

### STAR GAZER\*\*

By CLAY R. POLLAN

Your Daily Activity Guide According to the Stars

To develop message for Friday, read words corresponding to numbers of your Zodiac birth sign.

ARIES 21	1 Don't	31 Get	61 Friends
APR 20	2 Good	32 Even	62 Social
19-21-28-30	3 You	33 Lively	63 Peace
64-72-85-90	4 Your	34 Are	64 Will
MAY 21	5 Can	35 Open	65 Dishes
1-7-10-43	6 Planets	36 Care	66 You
69-71-83-90	7 Change	37 Favorable	67 Added
JUNE 21	8 Be	38 Special	68 Success
1-4-6-34-37	9 Friends	39 Up	69 Middle
44-46-57	10 Horses	40 Interested	70 Rejuvenated
JULY 21	11 And	41 And	71 Ch
1-12-15-22	12 Relatives	42 Wine	72 Sing
58-63-74	13 Influential	43 In	73 Favor
AUG 21	14 Someone's	44 For	74 Opportunity
1-14-18-24-29	15 Partners	45 Excite	75 Promising
55-56	16 Wine	46 Money	76 Out
SEPT. 21	17 Are	47 For	77 Of
1-31-48-59-65	18 Out	48 Necessary	78 And
76-77-84-89	19 People	49 Payments	79 Your
OCT. 21	20 Cut	50 Events	80 You
1-11-14-17-20	21 And	51 Fire	81 Necessary
54-55-62	22 Dine	52 In	82 New
NOV. 21	23 A	53 Brand	83 The
1-14-18-24-29	24 Traffic	54 Way	84 Well
55-56	25 Out	55 Tell	85 You
DECEMBER 21	26 Keep	56 Lively	86 Vile
1-7-10-43	27 Big	57 Progress	87 Well
69-71-83-90	28 Them	58 New	88 Happiness
JAN. 21	29 News	59 Humorous	89 First
1-16-22-28-45	30 Goals	60 Collections	90 Success
51-67-70	Good	Adverse	Neutral

## Executions Occur With Regularity Inside Russia

Moscow—The crash of firing squad executions is heard with deadly regularity in Russia today.

Even though Marx and Engels, spiritual fathers of communism, strongly opposed capital punishment, the death sentence now may be imposed in the Soviet Union for a number of crimes including aggravated murder and rape.

**Seldom Publicized**

Execution for these crimes are seldom publicized but with increasing frequency the Soviet press is reporting firing squad executions for bribery, embezzlement and thievery.

These are economic crimes against the state.

Just Tuesday it was reported a district court in Sverdlovsk had sentenced two men to be shot for cheating on the amount of fat in meat pies.

In the past three weeks executions have been reported for men who embezzled or stole the Soviet equivalent of sums ranging from \$100,000 to \$300,000.

A typical case occurred on Jan. 23 when the supreme court of Moldavia imposed the death sentence on the chief of a sewing shop for plundering.

A Western expert who has kept count from the announcements in the Soviet press said 136 persons were sentenced to death in 1962. He estimated the actual total might be 50 per cent higher.

Soviet authorities attempt to justify the current executions this way: These are economic, anti-social acts, crimes which fall outside the fabric of normal criminal activity and which undermine the existence of the state.

## JFK's Education Measure Meeting Mixed Reactions

By Congressional Quarterly

Washington—After its failure to get through Congress a number of separate education bills during the last session, the Kennedy Administration is trying a new approach in 1963—an omnibus bill, covering colleges, elementary and secondary schools, adult illiteracy, teacher training and federally "impacted" school districts all in one stroke.

In explaining the omnibus approach, President Kennedy said "... education cannot be divided into separate parts. Each part is linked to the other. Behind the new approach is apparently a desire of the Administration to focus on a single bill the support of all groups interested in the success of any part of education legislation.

The bill has already met lack of enthusiasm—if not outright disapproval—on the part of key legislators. Sen. Lister Hill (D-Ala.), chairman of the Senate Labor and Public Welfare Committee, failed to take the customary step of introducing the bill himself.

Referring to recent Justice Department suits in four Southern states to desegregate schools now receiving federal aid because they serve government installations, Hill ex-

pressed the view, probably held by many Southerners, that "if a small federal aid program can be used to speed desegregation, in spite of the intent of Congress to the contrary, it is clear that a general school aid program could be used in the same way."

**Height of Cynicism**

Rep. Peter Frelinghuysen (R-N.J.), ranking Republican member of the House Education and Labor Committee, said the "catch-all proposal is the height of political cynicism." He had previously announced that Republican Committee members had planned their own education program which would be divided into separate bills.

