

# ALLIES INVADE GREEK MAINLAND

**Weather**  
 Forecast: Clear tonight and Friday. Cooler tonight and slightly warmer Friday.  
 Highest yesterday 69  
 Lowest this morning 49  
 Precip. past 24 hours 0

**MEDFORD TRIBUNE**  
 United Press—Full Leased Wire  
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 NO. 166

## U. S. Armored Forces Burst Out On Plain In 2-Mile Drive Through Siegfried Line

**BRITISH IN NEW OFFENSIVE DRIVE NEAR KEY BRIDGE**  
 Patton's Troops Storm Into Underground Chambers of Ft. Driant Near Metz.

Supreme Headquarters AEF, Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—American armored forces burst out onto the Cologne plain behind the Siegfried line 35 miles from the Rhine today in a two-mile advance beyond Ubach through a maze of newly constructed obstacles.

Lt. Gen. Courtney H. Hodges' 1st army, extending and broadening its breakthrough north of Aachen, captured Beggendorf, two miles northeast of Ubach, and was closing in on Gellenkirchen, big transport center three miles to the north.

The Germans were battling desperately to stem the American advance. The two-way bombardment mounted to the tempo of a giant machine gun fusillade. United Press Correspondent Henry T. Gorrell reported from the 1st army front.

As the thundering battle spilled out onto the plain stretching eastward to the Rhine, British forces to the northwest pressed a new offensive on a six-mile front in Holland below Arnhem, driving within two miles of the Rhine bridge beyond which the Red Devil paratroopers fought in vain.

On the other wing of the battlefield, Lt. Gen. George S. Patton's 3rd army shock troops stormed into the underground chambers of Fort Driant and began routing the nazis out of their concrete caverns in the stronghold southwest of Metz.

**CALL GRAND JURY FOR OCTOBER 10**  
 The county grand jury, Bruce Bauer, Medford, foreman, will be called to convene Tuesday, October 10, District Attorney George W. Neilson reported today. Matters to be brought to the attention of the body include the first degree murder charge against Ferd Baily, 27, San Quentin prison camp escape, for the fatal assault on Ira Clyde Carman, 45, local mill worker. Barker has made a statement admitting the crime, the authorities say.

**CARDS WIN 3-2 IN 11 INNINGS TO EVEN SERIES**  
 Ken O'Dea's Single in 11th Canto Provides Margin of Victory For Favorites.

St. Louis, Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—The St. Louis Cardinals evened the world series at one game each today when they defeated the Browns 3 to 2 on Ken O'Dea's single in the eleventh inning.

It was a game of wasted opportunity for the American league champions, for they should have won 2 to 0 over the regulation distance had it not been for three early inning errors. They gave the Cardinals two unearned runs and kept them alive.

Sylvester (Blk) Donnelly received credit for the victory with a brilliant job of relief pitching while Bob Muncie provided the margin of victory. The Browns came from behind to tie the score in the seventh but Donnelly turned them back after he came in and Muncie finally yielded the deciding marker in the eleventh.

Player	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Browns	40	2	7	31	17	4
Cardinals	36	3	7	33	12	0

**SIDE GLANCES**  
 Janie Smith pleased at the arrival of federal court officials since it means added elevator service in the federal building.

**Herb Crain kibitzing at federal court with one eye on the clock.**

**TO BERLIN**  
 By United Press  
 The shortest distances to Berlin from advanced allied lines today:  
 Western front—296 miles (from point near Nijmegen. Gain of mile in week.)  
 Russia—315 miles (from Wasaw. Unchanged in week.)  
 Italy—544 miles (from point south of Bologna. Gain of six miles in week.)

**DEMobilIZATION TO BE FREE OF POLITICS, COIN**  
 Washington, Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson said today that no "political or economic factors" entered into the army's plans for partial demobilization of its forces upon the defeat of Germany.

The speed of army demobilization, Stimson said, will be governed solely by two factors—the extent of forces needed to defeat Japan quickly, and available shipping.

