

POCKET REVOLT CRUSHED IN BRAZIL



SCHOOL INTEGRATED — Students watch as they registered for the fall session. Three Negroes who integrated the University of South Carolina leave the administration building. From left, they are Robert G. Anderson Jr., Henri Montiel and James Solomon Jr. (UPI)

Tito, Kennedy Schedule Meeting In Washington

Session Viewed As Important

WASHINGTON (UPI)—The White House announced today that Yugoslav President Tito will meet here with President Kennedy Oct. 17 for a "whole exchange of views."

It will be Tito's first visit to Washington and his second meeting with Kennedy. The President, then a senator, saw Tito briefly as a member of a Senate group which visited Yugoslavia several years ago.

Although the get-together was described as "informal," administration officials viewed the meeting as important because it will give Kennedy a chance to gain first hand impressions of the Yugoslav leader. Tito, although a Communist, plays a significant role within the neutral bloc in most East-West issues.

To Tour Americas
Tito will visit Washington following a Latin American tour. It will be his only trip to the Western Hemisphere except for a visit to the United Nations in 1960, when he met with then President Dwight D. Eisenhower. Recently, Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev went to Yugoslavia as Tito's guest.

Tito has influential views on East-West issues ranging from Berlin, disarmament, nuclear testing, how the West should deal with the Russians. He advocates that the major powers spend less on arms and more on aid to underdeveloped countries. It is expected that all of these subjects will be discussed by Kennedy and his visitor.

The Kennedy administration also hopes to give Tito an insight into U. S. policy and better acquaint him with members of Congress.

Georgia Hubbard Leaves For Miami

Miss Georgia Rea Hubbard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Will Hubbard, Eagle Point, runner-up in the Oregon Dairy Princess contest, left this morning for Portland en route to the national competition at Miami, Fla.

Miss Hubbard represented Jackson and Josephine counties in the state competition in June. She is representing Oregon in the national contest because the first place winner, Miss Linda Olson, Coos county, will tour Oregon and then attend the National Dairy convention in Philadelphia next year instead of attending the national competition.

The reason the two girls are receiving equal recognition is due to a change in date, starting in 1964, for the national competition. Both received the same gifts, wardrobe and charm course.

From Medford Miss Hubbard flew to Portland where she met her chaperone and will review details of her trip. The national contest is Saturday and Sunday.

Saturday Is Last Day To Register

Residents who are not registered to vote must do so prior to 8 p.m. Saturday, Sept. 14, to be eligible to vote in the Oct. 15 special election. County Clerk Marvin Madden reminded residents today.

If a person voted in the last election and since that time has not moved or changed their name, they need not re-register. Madden explained.

Oct. 15 will be a legal holiday in Oregon since state statute declares any day during which a state wide election is held is a holiday. The county courthouse will be closed that day.

Ashland Man Found Beaten Along Tracks

Benjamin Amos Verbruyck, 55, Ashland, was reported in good condition today after he was found severely beaten near the Southern Pacific railroad tracks Tuesday afternoon.

Medford police said Verbruyck told them the name of his assailant. Verbruyck's arm was fractured and he was suffering from cuts on his head when he was found about 5:14 p.m.

Verbruyck, who was taken to Rogue Valley hospital, was found lying on a loading dock near the railroad tracks between Eighth and Ninth sts.

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Khrushchev Ends First Decade As Top Figure on Kremlin Roost

MOSCOW (UPI)—Ten years ago today a former coal miner of peasant origin was elected to the most powerful job in the Communist world.

The man was Nikita S. Khrushchev and the job was first secretary of the Central Committee of the Soviet Communist party, which rules the Soviet Union.

Khrushchev, now 69, has been at the top of the Kremlin roost ever since, and is likely to stay there as long as he wishes. As he solidified his position during the decade, he added the premiership to his post of party chief.

The Kremlin boss is having his troubles with Communist China, farm deficiencies at

home, soaring defense and space costs, and unrest among the country's intellectuals, but he apparently is unworried about his position after 10 years.

Wednesday he left Moscow to resume the Black Sea vacation he interrupted by his recent 15-day visit to Yugoslavia.

