

# JAPS DELAY SURRENDER JAUNT

## UNABLE TO ARRIVE IN MANILA FRIDAY M'ARTHUR TOLD

Claim Insufficient Time Given To Prepare Delegation For Flight To Islands

Manila, Aug. 17—(U.P.)—Gen. Douglas MacArthur early today accepted Japan's delay in dispatch of her surrender envoys but it was understood he is determined that the negotiations be concluded with dispatch.

Manila, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—Japan stalled off the dispatch of her surrender mission to Manila again today, radioing word to Gen. Douglas MacArthur that the Japanese emissaries will not be able to arrive as he ordered.

MacArthur's headquarters said Radio Tokyo finally had replied to his broadcast instructions on the surrender negotiations.

The Japanese reply complained, however, that they had not been given sufficient time to prepare their delegation and that the envoys could not reach Manila tomorrow.

However, it said the emissaries will take off "as soon as possible."

A Japanese broadcast directed to MacArthur's headquarters said that Emperor Hirohito issued his official cease-fire order to Japanese forces at 4 p. m. (3 a. m. EWT), and is sending members of the imperial family to the fighting fronts to see that the order is enforced.

Transfer at 10 It said the order should be received by forces in Japan within 48 hours, by forces in China, Manchuria, Korea and southern regions, except Bougainville, New Guinea and the Philippines, within six days; Bougainville in eight days; New Guinea and Philippines 12 days.

The message said, however, that it was "difficult to foresee" when an order would reach all the front line fighting units.

## EMPEROR'S UNCLE TO FORM CABINET

San Francisco, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—Emperor Hirohito today ordered Gen. Prince Noruhiko Higashi-Kuni, uncle of the Empress Nagako, to form a new Japanese cabinet—a selection the emperor apparently hoped would satisfy the allies.

The official Japanese agency Domei said the premier-designate was expected to complete by tonight a full cabinet, replacing Premier Kantaro Suzuki's government which resigned yesterday.

In an earlier broadcast, Tokyo said that Japanese fighting men regarded the emperor's surrender decision as a "supreme order which must be obeyed at any cost."

However, a United Press dispatch from Manila said Japanese troops of northern Luzon still were fighting despite American efforts to convince them that their government had surrendered.

"Everybody—men in barracks, workers in war plants, and farmers in remote corners of the land—was moved to tears at his majesty's words expressing the gracious wish to save the nation and country from further destruction and privations," Tokyo said.

## Gas Ration Books Ready For Ash Can

Washington, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—The OPA said today it doesn't care what motorists do with their gasoline ration books.

You can tear them up or use them to light cigars—the OPA won't mind.

The agency said there won't be any more checkups, and that gasoline rationing is an entirely closed incident.

## STOCKYARD BURNS

Caldwell, Ida., Aug. 16—(U.P.)—The entire two-block square Caldwell stockyards, said to be the largest between Salt Lake and Portland, and including at least 80 head of livestock, was destroyed by fire early today.

## JAPS MONEY FROZEN

Lisbon, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—The Portuguese government issued a decree today freezing the money and property of the Japanese government, or Japanese nationals, in Portugal and of Portuguese residents in Japan.

# MEDFORD MALL TRIBUNE

United Press—Full Leased Wire

United Press—Full Leased Wire

NO. 124.

MEDFORD, OREGON, THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1945.

## Weather

FORECAST: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with afternoon thunder storms over higher mountains. Little change in temperature.

Highest Yesterday Temp. 61  
Lowest this Morning 43

Fortieth Year

## JAPS FACING REDS CONTINUE BATTLE SOVIET DECLARES

### Fanatical Defense Efforts In Korea and Manchuria Unable to Halt Russians

London, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—Soviet Russia said today that Japanese troops in Manchuria and Korea still were fighting fanatically despite their government's surrender.

Radio Khabarovsk, voice of the Soviet Far eastern command, reported three Red Banner armies were continuing their advance into the heart of enemy territory in the face of "unslacking fanatical Japanese efforts to check it with powerful defenses of long-standing."

### Treachery Warning

"But no power on earth can halt our men," the broadcast said. "Until the enemy lays down his arms, we shall march on and nothing can stop us. However difficult the terrain on which the enemy stands, Russian soldiers will pass."

The broadcast warned Soviet troops against Japanese treachery.

No details were given of the fighting in Korea and on Sakhalin Island.

