

Search Conducted for Eyewitness Evidence To Convict Eichmann

SOS Sign Spotted In Hells Canyon

Baker-UPB-A Boise, Idaho, pilot Tuesday spotted an SOS sign in Hells Canyon on the Oregon side and two other men began a hazardous mission by boat to see what was wrong.

Glen Higby, Boise, a pilot for Morrison-Knudsen Construction Co. and Idaho Power Co., told Baker County Sheriff Dale Warren Dixon of his find.

The sheriff, in turn, notified Dan Cole and Ralph Page, both of Homestead, Ore., who set out down the canyon in a boat—a dangerous trip through rugged country and waters.

Mrs. Cole told the sheriff that she had seen several fishermen in the area Monday.

Putnam Successor Topic of Discussion

Salem — UPB — Gov. Mark Hatfield and the State Board of Education Tuesday discussed a successor to Dr. Rex Putnam as superintendent of public instruction but said the money required by law "is a good hindrance" in attracting an experienced leader.

The job pays \$11,500 a year.

MEDFORD TRIBUNE

SECTION B MEDFORD, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1961 PAGES 1 to 8



GIMMICK OF THE BOSS — "This ain't bubble gum, bud!" growls balloon-blowing Sirod to the lensman. "It's some kind of a sobriety or whatever-they-call-it gimmick thought up by the boss" — Emil Schwab of New York. "I ain't no hooch-pooch," whined the boxer. "Next it'll be fingerprints." Sirod remains without a breath of scandal — he passed the sobriety test in pedigreed style. (UPI Telephoto)

FORTUNE FOOTHOLD

Salem — A fur trading post established by John Jacob Astor in 1805 at Astoria, Ore., was the first real U. S. foothold in the Pacific Northwest.

Decline in Breast Feeding of Infants Said Discouraging

Washington — UPB — The way Dr. Paul Gyorgy sees it, "human milk is for the human infant and cow's milk is for the calf."

Gyorgy, chairman of the department of pediatrics of the Philadelphia General Hospital, deplors as a "discouraging development" the decline of breast-feeding in the United States and other technically advanced countries.

Only Insurance

In underdeveloped countries where hygiene is poor and infectious disease widespread, breast-feeding "is the only insurance for the survival of young infants," Gyorgy told a nutrition conference here.

Gyorgy said human milk contains substances good for the human infant which are lacking in the milk of other animals.

"Infants fed on human milk," Gyorgy said, "distinguish themselves from those fed on cow's milk. Breast-feeding reduces both morbidity and mortality rates, especially the latter."

He went on to say that infants fed human milk are

more resistant than those fed on cow's milk to both intestinal and respiratory diseases. Just why this is the case is not yet fully understood.

It is possible, Gyorgy suggested, that human milk contains substances which enhance production of disease-fighting antibodies.

Many adherents of breast-feeding base their recommendations "chiefly on psychological considerations, i.e., mother-infant relationship," Gyorgy said.

On Nutritional Factors

He said "the importance of emotional factors in breast-feeding should certainly not be minimized." But he based his own championship of breast-feeding on "nutritional factors inherent in human milk."

Gyorgy attributed the decline in breast-feeding in part to "the availability and intense promotion of proprietary infant foods."

He said a recent U. S. study showed only 12 to 25 per cent of newborn infants leaving hospital nurseries were exclusively breast-fed.

Bitter Memory Shadow Cast Over All of Israel

Jerusalem — UPB — Imprisoned Nazi leader Adolf Eichmann is casting a shadow of bitter memory over all of Israel today.

The search for eyewitness evidence to convict the former Nazi leader of responsibility in the slaughter of six million Jews in German concentration camps has reached into every section of this nation, settled to a large extent by survivors of the Nazi slaughter.

Newspapers daily recall to thousands the horrors of the gas chambers which had been at least partially censored in the rigors of building this sunny nation.

In the wake of Eichmann's arrest, in Argentina last May, the education ministry has completed plans to teach the history and significance of the Nazi period in Israel's schools. There was considerable opposition to the move, primarily based on the question of how it would affect youngsters who themselves have never been touched by anti-Semitism.

