

Tax-exempt lands have been set aside by the Dominican Republic for the settlement of European refugees, both Jewish and non-Jewish, who are guaranteed full civic rights, but are forbidden to raise sugar, coffee, cocoa, or tobacco in competition with the natives.

SHERIFF'S POSSE TO HOLD ANNUAL RODEO JUNE 30

Jackson County Sheriff's Mounted Posse will present its fourth annual rodeo and horse show at the Fairgrounds arena on the evening of June 30 and afternoon of July 1, according to W. E. Thomas, captain.

Although outside contestants and exhibitors are invited to participate, it is the Posse's main desire to give local horse breeders and riders a chance to show their stock and "display their stuff," Thomas said.

C. L. Fidler was named general chairman of the event at a meeting held Monday, at which time details were announced. Others named to committees were finance and ticket sales, Dr. Charles Lemery, chairman, Roger Chrysler and Harry

Barneburg; entries, Walter Hamby, chairman, Jim Warren and George Smith; arena and grounds, Frank J. Cullen, chairman; parade and drill, Shelby Tuttle, chairman; advertising, Chet Leonard, chairman, Les Weisenberger and Walter Leverette; stock and feed, Berry Thumler, chairman, Frank Woodridge, George Field, George Smith and Bill Dugan; exhibitors, Tony Boitano, chairman and traffic and police, William Grenbemer, chairman, Bert Staats and Carl Bismarck.

Ding Dong Daddy Sheds Tears At San Quentin Gate

San Quentin, Cal., April 12—(U.P.)—Francis Van Wie, 58, San Francisco's benign little bigamist, cried as he entered San Quentin today to serve a maximum of 30 years.

Fumbling with his battered old hat, Van Wie, who married 13 women but never was divorced, stepped out of a station wagon in custody of guards. He wore coveralls.

"Do you want any of your wives to visit you here?" he was asked.

"I couldn't expect that, after what I've done," he said.

"Which one would you want to see?"

"You know," he replied. He has always expressed a preference for Evelyn.

"Well, be a good boy, said one of his San Francisco guards as he prepared to leave.

"I will," said Van Wie. Then he cried.

Closing time for Sunday Too Late to Classify 5:30 Saturday afternoon—Please remember.

MEXICAN FLIERS IN PACIFIC WAR

Mexico City, April 12—(U.P.)—Mexico's first military force to fight under its own colors—air squadron 201—left for the Pacific front from a U. S. west coast port March 27, the ministry of defense disclosed today.

Air squadron 201, composed of 300 fliers and ground crewmen, underwent lengthy training at Greenville, Texas, before leaving.

Mexico has now joined Brazil as the only two Latin-American countries with combat units fighting under their own colors. There are several thousand Mexicans fighting in U. S. combat forces and in the British R.A.F.

THE GRANGE

Central Point Grange

An unusually large attendance and visitors from several Jackson county Granges attended the Central Point Home Economics group's minstrel show at the regular Grange meeting April 6. Encores were long for the tap dancing of "Sassafras," Jane Kessler, and "Ebony" Ruby Twedell. Solos by Ruby Twedell, Dorothy Williams and Doris Hoover and a trio composed of Ruby Twedell, Dorothy Williams and Edyth Bohnert were well received.

Others who participated in the group singing and darky dialect were Nita Birdseye, Margaret Jensen Mary Taylor, Sally Fuhl, Betty Potter and Eudora Bohnert.

Bellview Grange representative

Closing time for Sunday Too Late to Classify 5:30 Saturday afternoon—Please remember.

10,000 YANKEES FREED IN EUROPE

Washington, April 12—(U.P.)—Allied armies in Europe have released nearly 10,000 U. S. prisoners of war from the nazis, according to the best estimates available today. Liberation of others is imminent.

The Germans marched allied prisoners away from threatened fronts in an effort to prevent their liberation. This has caused great congestion and confusion in central Germany, and the nazis no longer are able to move prisoners as desired or feed them adequately because of transportation difficulties and food shortages.

