

Where Goldwater Stands—II

Many Goldwater Foreign Policy Views In Conflict With Administration

WASHINGTON (CQ) — Barry Goldwater believes that world government "is inevitable — if the world is going to continue to exist." But he doesn't expect to see it until "some time in the long, long future — maybe 500 years."

World government is "impossible now with all the nationalism that exists," Goldwater said. First, he said, "all the barriers of discrimination, all the barriers of religion, all the barriers of language, culture and custom" have to be overcome. "And this can't be done overnight," he added.

Before fuller international cooperation is practicable, the Arizona Senator believes the U. S. must achieve "total victory" in the struggle with the international Communist conspiracy that is determined "to capture the world and destroy the United States."

Goldwater's foreign policy views, many in direct conflict with current Kennedy Administration efforts to reduce tensions between East and West, may become a chief issue of the 1964 Presidential campaign if Goldwater is the GOP nominee.

A review of foreign policy statements in Goldwater's books, speeches and a CQ interview, from which his world government views were taken, revealed the following stands:

Negotiations. He believes that negotiations with the Communists are useless and dangerous. "Communists do not look upon negotiations, as we do, as an effort to reach an agreement. For them, negotiations are simply an instrument of political warfare. . . . The long and perfidious Communist record of breaking agreements and treaties proves that the

Soviet Union will not keep any agreement that is not to its advantage to keep." (1960)

Consistent with this view, Goldwater has opposed all summit conferences.

Disarmament. Goldwater thinks the concept of disarmament "is an effective weapon in the hands of the Communists and a danger to the freedom of mankind." He maintains that "nations do not arm for war, they arm to keep themselves from war." He thinks the U. S. should "announce in no uncertain terms that we are against disarmament. We are against

it because we need our armament — all of those we presently have, and more. . . . for the limited and for the unlimited war." (1962)

In 1961, Goldwater helped lead Senate floor opposition to the proposed U. S. Arms Control and Disarmament Agency. In 1963, he has been a chief opponent of the nuclear test ban agreement with the Soviet Union.

Diplomatic Ties. He believes the U. S. should sever diplomatic relations "with the perfidious Soviet government" and other Red nations. "I don't like

to lend dignity and respect to an outfit that says they're out to bury us." (1963)

United Nations. He would bar Red China from the United Nations and consider ending U. S. membership in the world organization. "The United Nations is in part a Communist organization. . . . I fear that our involvement in the UN may be leading to an unconstitutional surrender of American sovereignty." Goldwater wrote in 1960.

Goldwater's long-standing policy, recently reconfirmed, has been that the United States should not clear out of the UN

unless Red China is admitted. But in December 1961 Goldwater became so upset by United Nations action in The Congo's Katanga Province that he urged an immediate U. S. withdrawal from the UN.

Alliances. Goldwater has alternately written that "the powers embraced by NATO, SEATO and OAS can form a great dam against the running tide of Communism" (1962) and that "the alliance system, because it is completely defensive in nature and outlook," is "ultimately doomed to failure." (1960)

In his recent CQ interview (1963) Goldwater said: "My attitude on alliances is keep your hedges high. Always work with your allies, but also be careful to recognize that their primary concern is for their own country, and our primary concern should be for ours."

"NATO, I think, is something we have to strengthen, not weaken. . . . I favor giving NATO itself a more sure control over the use of what atomic weapons they need should they be attacked," Goldwater said. Concerning France's desire to develop her own nuclear force, Goldwater added: "I don't blame her a bit."

Berlin and Germany. Goldwater believes "we should never have allowed the Berlin wall to be built," but he has backed Eisenhower and Kennedy Administration policies of "firmness" on the Berlin question.

"Germany is a country we must keep as our ally this time. We've been in two scrapes with them and nearly lost both of them," Goldwater said last spring. "I wouldn't be afraid of an armed Germany again," he said, because "the only country in the world that Russia really fears is Germany — armed."

Cuba. Goldwater advocates a blockade of Cuba coupled with the training and equipping of Cuban exiles and the establishment of a Cuban government in exile.

