

Agriculture Pressing Texas Swindle Case

Catholic Group Halts Political Questionnaire

By United Press International
A Catholic committee announced in Portland today its questionnaire for political candidates is being withdrawn.

Leo Smith, chairman of the Catholic Committee on Religious Rights, said a main reason for the withdrawal was that candidates felt unable to respond pending a U.S. Supreme Court decision on the Oregon textbook law.

The questionnaire, mailed recently to legislative and school board candidates, asked how they would vote on such questions as books and transportation for parochial schools and taxes for religious institutions.

Misconception Found
Smith said the committee also decided to withdraw the questionnaire when it found "some misconception of its stated purpose which possibly could disrupt the growing understanding among religious groups in Oregon."

Smith said answers already received would be destroyed. Smith is the attorney fighting an Oregon Supreme Court decision that says it is unconstitutional to supply free textbooks to parochial schools.

Atty. Gen. Robert Y. Thornton took a potshot at Gov. Mark Hatfield in Portland Monday night for what he said was Hatfield's use of the National Guardsmen for gubernatorial tea parties.

"If I am your governor," Thornton said, "you may be sure that you will not find our national guardsmen passing out cookies or picking up used teacups at the governor's teas, parties and receptions."

Thornton, a Democratic candidate for governor, said the place of the National Guard is in the performance of military duties and training.

Phoenix Tops B Class in Debate

Phoenix High school won the State B debate championship for the third time in four years at the annual State Speech tournament held in Eugene on the University of Oregon campus, April 13 and 14.

Phoenix debaters, Nancy Seiber, Dari Popow, Jim Schweitert and Richard Coulter, debating the question: That the Federal Government Should Guarantee Higher Education to Qualified High School Graduates, were undefeated during the tournament and received the first place trophy. Phoenix previously won the championship in 1959 and in 1960, placing third in 1961.

Dallas High school was named A debate champion and Medford High school's team of Carl Washburn, John Alansky, Nancy Duncan and JoAnn Johnson was third.

Phoenix entered five individual district winners in the tournament. Of these, Nancy Seiber received a tie for second place in after-dinner speaking. She was one of six finalists selected to speak before the final banquet. Richard Coulter, after qualifying for the finals, placed third in impromptu speaking. Phoenix students who were named state semi-finalists were Dari Popow, poetry; Jim Schweitert, radio; and Richard Coulter, extemporaneous speaking.

Valley winners in the A division were JoAnn Johnson, Medford, second, in serious interpretation, Robert Hoag, Medford, finalist in humorous reading, Karen Schopf, Ashland, second, impromptu speaking, and Judy Eberhart, Ashland, finalist poetry reading.

At the annual coaches meeting Robert Myrick, Phoenix, was elected president of the Oregon High School Speech League.

State Rep. Carl Fisher, Republican candidate for Congress in the fourth district, said a Senate committee studying lumber problems should schedule a hearing in Medford, Roseburg or Eugene.

He said he had wired the request to Sen. Warren Magnuson, (D-Wash.) chairman of the Senate Commerce Committee.

"The economy of the fourth district revolves around the lumber industry and it appears logical that a hearing be set for either Medford, Roseburg or Eugene to facilitate appearance of expert witnesses," he said.

Thomas R. Hughes, agriculture Secretary Orville L. Freeman's executive assistant, announced Monday the department had fired William E. Morris from its credit services department because he failed to answer orders to show up for questioning about dealings with Estes.

In fact, Hughes said, "We still don't know where he is." Morris was formerly an assistant to James T. Ralph, who was relieved of his duties as assistant Agriculture Secretary two months ago and named agricultural attaché to the Philippines.

FBI Asked To Check
Undersecretary Charles S. Murphy announced that the FBI had been asked to look into the activities of Ralph and of Emory E. Jacobs, who quit his job as deputy director of the department's service last week.

Witnesses at a Texas inquiry said Jacobs went on a clothes-buying spree with E. Estes, who has been indicted on fraud charges. Jacobs denied he ever took anything valuable from Estes and said he resigned so he could go to Texas and fight the charges.

