest grain crop ever raised east of the Blue mountains are most flattering in the Grand Ronde. The late cold spell did not do the slightest damage to any of the fall sown grain, which is looking excellent. Since the passing of the cold wave the Grand Ronde has been having ideal weather. Farmers in the valley are overhauling their agricultural implements with the intention of doing a greater amount of plowing than ever. Grubbed both in the Grand Ronde and Wallawa valleys is in excellent condition, owing to the abundant rainfall during the winter months; the acreage in 1905 will far exceed that of any previous year.

Not only in cereals, but also in sugar beet cultivation will the acreage be increased.

G. W. Buckman, one of the prosperous farmers in this valley, will plant 200 acres in beets. He will also put in 2,000 acres in wheat, and will do all his plowing by steam this season.

RICHER THAN FIRST REPORTED.

Strike in Bohemia Mine Improves on Further Development.

Cottage Grove.—The strike in the Crystal Consolidated mine in Bohemia, made over a month ago, of six feet of ore, partly free milling and partly base, has greatly improved since then. The drift has been extended some 25 feet and the ledge now shows seven feet of solid ore. The ore is high grade. Tests were made on the ore at the time of the strike and assayed \$54 per ton, carrying copper, lead and zinc.

One of the miners just arrived from there reports that the ore is now much better than it was given when the test was made. The company is getting everything ready to start its stampmill as soon as the weather will permit, probably April 1. The object of milling this ore is to reduce it to concentrates, which will probably be 4 to 1, and separate the copper, lead and zinc on their concentrators. The concentrates will then be shipped to smelters where that class of mineral is treated.

Another Independent Line.

Chemawa.—Poles have been set and wires strung for the Chemawa farmers' telephone line. A stock company has been formed and incorporated and the members of the association have done the construction work among themselves. An agreement has been entered into with the Pacific States telephone company on terms that will assure the subscribers of the system very reasonable rates. They now have about 30 phones on the system, which taps one of the best suburban districts of the capital city, and will mean an increase of business for several Salem firms.

New Telephone Line March 5.

Pendleton.—The change from the old style telephone system to the central energy system will be completed by the 5th of March, when the "cut over" will be made. Under present circumstances the old telephones may be used with the new board, which has been placed in position, but the new instruments will not work with the old board. The new instruments are a great improvement over the old ones in appearance, being much smaller. The battery box is dispensed with and the electricity generated at the central office.

To Enlarge Mill at Weston.

Weston.—J. J. Morton, of Weiser, Idaho, has purchased the flouring mill of Frank Blair, Sr., Mr. Morton is going to enlarge and remodel the mill, which, when completed, will have a capacity of 50 barrels a day. He will have it in shape to commence on the new crop. The power will be steam, with water when Pine creek affords a sufficient supply.

Grand Ronde Farm Sold.

La Grande.—John S. Killan has purchased a 240-acre farm west of Summerville from J. F. Westover, paying \$12,000, or \$52.20 per acre. It is considered one of the first-class farms in the Grand Ronde.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 85c; bluestem, 92c; valley, 87c per bushel.
Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.35@1.40; gray, \$1.40@1.45 per cental.
Hay—Timothy, \$14@16 per ton; clover, \$11@12; grain, \$11@12; cheat, \$12@13.
Eggs—Oregon ranch, 16¢@17¢ per dozen.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 27¢@32¢ c. Potatoes—Oregon fancy, 75¢@90c; common, 60¢@65c.
Apples—4 tier Baldwins, \$1.25@1.50; Spitzenbergs, \$1.75@2.
Hops—1904, 24¢@26c per pound.
Wool—Valley, 19¢@20c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 12¢@17c; mohair, 25¢@26c per pound for choice.