Two weeks ago in Yugoslavia Khrushchev donned a miner's uniform at the coal town of Velenje and told his hosts: "I am sure the doctors won't let me go down the mine again but I will continue to serve in the post I now hold through the will of the party and people."

This was his way of telling the world that he intends to stay on the job for the rest of his life and scotch earlier rumors of his impending resignation or dismissal.

Actually, Khrushchev became party chief about two weeks after Josef Stalin's death in March, 1953, when the late dictator's triumvirate of successors, Georgi Malenkov, Vyacheslav Molotov and Lavrenti Beria, apparently not trusting one another, decided to give the post to a relatively "harmless outsider."

The formal title of first secretary was conferred on him by a plenary session of the

Central Committee on Sept. 12.

Stalin's immediate successors had overlooked Khrushchev's extraordinary drive and political genius.

By midsummer of 1953, Beria, the police chief, was arrested and later executed as a spy.

A year later, Malenkov was ousted from the premiership. By June, 1957, he and Molotov, with half a dozen other old-guard Stalinists, were expelled from the Central Committee and discredited.

Khrushchev added the premiership in 1958 and for practical purposes became "the ruler of all the Russians."

Rebels Continue To Hold Airport, Marine Barracks

President Rushing From Vacation

BRASILIA, Brazil (UPI)—Army tanks and paratroops quickly broke the back of a pocket revolt of enlisted men of three military services today but rebels still held a barracks and the airport 10 hours after the uprising flared.

One rebel marine was killed, two were wounded and more than 200 captured in early fighting. President Joao Goulart, vacationing at Porto Alegre, in the south, was reported rushing back to Brasilia.

Ruling Sparks Uprising
Navy, air force and army sergeants led by a man identified only as Sgt. Preston sparked the uprising before dawn after a Supreme Court ruled that enlisted men cannot hold legislative seats.

Loyal troops recaptured the Navy Ministry and mopped up scattered resistance at Brasilia's only airport. Then they moved against the last rebel stronghold at the marine corps barracks.

At noon the rebels still held 30 air force officers as prisoners at the airport.

They also held a Supreme Court justice who tried to get them to lay down their arms. The president pro tem of the chamber of deputies, Clovis Motta, who also sought to mediate, was released by the rebels after an hour and a half of captivity.

Paratroopers Jump
Motta said an estimated 650 navy and air force enlisted men were in the revolt. Some army men also were reported involved.

Paratroopers flown into Brasilia from Rio de Janeiro jumped into the middle of the city square near the presidential palace at the height of the revolt to reinforce army troops and guard government buildings.

Army troops meanwhile shot it out with rebels in the esplanade on the other side of the square.

18 New Fires Reported in State

By United Press International
Eighteen new fires were reported on state-protected land in Oregon Wednesday, the largest of them 20 acres.

The U.S. Forest Service said there were 30 small fires on National Forest land, scattered throughout Oregon and Washington. They covered a total of 43 acres and all but two were lightning-caused.

The 20-acre blaze on state land burned 10 miles west of Monument.

Fourteen of the state fires were lightning-caused. Coos County reported four man-caused blazes, one of which was said to have been started by a hunter.

Bjornsen Completes Detection Course

Jackson county sheriff's department detective Bjorne A. Bjornsen has received a diploma from the Institute of Applied Science, Chicago, Ill., for successfully completing a scientific crime detection correspondence course, according to Sheriff De Armond Leigh.

The 1½-year course included studies in fingerprinting, police investigation, modus operandi, identification of handwriting and typewriting.

Bjornsen, who has been a detective with the department for the past year, has been with the sheriff's department for four years.

Students' Trip To Cuba Said To Break Travel Ban

WASHINGTON (UPI)—An undercover agent who accompanied American students on an illegal trip to Cuba said today the real purpose of the visit was to "break the U. S. travel ban" and not to see the Communist country for themselves.

Barry Hoffman, 26-year-old volunteer observer for the FBI and the CIA, characterized many of the students as "pro-Communist oriented. Most of them, he said, already had made up their minds about Cuba before they left the United States on June 25.

First Hand View
The advertised purpose of the trip was to allow American students to see Cuba first hand, rather than rely on U.S. government and American press reports.

Hoffman, a Brookline, Mass., real estate agent, was the first witness before a hearing conducted by the House Committee on Un-American Activities. He said he went along with the students to observe their activities.

