



MASSIVE FORTRESS—The prison in which Adolf Eichmann awaits trial next month in Jerusalem as Nazi Germany's chief executioner of Jews is an armed, massive

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Rigid Security Precautions Taken To Protect Adolf Eichmann at Prison

Jerusalem — (UPI) — The prison in which Adolf Eichmann awaits trial next month as Nazi Germany's chief executioner of Jews is an armed, massive fortress so heavily guarded that Israeli authorities claim an armored division could not breach it.

The only living creature that moves freely through the fortress where the 54-year-old

Eichmann has been held since last May 25 is a cat.

The prison, a buff colored concrete building, stands in a grove on the slope of a hill near Nazareth. Outposts and concrete pillboxes guard every approach. Inside the fortress, three concentric rings of guards stand between the prisoner and the outside.

Guards Carefully Selected

Of the rings of guards, only the men in direct contact with Eichmann are not armed. One of the aims of the security is to give Eichmann no chance to commit suicide — and to take no chance that one of the guards might kill him. The men in contact with Eichmann not only carry no

weapons, but each one was carefully selected as having suffered no harm at the hands of the Nazis, either personally or through relatives or friends.

Location of the cell holding Eichmann is known only to a limited few in the fortress. None except his personal guards and the police officials who question him can find the way through a maze of twisting passages to Eichmann's 12 foot by 12 foot cell. And each of the narrow passages is blocked at intervals by barbed wire reaching from floor to ceiling.

The cell itself is high ceilinged and sparsely furnished with a bed, a table and two chairs. One chair is for Eichmann, the other for the guard who sits in the cell 24 hours a day.

Constant Surveillance

A second guard keeps Eichmann and the guard in the cell under constant surveillance from outside the room, through a window in the metal door. The cell has that single barred window facing across a passage to a blank wall.

The room is heated by an electric heater placed inside a barred recess in one of the walls. The heater is controlled from outside the cell.

led from outside the cell. A strong electric light bulb in the ceiling burns around the clock, but is dimmed at 10 p.m. The light is completely out of reach, even to a tall man standing on the table.

Eichmann shaves with a battery-run, plastic-covered shaver while a guard watches. It is taken from him as soon as he is finished. The frames of his eyeglasses also are of plastic.

From Eichmann's cell there is access to another chamber, in which a third guard sets. This room opens into a third in which Eichmann washes his clothes and hangs them to dry over the faucet. Here, he also washes himself. There is a hot water shower, and a toilet — with no door. At no time does Eichmann have privacy.

Given Exercise

Once each day Eichmann is taken out into an inner compound of the fortress for half an hour's exercise. A chalk line marks a path along which he and his watchers must walk. For added security, two guards and Eichmann all are dressed exactly the same so that if anyone should lose enough to try to harm the prisoner, he wouldn't know which man was his target.

It is forbidden for Eichmann's guards to talk to him. At first Eichmann tried to engage his guards in conversation, but gave up.

Eichmann is served the same food as the prison's officers. His tray is picked at random by the fortress commander from all the trays, when they are served, so that no one knows beforehand which tray will be the prisoner's.

When Eichmann confers with his attorney the men have no direct contact but are

separated by a shatterproof glass partition. Their conversation is carried on through microphones and earphones, and the guards cannot hear.



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MAIL TRIBUNE

Eichmann Trial Witnesses Include Persons Who Suffered Under Nazis

Jerusalem, Israel — (UPI) — Hundreds of persons were interviewed by Israeli investigators preparing the case against Adolf Eichmann. Thirty-nine were named to give their testimony in public at his trial.

This is who some of them are:

Yehuda Bakon, 31, a teacher of art and promising painter of peaceful landscapes in Israel, was a Czech boy of 14 when he was sent into the gas chambers at Auschwitz to strip the gold from the teeth of the dead. His father was killed there before his eyes. He is believed one of the few persons who saw the inside of the gas chambers and lived.

Dr. Benno Kohn, 66, was president of the German Zionist Organization when he first met Eichmann, in 1936. He met him again three years later when he and other Jewish leaders were ordered to go to Eichmann's office to be told about the plans for emigration of Jews from Berlin. "The third time was in an Israeli prison," Kohn said. "The man had, of course,

grown older, but there was no mistaking his eyes, his features—they were unforgettable."

