



**THE SENATOR WANTS A WORD**—Supreme Court Justice William J. Brennan (foreground) listens attentively to testimony before the Senate judiciary committee at open hearing in Washington on his nomination. Left is Senator Joseph McCarthy of Wisconsin, who is not a member of the committee but who asked to be allowed to question Brennan. At right is Senator Estes Kefauver of Tennessee.

**Actor Jack Webb, Wife Part Again**

Hollywood—(U.P.)—Actor Jack Webb, the "Joe Friday" of the television "Dragnet" series and his wife, Dorothy Towne, have parted for the third time. A spokesman for Webb said Wednesday, the separation was "final," but that there were no plans for divorce yet. Webb and Miss Towne were wed in Chicago June 11, 1955. They separated six months later, were reconciled, parted again last Oct. 29, then made up again. Miss Towne was reported to have left for Mexico about a week ago.

Webb, the former husband of singer Julie London, is making a feature length movie at Republic Studios.

**Hailstorm Halts Traffic In North Carolina Town**

Boone, N.C.—(U.P.)—A hailstorm halted traffic for 15 minutes and covered the ground with hail pellets up to a half-inch in diameter in this mountain town Wednesday. The temperature dropped 10 degrees during the afternoon storm. No serious damage was reported.

**'Papa Knows Best' Attitude Displayed by BLM in Handling Marketing of O&C Timber**

By A. ROBERT SMITH  
Mail Tribune Correspondent  
Washington—The Bureau of Land Management has just displayed what a House investigating subcommittee was talking about when it said that too many agencies have adopted a "papa knows best" attitude in keeping legitimate information concerning public issues from the public at large.



A. Robert Smith

BLM has now made public a report prepared by a private forest expert, Paul F. Graves, but the manner in which it did so bears describing as an illustration of the heart of the problem raised by the tendency of government officials to clamp a tight lid on any information that will not reflect favorably on their agencies.

The Graves report is critical of BLM's long-standing policy of imposing marketing restrictions on the federal timber it puts up for bid on western Oregon's O&C lands. Its most sensational conclusion is that these restrictions have limited competition, thereby reducing bid prices for O&C timber and in turn causing the 18 O&C counties to lose in the neighborhood of \$5,000,000 over a three-year period.

Professor Graves, of Syracuse university, studied the O&C situation for two months last summer, then submitted his carefully documented report in October. The report was held in confidence by bureau officials who relished not the thought of the commotion it might stir up in behalf of changes in BLM policies. BLM had hired Professor Graves to make the report because of pressure from Congress, for the Senate Interior committee last summer concluded a long study of federal timber sale policies with a recommendation that marketing area restrictions be reconsidered. The committee requested that BLM study the problem and report back on whether it would continue or ease marketing areas, and the

reasons why. Some weeks ago BLM announced it would hold a public hearing in Portland March 1 to let the issue be debated. But, according to informed sources, BLM had no intention of disclosing the contents of the Graves report prior to that hearing. Obviously, it would provide the most lethal ammunition for opponents of BLM policy. Meanwhile, a newspaper reporter gained access to the contents of the report, and his story in this newspaper made headlines over the finding that the counties were losing money due to BLM's restrictions on free competition for timber. BLM acted with typical "papa knows best" form. Off its mimeographed machines came a press release purporting to de-

**Opposition Voiced To Siskiyou Sales Tax**

Yreka—Opposition to a county sales tax in Siskiyou county was voiced at a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce here this week. Yreka supervisor, Bill Ealy, already on record as opposing a county sales tax, contended that "any additional tax would drive the business into Oregon." He said he thought a sales tax might be alright at a later date in the event Oregon passes a similar tax. Harry Friedman, Yreka, city councilman, said Susanville city officials told him "not one merchant in 500" would say establishment of a sales tax in that city had hurt him.

The city councilman pointed out that a sales tax would provide Yreka with more money than the city's entire current income from various forms of licensing. Friedman noted that Yreka does not have enough money to construct projects necessary for city streets and their improvement, or for other city improvements.

**TOO COLD**  
Hartford, Conn.—(U.P.)—Boy Scouts who took an ice box on a camping trip in 20-below-zero weather knew what they were doing—they used it to keep food from freezing.

scribe what was in the Graves report—yet it didn't even hint that Graves had been critical of marketing restrictions or had recommended their demise. BLM's press release, indeed, ignored the entire 115-page narrative in which Professor Graves first describes O&C timber sale practices and their economic effect on local lumbering communities and then reaches his conclusions that they should be changed.

**Siskiyou Seeking Aircraft Plant**

Yreka—A move to obtain a multimillion dollar aircraft assembly plant in Siskiyou county was launched recently by several citizens who have solicited support of county supervisors. Jim LeBaron, Yreka businessman, proposed that a three man delegation be sent to Boeing aircraft headquarters in Seattle in an attempt to obtain location of a proposed Boeing plant in Siskiyou county.

He said Siskiyou isolation location would fit in with the government's plan for dispersal of strategic plants from vulnerable areas. LeBaron pointed out that the Montague site already has a 7,500 foot heavy duty runway, and a spur railroad track is nearby for materials shipment.

LeBaron said "a final assembly plant would employ about 5,000 workers, and might double Siskiyou's population." He suggested that a brochure outlining assets and advantages of the Siskiyou airport be prepared for distribution to aircraft companies throughout California.

