

# Dixie Senators Continue Fight Against Civil Rights Bill



**SENATORS RELAX**—Sen. Russell Long (D-La.) is surrounded by Republicans as he relaxes with colleagues on cots set up in the old Supreme Court chamber. The Senators are catching a brief rest during the long session on civil rights debates being held around the clock. From left to right are Sens. Clifford Case (R-N.J.), Norris Cotton (R-Ky.), Norman Brunsdale (R-N.D.), Long, Hiram Long (R-Hawaii) and Alexander Wiley (R-Wis.). (UPI Telephoto)

## Around-Clock Debate Continues On Senate Floor

Washington—(UPI)—The Senate droned into the second day of its around-the-clock civil rights debate today with a conciliatory note from Southerners on proposed Negro voting guarantees.

But the Southern senators, fighting to block passage of a civil rights bill, showed no signs of surrendering to Senate leaders' efforts to break their talkathon by keeping them in continuous session.

**16 Consecutive Hours**

By 4 a.m. (e.s.t.), weary senators had heard 16 consecutive hours of talk on civil rights and a variety of other topics—both important and irrelevant—and had become embroiled in complicated parliamentary discussions.

The most significance, however, was placed on a statement by Sen. Richard B. Russell (D-Ga.), leader of the Dixie bloc, that two parts of the Eisenhower administration's seven-point civil rights proposal were relatively inoffensive to the South.

Russell told the Senate that Attorney General William P. Rogers' plan for court-appointed voting referees to protect Negro voting rights in the South was "way down the line in the order of being obnoxious to me and my associates."

**Least Objectionable**

And he described as "the least objectionable provision of the bill" a section which would require state election officials to preserve voting records for three years.

In fact, Russell said he saw little wrong with this section except for some increase in the attorney general's power.

But otherwise the well-organized band of 16 Southern senators continued to oppose stubbornly new rights legislation. They worked in relays to keep part of their forces on the floor at all times.

Sen. A. Willis Robertson (D-Va.) indicated the Southerners were prepared to keep up their talkathon for days. After talking for more than four hours Monday night, he said he planned to speak again Thursday.

Sen. Spessard L. Holland (D-Fla.), who spoke in the hours between midnight and dawn, hinted that new civil rights laws might spark racial violence in the South. The South hasn't had any race riots yet, he said, but it is "apt to have."

Sen. Everett B. Jordan (D-N.C.), who followed Holland, complained that at governors and other state officials had not been given a chance to testify at congressional hearings on civil rights legislation.

**Democrats Name Finance Chairman**

Portland—(UPI)—Dewey Rand Sr., publisher of the weekly Salem Capital Press, has been named chairman of the State Democratic Finance committee.

Rand, active in Democratic party activities for many years, said an immediate drive would be started to raise an executive budget. He said this would be used to support a state headquarters staff which would offer increased services to all Democratic county organizations.

## Basic Issue on Civil Rights Debate

Washington—(UPI)—The basic issue behind the Senate's historic around-the-clock civil rights debate is the right of Negroes in the South to vote.

Republicans and Northern Democrats both want credit for federal action to insure wider Negro suffrage in this presidential election year.

But many civil rights advocates from big Northern states want to go much further. On the other hand, many moderates are willing to settle for some kind of voting rights bill.

A hard core Southern bloc is fighting all proposals on grounds that they violate state sovereignty and that present federal laws are adequate.

Officially before the Senate is President Eisenhower's rights program, offered by Senate Republican Leader Everett M. Dirksen (Ill.) as a substitute amendment to an unrelated minor bill affecting a Stella, Mo., school district.

Chicago—(UPI)—Negotiators of the nation's railroads and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers resumed talks today in an effort to set up machinery for arbitration of their wage dispute.

Robert O. Boyd, chairman of the National Railway Mediation Board, said selection of two neutral members of a six-man arbitration panel was the chief issue holding up agreement of the arbitration procedures.

**Negotiators Hopeful**

Talks in Washington last week failed to bring agreement on the make-up of the board but Boyd, who was sitting in on the talks together with Leverett Edwards, another NMB member, said he was hopeful the two sides could get together.

The Railway Labor Act provides that the mediation board shall name the neutral members if the two sides cannot agree. The railroads and engineers agreed Feb. 4 to let arbitrators decide their dispute, in which the 40,000-member BLE seeks a 12 per cent wage increase and the carriers want to cut engineers' wages 15 cents an hour.

