

THE COLUMBIA REGISTER

VOL. I.

HOULTON, COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1905.

NO. 38.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

In a Condensed Form for Our Busy Readers.

HAPPENINGS OF TWO CONTINENTS

A Resume of the Less Important but Not Less Interesting Events of the Past Week.

The National Livestock association is in session at Denver.

Mark Twain is much improved and will be able to be out shortly.

Japanese cruisers await the Russian fleet in the Indian ocean off Borneo.

Seven more vessels have arrived at the Suez canal on the way to join the Baltic squadron.

Sixteen degrees below zero has been recorded on the Great lakes and in the Mississippi valley.

Russia intends to be better prepared for a siege against Vladivostok than she was at Port Arthur.

While removing mines in Port Arthur harbor, one was accidentally discharged, killing 20 Japanese.

T. C. Powell, of Portland, has been appointed United States marshal at Nome, Alaska, by the president.

Russian troops are losing confidence in Kuropatkin. There is constant bickering among the officers at the Manchurian headquarters.

President Roosevelt will call an extra session of congress to revise the tariff and calls on congress to pass railroad rate law and navy appropriation bill.

Edward Wallace Hook is now governor of Kansas.

A great socialist conspiracy has been discovered in Russia.

Charles S. Deneen has been inaugurated governor of Illinois.

Witte is to succeed Mirsky as minister of the interior in Russia.

The president urges improvement of the army medical and ordnance service.

The oath of office has been administered to Governor Douglas, of Massachusetts.

Governor Peabody announces that he will contest the Colorado election and unseat Adams if possible.

General Stoessel says he was led to believe by Chinese spies that General Kuropatkin was marching south to relieve him. He knew nothing about the retreat from Liao Yang until after his surrender.

W. J. Bryan attended the inauguration of Governor Folk, of Missouri. On invitation he addressed the legislature and advocated municipal ownership of public institutions. He declared that if Roosevelt is in earnest in his desire to curb the power of railroads he will lead a strenuous life during the next four years.

Russia plans to spend \$200,000,000 on rebuilding her navy.

Missouri may appropriate \$200,000 to the Lewis and Clark fair.

The Colorado legislature has declared Adams elected governor, but Peabody may contest.

Committees of Atlantic steamship lines and railroads met to take steps against the rigid inspection of immigrants by the government, which, they say drives business from American to Canadian steamer lines.

Andrew Carnegie has intimated to the officials of the Franklin Institute, of New York, that if they can secure the Franklin fund, amounting to \$155,000, he will duplicate the amount, as he did in the case of Franklin union, of Boston.

All the railroads centering in Chicago will apply to the United States district court January 17 for a permanent injunction restraining all local brokers from dealing in any form of non-transferable transportation. The scalpers propose to appeal to the United States supreme court.

The beef trust case is before the supreme court.

Russian revolutionists predict an early outbreak.

Several severe engagements have occurred near Mukden.

Russia's Third Pacific squadron will be ready to sail February 14.

The movements of the Second Pacific Russian squadron are still undecided.

The Nebraska supreme court has declared the sugar bounty law unconstitutional.

One man was killed and half a dozen persons seriously injured in a rear-end collision in which three trains crashed together on an elevated road in New York.

DOINGS IN CONGRESS.

Wednesday, Jan. 4.

Upon reconvening today after the holiday recess, the senate plunged directly into the consideration of the bill for the admission of two states to be composed of Arizona and New Mexico and Oklahoma and Indian territory. Heyburn introduced a bill for the regulation of corporations, which was referred to the committee on judiciary. Senator Newlands introduced a joint resolution providing for a commission to frame and report to congress a national incorporation act for the construction and consolidation of railroads employed in interstate commerce. In the house Representative Mann introduced a bill to abolish the Isthmian canal commission and providing that the powers now invested in the president be extended until the end of the fifty-ninth congress.

Thursday, Jan. 5.

The joint statehood bill again occupied the major portion of the day in the senate. Senator Bard introduced two bills intended to clear away obstacles that threaten to interfere with the construction of the Klamath reserve irrigation project in Southern Oregon and Northern California. Senator Bailey submitted a proposed amendment to the constitution fixing the term of office of the president at six years and making him ineligible for re-election. The house committee on fortifications reported the fortifications bill, carrying \$6,747,893, which is \$770,299 less than appropriated last session. Representative Adams, of Pennsylvania, introduced a bill providing for the establishment in the District of Columbia of a whipping post for wife-beaters.