In his testimony, Hoffman said some of the students "cheered" when a film they were watching showed a U. S. plane being shot down in South Viet Nam.

"These are not ordinary students," Hoffman said.

Met Castro Once
He said the entire group met Cuban Premier Fidel Castro only once.

Hoffman said about a dozen of the students were members of the Progressive Labor Movement and made no secret of the fact.

Committee counsel Alfred M. Nittle described the organization as a "Communist splinter group" formed in 1962 by "neo-Trotskyites."

Multnomah DA Office Hires Negro Deputy

PORTLAND (UPI)—The first Negro deputy district attorney in Multnomah county's history will begin work Friday.

He is John Toran Jr., 31, a graduate of Northwestern College of Law in Portland. Toran's appointment was announced by Dist. Atty. George Van Hoomissen Wednesday.

Toran is a 1959 graduate of the University of Oregon.



BUDDHISTS SHAVED—Malayan Senator Chea Song Khim, Malayan Buddhist leader, has his head shaved by a temple priest in Penang, North Sarawak, as a silent protest against suffering of South Vietnamese Buddhists. Another staunch Buddhist, Teh Geok Yie, retired chief clerk, awaits his turn. Chea said he plans to remain hairless until the present religious crisis in South Viet Nam is over. (UPI)

Mme. Nhu Would Go To America To Dispel Tales

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia (UPI)—South Viet Nam's Mme. Ngo Dinh Nhu, who accused President Kennedy of appeasement, said today a visit to the United States for her may be like entering a "cage of lions."

The petite sister-in-law of South Vietnamese President Ngo Dinh Diem told newsmen she wants to go to America to counter all the "horrible things being said about me in the press."

She said the "great majority of Americans are good," but she added they must be told of the "plot" against her family's regime in Viet Nam and its handling of Buddhist and student opposition.

"But it may be as my brother cabled when he heard I may go to America — don't send her into the cage of lions," she said. Mme. Nhu took the spotlight at the opening of the 52nd annual conference of the Inter-parliamentary Union. She heads her government's delegation.

Talking to newsmen Wednesday night she accused President Kennedy of appeasement in connection with the trouble in South Viet Nam and said he was misinformed.

This morning, she flared in obvious anger when talking of reports that Washington had sought her husband's removal from power.

"This has been going on for two weeks," she said. "It is a terrible thing for America's reputation. I know I could never go to a foreign country and ask a foreigner to get out of his country."

She said removal of her husband from his position was desired in order to get him and her out of South Viet Nam.

"Why?" she asked. "Why do they want me out? It is my country. There is no reason to wish us out of it."

"It would please some people if I did get out. But I cannot do everything to please everybody just because I'm a nice girl."

Security Periled, Goldwater Says

WASHINGTON (UPI)—Sen. Barry Goldwater (R-Ariz.) said today his Cuban reservation to the nuclear test ban treaty is "pertinent" — not partisan — and would not require renegotiation of the pact with Russia.

But he told the Senate in a prepared speech that the treaty would not be "one ounce more acceptable to me" even if the Senate accepted his reservation. He said the pact imperils U.S. security "over all the world."

Goldwater, currently favored in public opinion polls for the 1964 GOP presidential nomination, complained that any changes in the treaty are being ruled out and "all that is wanted is consent."

Housing Project Being Planned at West Salem

SALEM (UPI)—A 19-acre tract near West Salem is to be developed into a \$2 million housing project, William Phillips, general manager of Royal Terraces, said today.

EUGENE (UPI)—Sen. Ed Fudeley (D-Eugene) charged today that major auto manufacturers were trying to exact "an excessive profit" from the installation of seat belts in new cars.

France Approves Belt-Tightening Austerity Plan

PARIS (UPI)—President Charles de Gaulle's government approved today a sweeping austerity program expected to result in severe belt-tightening for the average Frenchman.

The plan was adopted at a cabinet meeting at the Elysee Palace presided over by De Gaulle. Reports said the president told his ministers economic stability was essential to his strong foreign policy and a must for the completion of the independent nuclear force he has started to build.

Officials described De Gaulle's program as the most severe since the president took office five years ago.