Further Action Considered
The department's general counsel said the legal division is also considering turning over to the Justice Department the files of two Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation service employees at Clinton, Okla., who were identified as Russell E. Dill and Harvey E. White.

The two men have admitted accepting "finders' fees" for locating displaced cotton acreage for transfer to a group of Texas farm promoters.

Sources said the promoters' activities were similar to those of Estes, who "sold" the land to displaced Texas farmers and then leased it back, thereby acquiring government acreage allotments for cotton.

Phil W. Jordan, deputy assistant commissioner of GSA procurement policy, identified the men as former Treasury Secretary George W. Humphrey and former Commerce Secretary Sinclair Weeks.

He told a Senate committee investigating stockpile programs that the mining companies made the profits because the government let them cancel or defer scheduled deliveries to the stockpile when copper prices were high because of short supply.

An analysis the GSA prepared for the committee showed that six mining firms reaped profits of \$2,131,328 from October 1954 through June 1956 by selling copper destined for the defense stockpile to industry at higher prices than the government contracts would have paid.

Jordan said he and other officials protested against the arrangement several times, but were overruled.

"We were told that the procedure we were to follow was set up by Secretary Weeks of Commerce and Secretary Humphrey of Treasury and was governed by executive order and that there was nothing GSA could do about it," according to a GSA memorandum written in 1955 which Jordan gave to the committee.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Department Fires One; Files on Others Studied

Washington - (UPI) - The Agriculture Department, digging deeper into the case of Texas farm magnate Billie Sol Estes, has fired one employee and turned in files on two other men over to the Justice Department.

Thomas R. Hughes, agriculture Secretary Orville L. Freeman's executive assistant, announced Monday the department had fired William E. Morris from its credit services department because he failed to answer orders to show up for questioning about dealings with Estes.

In fact, Hughes said, "We still don't know where he is." Morris was formerly an assistant to James T. Ralph, who was relieved of his duties as assistant Agriculture Secretary two months ago and named agricultural attaché to the Philippines.

FBI Asked To Check
Undersecretary Charles S. Murphy announced that the FBI had been asked to look into the activities of Ralph and of Emory E. Jacobs, who quit his job as deputy director of the department's service last week.

Witnesses at a Texas inquiry said Jacobs went on a clothes-buying spree with E. Estes, who has been indicted on fraud charges. Jacobs denied he ever took anything valuable from Estes and said he resigned so he could go to Texas and fight the charges.

Further Action Considered
The department's general counsel said the legal division is also considering turning over to the Justice Department the files of two Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation service employees at Clinton, Okla., who were identified as Russell E. Dill and Harvey E. White.

The two men have admitted accepting "finders' fees" for locating displaced cotton acreage for transfer to a group of Texas farm promoters.

Sources said the promoters' activities were similar to those of Estes, who "sold" the land to displaced Texas farmers and then leased it back, thereby acquiring government acreage allotments for cotton.

Phil W. Jordan, deputy assistant commissioner of GSA procurement policy, identified the men as former Treasury Secretary George W. Humphrey and former Commerce Secretary Sinclair Weeks.

He told a Senate committee investigating stockpile programs that the mining companies made the profits because the government let them cancel or defer scheduled deliveries to the stockpile when copper prices were high because of short supply.

An analysis the GSA prepared for the committee showed that six mining firms reaped profits of \$2,131,328 from October 1954 through June 1956 by selling copper destined for the defense stockpile to industry at higher prices than the government contracts would have paid.

Jordan said he and other officials protested against the arrangement several times, but were overruled.

"We were told that the procedure we were to follow was set up by Secretary Weeks of Commerce and Secretary Humphrey of Treasury and was governed by executive order and that there was nothing GSA could do about it," according to a GSA memorandum written in 1955 which Jordan gave to the committee.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Bacon said the books which had been kept the longest were two novels, a space science book, one on knitting, and one the history of a local personality.

Of the total books returned, 538 of them were overdue two weeks or less, 176 two weeks to one year, and 8 more than one year.