"Conditions will get worse for our prisoners before they get better," Brig. Gen. B. M. Bryan, army assistant provost marshal general, said. He recalled one repatriated American who said

"I was told by people who should know that he was a collaborationist and I won't sing with him," she said.

The Franks, from whom

prisoners were glad to put up with their growing hardships because they were a sign liberation was near.

Lily Pons Refuses Chevalier Concert

New York, April 12—(U.P.)—Lily Pons, opera soprano, who with her husband, Andre Kostelanetz, orchestra leader, has just returned from a 38,000-mile USO tour, said today that she had refused to sing with Maurice Chevalier at a USO canteen concert in Paris.

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UNCLE SAM TO HAND OUT 44,200,050 EXTRA RED POINTS

The greatest windfall of extra red points ever is going this month, and each month following, to American housewives throughout the country.

\$2 million extra red points, approximately, will be handed out by mail dealers to customers who turn in used fats in a great Victory drive for this essential of medicines, gunpowder, synthetic rubber, soap, paints and a hundred other necessities on the battlefield and home front. For each pound of fats turned in, every housewife is entitled to 2 red points.

The need for used fats is still urgent. Women are urged to save every drop, every spoonful of grease possible and keep saving until final Victory over both Germany and Japan.

Medford Hotel Sat-Mon. Apr. 14-15 1 to 3 P.M.

France derives its name, were really a Teutonic people, and in Roman times most of the inhabitants of present-day France were Celts.

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THEY KISSED WHILE HISTORY WAITED!

CONSPIRATORS



SUNDAY

THEATRE DIAL 2420

If you need to BUILD UP RED BLOOD!

Due To Monthly Losses

Lydia E. Pinkham's TABLETS

Follow label directions.

I SEE YOU'RE A CLOROX "FAN," TOO!

INDEED I AM... FOR CLOROX-CLEANSING IS AN ADDED SAFEGUARD TO HEALTH!

HOUSEWIVES naturally want to take every practical precaution in protecting the health of their families. That's one of the reasons Clorox is so popular throughout the nation. For Clorox disinfects... used in routine cleansing of kitchen, bathroom "danger zones" and in laundering it provides sanitation, greater health protection.

WHY TAKE CHANCES!

"When it's CLOROX-CLEAN it's hygienically clean!"

Sanitary Kitchens Are Safer! In kitchen cleaning it's important to make germ "danger zones" sanitary. The simple, efficient way is to use Clorox in routine cleansing of refrigerators and other food containers, sinks, drainboards, china and glassware; dishcloths and mops, dish towels; floors, garbage containers.

Make Bathroom "Danger Zones" Clorox Clean! In bathrooms ordinary cleansing is not enough, for bathroom surfaces may look clean yet be covered with invisible germ dangers. Here again Clorox provides greater sanitation in the cleansing of tile, enamel, porcelain, linoleum and wood surfaces.

Make White Linens Beautifully White, Sanitary! Clorox gently bleaches white cottons and linens snowy-white (brightens fast colors), removes stains, scorch, mildew. It also deodorizes and disinfects. And Clorox reduces rubbing... thus prolonging life of fabrics.

HOME SANITATION GUIDE

Use Clorox to remove stains, deodorize and disinfect in routine cleansing of "danger zones" such as:

Basins	Linoleum
Bathtubs	Marble
Coffee, Tea Pots	Porcelain
Dishes	Refrigerators
Dishcloths	Shower Floors
Drainboards	Sick Room Utensils
Drainpipes	Sinks, Tile
Enamel Ware	Thermos Bottles
Food Sins	Toilet Bowls
Fruit Jars	Windows
Garbage Containers	Wood Utensils
Glassware	Woodwork

Simply follow directions on the label.

AMERICA'S FAVORITE BLEACH AND HOUSEHOLD DISINFECTANT

CLOROX Disinfects

DEODORIZES - BLEACHES - REMOVES STAINS

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SHOULD MANAGEMENT BE UNIONIZED?