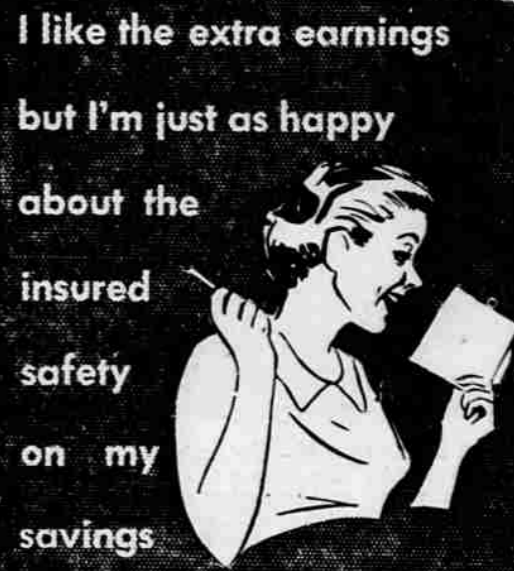
In an effort to attract attention from this conclusion, BLM dug deep into the appendix to find statistics in a set of tables from which it concluded that BLM sale prices were about \$9 per thousand board feet more than those received by the Forest Service in the same general area. BLM argued that it would have received \$15.7 million less than it did in the three-year study period if it had followed practices of the Forest Service, which does not impose marketing limits.

**Statements Refuted**  
Candidly admitting the purpose of its press release, BLM then claimed this "refutes published statements to the effect that marketing procedures for O&C timber might have cost the 18 O&C counties potential additional revenue." BLM sought to give the impression that its conclusion was the kernel of the Graves report, when in fact the professor didn't even discuss it.

In any event, deliberately distorted as it was, this representation compelled BLM to make public the report it would have preferred to sit on as though it had an inalienable right to decide what facts of government should be withheld from public scrutiny.

**University Museum Has Prized Possessions**

Norman Okla.—(U.P.)—An egret hat, a woman's girdle, a blowgun and a canoe are prized possessions of the University of Oklahoma's Stovall Museum. The items are part of a shipment to the university of some 177 Indian articles from the Amazon rain forest in South America. James Lauriault, a missionary-linguist with the Institute of Linguistics, assembled clothing, utensils and weapons of the way of life of 11 Indian tribes and shipped them to O. U.



I like the extra earnings but I'm just as happy about the insured safety on my savings

Why not open your savings account with us now and enjoy real profit on your savings, WITH COMPLETE SAFETY!  
Investments Made by the 10th Receive Dividends as of the 1st  
Current Dividend **3 1/2%** Per Annum  
**FIRST FEDERAL**  
Savings & Loan Association of Medford  
29 North Ivy Street • R. F. Kyle, President

be sure... **CH and cane sugar** POWDERED  
the pure cane sugar from Hawaii!

**GRAND VIEW MARKET and Locker Plant**  
Phone 2-8188 2330 CRATER LAKE AVENUE  
Prices in This Ad Effective Friday, Saturday and Sunday, March 1, 2, 3

CHECK OUR EVERYDAY LOW, LOW SHELF PRICES!  
**S & H GREEN STAMPS**  
COST YOU NOTHING AT GRAND VIEW MARKET!

FROM OUR MEAT DEPARTMENT

**PICNIC HAMS** ARMOUR STAR Ready-to-Eat 4 to 6 Lb. Average LB. **33c**

**BANNER BACON** 1-Lb. Cello-Sliced Tray-Pak **2 lbs. 89c**

**SAUSAGE** You'll Like it lb. **39c** **T-BONES** Juicy-Aged-Well Trimmed lb. **69c**

**NALLEY'S TANG** New Low Price Quart **39c**

**NALLEY'S Cucumber Chips** Home-Style Flavor 16-OZ. JAR **5 for \$1.00**

**NALLEY'S Mayonnaise** Full Quart **55c**

• GOLD MEDAL FLOUR - 5 lbs. 55c - 10 lbs. \$1.05 - 25 lbs. \$2.19  
• Betty Crocker Cake Mixes - Your Choice - White, Yellow or Devil's Food-Pkg. 33c

★ No Better Produce in Town Than At Grandview Market ★

**AVOCADOS** SOFT SHELLLED-DELICIOUS **2 for 27c**

**ORANGES** GIANT 75 SIZE - SWEET NAVELS Dozen **49c**

**GRAPEFRUIT** ARIZONA WHITES 8 POUND MESH BAG **39c**

**Standard tries a flood of fire to make worn out oil fields produce again**

Progress in the West means... Helping find new sources of oil to supply the 13 million barrels per day the U.S. will need in 1966

1956	8,827,000 barrels per day
1966	13,000,000 barrels per day

MANY INACTIVE WELLS STILL HAVE LOTS OF OIL left underground in spite of the industry's great advances in oil recovery. Our country must have this oil to meet the growing power needs of industry, the Armed Forces and motorists. That's why Standard is trying a new conservation experiment called "fire flooding."

We ignite some of the oil in a pool... control burning by regulating the air supply. Heat and pressure drive the oil to surrounding wells for pumping. It will take more than a year's time and a million dollars to see if fire flooding works. We think it's worth the effort because it could add more to U.S. underground oil reserves than the discovery of an entire new oil field.

**STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA**  
plans ahead to serve you better