**Talks To Resume**

Wage talks were scheduled to be resumed today between the railroads and the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen on contract terms affecting more than 100,000 BRT members.

Mediators also expected to call carrier bargainers and representatives of 11 non-

operating rail unions, representing more than 500,000 workers, into renewed wage negotiations late today or Wednesday. The sessions have been in recess for several weeks.

Extend the federal Civil Rights Commission until 1961. Congress already did this last year.

Make the President's committee on equal job opportunity under government contracts a permanent organization. It is headed by Vice President Richard M. Nixon.

Establish federal voting referees to insure Negro suffrage.

Provide for temporary financial and technical aid to localities trying to integrate schools.

Provide education for children of military personnel when their public schools are closed because of integration disputes.

Make use of force or threats to obstruct court ordered school desegregation a federal offense.

Permit federal officers to cross state lines for arrests in "hate" bombings of schools, churches, etc.

Empower the attorney general to inspect local voting records in federal elections and require that the records be preserved for a "reasonable period."

More than 200 proposals—bills, resolutions, amendments, etc.—pertaining at least vaguely to civil rights have been introduced last year and this. Most of them could be offered as amendments to the Stella bill unless the Senate voted to cut off debate by imposing its rarely-used cloture rule.

The Eisenhower proposal would:

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## Maid's Testimony Target of Defense in Finch Trial

Los Angeles—(UPI)—The defense for Dr. R. Bernard Finch was to rip again today into the testimony of Swedish maid Marie Anne Lidholm about the struggle preceding the death of the doctor's wife, Miss Lidholm, 19, and "pretty as they grow them in Sweden," is the most dangerous witness the 43-year-old surgeon had in his trial with Carole Tregoff, 23, for the alleged murder of Barbara Finch.

**Discrepancies Pinpointed**

Grant Cooper, Finch's lawyer, pinpointed 11 discrepancies in her story Monday and was set today to emphasize what he thinks may be a key to the case.

That consists of the two varying stories of whether Finch had a gun in his hand when he ran out of the Finch garage after his wife the night of July 18. She was found short in the back. The defense says the fatal injury came after a struggle for a gun first held by Mrs. Finch.

**Believe Doing Her Best**

Cooper said Monday he thought Miss Lidholm was doing her best to tell the truth. But she was more sympathetic toward Mrs. Finch, he said, and open to the "power of suggestion."

Cooper said the jury was duty bound to accept reasonable explanations of actions by Finch that might have been innocent. He said they also had to find the surgeon guilty beyond reasonable doubt.

"Reasonable doubt is like love," he said. "You can't define it but you know when you've got it."

**Judge Holman Named As Justice Pro-Tem**

Salem—(UPI)—Circuit Judge Ralph M. Holman, Oregon City, was named a justice pro tem of the Oregon Supreme Court indefinitely beginning today.

Judge Holman will serve along with Circuit Judges Paul R. Harris, Portland, and George R. Duncan, Salem, who have been with the high court on a pro-tem basis since January.

## MEDFORD TRIBUNE

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## New Lamb Grading Standards in Effect

Washington—(UPI)—Lower government standards for grading lamb and mutton went into effect today and may help housewives save money on the family grocery bill.

Agriculture Department officials said the new standards would permit more lamb to be marked prime and choice, increasing the supply. The normal operation of supply and demand should result in lower prices, they added.

**To Get Honest Deal**

One official said that as long as the housewife depends on government grades in buying meat, she will get an honest deal. He pointed out that few persons are qualified to judge meat accurately and expertly.

"The housewife is not going to be cheated," the official said.

Another Agriculture Department aide pointed out that beef standards were lowered some time ago and there was no anguish to the buying public.

**No Price Change**

The official had no fear that retail prices would rise because grading revisions would put more meat in the so-called expensive classifications. He said competition in the meat industry would take care of any price change.

The Agriculture Department reduced minimum requirements for the prime and choice grades of lamb and mutton. This change will increase the number of lambs that qualify for the two grades. Prior to the revision, few buyers could get prime or choice lamb because it was not available under the old standards.

## Leak of Military Information Being Studied

Washington—(UPI)—The government has been investigating "leaks" of classified military information after it has been secretly given to Congress by U. S. intelligence agencies.

The matter could lead to administration review of the whole question of how widely Congress should be briefed on secret military information, informal sources said today.

**Dulles Testimony Leaked**

The investigation centered on a leak to the press of closed-door testimony by Allen W. Dulles, director of the Central Intelligence Agency, before the Senate space-preparedness committees in January.