Cannot Be Ignored

The ministry decided, however, that the period cannot be ignored in contemporary Jewish history and can be explained in social, economic, political and psychological terms. The horrors of the camps themselves will be balanced with the heroism of resistance movements in the ghettos and forests of eastern Europe.

More immediately affected by Eichmann's imprisonment and the trial, now scheduled for March 6, have been police and investigative officers whose work has been intensified and vacations cancelled. All courses leading to police promotions have been cancelled, also, until the conclusion of the trial.

The police bureau gathering documentation for the trial had been scheduled to stop work at the end of the year but has been forced to continue operations because of the continued flow of new documents arriving here from abroad.

Ayre Kubovy, director of Yad Vashem, the official agency collecting documents of the Nazi period, said the prosecution is having difficulty in pin-pointing Eichmann's exact role in the destruction of European Jewry because of the linguistic camouflage that veiled the annihilation program.

'Destroy' Not Used

The word "destroy" appears nowhere in Gestapo orders relating to the Jews. It was not used by Adolf Hitler, Gestapo Chief Heinrich Himmler, nor by Herman Goering in the letter to SS Gen. Reinhard Heydrich which marked the beginning of the annihilation of European Jewry.

"We have assigned the final solution of the Jewish problem to you," Goering wrote. "This means emigration and evacuation. And we now give you permission to apply this solution to all areas subject to German rule."

Joseph Bilik, of the Jewish documentation center in Paris, has said that Eichmann and no one else was responsible for the murder of six million Jews. Bilik said Eichmann had acted on the basis of hints in orders from top Nazis and exploited the general anti-Jewish atmosphere to plan the extermination.

Yad Vashem is preparing an 800-page two volume dictionary of Nazi terms — largely euphemisms — used in carrying out that plan.

Eyewitnesses to Eichmann's operations are sought here, particularly among members of Lohamed Ha-Getaot, a collective settlement of former Polish ghetto fighters.

The settlement has established a museum of Hitler-era material, has had special exhibitions of it in relation to the Eichmann trial and has provided material for the prosecution. It is also working with a number of foreign motion picture firms who are preparing pictures of the Nazi conquest of Europe.

Additional material is being received from Poland where a volume of documents and eye-witness depositions on Eichmann's part in the horror camp murders is scheduled to appear shortly.

Newsmen of 35 nations, including such out of the way places as Indonesia and Mozambique, have been registered to cover the trial in March.

They include reporters from most Soviet bloc countries—Russia, Bulgaria, East Germany, Hungary, Poland and Czechoslovakia, as well as Yugoslavia and Cuba.

Ford, Carnegie Reports Indict State of Business Education

New York — UPB — A big question of the day is whether or not schools of higher education are properly preparing students to meet the challenge of a highly complex business world.

The Ford Foundation and the Carnegie Corporation of New York financed two major studies of higher education as a preparation for business careers. The Ford report was written by Professors Robert Aaron Gordon of the University of California and James Edwin Howell of Stanford University. Prof. Frank C. Pierson of Swarthmore College wrote the Carnegie report.

Both reports are sharp indictments of the general state of business education in the United States. But where these reports already have caused much discussion in academic circles, they have been largely neglected by the business community and the public. The reason for this primarily has been the extreme length of the reports — more than 1,200 scholarly pages between them.

Well-Written Review

To help alleviate this situation, Leonard Silk, economic editor of Business Week magazine, has written a 44-page summary review of the two reports which has been published by the business-education division of the Committee for Economic Development.

It is a well-written, well-planned review that should be read by everyone.

Silk notes that the criticisms in the reports are aimed at the bulk of the business schools and of departments and divisions of business administration in liberal arts colleges. But, he says it should be stressed that some business schools are far above average and are, in fact doing an excellent job.

The Gordon-Howell and Pierson reports do not attack the idea that higher education should prepare a man to do useful and remunerative work. Their criticism, according to Silk, is that the schools, because of their narrow and misconceived interpretation of vocational objectives, are not preparing young people to do the most useful, or the most remunerative work of which they are capable over the whole length of their careers.

They suggest that most of the business schools, because of their adherence to outworn doctrines, may not be meeting the requirements of business firms for competent, imaginative, flexible and creative managers prepared to deal with the unsolved problems of tomorrow, rather than repeat the routines of yesterday.