Friday, Jan. 6.

Arbitration treaties between the United States and seven foreign countries were made public today by order of the senate. The countries making the conventions are: Great Britain, Portugal, France, Switzerland, Germany, Italy and Spain. The nomination of W. B. Crum, a negro, to be collector of customs for the port of Charleston, S. C., was confirmed by the senate. The house passed the fortifications bill. Both houses adjourned until Monday.

Monday, January 9.

After the passage of the omnibus bill and a few minor measures and the fixing of January 25 for the delivery of addresses in memory of the late Senator Hoar, the senate devoted its time to the statehood bill. At 4:23 the senate adjourned. The house spent the day in discussing minor matters and at 4:23 adjourned until tomorrow.

Tuesday, January 10.

The senate today continued consideration of the joint statehood bill, the chief accomplishment being the acceptance of most of the amendments suggested by the committee on Indian affairs. Senator Cullom reported the legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill as amended by the senate committee on appropriations. The total carried is \$29,192,962, a net increase of \$434,772 over the amount appropriated by the bill as passed by the house. The session of the house was given over almost entirely to discussion of the bill on banking and currency "to improve currency conditions." The impeachment charges on which Judge Charles Swaine will be tried were presented just before adjournment and notice given that on Thursday they would be called up for action in the house.

NOTHING FOR RIVERS.

Small Chance of Congress Passing a Bill at This Session.

Washington, Jan. 7. — Members of congress interested in securing river and harbor appropriations are becoming uneasy over the repeated warnings of Speaker Cannon and other Republican leaders that the strictest economy must be observed from now until adjournment. While talk of this sort is always in evidence at the beginning of each session, there is more seriousness in the tones of the speaker and party leaders than usual, and the fear is spreading that they mean what they say.

Asks Fee of \$200,000.

Newark, N. J., Jan. 7.—A fee of \$200,000 for James Smith, Jr., for acting as receiver for the United States Shipbuilding company was asked of Judge Lanning in the United States District court here today. Counsel for the Sheldon reorganization committee opposed the application, and said that the sum demanded was exorbitant. He said all the money Mr. Smith handled in the receivership was not more than \$1,125,000. The credit for the reorganization of the company, he said, is due to the reorganization committee.

Another New Russian Loan.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 7.—Official announcement of the issue of a new loan is published here for the first time.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

LEGISLATURE MEETS.

Oregon Lawmakers Now in Session at Salem.

Salem, Jan. 10. — The senate was called to order by Brownell, of Clackamas, who was president of the senate at the session of 1903. He was made temporary president and a committee on credentials appointed. The senate then adjourned until 2 p. m. At the afternoon session the committee on credentials reported and the new members were sworn in. A motion that the senate proceed to elect a president was carried. Kuykendall, Miller and Carter were nominated. On the first ballot the vote stood Kuykendall 14, Carter 9, Miller 4, Pierce 1, blank 2. The vote remained practically the same for 39 ballots, when, at 4:30, the senate adjourned until 7:30. In the evening 16 ballots were taken with no change except as the Democrats shifted their votes from one to another. Adjournment was taken until 10 o'clock Tuesday morning.

The house is organized and ready for business. Mills, of Multnomah was elected speaker over Kay of Marion, the ballot standing 26 to 24.

Salem, Jan. 10. — Nine ballots were taken in the senate for president this morning without material change. At 11:30 adjournment was taken until 2 p. m. Negotiations were commenced by the opposing factions looking toward a final settlement, and at 3 o'clock adjournment was taken until 4 o'clock. At that time negotiations were not complete and a further recess was taken until 5. At that hour the senators took their seats and the first roll call gave Kuykendall the entire Republican vote, electing him. Adjournment was then taken and the Republicans went into caucus to select clerks.

The house was called to order by Chief Clerk Thompson, Speaker Mills being absent. Bailey of Multnomah was elected speaker pro tem. The usual resolutions for supplies of stamps, codes and inspection of state offices and institutions, for printing the calendar and for obtaining newspapers were offered.

Fifty bills were introduced and read the first time. They will be referred after Speaker Mills shall have announced the committees. Among the bills introduced were: To cede Klamath lake lands to the United States; to create Jefferson county from parts of Crook and Wasco counties; fixing salaries of state officers, and a large number amending town charters.