Dulles' testimony concerned estimates of Russian missile capabilities.

Security on the whole has been considered good. Publication of what purported to be Dulles' January testimony is regarded in some official quarters as the one major "leak."

But the incident prompted an investigation both inside and outside the CIA.

It also raised in official circles the problem of how to deal with one basic strategic advantage of the Soviet Union over the United States—Russia's far superior capacity for keeping information secret.

The Russian advantage is based on both geography—her vast open spaces—and on her totalitarian system of government.

It has been behind Russia's consistent refusal to permit disarmament inspections by Western countries.

## Stocks Irregular in Moderate Trading; Electronics Strong

New York—(UPI)—Stocks moved irregularly today in moderate trading.

Electronics were strong and motors firm, while metals dropped sharply and steels eased.

IBM jumped more than 4 in the electronics where Beckman and Collins Radio rose around 2 each.

Record February production reports for American Motors and Ford lifted these shares more than 2 and 1, respectively. Chrysler jumped more than 1.

Youngstown fell more than a point in the steels. Bethlehem and U.S. Steel eased.

**DOW-JONES AVERAGES**

New York—(UPI)—Dow-Jones final stock averages: 30 industrials 626.87, off 3.25; 20 railroads 148.61, off 1.34; 15 utilities 87.33, up 0.57, and 65 stocks 207.20, off 0.76.

Sales today were about 2,920,000 shares compared with 2,990,000 shares Monday.

Standard N. J.	44%
Sun Mines	61%
Texas Co.	74%
Texas Gulf Sulphur	17%
Tex. Pac. Land Trust	17%
Transamerica	26%
Trans World Air	13%
Tri-Continental	33%
Union Carbide	13%
Union Pacific	29%
United Aircraft	37%
United Air Lines	29%
U. S. Rubber	56%
U. S. Steel	86%
Youngstown S & T	114%

## Grants Pass Man Files for DA Post

Grants Pass—Lawrence A. Aschenbrenner, Grants Pass attorney and justice of the peace, announced his candidacy for district attorney of Josephine county today. He is a Democrat.

Aschenbrenner, 29, is a graduate of the University of Oregon Law school and has practiced law in Grants Pass since the fall of 1957. He was appointed justice of the peace in September, 1959.

Aschenbrenner has been active in many civic affairs. Among these was the Heart fund campaign, civic development division of the chamber of commerce, and vice chairman of the county's centennial committee.

**Byrnes Opposes Defense Arguments**

Aiken, S.C.—(UPI)—James F. Byrnes, former U.S. Supreme Court justice and secretary of state, said Monday night the nation's "admirals and generals should settle their differences behind closed doors."

Byrnes told a civic club that once the President has made a decision about defense funds, military officials should drop their own arguments and "strive to prove their commander-in-chief was right."

**SAFETY FIRST**

Tokyo—(UPI)—The Yamatake Taxi Co. took strong measures to protect its cabs from striking drivers Monday. A crane hoisted 26 taxis to the roof of the firm's three-story headquarters.

## Early Bonneville Employee Succumbs

Portland—(UPI)—Private funeral services were to be held today for Allingsworth Wilson, 72, one of the first employees of Bonneville Power Administration. He died Sunday.

Wilson, a resident of Oregon City, joined BPA early in 1938. He was born in Washington, D.C., and worked during his early life as a Panama Canal surveyor.