Stimson had been asked if the war department "will delay its partial demobilization in order to ease the job situation," and obvious reference to charges by Republican Presidential Candidate Thomas E. Dewey that the army intended to keep men in uniform until jobs could be found for them.

**FORTRESSES BUSY AHEAD OF TROOPS**  
 London, Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—More than 1,000 Fortresses and Liberators bombed Cologne, Rhine-land citadel 30-odd miles ahead of the American 1st army, and other targets in Germany today.

**"Four Terms As President Constitute Reign"—Bricker**  
 Ottumwa, Ia., Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—Four terms as president would constitute a "reign" and not a mere incumbency, Republican Vice Presidential Candidate John W. Bricker of Ohio declared today as he carried his campaign into Iowa.

Bricker also questioned "the honesty" of Mr. Roosevelt by recalling the chief executive's 1937 announced ambition to retire from the white house in 1941, and his 1940 declaration that at the end of his third term, there would be "another president."

**DOUGLAS CONSCHIE FOUND GUILTY OF FAILURE TO REPORT**  
 Clifford F. Wooster To Be Sentenced Friday; Klamath Dodger Next on Trial.

Clifford Frank Wooster of Douglas county was found guilty in federal court this morning on a charge of failure to report to a camp for conscientious objectors upon order of the selective service board of Douglas county. Sentence will be pronounced tomorrow by Judge James Alger Fee, presiding over the fall term of federal court here.

Miss Virginia Cyrus of the Douglas county draft board staff appeared in court as a witness for the prosecution and the defendant's attorney was Delmore Lessard of Portland. Jurors selected for the case were Curt N. French, John Walters, Medford; Frank Klinge, Lake Creek; George Eads, Talent; George Goddard, Jacksonville; Douglas Talbot, Grants Pass; Donald Reams, Williams; Emil Carlson, Klamath Falls; Willis E. Wilson, Grants Pass; Dom Provost, Ashland; Donald Ambers, Algoma; Lowell Alger, Ashland.

**Zemke Convicted**  
 A verdict of guilty was returned yesterday by jurors in the case of Ray Wilbur Zemke of Talent who was charged with failure to report to a public service camp for conscientious objectors after having been classified 4-E by his draft board.

**FIFTH ADVANCES THROUGH MUD IN BOLOGNA MARCH**  
 Rome, Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—American and British troops of the 5th army battled through mud-filled roads and fields in the hills before the Po valley today, driving two salients within 14 miles of Bologna at the gateway to Italy's northern plains.

**Radio Highlights**  
 Pres. Roosevelt broadcasts tonight 10 to 10:30 o'clock over CBS and MBS networks.  
 Sen. Guy Cordon speaks over statewide hookup from Roseburg at 8:30 tonight.

**Polish Leader Taken by Nazis**  
 London, Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—Polish military headquarters announced today that Lt. Gen. Tadeusz Komorowski, commander in chief of the Polish armed forces, was captured by the Germans at Warsaw, together with his entire staff.

## First Army Deepens New Siegfried Gap



Favored by cloudless skies that permitted hundreds of planes to pound defenses in close support of advancing doughboys, the American First Army punched completely through concrete defenses of Siegfried Line following capture of Ubach. British Lancasters have smashed the great dike protecting Dutch island of Walcheren, flooding huge area that had been heavily defended by Germans.

## White-Hot Phosphorous Shells Fail to Dislodge Doughboys From Driant Top

With 3rd American Army before Metz, Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—American doughboys clung to their foothold atop Fort Driant today despite an attack of white-hot phosphorous shells with which the Germans were trying to oust our troops from their vantage point.

Through the hail of shells and despite fierce nazi counter-thrusts the Americans held their ground and battled to improve their positions.

They captured some German prisoners from within the citadel who said they wanted to surrender while inside the fort but had to go on fighting, because their commander threatened to shoot any who gave up.

**Eager To Surrender**  
 Germans in one pillbox were reported eager to surrender but fearful of emerging from their shelter in belief German fire from other pill-boxes would be turned on them.