Help Pilot Rock Country.

Pendleton—"The farmers and people, with a few exceptions, are much pleased over the prospect of a railroad out through Pilot Rock," said Theodore Beeny, a farmer residing five miles from Pilot Rock. "Of course there are a few naysayers who can not be reconciled to the disappearance of the crude methods of 50 years ago, and wish the country to stand still. A few of the merchants oppose the road, saying trade will all go to Pendleton. Other towns on railroads live, and I can not see why our little town will not thrive as well as they."

New Phone Line in Field.

Silverton—An independent telephone company has been formed to connect Silverton with the adjoining towns. P. L. Brown is the company's local representative. The old company is working hard to keep the new one from getting a start, but more than 20 phones have already been subscribed for in Silverton. Many advantages are claimed by the new company, among which are large exchanges and free service between towns. The new company will be known as the Inter-urban Telephone company.

Will Buy a Fair Site.

Pendleton—The Pendleton Fair association was formally organized at a meeting of representative farmers and stockmen of the city and county. It has decided to purchase a tract of 50 acres located immediately south of the city, the price to be paid for the property being \$7,000. The directors are planning to build a half mile track and erect buildings to be used for the purpose of exhibiting the products of the county. It will be their plan to hold regular county fairs every fall.

Ask for Better Roads.

Engene—Farmers in the vicinity of Loraine have come here with a petition signed by almost everybody in that section of the county asking for extensive improvements on the public road between Loraine and Cottage Grove. They had a hearing before the county court and it is probable an appropriation will be made for the purpose.

New Courthouse for Tillamook.

Tillamook—The tax levy for Tillamook county was made by the county court, it being placed at 27 mills. The court decided to erect a new courthouse to take the place of the one burned down about 12 months ago.

MORE CONTROL OVER ROADS

Purpose of Law Proposed by Various County Courts of State.

Oregon City—"The Clackamas county court, through the legislative delegation from this county, will seek to have enacted at the present session of the legislature laws that will prove of material aid to the various county courts of the state in the building and repairing of roads," remarked County Judge Ryan. "I have great faith in the eminent domain theory which is being indorsed by the different counties of the state," continued the Clackamas county judge. "The enacting of such a law will give to the county court of each county the right to condemn property for the establishment of a new road, or the appropriation of additional property for the improvement of roads already established, the rights conferred being identical to those already enjoyed by railroad corporations." It is also the purpose of the Clackamas county court to have passed a law regulating the use of which all roads shall be placed in the matter of heavy traffic, and still another measure that will place some restrictions as to the use of automobiles on the public highways.

Soon Open for Entry.

Grants Pass—News has been received here that the timber land in Southern Oregon and Northern California which the department of forestry announced several weeks ago would be thrown open for entry, is to be advertised at once. At the expiration of 90 days from the time the advertising begins the lands will be ready for entry. The sections involved cover a large area of fine sugar and yellow pine timber in Josephine county and parts of the surrounding counties, as well as sections in Del Norte and Siskiyou counties, California. In a portion of the tract in Curry county is considerable redwood, the only redwood in Oregon, and the giant trees compare very favorably with the famous "big trees" of California. The tract is valuable, in the main, however, for the great amount of yellow and sugar pine that it contains.

Douglas Men Demand Good Roads.

Roseburg—A delegation of representatives from a majority of the road districts in Douglas county called upon the county court in a body and presented their petition and resolutions asking that the court take the necessary steps to provide this county with three sets of modern roadbuilding machinery, including that number of rock crushers, rollers, engines, etc. Enthusiastic good roads arguments were presented, and the matter was then taken under advisement by the court. It is believed, however, that the court will act favorably upon the matter and that a large amount of good road building will be done in this county this year.

Prizes for Fair Exhibits.

Oregon City — At a regular meeting the committee having in charge the exhibit from this county that is to be shown at the Lewis and Clark fair at Portland in 1905 adopted a schedule by which will be distributed to the producers of Clackamas county the sum of \$150 for the best samples of agricultural and other products of which the exhibit will be composed. Three prizes are offered for each sample, ranging from \$5 for the first prize to \$1 for the third. The contest is to conclude April 13.

To Freeze Rogue River Fish.