## CHINA COMMUNIST LEADER DEMANDS SURRENDER SHARE

San Francisco, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—Gen. Chu Teh, commander of the Chinese communist armies, today demanded Chinese communist representation at Japan's surrender.

A Yenan dispatch reported by the FCC said Chu has sent a memorandum to the American, Russian and British ambassadors in Chungking challenging Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek's right to be China's sole representative in the surrender negotiations.

Chu also called on the United States to halt immediately "for the sake of reducing the danger of civil war in China." The statement said that "the danger of such a civil war has now become extremely grave."

Chiang recently ordered the Communist armies not to accept the surrender of Japanese and puppet troops in China independently, but Chu announced he would not comply. Chiang yesterday announced that he had invited Mao Tze-Tung, to Chungking in an effort to settle the dispute.

## Tax Adjustment Program Coming

Washington, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—President Truman said today that experts are working on tax adjustments and that a legislative program should be shaping up soon.

He told his news conference that for the time being he could say nothing about the tax situation.

Earlier this week there were unofficial reports that reduction of individual income taxes could be expected in the next several months.

## ACTRESS CORRESPONDENT

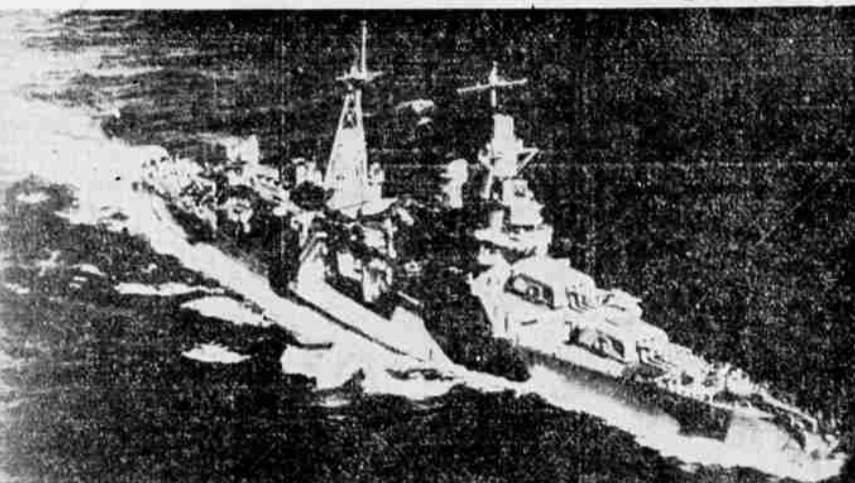
Los Angeles, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—June Duprez, movie actress, was named today as co-respondent in a suit for separate maintenance filed by Mrs. Isabel Dudley Smith, 39, against Booze Smith, 26, publicity man at RKO studio.

Smith asserts her husband abandoned her a year ago because of his interest in the actress.

## CLOSE DOUGLAS PLANTS

Santa Monica, Cal., Aug. 16—(U.P.)—Douglas Aircraft Company today received war contract cancellations that will close two of its six plants and necessitate immediate dismissal of 38,000 of its 90,000 employees.

## Cruiser Loss Closes War On Tragic Note



Here's the U. S. navy heavy cruiser Indianapolis, which the navy has just revealed, was one of the last great losses of the war against Japan. She went down from "enemy action" with nearly 2,000 men aboard—1,197 men either killed, wounded or missing down.

## Medford Had Jap Bomb Too; Missile Landed January 12 On Farm At South End Peach St.

With the lifting of censorship "now it can be told" that Medford had a taste of war though far from the scene of actual fighting, Medford's bit of personal war came in the nature of a bomb-carrying balloon which blew itself to bits at 5:30, just at dusk, last Jan. 12. The balloon had descended to within a few feet of the ground on the Oliver Tice farm at the end of South Peach street when the blast came.

The bag, shattered by the explosion, dropped a two-foot long bomb which partially imbedded itself in the soft earth and did not explode. The flash of the explosion was seen by Floyd Albert, who lives in the vicinity. He called Sgt. Lyman Thomas of the Oregon State Guard, who also lives nearby, and they, with Mr. Tice who had seen the flash, called officials, State police, Oregon State Guard, FBI and army officers immediately took charge and all in the vicinity who knew of the occurrence were sworn to secrecy. Newspaper men observed the voluntary censorship which prevailed throughout the war.

### 225 Reported

With the lifting of censorship, it was revealed that some 225 of the paper-constructed balloons were reported to have reached the American continent. Six deaths and minor material damage were believed to be the only results of the Japanese attempt to answer the devastating B-29 raids on the Japanese homeland.