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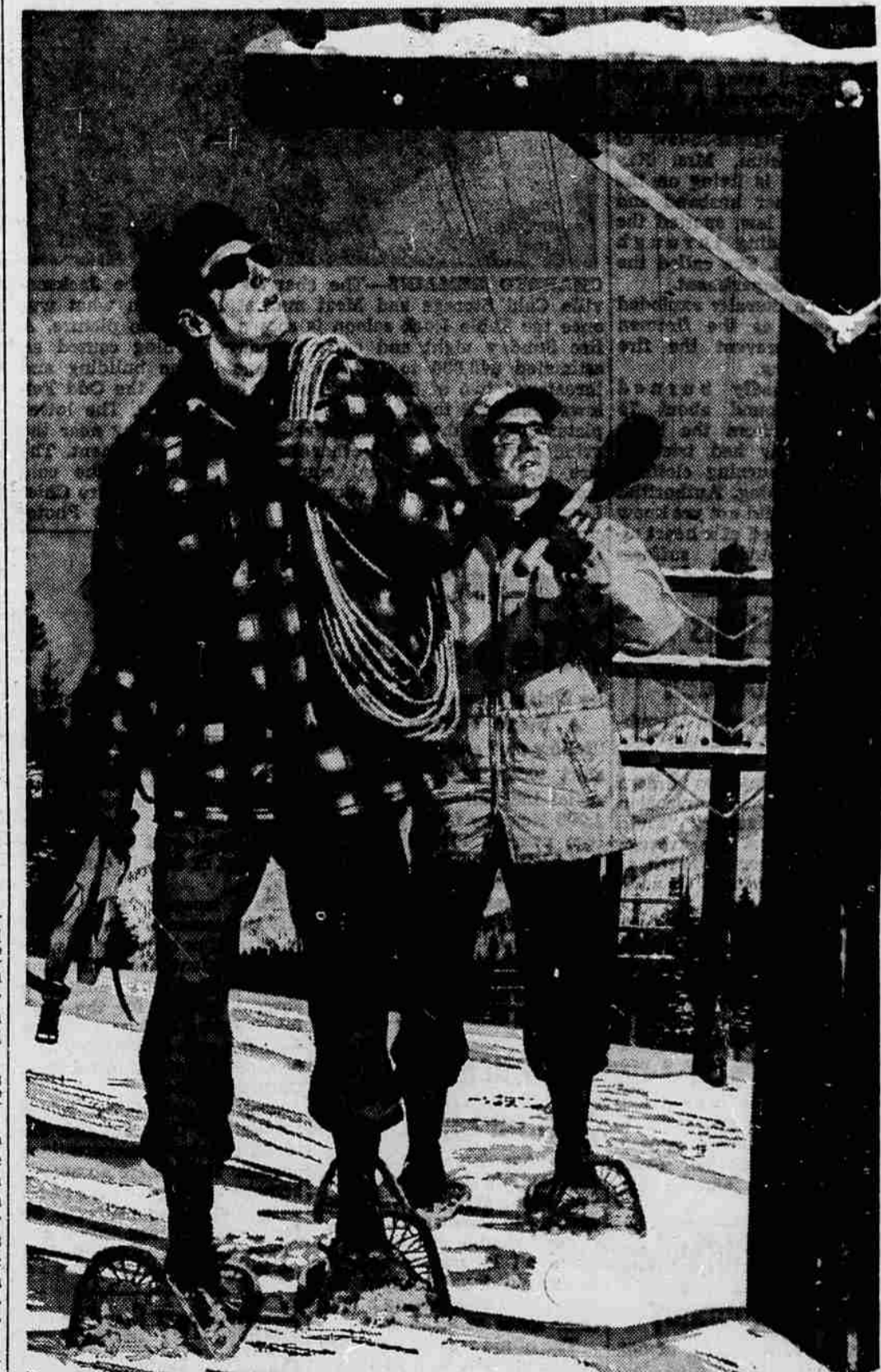
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Allied Chemical	58 3/4
Alum. Co. Am.	40 1/2
American Can	40 1/2
American Motors	71 3/4
A. T. & T.	89 3/4
Anaconda Copper	53 3/4
Armco Steel	63 3/4
Bendix Aviation	74
Bethlehem Steel	48 3/4
Boeing Air	27 3/4
Caterpillar Corp.	30 3/4
Chrysler Corp.	57 3/4
Continental Can	45 3/4
Crown Zellerbach	48 3/4
Curtis Wright	23 1/4
Dow Chemical	89 3/4
Du Pont	102 3/4
Eastman Kodak	103 3/4
Firestone	43 3/4
General Electric	102 3/4
General Foods	102 3/4
General Motors	46 3/4
Georgia Pacific	49 3/4
Graham Paige	42 3/4
Greyhound	20 3/4
Gulf Oil	29 3/4
Honesdale Mining	41 3/4
Idaho Power	47 3/4
I. B. M.	42 1/2
Int. Paper	111 1/2
Johns Manville	50 3/4
Katy	53 3/4
Lehigh Valley	28 3/4
Lockheed Aircraft	28 3/4
Montana Power	23 3/4
Montgomery Ward	48 3/4
Natl. Biscuit	48 3/4
New York Central	26 3/4
Pac. Gas & Elec.	64 3/4
Penn. J.C.	115 3/4
Penn. RR	14 3/4
Radio Corporation	68 3/4
Richfield Oil	73 3/4
Safeway	38 3/4
Sears	41 3/4
Shell Oil	41 3/4
Sococony Mobil Oil	37 3/4
Southern	42 3/4
Southern Pacific	40 3/4
Standard California	43 3/4