Solutions Proposed

Both reports propose solutions for the faults they find in business education. With only minor differences of emphasis, according to Silk, the two studies conclude that:

—Academic standards in business schools and departments must be materially raised.

—Admission requirements should be increased.

—College and university business curricula must be pruned to reduce vocationalism and overspecialization.

—At least 50 per cent of undergraduate programs in business should consist of courses in the liberal arts.

—Undergraduate education for business should put greater stress on foundation courses.

—Graduate business programs leading to the master's degree should preferably be two-year programs whose orientation should ordinarily be professional rather than academic.

—Most Important Item — Improving and expanding doctoral programs is the most important single item of requirement for improving the whole field of business education over time.

—The quality of business research must be greatly improved.

many problems facing business administration. —The problem of improving higher education is closely linked to the general problem of improving higher education in America.

—The focus of business studies should be upon "managerial decision making" with emphasis upon the application of scientific knowledge to business problems.

—Diversity, flexibility, and experimentation are essential to developing programs in different schools to solve the

FARMING LAND
Colon—Less than five per cent of the soil of Panama is suited for agriculture.

ANDY'S CLOSSES OUT the NORTH Central Store

The store at 15 North Central has been closed forever and all of the stock of merchandise has been moved to our new store, 218 East Main where it will be **CLOSED OUT** at

BIG REDUCTIONS

Watches

EXAMPLES:

\$71.50 La Coultré Marked down to **\$38**

\$100 La Coultré Wrist Alarm Now only **\$58**

Other Watches Up to **40% OFF**

Silver

Many odds and ends in Discontinued Flatware

50% Off

Stainless Steel

54 pc. Set **16⁸⁸**
Reg. \$29.50
32 pc. Set **9⁸⁸**
Reg. \$19.95

• Shavers • Costume Jewelry • Lighters
• West Bend Stainless Steel Cookware

CAMERA

Keystone CP-7 Electric Eye One only **\$179**
Reg. \$210 Val.

PROJECTOR

Regular \$109.95
Keystone One only **\$79⁹⁵**

Anso Cadet Camera

Three left for only **\$788**

Transistor Radios

from **\$11⁸⁸**

Stainless Steel Service for 6 3 Only **\$12.88**
Deluxe 3-Pc. Carving Set 3 Only **\$4.88**

AND MANY OTHER ITEMS!

USE ANDY'S EASY TERMS

Next Door to Parker Woods Leon's

2 STORES
Medford and
Yreka, Calif.

Andy's
YOUR FRIENDLY CREDIT JEWELER
Lovebright DIAMONDS

218 EAST MAIN

park Shop
at Our Back Entrance
S&H
Green Stamps



Tempest puts safety-minded performance in a gas-saving 4!

(Range of horsepower choices from 110 to 155)

Take a Tempest out on the highway and put it through its paces. This car is a whiz at moving into fast-stepping company on an expressway. Takes you from a standing start to a safe operating speed in seconds... gets you up a steep hill in high gear.

Run the Tempest over the roughest road you can find. It rides like the big ones because it's balanced! The engine's up front—the transmission's in the rear. And it's got independent suspension at all four wheels. Tires dig in firm on curves and turns. Full 15-inch wheels make car look big. Tires last. Brakes run cooler.

Before it hit the market, Tempest had 3,000,000 miles of testing by engineers, pro drivers and a team of teenagers. Its reliability checked out 100%. Owners have rolled up millions more. The only kick is the one it puts back in driving. Try it!

THE NEW TEMPEST IS SOLD AND SERVICED BY YOUR LOCAL AUTHORIZED PONTIAC DEALER

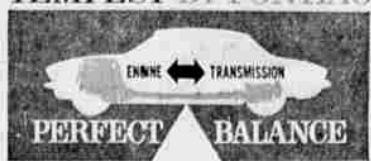
DEAN & TAYLOR PONTIAC CO.

6th and Grape

Medford



THE HOT TOPIC IS THE NEW TEMPEST BY PONTIAC



PERFECT BALANCE

MEDFORD PAINT and Wallpaper Store
6th & Holly—Diagonally Across from Post Office
PHONE SP 2-9321
We Give **S&H GREEN STAMPS**

PAINT WITH Treasure Tones