### Japs Kept In Dark

It was explained by the officers that the Japanese were freeing the balloons without knowledge where they would light and the only way they could be kept in ignorance as to where the bomb carriers were going or what damage they were doing, if any, was to keep close censorship on the matter in this country.

The Tice farm device was picked up by an army bomb removal squad sent here especially for the purpose and was hurried by automobile to San Francisco where experts took it apart and studied the mechanism. It was believed to have been one of the first reported intact.

### Other Portions Found

Portions of other balloons were found in this region but there was not enough left after their explosion to shed much light on the nature of their cargo. The general belief held by

authorities here was that the balloons carried a load of incendiary material which would be scattered over a wide area by an explosion when the gas bags came down within a few thousand feet of the earth. It was also thought the incendiary material would not act until dry weather fires were actually set by such means is not known but it is doubted.

Use of the free-floating, bomb-carrying balloons by the Japanese as a bizarre attempt to gain aerial equality with the United States proved to be a dud, a United Press survey indicated today.

### 225 Reported

With the lifting of censorship, it was revealed that some 225 of the paper-constructed balloons were reported to have reached the American continent. Six deaths and minor material damage were believed to be the only results of the Japanese attempt to answer the devastating B-29 raids on the Japanese homeland.

### Many Clear Rockies

Many of the balloons were known to have cleared the Rockies and landed in the mid, west. One of the first reported was from Laurens, Ia. Several other Iowa towns reported balloons.

### Not All Settled

Churchill indicated that many of these questions were taken up with Russia at the Potsdam conference with indifferent success. "We should not delude ourselves into supposing that the results of this first conference of the victors was free from disappointment or anxiety or that the most serious questions brought before us were all brought to a good solution," he said.

"Those that proved incapable of agreement at the conference have been relegated to the Foreign Secretaries Council, which, though most capable of resolving difficulties, is essentially one gifted with less far-reaching power."

never was found. Another balloon was found near Grand Rapids, Mich. Others were reported flying over Michigan.

### Most Land On Coast

Most of the bomb-balloons to reach the continent fell in the Pacific coast area from British Columbia to Mexico. The greatest number landed in Washington, Oregon, California and Montana. One came down near the atomic bomb plant near Hanford, Wash., but did not explode.

The only deaths recorded as a result of the balloons were in Oregon. A balloon was found by a group of seven church picnickers at Lakeview, Ore. One of the bombs exploded, killing six of the group.

The first balloon known to have reached the United States came down Dec. 4, 1944, near San Pedro, Calif. It was of a meteorological type and carried a radio transmitter believed used by the enemy to trace its course.

### Many Clear Rockies

Many of the balloons were known to have cleared the Rockies and landed in the mid, west. One of the first reported was from Laurens, Ia. Several other Iowa towns reported balloons.

### Not All Settled

Churchill indicated that many of these questions were taken up with Russia at the Potsdam conference with indifferent success. "We should not delude ourselves into supposing that the results of this first conference of the victors was free from disappointment or anxiety or that the most serious questions brought before us were all brought to a good solution," he said.

"Those that proved incapable of agreement at the conference have been relegated to the Foreign Secretaries Council, which, though most capable of resolving difficulties, is essentially one gifted with less far-reaching power."

### INDUCTEES BOUNCED

Fort MacArthur, Calif., Aug. 16—(U.P.)—Ninety over-age inductees were back in civilian life today, freed by Induction Officer Lt. Russell E. Dicker, yesterday Decker told 150 men "all over 26 fall out and go home. The Army doesn't want you."

### BASEBALL

National

Cincinnati	5	9	1
Boston	3	9	1
Bowman and Unser, Hutchings, Hendrickson and Hoffert.			
St. Louis	4	7	2
Philadelphia	0	2	3
Burkhardt and O'Dea; Sproull and Seminek.			
Chicago	1	7	1
Brooklyn	2	9	2
Wyse, Chipman (8) Vandenberg (8) and Rice; Scots and Peacock, Dantonio (9).			

### INDUCTEES BOUNCED

Fort MacArthur, Calif., Aug. 16—(U.P.)—Ninety over-age inductees were back in civilian life today, freed by Induction Officer Lt. Russell E. Dicker, yesterday Decker told 150 men "all over 26 fall out and go home. The Army doesn't want you."