Excommunicated Louisiana Segregation Leaders To Get Little Vatican Sympathy

New Orleans - (UPI) - Three segregation leaders who were excommunicated by the Catholic archbishop of New Orleans can look for little sympathy if they appeal their cases to the Vatican.

Church sources here and in Rome said today that the Roman Catholic church has opposed racial segregation everywhere and in any form throughout its history. They said the action taken against the segregationists by Archbishop Joseph Francis Rummel, 86, was in line with the church's stand.

Rummel invoked the church's severest penalty Monday against Leander H. Perez Sr., Mrs. B. J. Gaillot and Jackson G. Ricau for attempting to incite disobedience or rebellion to his recent order to desegregate all Catholic schools in the 10 parish archdiocese of New Orleans. Excommunication

bars the three from all sacraments of the church but they may go to mass and make confession.

The three indicated they would fight the archbishop's decision, taking their cases to Rome if necessary, and they said the ruling would not deter their fight against desegregation. But there was slight if any chance that the Vatican would take cognizance of their protestations. The Vatican praised Rummel in 1955 for closing a Louisiana mission for his refusal to accept a Negro priest.

Says Clergy Brainwashed
Perez, 70, is generally regarded as Louisiana's leading segregationist. He publicly urged Catholics to "cut off the water" of the church by stopping contributions. He claimed church officials had been "brainwashed by subversive forces."

Mrs. Gaillot, 42, said she would appeal to the Vatican.

The archdiocese said that

She said that "God gave the law of segregation (and the Ten Commandments) to Moses on Mt. Sinai."

Ricau, 44, father of eight, called the excommunication a "cruel edict," and announced he would continue to fight for "racial integrity." He issued a long statement last week attacking Rummel's school desegregation order.

The archdiocese said the excommunication of the three was not a form of revenge or a condemnation to hell because "God alone can do this."

The punishment would be lifted if the three demonstrated repentance, but the order said only the archbishop or his delegate could remove the church stigma.

There are two kinds of excommunication, toleratus and vitandus. Toleratus, or tolerated, was the type invoked against the three segregationists. They will be permitted to attend Mass, but technically have lost the "right" to do so. Vitandus is reserved for the most severe crimes, such as physical violence to the Pope.

Mrs. Gaillot, Perez and Ricau will be denied the sacraments, including communion. They would not get Catholic burial if they died while excommunicated.

The archdiocese said that

Rogue Valley Edition

Page 2A

MEDFORD TRIBUNE

MEDFORD, OREGON, TUESDAY, APRIL 17, 1962

Optimistic Earning Reports Reflected In Stock Market

New York - (UPI) - Stocks posted moderate gains today in response to a deluge of optimistic first quarter earnings reports.

Even a few of the recently hard hit steel issues joined in the recovery with gains of around a point. These included U.S. Steel, Bethlehem and Lukens.

A slight boost in the popular averages reflected pointed gains in Eastman Kodak, Union Carbide, International Nickel and Standard Oil of California.

DOW JONES AVERAGES
New York - (UPI) - Dow Jones final stock averages: 30 industrials 688.43, up 4.37; 20 rails 143.39, up 0.96; 15 utilities 129.04, up 0.55; 65 stocks 237.34, up 1.41. Sales today were about 2.94 million shares as compared with 3.07 million shares Monday.

Today's prices on selected stocks:

Allied Chemical	46 1/2
Alum. Co. Am.	44 1/2
American Air Lines	20 1/2
American Can	43 1/2
American Motors	16
A. T. & T.	127 1/2
American Tobacco	82 1/2
Anacostia Copper	46 1/2
Armco	64
Dowdix Corp.	68 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	40 1/2
Boeing Air	46 1/2
Brunswick	26 1/2
Caterpillar Corp.	36 1/2
Chrysler Corp.	52 1/2
Coca Cola	95 1/2
C.B.S.	41
Continental Can	44 1/2