House Minority Leader Charles A. Halleck (R-Ind.) said the President would get "nothing" if he insisted on his omnibus bill.

A spokesman for the National Education Association said the NEA would seek the "widest possible civic and professional cooperation" to secure enactment of the program "as a whole."

However, a National Catholic Welfare Conference spokesman said "the message contains something for everybody, everybody except the children whose parents have elected to send them to private schools. . . ." He said his group would "stand firm" on its request for "equal treatment of all children."

**Public School Aid**

Within the bill is one particularly controversial 1962 proposal, to which the Catholic spokesman was referring—a program of aid to public (but not private) elementary and secondary schools. But the approach to public school aid is different this year.

The new bill replaces the 1962 across-the-board plan for aid to public schools with a "selective" program designed to "assist the states in undertaking under their own state plans selective and urgent improvements."

The President asked for a \$1.5 billion program of public school aid, including (1) funds to help school districts increase their starting and maximum teacher salaries, and funds to raise average teachers' salaries in economically poor areas, with the federal share of the increases phasing out over a three-year period; (2) funds for construction of classrooms in "areas of critical and dangerous shortage;" and (3) funds for pilot and demonstration projects to meet "special educational problems, particularly in slums and depressed rural and urban areas."

**Other New Requests**

In addition to his renewal and expansion of the earlier public school aid request, the President made the following major new proposals:

Replacing an earlier controversial request for scholarships, the President asked for federal insurance of private loans for higher education, along the lines of housing insurance. He also asked that the need for direct federal scholarships be given further study.

The President proposed a "work-study program" for needy college students, providing federal funds to cover up to half the pay for students employed by the colleges in work of an educational character—as for example, laboratory, library or research assistants.

Mr. Kennedy requested a series of grants for two-year community colleges, two-year technical education programs, college library construction and materials, and graduate centers—noting in requesting the latter that "new industries increasingly gravitate to or are innovated by strong centers of learning and research. The distressed area of the future may well be one which lacks centers of graduate education and research."

**Special Education**

Carrying out his view that "we need a new standard of excellence in education, matched by the fullest possible access to educational opportunities, enabling each citizen to develop his talents to the maximum possible extent," the President called for expansion or creation of numerous special education programs including:

A new program of aid to the states for vocational education. Allowment would be based on the various age groups within the state needing vocational education, and per capita income.

Extension of and increased funds for programs for education of the handicapped.

Federal grants to states for expanding university extension courses in land-grant colleges and state universities.

Funds for state programs for basic education of adults up to the eighth grade.

Expansion of the public community library program to include urban, as well as rural libraries.

The cost of the total package was estimated at \$5 billion.

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## ChromeProducers Schedule Meeting

A general meeting of the California-Oregon Chrome Producers association will be held at 2 p.m. Sunday, Feb. 10, in the Legion Hall at Cave Junction.

Anyone interested in the overall development of the mineral potential of the area has been invited to attend, John Welden, chairman of the organizational committee, noted.

The organizational committee, which has been working on the type, kind and function of a legal body to handle the development, will make its report at the meeting. The proposed plan of operation will be explained and submitted for approval.

The registration committee plans to announce the number of properties registered to date, the kinds of ore listed and the tentative tonnage. Anyone who has not already listed his property is asked to bring the data to the Sunday meeting. Blanks are available at the chambers of commerce in the area. If they are not available, Welden said, they can be obtained by writing the registration committee, Grants Pass Chamber of Commerce, Grants Pass.

More than 200 people attended the first general meeting held Jan. 6.

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## Bend Accountant Receives 60 Days

Portland—Bend accountant Richard J. Sullivan, 36, was sentenced to 60 days in prison and fined \$1,000 by Federal Judge John F. Kennedy Wednesday for failing to file tax returns in 1958 and 1959 on \$37,523 gross income.

"What points up the seriousness of this case is the position the defendant held in Bend as one of its outstanding citizens and accountants," the judge said. He said he took Sullivan's "fine service record and his record in the community" into consideration in determining the sentence.

Sullivan is scheduled to begin his prison term Feb. 25.

## FORMER DEAN DIES

Eugene—Albert L. Keeney, 62, former dean of men at the University of Wyoming, died Monday.

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4th WEEK 10 in. Open Fry Pan (Dutch Oven cover fits this one)	5th WEEK 6 qt. Dutch Oven	6th WEEK 16 x 11 x 2 1/4 in. Roasting Pan
7th WEEK 3 qt. Covered Sauce Pan	8th WEEK 1-2-3 qt. Making Pouch Set	9th WEEK 2 1/2 qt. Singing Tea Kettle

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