### BASEBALL

National

Cincinnati	5	9	1
Boston	3	9	1
Bowman and Unser, Hutchings, Hendrickson and Hoffert.			
St. Louis	4	7	2
Philadelphia	0	2	3
Burkhardt and O'Dea; Sproull and Seminek.			
Chicago	1	7	1
Brooklyn	2	9	2
Wyse, Chipman (8) Vandenberg (8) and Rice; Scots and Peacock, Dantonio (9).			

It is probable that the new cut will make it possible to fill all calls with 18-year-olds, he said.

## CHURCHILL SAYS RED TERROR WAVE THREATENS UNITY

### Demands Britain and U. S. Keep Atomic Bomb Secret From Russia, Others

London, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—Winston Churchill declared in Commons today that a wave of communistic terror is sweeping eastern Europe and threatening the unity of the Allied nations.

He demanded bluntly that Britain and America hide the secret of the atomic bomb from Russia and all other powers.

Freedom of the governmental responsibility that restricted his criticism of Russia throughout the war, the former prime minister rose to deliver a bitter attack on the eastern European regimes sponsored by the Soviet Union.

### Warns of Explosion

He warned that trouble between Russia and her western allies might explode if any power tried to dictate the political structure of Europe.

Churchill declared that the United States has emerged from the war as the most powerful nation on earth and he asserted that Britain and America together have in the atomic bomb an "irresistible" weapon for world peace.

He revealed that the two atomic bombs that forced Japan's surrender had averted the need for a massive offensive mapped out at the Big Three conference in Potsdam that he said would have cost 1,000,000 American and 250,000 British lives.

But he centered the main weight of his first speech as leader of the opposition on the situation in eastern Europe.

### Seek European Rule

There, he said, dictatorial communist forces are seeking to rule by terror, covering their actions behind an iron censorship.

"It is not impossible that tragedy on a prodigious scale is imposing itself behind the iron curtain which at present divides Europe in twain," he said.

"I should welcome any statement which will relieve us or inform us on this very anxious and grievous matter."

He referred specifically to Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia and Poland—all countries under strong Russian influence—and asserted that the fate of "millions" of displaced persons in eastern Europe is still uncertain.

### Not All Settled

Churchill indicated that many of these questions were taken up with Russia at the Potsdam conference with indifferent success. "We should not delude ourselves into supposing that the results of this first conference of the victors was free from disappointment or anxiety or that the most serious questions brought before us were all brought to a good solution," he said.

"Those that proved incapable of agreement at the conference have been relegated to the Foreign Secretaries Council, which, though most capable of resolving difficulties, is essentially one gifted with less far-reaching power."

### INDUCTEES BOUNCED

Fort MacArthur, Calif., Aug. 16—(U.P.)—Ninety over-age inductees were back in civilian life today, freed by Induction Officer Lt. Russell E. Dicker, yesterday Decker told 150 men "all over 26 fall out and go home. The Army doesn't want you."

### BASEBALL

National

Cincinnati	5	9	1
Boston	3	9	1
Bowman and Unser, Hutchings, Hendrickson and Hoffert.			
St. Louis	4	7	2
Philadelphia	0	2	3
Burkhardt and O'Dea; Sproull and Seminek.			
Chicago	1	7	1
Brooklyn	2	9	2
Wyse, Chipman (8) Vandenberg (8) and Rice; Scots and Peacock, Dantonio (9).			

## President Truman To Address Legion National Conclave

Indianapolis, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—President Truman will address the American Legion when it convenes in Chicago Nov. 18-20 for the first full-dress national convention since Pearl Harbor, it was announced today.

More than 1,800 accredited delegates and thousands of other Legionnaires will attend the convention, James P. Ringley, Chicago, member of the convention committee, said. Previously only executive committee members had been slated to meet in Chicago next month as a wartime substitute for the regular convention.

Edward N. Scheiberling, national commander, said Office of Defense Transportation officials had assured the Legion it could hold the meeting.

## PRESIDENT URGES INDUSTRIAL PEACE

Washington, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—President Truman called on management and labor today to keep strikes and lockouts at a minimum during the transition from war to peace economy.

Mr. Truman also authorized the war labor board to relax wartime wage stabilization policy to permit voluntary wage boosts where they will not mean an increase in price ceilings.

Earlier, the president had labored to plan to call a labor-management peace conference after congress reconvenes.

In his order, he authorized the WLB to retain considerable of its authority over labor disputes, but proposed that the agency be terminated as soon after the forthcoming management-labor conference as possible.