A Statement by General Motors

THE POSITION OF FOREMEN IN GENERAL MOTORS

In General Motors, foremen are the MANAGERS of their departments. They participate in establishing management policies in both production and personnel matters. They have full authority to approve or disapprove the hiring, to supervise the work, and to make work assignments of the employees under their supervision. They initiate wage increases, transfers and promotions. They are directly responsible for the efficiency and safety of their group. They have full authority when necessary to take immediate, appropriate disciplinary action for violation of shop rules, and other improper conduct of their employees. They are the first point of management contact and make the first management decision on all matters relating to the employees under their direction.

THE National Labor Relations Board has ordered a bargaining election among the foremen and other supervisory groups of a Detroit automobile company. This company is not a part of General Motors, but we are concerned with the principles involved.

This confusing action by the Board means that it is sanctioning and promoting the unionization of management personnel, in spite of the fact that the National Labor Relations Act includes as an employer "... any person acting in the interests of an employer directly or indirectly."

We are sure that Congress did not intend to approve unionization of management when it passed the Act.

The results if applied throughout industry would be bad for the management groups involved, bad for industry, bad for labor, bad for America.

Bad for Foremen

We think it would be bad for foremen if American industry should be compelled to make a change in its proven type of organization, which would unavoidably reduce the foreman's status, diminish his responsibility, authority and influence, decrease his opportunities for personal advancement.

In General Motors, foremen have always had important responsibilities and authority.

We have always guarded the status of our foremen, and have provided special training to improve their abilities, increase their efficiency and enhance their opportunities for promotion to even more important management positions. The great majority of General Motors' principal executives at one time were foremen.

We are convinced that it would be impossible for a foreman to follow both management and union leaderships at the same time, and under those conditions to carry on all his duties as they now exist. All elements of management must have a common objective.

It would obviously be impossible, for instance, for him as a fellow unionist with those under him, to perform his functions which relate to their working conditions, wages, promotions and assignments on the unbiased basis which is essential to good management.

Bad for Industry

From our experience both before and during the war, we are certain that the

accepted American method of spreading managerial authority and responsibility among foremen—so that management is in close, direct contact with comparatively small groups of workmen—is the best and only sound method of handling day-to-day relations with the thousands of employees engaged in modern mass production.

Anything which would require a change in this set-up would interfere with employer-employee relations and with production.

For example, there have been many strikes in war production plants, particularly in Michigan. Charges have been made that workmen have been loafing in plants engaged in war production and that they are being paid high wages for not working. We are conscious that the public feels that there must be something wrong. The attempt to tear down the position and authority of foremen and to unionize members of management is importantly contributing to this condition.

Bad for Labor

As a matter of fact, the close-contact method is about the only way that man-

agement and labor can work harmoniously together in large organizations. Much is said these days about cooperation. It would be a serious handicap to any hopes for teamwork and the pursuit of common interests, if anything were done to remove this facility for knowing and understanding each other.

It is our firm, sincere belief that loss of this close contact would make harmonious relations between management and labor almost impossible and would interfere with practical collective bargaining.

Bad for America

The removal of foremen from their present position as a vital, integral part of management would require reorganization of factory management on a basis far more complicated and decidedly less effective. Necessary factory discipline would suffer, worker efficiency would be impaired.

We believe the effect on you—on the public as a whole—would be very real. It would interfere with the war effort. It would make war materials cost more. It would slow up postwar reconversion to civilian production.

It would delay adequate postwar output of cars, refrigerators, ranges, furniture—all the things people need so much and have waited for so long.

Finally—and, in the long run, perhaps most important of all—it would so increase production costs as to boost prices and the cost of living, and make the problem of reasonably full employment much more difficult.

Action Called For

When people have as deep a conviction about anything as we have about unionizing management, they ought to do something about it.

If the meaning of the National Labor Relations Act can be so confused as to promote unionization of management—and thus impair the effectiveness of the American production system of which we are all so proud—then the meaning ought to be cleared up.

General Motors believes—and hopes others will feel the same—that it is a patriotic duty, a duty to the foremen, to industry, to labor, and to the public as a whole—to oppose the unionization of management by every proper and lawful means.

That is our intention.

GENERAL MOTORS