Astoria — The schooner Chetco has gone to Rogue river fitted with a cold storage plant of a capacity of 225 tons, to collect Chinook salmon for German shipment for delivery frozen. This is the first of a fleet being equipped by Captain E. B. Burns and a Seattle company, and the first time fish frozen on leaving water will be delivered fresh to European breakfast tables.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat — Walla Walla, 85c; bluestem, 88@90c; valley, 87c.
Oats — No. 1 white, \$1.32@1.35; gray, \$1.35@1.40 per cental.
Hay — Timothy, \$14@16 per ton; clover, \$11@12; grain, \$11@12; cheat, \$12@18.
Potatoes — Oregon fancy, 75@85c; common, 60@65c.
Apples — Baldwins, \$1.25; Spitzenbergs, \$1.75@2 per box.
Eggs — Oregon ranch, 27 1/2 @ 28 1/2 c.
Butter — Fancy creamery, 25@27 1/2 c.
Hops — Choice, 29@30c; prime, 27@28c per pound.
Wool — Valley, 19@20c; Eastern Oregon, 10@17c; mohair, 25@26c per pound.

EVENTS OF THE PAST YEAR

January.

1—All Chicago theaters closed, in consequence of Iroquois Theater holocaust of Dec. 30. ... Death of Gen. James Longstreet.
2—Congress reassembles and hears special message from President on Panama question. ... Fire destroys south wing of Iowa State capitol.
3—Thirty killed in Rock Island wreck near Topeka, Kan. ... Boiler explosion on British cruiser Waima.
4—Death of Gen. John B. Gordon. ... Steamer Clialam sinks in Straits of Juan de Fuca; 22 lives lost. ... Chinese Emperor ratifies treaty making Mukden and Antung open ports. ... Death of Hon. Chas. Foster of Ohio.
5—Death of Col. Chas. Denby of Indiana.
6—Death of ex-Governor Asa S. Bushnell of Ohio.
7—New government takes hold in Panama.
8—Death of George Francis Train.
9—Tornado in Moundville, Ala., kills 37 persons and injures over 100. ... Floods along Indiana and Ohio rivers.
10—Alessand, Norway, destroyed by fire.
11—One hundred and ninety miners asphyxiated in mine near Pittsburg. ... Verdict in Iroquois Theater fire case returned in Chicago. ... Mrs. Florence Maybrick returned from English prison.
12—Fifteen lives lost in mine accident in Victor, Colo. ... Conviction and suicide of Whitaker Wright, English promoter.

February.

1—Death of ex-Secretary of Navy William C. Whitney.
2—Russia and Japan break diplomatic relations.
3—Great conflagration in Baltimore.
4—Japan lands troops in Korea.
5—Japan wins naval victory over Russia at Port Arthur.
6—Japanese destroy two Russian ships at Chemulpo, and capture 2,000 Russian troops near that city. ... Russia and Japan declare war.
7—Six hundred Russian soldiers frozen to death on Lake Balkal. ... Death of Senator M. A. Hanna.
8—Japanese take four Russian torpedo boats off Port Arthur.
9—United States Canal treaty ratified by U. S. Senate.
10—Great fire in Rochester, N. Y.
11—Burning of Wisconsin Statehouse in Madison.

March.

1—Collapse of steel frame for 11-story hotel in New York; 14 people killed.
2—Japs bombard Port Arthur.
3—New York and Hudson River Tunnel opened under North River completed.
4—Five-hour naval battle off Port Arthur; Russians abandon the town.
5—United States Supreme Court hands down decision adverse to great Northern Securities Company merger.
6—Russian torpedo boat destroyer blown up off Port Arthur harbor.
7—Dan J. Keally, cotton king, suspends payment; panic on New York Cotton Exchange. ... Leonard Wood confirmed as Secretary of War.
8—Earthquake shocks felt in New England States. ... Tornado damages Higginsville, Mo.
9—Five destructives floods in States of Middle West.
10—Death of Sir Edwin Arnold. ... Five negroes lynched by mob at St. Charles, Ark.
11—Two more negroes lynched at St. Charles, Ark., making 13 lynched in one week. ... Tornado kills six persons near Carrollville, Mo.
12—Big strike of Iowa miners begins.

April.