Crown Zellerbach	33 1/2
Crucible Steel	19
Curtis Wright	16 1/2
Du Pont	37 1/2
Du Pont	33 1/2
Eastman Kodak	111 1/2
Firestone	44 1/2
Ford (ed.)	60 1/2
General Electric	74 1/2
General Food	84 1/2
General Motors	35 1/2
Georgia Pacific	49 1/2
Greyhound	20 1/2
Gulf Oil	43 1/2
Homestake	47 1/2
Idaho Power	33 1/2
I.M.	32 1/2
Int. Paper	25 1/2
Johns Manville	31 1/2
Kennecott Copper	79 1/2
Lockheed Aircraft	45 1/2
Martin Co.	22 1/2
Merck	63 1/2
Montana Power	38 1/2
Montgomery Ward	33 1/2
Natl. Biscuit	32 1/2
New York Central	17 1/2
Northern Pacific	36 1/2
Pac. Gas Elec.	33 1/2
Penney J. C.	48 1/2
Penn. RR	17 1/2
Phillips	56 1/2
Procter & Gamble	82 1/2
Radio Corporation	58 1/2
Richfield Oil	40 1/2
Safeway	80 1/2
Scars	8 1/2
Shell Oil	37 1/2
Secony Mobil Oil	34 1/2
Southern	35 1/2
Southern Pacific	27 1/2
Sperry Rand	19 1/2
Standard California	39 1/2
Standard Indiana	52 1/2
Standard N. J.	53 1/2
Sun Mines	54 1/2
Texas Co.	54 1/2
Texas Gulf Sulfur	20 1/2
Texas Pacific Land Trust	19 1/2
Thiokol	32 1/2
Trans America	41 1/2
Trans World Air	42 1/2
Tri-Continental	48 1/2
Union Carbide	109 1/2
Union Pacific	32 1/2
Union Aircraft	45 1/2
United Air Lines	32 1/2
U. S. Rubber	54 1/2
U. S. Steel	64 1/2
West Bank Corp.	30 1/2
Westinghouse	34 1/2



United flights from Medford connect with United jets East

Morning and evening flights connect in Portland with United jets to more cities in the East than any other airline. Also convenient connections with United jets to California. Call United Air Lines, SP 3-6233, or your Travel Agent.



all three were sent letters threatening excommunication if they did not stop their opposition to Rummel's school integration order. Perez claimed he never got such a letter. The church said it was mailed to him four times and each time it was returned marked unclaimed.

Archbishop Rummel, who said in a pastoral letter in 1956 that segregation was "sinful and morally wrong," announced last month that Catholic schools in this sprawling, heavily Catholic south Louisiana archdiocese would be desegregated next fall through all 12 grades, including all extra-curricular activities.

Say "Happy Easter" with Russell Stover Candies



Please family, friends and little neighbors this Easter... with Russell Stover's delicious Easter candies—the finest, freshest you can buy!

Easter Basket \$1.25
Assorted Easter Candies

1 lb. \$1.50
Assorted Chocolates

60c
Chocolate Cream Egg
dipped in milk chocolate

75c
Marshmallow Eggs
dipped in milk chocolate

55c
Easter Quartet
Assorted cream eggs
dipped in milk chocolate

\$1.25
Easter Bunny Box
A variety of novelty candies

Central Rexall Drug

Reliable Prescriptions
Main and Central

We Give S&H
Green Stamps

4 Indicted Police Officer Suspended; Out on Bail

Illegal Race Wire Network
Vanishes from Foster Bldg.
County Charter
Unjust Through
Pastor Says
Utahns Must
Clean House

"The Newspapers That Fought City Hall"

Read how the courageous men of two public-spirited newspapers in Utica, N.Y. brought Corruption to its knees. It's all here: the violence, the threats, the dogged work — then Victory!

In Family Weekly

April 22nd Issue

See it with your copy of
Medford Mail Tribune

Confidentially We LOVE to Loan!

REAL ESTATE LOANS

Buying or building a home? If your answer is "deed we are," see U.S. for tailored home financing, customized to your family needs and income. If you now own a home, you may find it profitable to refinance through U.S. National.

THE UNITED STATES NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND