

Highlights of Ike's News Conference

Washington—(UPI)—Highlights on President Eisenhower's news conference today.

Eisenhower said Lewis L. Strauss should not retreat under the Senate attacks on his nomination as secretary of commerce. Speaking with obvious feeling, the President said the nation would come to a sad state of affairs if personal antagonisms reach the point where highly qualified men could not be confirmed for federal office.

He made a plea for congressional support of his foreign aid program, saying that current hearings in Congress on the subject should not be approached on a partisan basis.

He said he was perfectly ready to have the people of the country decide whether to repeal the 22nd amendment to the Constitution prohibiting a president from serving more than two terms. Eisenhower added that he himself did not feel too strongly on the necessity of repealing the amendment.

He said a summer summit meeting would be a foregone conclusion if the May 11 foreign ministers meeting in Geneva produces tangible hope for reducing tension in Europe.

Deplores Lynching

He expressed every confidence that the FBI and Mississippi authorities will find some way of punishing those responsible for the lynching of a Mississippi Negro accused of raping a white woman. Eisenhower said, however, that he did not think the Poplarville case necessitated any stronger federal statutes on the subject.

He expressed hope that the Republican 1960 presidential candidate will carry more southern states than he did in 1956.

He said Congress would have to find some way of meeting new deficits in the general fund of the Treasury if the House and Senate fail to approve his recommended gas tax increase of one and a half cents a gallon.

The subject of the vital steel contract negotiations came up when a reported note that the union wants a wage settlement based on steel company profits in the first quarter of this year.

High Steel Profits

The reporter said profits during the first three months of this year were at a record high. He asked the President whether he saw any possibility of economic controls if the negotiations produced a contract that would bring a new round of inflation.

Eisenhower said first that he did not necessarily accept the statement that steel profits reached an all-time high

in the first quarter. Then he added that, quote aside from a technicality as to the record-making aspects of steel profits, the problem involved a basic matter affecting 175 million Americans.

He said their interest would be preserved, damaged or possibly advanced by the decisions reached in the negotiations.

What comes from the negotiations, he continued, will affect all American industry and therefore the people had a right to look to the negotiators for good sense, real wisdom and true economic statesmanship, or in the long run, the U.S. could not stand still and do nothing.

He said his record showed that he deplored and opposed government intervention, even in union-management negotiations. He also expressed disapproval of turning to laws that would fix the levels of profits and wages.

To have to resort to such mandatory controls would be a major setback for American principles, he said. Then he added that the American people should make it abundantly clear that they are concerned about the situation and will not stand still while they suffer economically.

He had no specific suggestions as to how the public should manifest this concern.

Mental, Emotional Breakdown Of Draftees Traced in Report

New York—(UPI)—Results of an intensive study launched by Dwight Eisenhower before he became President shows that 2,500,000 men the army either never got or couldn't use during World War II broke down primarily because of a lack of adequate education.

These men, equivalent of 165 divisions, were lost because of mental and emotional breakdowns.

Men who had only a grammar school education or less were about five times as likely to become ineffective as men who had had some college education, the study said.

Most of the 2,500,000 men—about two million of them—were rejected in draft board screening. The rest served and were discharged, many after long and honorable duty. But that means that one of every seven of the 18 million screened for duty failed because of emotional or mental defects, the survey said.

Eight Years in Preparation

The survey was inaugurated by President Eisenhower in 1951 when he was president of Columbia university.

It is being published in a three-volume work entitled: "The Ineffective Soldier: Lessons for Management and the Nation."

The work is a cooperative venture involving the university, several business corporations, foundations, unions and the government. It took eight years to prepare.

Dr. Eli Ginzberg of Columbia was principal author. Co-authors were James K. Anderson Sr., Sol W. Ginsberg, Dr. John L. Hermé, Dr. Douglas

W. Bray, William A. Jordan and Maj. Francis Ryan.

Maj. Gen. Howard Snyder, the President's physician, was adviser to the "conservation of human resources" project. The study says that besides emotional and mental breakdowns, "Dear John" Letters, marital breakups and family problems at home were also major reasons why so many men failed to make the grade.

The study said the United States must find a way to save the "significant sector of American manhood" lost to the services in wartime as a vital step in the defense and security of the country.

Other Findings

The study also says that Negroes and farmers were listed as highly susceptible to breakdowns under stress of war and Army life but said these defects also could be traced to a lack of education.

The study also said that: —Far more soldiers broke down in reaction to Army life in general than to the stress of combat.

—Most veterans who suffered emotional breakdowns while in military service have now recovered and are self-supporting.

—Combat veterans who broke down were the most likely to recover in the shortest time.

—Faults in the Army's screening and training system were spotlighted by the fact that half the major and mental emotional discharge cases involved men who never should have been inducted.

—The study also says that: —Combat veterans who broke down were the most likely to recover in the shortest time.

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Truman Advises Against Skimping On Aid To Allies

Washington—(UPI)—Former President Harry S. Truman bluntly advised congressional critics of foreign aid today to cut their own salaries rather than skimp on assistance to America's allies.

The ex-President, testifying on President Eisenhower's \$3,900,000,000 foreign aid request, told the House Foreign Affairs Committee it would be "playing with dynamite" to slash the program.

Truman said it would be perfectly obvious that in the struggle against Communism, America must have as many friends and as few enemies as possible.

He said Congress should increase the authorization for the development loan fund, not slash it. Further, he said, this shouldn't be done by skimping on military assistance to friendly nations.

Opposes Political Thinking

The former President said he did not feel the foreign aid program was a partisan matter, although he had heard "disturbing reports of political partisanship entering into the picture."

He emphasized there was no conflict on the issues as far as he was concerned—between the Eisenhower administration "and the prior Democratic administration."

Truman said even people who supported the program did not fully realize how important it was.

"Mark this well," he declared. "The mutual security program is not a soft spot in our budget."

"It is not a place where the country can economize in a cheap and easy fashion without hurting anything much. If you start skimping on this program, you are playing with dynamite."

Truman said that if Congress felt it had to cut the budget, it shouldn't be in the foreign aid field.

"There are many other places you ought to cut first," he said. "I will not be so indiscreet as to name them here—but I might suggest that you ought not to cut this program unless you feel the situation is so bad you first cut congressional salaries."

Truman said America "cannot exist as an island of prosperity in an impoverished world."

"To the extent we can help other nations raise their standard of living," he said, "our own standard of living here at home will be increased."

Mecca, sacred to Moslems, as the birthplace of Mohammed, is 66 miles east of the Red Sea port of Jiddah.

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Autopsy Ordered in Death of Salem Man

Canby—(UPI)—An autopsy was ordered Monday into the death of Edgar Henry Randall, 80, Salem, after the car he was driving went into a ditch on Highway 99 north of here and struck a concrete piling of a logging road overpass.

Deputy Coroner Jack C. Kent said the man apparently suffered a heart seizure.

MAIL TRIBUNE, Medford, Or. Tuesday, May 3, 1959

Voters at Ontario Approve School Budget

Ontario—(UPI)—Voters of Ontario school district 8-C Monday approved a \$993,552 school budget for operations through 1959-61.

The vote was 341-198. Book publishers issued 13,142 hard-cover titles in 1957 and 4,500 paperback titles.

OLDEST BELGIAN DIES

Brussels, Belgium—(UPI)—Mrs. Mieke Duray, Belgium's oldest citizen, died Monday on her 104th birthday just a few hours before she was to receive an honor visit from the mayor and the city council.

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Producing and distributing products takes continuing investments in new refinery equipment, pipelines, tankers, trucks and trailers. Last year, \$108 million went into these new facilities.



Our 36,295 employees were paid \$281 million in wages and benefits. Standard's 152,754 stockholders received nearly 44¢ for each dollar of the market value of stockholdings.



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LET'S take a look at Harry's final statement to the senate subcommittee this morning:

"If he is not a good President, you don't have to reelect him. There is a WAY TO GET RID OF HIM — and it doesn't require a constitutional amendment."

I DON'T want to put words in anybody's mouth, but I think this, in substance, is what HST was saying — to the senate subcommittee, and to the people of the U. S.:

"If the third-term ban LIVES IN THE HEARTS OF THE PEOPLE there will be no NEED for a third-term ban in the constitution."

If the people BELIEVE that too much power held in too few hands too long is dangerous to the liberties of the people, there will be no need for a constitutional prohibition against third terms. The people will then handle the situation with their votes.

If that is what he was saying, I agree with him.



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