The President hoped to curtail soaring prices and wages that government figures indicate have skyrocketed the cost of living 8 to 10 per cent a year.

The action was designed to save France from a threatened burst of inflation that could wreck the "hard" franc instituted five years ago and knock the props out from under the country's prosperity. De Gaulle deflated the franc 17 per cent in 1958.

Davidson Submits Demo Resignation

PORTLAND (UPI)—Oregon Democratic National Committeeman C. Girard Davidson has submitted his resignation to Democratic National Chairman John Bailey, it was announced today.

Davidson, who has extensive lumber interests in Alaska, has been commuting between his Portland law office and his Alaska headquarters at Wrangell for the past several months.

In his letter to Bailey, Davidson said his Alaska interests "will continue to receive most of my time as well as require extended absences from Oregon."

Davidson has been a national committeeman from Oregon since 1958. He said he planned to attend the Western States Democratic Conference in Salt Lake City Sept. 19-21. He represents the 13 Western states on the national committee's executive committee.

Davidson's successor as committeeman from Oregon will be picked by the Democratic State Central Committee and will serve through the 1964 national convention. The committee has not yet set a date to act.

Cuts in School Fund Said Not Idle Threats

Editor's note: Predicted major cutbacks in the state's education program in case of defeat of the legislature's \$60 million tax increase measure at the Oct. 15 election are not threats. They are warnings. This is the third of a five-part series.

SALEM (UPI)—To understand the threat to Oregon's education program if voters reject the legislature's tax increase bill at the Oct. 15 election, you

have to know something about the state's budget.

The state's total budget for 1963-65 totals more than \$1.2 billion. Of this, \$404 million is in the general fund.

The other \$800-plus million is made up of dedicated funds, such as gasoline tax revenue which goes for highways, or federal matching funds for welfare, or the total federal support of the department of employment.

It's that \$404 million in the general fund that's at issue. That's the money the legislature or the governor can control.

More than half that \$404 million goes to education. More than one-third of it goes to basic school support alone. Basic school support is money the state gives to local school districts.

Threat Not Intended
The governor, legislators and education officials aren't trying to threaten anyone when they warn a defeat of the tax bill will have a major effect on education.

Here's where that \$404 million goes: \$234 million for education, \$16 million for new buildings, \$50 million for welfare and social services, \$36 million for public health and mental hospitals, \$27 million for public safety, \$11 million for natural resources, and \$30 million for all other operations.

One way to shave \$60 million from this general fund budget is to cancel the \$16 million building program, and make an across-the-board 11 per cent cut in all other expenditures.

Because education totals \$234 million — \$141 million of it the basic school support money — this will be the hardest hit of any of the state programs.

Other Cuts Destructive
It wouldn't be possible to make the full \$60 million cut in the \$170 million that does not go to education without destroying other programs.

This is why state and education officials shouldn't be accused of trying to use education as a "threat." If the cuts become necessary, education will be hard hit simply because it accounts for so much of the budget.

Higher education has already announced what it might do if the tax measure fails. Entrance requirements will be raised to freeze enrollments at their present level. This would mean about 3,000 Oregon youths would not be able to enter college next year. Most of the building program would be postponed, and tuition fees would be raised.

Lower education's problem is much more complicated.

Next: The Property Tax Increase.

NEWS BRIEFS

- VIET NAM TROOPS BLOCK DEMONSTRATIONS**
SAIGON, South Viet Nam (UPI)—Heavily armed troops and police today blocked anti-government demonstrations by more than 1,500 high school and college students and arrested several of their leaders.
- DIRKSEN'S SUPPORT MAY DRAW VOTES**
WASHINGTON (UPI)—Senate GOP Leader Everett M. Dirksen's all-out support of the nuclear test ban treaty today strengthened prospects that fewer Republicans than Democrats would vote against it.
- KENNEDY TO OBSERVE 10TH ANNIVERSARY**
WASHINGTON (UPI)—President Kennedy, after a busy day at the office, planned to speed by jet to Newport, R.I., today to be with his wife for their 10th wedding anniversary.
- PROVISION OPENS UNIONS TO NEGROES**
WASHINGTON (UPI)—The Senate Commerce Committee today wrote a provision into President Kennedy's civil rights bill to open membership in labor unions to Negroes.