Jewish Leader

Joel Brand, the Budapest Jewish leader whom Eichmann sent to the Middle East in 1944 to offer the lives of a million Jews in exchange for 10,000 trucks for the Nazi war machine.

Hans Brand, his wife, who recalls that incident with a shudder. "Eichmann coldly transfixed me with his eyes and said indifferently, 'Your husband is going to Istanbul. You are remaining here as a hostage.'"

Dr. Martin Paldi, Hungarian-born, whose wife and two children were murdered by the Nazis. He has today a postcard he was forced to send from the Auschwitz death camp to his sister, telling her not to worry.

Leon Kapon, of Salonika, Greece, who was in three concentration camps and whippers, so his wife and children will not hear: "Do you know that in Auschwitz they experimented on living people who went mad with agony?" He

was the sole survivor of a family of 40 persons.

Moshe Agami, a native of Latvia and early settler in Palestine, who in 1938 was sent to see Eichmann in Vienna in an effort to win release of some Jews for agricultural training in Palestine. "I shook with fear," he recalled.

Esther Luria, a Palestinian studying art in Belgium in 1939 who was caught in the Russian and then the Nazi occupation of Lithuania during a visit to relatives there. She spent three years in the Kovno ghetto, painting its scenes and becoming known as the "Painter of the Ghetto."

Lost Parents

Dr. Paul D. Merz, 65, a Czech whose brother, wife and two children were murdered by the Nazis. He organized the emigration of Czech Jews to Palestine in 1939 and later was treasurer of the Jewish underground army, Hagana, in Palestine, until 1948.

Abner Loess, who left Berlin for Palestine in 1938 and never again saw his parents.

An Israeli police officer, he has been questioning Eichmann daily since his arrival in the country last May.

Abraham Aviel, who watched his five brothers and sisters murdered, joined the underground at the age of 15 and witnessed a number of mass executions.

Phillip Freudiger, who helped thousands of Polish and Czech Jews hide from the Nazis in Budapest. Eichmann remembered him.

Dr. Hugo Kratky and Max Burger were in the first shipment of 1,000 Jewish men from Czechoslovakia to a destination from which few returned. Eichmann was in charge of the shipment.

Government Spending May Be \$161 Billion

New York — (UPI) — Total government spending — federal, state and local — may reach \$161 billion in fiscal 1961, the Tax Foundation, Inc., estimates.

It represents an average tax burden of \$2,850 per family, \$100 higher than the previous fiscal year.

Junior College Election Slated

Salem — (UPI) — The state board of education has set May 1 as date for an election in four counties to let the people decide on whether to form a southwest Oregon area education district.

Also at issue will be election of a board of directors. The area involves all of Coos county and parts of Curry, Josephine and Douglas counties.

A boardman spokesman said suits against the proposed junior college level district were withdrawn to allow the election to be held.

At the same time the board authorized the superintendent of public instruction to set a date for a hearing on a request by Malheur county and the Huntington school district in Baker county to form a similar college district.

Dr. Leon P. Minear, superintendent, will set the date later.

The board approved the request of the Clatsop county Community college district at Astoria to issue associate degrees in applied science. It is the third district to be so authorized. Pendleton and Salem were the first.

Town Constructed on Imported Soil Base

Thompson, Manitoba — (UPI) — When International Nickel Co. started building its \$185 million nickel mine in the sub-Arctic tundra here, a town had to be laid out first.

But there was no soil to build a town on, so thousands of tons of soil had to be brought in over the frozen sloughs in winter by tractor train.

Three Persons Appear In Circuit Court Here

Circuit Judge James M. Main yesterday suspended imposition of sentence for five years on Robert Murray Crandall, 145 South Grape st., who was charged with uttering and publishing a forged check.

Crandall was ordered to make restitution on all bad checks.

He had pleaded guilty previously to charges of issuing a bad check for \$15 to an Ashland cafe.

Imposition of sentence was suspended for three years on Ersala Mae Dykes, 212 South Seventh st., Central Point, who was charged with forgery.

She was directed to make restitution through the state board of parole and probation. She had pleaded guilty previously to forging a payroll check.

Imposition of sentence was suspended for five years on Albert Jackson Kimbrell, 836 North Central ave., who was charged with larceny from a building. He was directed to make restitution. He had pleaded guilty previously to taking 100 pounds of meat from a warehouse.

He had pleaded guilty previously to charges of issuing a bad check for \$15 to an Ashland cafe.

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