Eastern Europe. Goldwater is a strong advocate of the earliest possible liberation of Eastern European Communist satellites. In 1960 he wrote:

"Assume we have developed nuclear weapons that can be used in land warfare, and that we have equipped our European divisions accordingly. Assume also a major uprising in Eastern Europe, such as occurred in Budapest in 1956. In such a situation, we ought to present the Kremlin with an ultimatum forbidding Soviet intervention and be prepared, if the ultimatum is rejected, to move a highly mobile task force equipped with appropriate nuclear weapons to the scene of the revolt. Our objective would be to confront the Soviet Union with superior force in the immediate vicinity of the uprising and compel a Soviet withdrawal."

Despite his "interventionist" foreign policy line, Goldwater has favored restricting the President's power in various Cold War fields. In 1953 he cosponsored the Bricker Amendment to the Constitution to limit the President's power to make treaties and executive agreements.

He has never voted for a foreign aid authorization or appropriations bill.

And while he classifies himself as a free trader, he has voted against every trade bill since he came to Congress and for most amendments to limit the President's tariff-cutting powers.

Program "Ill Conceived"

"Our present foreign aid program," Goldwater wrote in 1960, "is not only ill- administered, but ill-conceived. It has not, in the majority of cases, made the free world stronger; it has made America weaker." Goldwater feels that since the program is not authorized by the Constitution, it is unconstitutional.

"One of the most important things for Congress to do is to stop foreign economic aid," Goldwater said in 1960. But he recently told CQ: "This does not mean I would deny these countries help. Loans can be made. Technical assistance can be stepped up." And the Peace Corps "can be stepped up." In 1961 Goldwater had voted to slice Peace Corps funds from \$40 to \$25 million.

On trade, Goldwater declared in 1961: "We have got to protect our basic industries." In 1962 he voted against the Trade Expansion Act. But last month he said: "I believe in free trade. In fact, I am a staunch advocate of the Common Market concept. . . . The Common Market is going to hurt here and there, but it will help over-all."

(Copyright 1963, Congressional Quarterly Inc.)

Bids Are Called By BLM to Plant Pine Seedlings

Bids for the contract planting of 3,561,000 two-year-old Douglas fir and Ponderosa pine seedlings have been called for by the bureau of land management.

The seedlings will be planted on approximately 7,000 acres of land in 53 separate project areas of Oregon.

The bids will be opened at 2 p.m. Oct. 8, in the BLM field administrative office in Portland, room 720, 1002 NE Holladay st.

Contractors will be required to furnish tools, equipment, supervision, labor transportation, supplies, and perform all work incidental to the planting of the seedlings. The planting stock will be furnished by BLM.

Part of Program.

The tree seeding project is part of the bureau's annual reforestation program to plant various portions of the public domain.

The work is set aside for small business concerns only, and any contracts awarded for special projects in the schedule which may be partially or completely supported by appropriations from Accelerated Public Works Program funds will require at least 80 per cent performance by resident persons from the counties concerned. Josephine county in the Medford BLM district is included in the list. Others are Marion, Yamhill, Douglas and Coos counties.

Seedlings have been allotted for the planting in the following amounts: 940,000 for the Salem project; 879,000 for Medford; 887,000 for Roseburg, and 891,000 for Coos Bay.

Detailed information regarding the project may be obtained from the BLM in Portland (P. O. box 3861-97208) or from the BLM district offices where the planting is scheduled.

Grange News

Live Oak Grange
Live Oak Grange met recently at the Grange hall with Master Harold Van Hoy presiding.

Committee reports were given. Ray Frantz, agricultural chairman, reported that hay prices are still going up, and cattle prices are better than they had been.

Lloyd Beebe, legislative chairman, told of some of the 645 new laws that were passed by the last legislature. Cassie Golding, for HEC, invited all the Grange women to a HEC meeting.

Marge Dunham, for gardening, said it is now time to clean up corn patches and get rid of pests which might winter over. From now on is the time to plant peonies and bulbs for spring blooming. Soil should be worked up for about 10 inches, with aldrin worked in and bone-meal put in each hole and covered with about a half inch of soil before planting the bulb.

Cecil Kee of Shady Cove spoke about the advantages of Grange health and accident policies.

Van Hoy reported one load of wood had been delivered, and was to be split and piled in the basement.

Plans were made for Booster Night, Sept. 27, which will start with a potluck dinner. The Lecturer announced tentative plans for the program that night. All members are to invite guests for the program.

The lecturer's program featured a game, after which Grange was adjourned. Refreshments were served by Althea Whiteman and Marge Dunham.