The Americans held about one-tenth of the total area encompassed by Driant's walls. They were dug in beneath two adjoining casemates which house three 100-caliber and three 150-caliber guns which the Germans were unable to depress enough to fire at the Americans.

The Germans continued to bring supplies into the fort. American troops blasted their way into one subterranean tunnel but found it a blind alley instead of the main underground corridor of the fortress.

It was the third day of continuous assault on the massive citadel which is protected by concrete walls so thick that shells bounce off them like tennis balls against a backstop.

The advance into the subterranean fortress was made at the southwest corner of the fortress area which in all represents a square about 470 feet wide and about the same length.

**Seek Main Fort**  
 The underground U. S. troops had relief from German artillery fire for the first time in 36 hours. They hammered into the corridors seeking a passage which might lead into the main Driant fort which is in the center of the square.

They were hampered by thick steel doors reinforced by massive steel gratings. The steel was so tough that so far it had been almost impervious to the explosive charges rammed against the walls by the Americans.

Above the surface other troops slowly ground their way in on a line extending from the southwest fortress corner almost to the southeast corner. But so far they have been unable to wipe out a giant pillbox almost completely buried in the east at the southeast corner of Driant.

The giant pillbox poured a deadly rain of machinegun fire into the Americans as they inched forward. It was supported by mortars from the forest across the Moselle and by artillery fire from Driant's sister fortresses.

At the closest point the Americans were a scant 75 yards from the main fort.

But the Germans still were able to supply their garrison by trucks and wagons which slipped along a winding dirt road through the forest at Driant's rear.

**SECRET WEAPON DISAPPOINTMENT TO NAZI LEADERS**  
 London, Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—The Daily Mail reports today in a sensationally displayed dispatch from Stockholm that Germany's V-2 secret weapon has already been launched against Britain from Dutch firing sites but that the German high command is disappointed with the results.

## LANDING IS FINAL STEP IN ACTION TO LIBERATE BALKANS

Airfields and Ancient Port of Patrai Are First Seized; 300,000 Nazis in Danger.

London, Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—The Exchange Telegraph quoted the Swiss radio today as reporting from Turkish sources that the Germans had evacuated Athens.

The Ankara radio reported that the Germans were blowing up ammunition dumps preparatory to evacuating the island of Rhodes off south-western Turkey.

London, Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—A Moscow communique reported tonight the capture of Pancovo, Belgrade suburb across the Danube nine miles from the center of the Yugoslav capital.

Berlin reported that the red army had opened a powerful offensive in northwest Lithuania west of Siauliai, 65 miles from the east Prussian frontier.

Rome, Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—Allied troops, opening the second battle of Greece, have invaded the Greek mainland by air and sea, seized several airfields and driven into the fortified medieval port of Patrai, a communique announced today.

Virtually the whole of the Peloponnesus, comprising a quarter of the Greek mainland, was believed already in allied hands or under allied control. Embattled Patrai, on the north coast of the Peloponnesus, was described as one of the enemy's last strongholds on the peninsula.

**Is Final Phase**  
 The communique reported merely that "land forces of the Adriatic" had entered Patrai during Tuesday night and it was possible that the port, once the principal seat of Greek commerce, had since been captured.

The invasion opened the final phase of the liberation of the southern Balkans, completing a three-quarters encirclement of some 100,000 Germans in Greece, Albania and Yugoslavia. Red army forces and Marshal Tito's partisans in Yugoslavia rapidly were cutting across the enemy's last routes of escape to the north.

**Second Landing**  
 The Balkan air force communique announcing the invasion came only a few days after disclosure that British commandos had seized a stepping stone to the mainland with the occupation of the island of Kythera, five and a half miles off the southern tip of the Peloponnesus on Sept. 16.

**U. S. CASUALTIES IN RECENT JUMP**  
 Washington, Oct. 5.—(U.P.)—American combat casualties in all theaters, as officially announced here, stood at 417,085 today, 16,325 more than two weeks ago when the last overall compilation was announced.