1—Russians driven from Korea by Japanese advance.
2—President of Mormon Church issues order prohibiting polygamy.
3—British battleship Petropavlovsk sunk off Port Arthur; Admiral Makaroff and 700 others killed, famous painter, Verestchagin, among them.
4—Explosion on battleship Missouri kills 29 men.
5—Great fire in wholesale district of Toronto, Canada; loss, \$10,000,000. ... House annex Oklahoma and Arizona Statehood bill.
6—Death of Grace Greenwood, once popular writer.
7—Carr-barn bandits, Neidermeyer, Marx and Van Dine, executed in Chicago.
8—Japanese routed at mouth of Yalu River.
9—Ownership of Panama canal property transferred to United States.
10—Opening of Louisiana Purchase Exposition in St. Louis.

May.

1—Japanese rout Russians at end of five-day fight on the Yalu. ... Death of Antonia Dvorak, Bohemian musician. ... 100 lives lost by hurricane in Cochin, China.
2—Death of Edgar Fawcett. ... Japanese capture Newchwang.
3—Death of Marcus Jokat, Hungarian patriot and novelist. ... Death of Franz von Lenbach, Bavarian artist.
4—Japanese capture Dalny.
5—Death of Andrew McNally, Chicago publisher.
6—Death of Henry M. Stanley, African explorer.
7—Illinois Republican convention meets and deadlock develops.
8—Japanese battleship Hatsuse strikes Russian mine off Port Arthur and sinks with 441 men; cruiser Yoshino rammed by Kasaga and 210 of crew lost.
9—Japanese army driven back to Fungching with heavy loss.
10—Illinois Republican convention adjourns until May 31 with deadlock unbroken.
11—Explosion of fireworks factory in Findlay, O., kills several employees. ... Japanese lose 15,000 men in land attack on Port Arthur; Russian loss 3,000.
12—Ten miners asphyxiated in tunnel at Williamstown, Pa., in coal mine. ... Yazoo City, Miss., destroyed by fire with \$2,000,000 loss.
13—Bellers of towboat Fred Wilson blown up near Louisville, Ky., killing 13 persons. ... Russians defeated by Japanese in Tatum pass. ... Japanese capture Kinchon and drive heavy loss from Nanshan Hill; heavy loss of life on both sides. ... Russians burn, loot and abandon Port Dalny.
14—Death of Senator M. S. Quay of Pennsylvania.
15—45,000,000 fire in piers and shipping in Jersey City, N. J.

June.

1—Illinois Republican convention adjourns after 11-day session.
2—Fire in Corning distillery in Peoria, Ill., destroys 14 lives and \$1,000,000 worth of property.
3—Mob wrecks amphitheater in St. Louis, when daylight is stopped.
4—Fifteen nonunion miners killed by dynamite explosion at Independence, Mo.
5—Death of L. E. Leiter, Chicago multi-millionaire.
6—Death of Laurence Hutton, literary man.

Short Personal.

James W. A. MacDonald, New York's aged sculptor, has been an artist more than sixty years.
Stovan Zikitch, 117 years old, living at Nish, Serbia, was well acquainted with Lord Byron.
Although 85 years old, Mrs. Sarah McLaughlin of Lynn, Mass., does a good day's work binding shoes.

July.

1—End of strike of lake captives.
2—Burning of steamer General Sherman in East River, New York; 1,000 persons perished. ... Vladivostok squadron sinks two Japanese transports, destroying 1,000 lives.
3—Insurgent Derry in Chicago won by Highball.
4—Five thousand Russians killed and wounded at Hancheng.
5—Republican national convention opens in Chicago.
6—Roosevelt and Fairbanks nominated in Chicago.
7—Japanese defeat Russians in two-day fight at Dalin Hill.
8—Death of "Dan" Emmett, composer of "Dixie." ... Nine million acres of land thrown open to settlement in Nebraska.
9—Steamer Norge lost in North Atlantic Ocean; over 700 persons perished.

August.

1—Twenty persons killed in Washburn wreck at Litchfield, Ill.
2—People's party national convention nominates Watson and Tibbles.
3—Democratic national convention meets in Kansas. ... Heavy rains cause great floods in Kansas.
4—Democratic convention nominates Alton S. Parker for President.
5—Secretary G. Davis named for Vice President by Democratic convention. ... Marblehead, Ohio, wrecked by explosion. ... 17 killed and 50 injured in train wreck at Midvale, N. J.
6—Thirty thousand Japanese killed or wounded in attack on Port Arthur.
7—Strike of 50,000 packing house employees begins in Western cities. ... Death of Mayor S. M. (Golden Rule) Jones in Toledo, O. ... 300 lives lost in cloudburst and flood near Manila.
8—C. & E. excursion train wrecked at Glenwood, Ill.; 24 killed and 72 injured.
9—Death of Paul Kruger.
10—Sirius illuminant at Honolulu, S. D.
11—Russians evict Mrs. Newchwang after two-day's battle. ... Russians sink British steamship Knight Commander off sea.
12—England protests to Russia regarding sinking of steamship Knight Commander.
13—Drawing for Roosevelt reservation had begun in Chamberlain, S. D.

