



LOTS OF
FREE
EASY
PARKING

FREE COTTON CANDY

MADE EXCLUSIVELY WITH...

C&H PURE CANE SUGAR

COUPON

C&H PURE CANE Canning Sugar

25 LB. BAG **\$2¹⁹** WITH THIS COUPON

Without Coupon \$2.39

LIMIT—1 PER FAMILY PLEASE

CIRCUS

TIME at YOUR GROCETERIA



we give
Thrifty
GREEN STAMPS

Purex
Briquets
Peanuts
Aluminum Foil

1/2-gal. jug

Cliffchar — 10-Lb. Bag
The easy starting briquets

Circus 6 1/2-oz. Can

Alcoa
12-in. by 25 ft.

31^c
69^c
39^c
33^c



NBC
POPPY SEED BITS
7 1/4-oz. Pkg. **25c**

WILLISON'S FROZEN MEATS

Chip Steaks 4s'
Cube Steaks 2's
CHOICE

Chip Steaks 8's
Cube Steaks 4's
CHOICE

47^c **87^c**

BUTTERED BEEF or BUTTERED VEAL STEAKS 12-oz. Pkg. **55c**

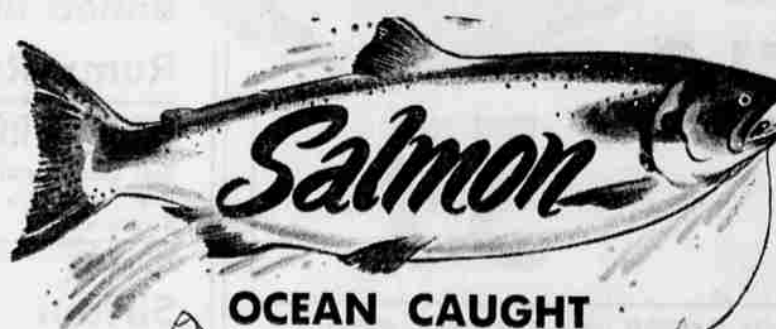
IN THE GROCETERIA MEAT DEPT.

CIRCUS of VALUES

FRESH OCEAN CAUGHT

SALMON 59^c lb.

HALF or WHOLE



OCEAN CAUGHT

MILD, TASTY

Cheddar Cheese 49^c lb.

FRESH
Ground Beef
39^c lb.

GRADE A CORNISH
Game Hens
24-Oz. **98^c ea.**

Fresh
Beef Liver
SLICED **39^c lb.**



In The Groceteria
Piping Hot Bakery
CINNAMON ROLLS

Lots of Raisins **59^c Doz.**

DANISH PASTRY
Breakfast Rolls 4 for **29c**
Pecan Crispies Large Size 2 for **29c**

FOR SATURDAY
NEWS
LISTEN TO
KBOY
Every Hour on
the 1/2 Hour
Sponsored by
GROCETERIA

Groceteria
THE PLACE TO GO FOR THE BRANDS YOU KNOW
SIXTH & GRAPE
FREE PARKING
LIMIT RIGHTS



REFUSES POSE — Tania Verstak, Miss Australia at the Miss International Beauty pageant in Long Beach, Calif., caused quite a stir when she refused to pose in a bathing suit. "Australians are conservative by nature," she explained in refusing to pose for the publicity pictures. (UPI)

Value of Farm Exports in Fiscal Year Set Record

Washington — (UPI) — The value of U.S. farm exports in fiscal 1961-62 reached a record \$5.13 billion. This was \$180 million, or 4 per cent, above exports of \$4.95 billion in fiscal 1960-61.

The Agriculture Department's Economic Research Service said the volume of exports also was slightly above last year's record.

Major shifts in feed grains, wheat, and cotton dominated the export picture in 1961-62. Feed grain exports increased \$160 million and wheat, \$135 million, while cotton shipments declined \$285 million.

Soybeans, fruits, cottonseed and soybean oil, poultry meat, tobacco, and vegetables increased moderately. Rice, variety meats, animal fats, hides and skins, and dairy products showed little or no change.

The export record in fiscal 1961-62 represented 15 per cent of total cash receipts from farm marketings. The foreign market provided an outlet for more than half of the wheat, rice, and dried beans produced; two-fifths of the tallow; and around one-third of the tobacco, cotton, soybeans, non-fat dry milk, and hides and skins.

Nearly 70 per cent of U.S. exports in fiscal 1962 were sales for dollars. These totaled \$3.5 billion compared with \$3.4 billion in the previous year. Dollar sales included, in addition to unassisted commercial sales, shipments of some commodities with government assistance in the form of credits for relatively short periods, sales of government-owned commodities at less than domestic prices, and export payments in kind or in cash.

Dollar Gainers

The remaining gain in dollar sales occurred in feed grains which increased by one-fourth in value. The other dollar gainers included wheat, tobacco, soybeans, fruits, and animal products. There was a decline, however, of one-third in dollar exports of cotton.

The remaining 30 per cent of exports moved under government programs — Public Law 480 and the Mutual Security Act. Shipments under these programs totaled \$1.6 billion compared with \$1.5 billion in the previous year.

The value of agricultural imports to the United States in the period July, 1961, through April, 1962, was up 3 per cent from the corresponding period a year earlier. The value totaled \$3.14 billion in these 10 months (latest period from which data available).

The value of supplementary, or partially competitive, imports for the 10 months was \$1.7 billion compared with \$1.5 billion in the previous year. The gain reflected 31 per cent larger purchases of animals and animal products, principally dutiable cattle, beef and veal, apparel, wool, and hides and skins. Imports of vegetable oils, fats, and waxes also gained substantially in this period. Other increases were in cotton, grains and preparations, and seeds and products. Nuts and preparations declined. Tobacco showed little change. Cane sugar imports were unchanged from a year earlier.

The complementary, or non-competitive, imports were 6 per cent smaller for the 10 months. The value was \$1.44 billion compared with \$1.53 billion the previous year. The decline reflected lower prices for major commodities such as coffee, cocoa beans, and crude natural rubber.

Imports Encouraged

Strong U. S. demand encouraged beef and veal imports. Imports increased to a record 667 million pounds in July-April from 422 million for the like period a year earlier.

The United States has become an attractive market for imports of boneless beef and veal resulting from the strong demand for meat products. The relatively low level of cow slaughter in the United States also contributed to increased imports of beef and veal during the 10 months. On the other hand, production of low grade meats has increased substantially in Australia, New Zealand, and the Central American republics.



LOVE GIRL — The lone girl at the Amateur Rocketeers of America convention in Chicago is Linda Kalika, 14, of Fair Lawn, N. J. (UPI)