Pomona Grange
The Roxy Ann Grange will put on the third and fourth degrees at the Grange hall Wednesday, Sept. 25, instead of Friday, Sept. 27.

Pomona officers will have two practice sessions at Central Point Grange hall, Sunday, Sept. 29, at 2:30 p.m. and Wednesday, Oct. 2, at 8 p.m. The 5th degree will be at the same hall on Saturday, Oct. 5, at 8 p.m.

Members are reminded that the sixth degree will be presented by the state Grange officers on Saturday, Oct. 12, at the Phoenix Grade School gym. Tickets for this event may be purchased at Roscoe Roberts Insurance office or from Mel Lattie, Pomona Master.

Mrs. Arnold Bohnert has tickets for the seventh degree and will be present at the fifth and sixth degree meetings, for those interested.

Reservations may be made for the Nov. 16 ride to Portland with subordinate Grange secretary.

Californian Pleads Innocent To Robbery
PORTLAND (UPI) — Donald J. Nichols, 42, South Gate, Calif., pleaded innocent in Federal court Wednesday to a charge of participating in a \$6,280 bank robbery at Gervais on July 11, 1962.

His case was set for trial the week of Nov. 4.

Two other men have been sentenced to seven-year prison terms for their part in the hold-up.



U.S. Choice or Swift's Premium
Chuck Steak
lb. **59¢**

U.S. Choice or Swift's Premium
Rump Roast
lb. **79¢**

Tasty Jumbo
Bologna
Sliced lb. 49¢
By the piece lb. **39¢**

Save on
Mild Cheese
lb. **59¢**

Swift's Premium
HAM

Swift's Premium tender and lean smoked hams with a wonderful flavor that is certain to please your family.

SHANK HAM
45¢ lb.
Swift's Premium
UPPER HAMS lb. **49¢**



SPAM
Luncheon Meat
12 Oz. Tin. Regular 53¢
37¢

- U.S. CHOICE OR SWIFT'S PREMIUM FULL CUT **Beef Round Steak** lb. **89¢**
- U.S. CHOICE OR SWIFT'S PREMIUM BONELESS **Top Round Steak** lb. **99¢**
- U.S. CHOICE OR SWIFT'S PREMIUM **T-Bone Steak** lb. **\$1.19**
- U.S. CHOICE OR SWIFT'S PREMIUM BONELESS **Top Sirloin Steak** lb. **\$1.39**
- U.S. CHOICE OR SWIFT'S PREMIUM **Blade Pot Roast** lb. **59¢**
- U.S. CHOICE OR SWIFT'S PREMIUM **Arm Cut Roast** lb. **69¢**
- U.S. CHOICE OR SWIFT'S PREMIUM **Boneless Chuck Roast** lb. **79¢**
- U.S. CHOICE OR SWIFT'S PREMIUM **Boneless Beef Cubes** lb. **79¢**
- U.S. CHOICE OR SWIFT'S PREMIUM **Sirloin Tip Roast** lb. **89¢**
- SWIFT'S PREMIUM **Skinless Franks** 1 lb. pkg. **55¢**
- FROM MOUNTAIN STREAMS **Rainbow Trout** pkg. of 3 **69¢**
- OCEAN-FRESH **Fillet of Sole** lb. **59¢**

ROYAL
Gelatin or Puddings
3 OZ. PKG.
3 PKGS 23¢

KING SIZE
TIDE
REGULAR \$1.19—SAVE 30¢
89¢

KING SIZE
NESTLE'S CANDY BARS
Regular 39¢
29¢

HALEY'S
PORK AND BEANS
No. 2 1/2 Tin
5 Tins \$1.00

NALLEY'S
BEEF STEW
15 oz. Tin—Regular 45¢
3 Tins \$1.00

BRENTWOOD
Ice Cream
OR CARNATION CARNIVAL ICE MILK
1/2 Gallon **49¢**

CARNATION BUTTER
1 lb. Pkg.
49¢

PLYMOUTH
PEANUT BUTTER
Giant 44 Oz. Jar
99¢

Piggly Wiggly
Save as You Spend With S&H GREEN STAMPS

Prices Effective September 26, Thru Sunday, September 29—Limit Rights Reserved
Stewart at King Air-Conditioned