September.

1—Death of ex-Governor Robt. E. Pattison of Pennsylvania.
2—Illinois Central train robbed near Harvey, Ill. ... Death of Mrs. Nelson A. Miles.
3—British expedition enters Lhasa, the "Forbidden City."
4—Japanese attack Port Arthur.
5—Wreck on Rio Grande railway near Ploem, Col., causes 100 deaths.
6—Death of ex-Senator Geo. G. Vest of Missouri.
7—Former Premier Waldeck-Rousseau of France dies. ... Naval battle off Port Arthur.
8—Turkey yields to demands of United States in regard to American schools.
9—Russian Vladivostok squadron defeated by Japanese in Straits of Corama.
10—Mob burns two negroes at stake in Statesboro, Ga. ... Death of Hon. Perry Henshaw at Traverse City, Mich.
11—Tornado in North St. Louis. ... General attack on Port Arthur.
12—Tornado in St. Paul, Minn., Minneapolis and vicinity kills 16 persons and causes \$3,000,000 loss.
13—Russian cruiser Novik beached after two-day's fight. ... Russians win battle at Port Arthur.
14—Cable line to Alaska is completed.

October.

1—Japanese take Liao-Ying.
2—Big fire in Memphis, Tenn.
3—Tenement fire in New York ends 14 lives.
4—Stockyard strike in Chicago is ended.
5—Death of Rev. Geo. C. Lorimer.
6—Russian cruiser Liza arrives in port at San Francisco.
7—Death of Prince Herbert Bismarck.
8—Five million dollar wharf fire in Halifax, N. S.
9—Peter Kasargovitch crowned King of Serbia.
10—Sixty-two persons killed in train wreck near Knoxville, Tenn. ... Mt. Vesuvius in eruption.
11—Death of Lafayette Herrin, author.
12—Japanese capture Ta Pao.
13—Death of Senator George Frisbie Hoar of Massachusetts.

November.

1—Death of Sir William Vernon Harcourt.
2—Death of Frederic A. Bartholdi, famous French sculptor. ... Postmaster-General Henry C. Payne dies.
3—Robert J. Wynne appointed Postmaster-General. ... Missouri Pacific wreck near Warrensburg, Mo., kills 29 people.
4—Steamer Call sinks off Prince Edward's Island; 19 lives lost.
5—King George of Saxony dies. ... Fatigue in Swedish province of Gotenburg. ... Russians lose great battle near Yental.
6—Great battle south of Mukden.
7—Russians Baltic fleet fires upon English fishing boats and sinks two of them.
8—England demands reparation for sinking of fishing boats by Russian fleet.
9—Russia sends note apology to England.
10—Mrs. Rae Krause confesses murder of stepdaughter in Hastings City, Ind.
11—Ex-Governor Geo. K. Nash of Ohio drops dead. ... England and Russia agree to refer North Sea affair to arbitration court. ... Twenty-one miners killed by mine explosion in Terol, Col.

December.

1—Louisiana Purchase Exposition in St. Louis closes. ... Seventh inauguration of President Diaz of Mexico. ... Haley Gipe found guilty of manslaughter at Newcastle, Ind. ... Peter Nissen, inventor of a roller boat, dies in contrivance on Lake Michigan.
2—Death of Mrs. G. H. Gilbert, veteran actress.
3—Death of ex-Postmaster General James N. Tynes. ... Opening of last session of 58th Congress.
4—Japanese wipe out Russian fleet at Port Arthur.
5—Big fire in Minneapolis.
6—Death of ex-Senator George L. Shoup of Idaho. ... Congress adjourns for holiday recess.

Odd and Ends.

A plucky man refuses to stand and let others pluck him.
A society woman's idea of a foolish girl is one who wants to marry for love.
Don't blame the postman for failing to deliver a letter that was never written.