### Marine Discharge System Like Army

Washington, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—The Marine Corps today announced a point system demobilization system that is the identical system used by the Army the past three months.

The Marine Corps at the outset will require 85 points for male personnel and 25 for female personnel, to be computed initially as of May 12, 1945.

## President Proclaims Sunday Day of Prayer

Washington, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—President Truman's proclamation for a day of prayer:

The war lords of Japan and the Japanese armed forces have surrendered. They have surrendered unconditionally. Three months after victory in Europe, victory has come in the east.

The cruel war of aggression which Japan started eight years ago to spread the forces of evil over the Pacific has resulted in her total defeat.

This is the end of the grandiose schemes of the dictators to enslave the peoples of the world, destroy their civilization, and institute a new era of darkness and degradation. This day is a new beginning in the history of freedom on this earth.

Our global victory has come from the courage and stamina and spirit of free men and women united in determination to fight.

It has come from the massive strength of arms and materials created by peace-loving peoples who knew that unless they won decency in the world would end. It has come from millions of peaceful citizens all over the world—turned soldiers overnight—who showed a ruthless enemy that they were not afraid to fight and to die, and that they knew how to win.

It has come with the help of

## VICTORY BONDS TO BE OFFERED AT EARLY DATE

### Treasury Planning Drive To Raise Ten to Fourteen Billion To Meet Expenses

Washington, Aug. 16—(U.P.)—The treasury was making plans today for a gigantic "victory" bond drive to help meet huge costs of demobilization, contract cancellation and other expenses incident to the war.

Secretary of the Treasury Fred M. Vinson called all state war finance leaders to a meeting here Saturday to plan a drive for raising from \$10,000,000,000 to \$14,000,000,000.

The end of the war has not ended the governments large war-born expenditures, Vinson said. There are millions of men overseas and billions of dollars will be needed to bring them home. Money is also needed to meet mustering-out pay, costs of caring for the disabled and for other expenses of the war, he said.

### Early Date Urged

"I believe the victory loan should be scheduled for the earliest possible date," Vinson said. "It should provide a successful climax for the series of successful drives by which we at home have financed the war."

He said the victory drive should be the last organized effort to sell bonds, but that sales of savings bonds, especially under the payroll deduction plan, should continue.

### October Earliest

Earliest possible date for starting the new drive would be Oct. 8, it was learned. It may be as late as early November. A longer waiting period is preferred by some state directors on grounds that economic conditions may be somewhat more settled by then.

As a result of the end of hostilities, "war" spending will probably topple from a previous estimate of \$70,000,000,000 to around \$40,000,000,000 in fiscal 1946 which ends next June 30.

Non-war spending, according to estimates of the budget bureau, will be about \$15,000,000,000. Thus the unofficial budget estimate for the year stands at some \$55,000,000,000.

### Not All Settled

Churchill indicated that many of these questions were taken up with Russia at the Potsdam conference with indifferent success. "We should not delude ourselves into supposing that the results of this first conference of the victors was free from disappointment or anxiety or that the most serious questions brought before us were all brought to a good solution," he said.

"Those that proved incapable of agreement at the conference have been relegated to the Foreign Secretaries Council, which, though most capable of resolving difficulties, is essentially one gifted with less far-reaching power."

### INDUCTEES BOUNCED

Fort MacArthur, Calif., Aug. 16—(U.P.)—Ninety over-age inductees were back in civilian life today, freed by Induction Officer Lt. Russell E. Dicker, yesterday Decker told 150 men "all over 26 fall out and go home. The Army doesn't want you."

### BASEBALL

National

Cincinnati	5	9	1
Boston	3	9	1
Bowman and Unser, Hutchings, Hendrickson and Hoffert.			
St. Louis	4	7	2
Philadelphia	0	2	3
Burkhardt and O'Dea; Sproull and Seminek.			
Chicago	1	7	1
Brooklyn	2	9	2
Wyse, Chipman (8) Vandenberg (8) and Rice; Scots and Peacock, Dantonio (9).			

God, who was with us in the early days of adversity and disaster, and who has now brought us to this glorious day of triumph.

Let us give thanks to him, and remember that we have now dedicated ourselves to follow in his ways to a lasting and just peace and to a better world.

Now, therefore, I, Harry S. Truman, president of the United States of America, do hereby appoint Sunday, Aug. 19, 1945, to be a day of prayer.