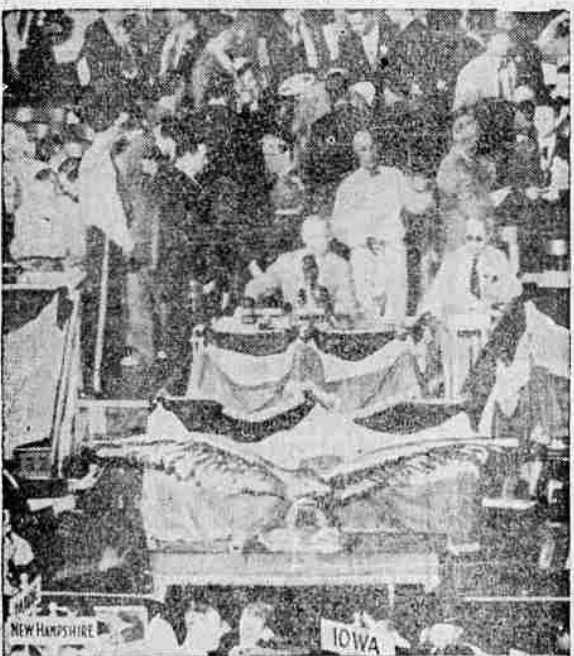




(Acme Telephoto) Smiling and complacent, Gov. Thomas E. Dewey sits in his Albany, N. Y., executive office with a railroad ticket to Chicago in his pocket dated June 28. The last-minute swelling of tide of Dewey votes was started before Chicago convention opening when California delegates decided to cast their 50 votes for him.



(Acme Telephoto) Wiping the moisture from his steel-rimmed glasses, Republican National Chairman Harrison E. Spangler calls the G. O. P. convention delegates to order in 77-degree temperature of Chicago Stadium.



(Acme Telephoto) Gov. Earl Warren of California, making keynote speech at Republican convention, Chicago, tells convention delegates that, "We want a peace that will be lasting . . . a peace that will be just."



(Acme Telephoto) HOOVER ARRIVES — Former President Herbert C. Hoover chats with reporters as he arrives in Chicago to address Republican convention delegates. "I am in this fight until I die," he told the newsmen.

DEWEY AND BRICKER G. O. P. CANDIDATES

BRITISH EXPAND BREACH IN NAZI LINE NEAR CAEN

Violent Tank Battles Carry
Invaders to Esquay Area;
Other Fronts Active.

By United Press

British armored forces widened and deepened their breach in the German lines southwest of Caen today in an offensive which was part of a picture of increasing blows being rained on Germany on five fronts in Europe—in Normandy, White Russia, Italy, in the air over the continent and from the French underground.

The forces encircling the Nazi Reich stand as follows:

1. The British, slowly forging a siege arc around Caen, fought their way in violent tank battles beyond the Odon river to the neighborhood of Esquay, less than three miles from the Orne river, on which the German defenses south of Caen are based.
2. Four Soviet armies drove the Germans back in growing disorder along a 300-mile front in White Russia east of the key center of Minsk.
3. Allied armies in Italy gained steadily against furious German resistance on a front of about 100 miles from Perugia to the Tyrrhenian coast.
4. An American force of 1250 heavy bombers and fighters hammered German transportation facilities from the Paris area to the Saar valley while British planes struck at targets in northwestern France.
5. The French underground, or "Army of the Interior," increased its campaign of sabotage and active resistance through a large part of France.

Air Force Active

The British were well-supported by the air forces, which among other achievements demolished a German army corps headquarters, 14 miles east of St. Lo, helping to disrupt the enemy's organization.

At the northern end of the peninsula, American forces were mopping up isolated enemy pockets east and west of Cherbourg. Within the liberated port, all resistance had ceased except for an occasional sniper. Engineers were at work restoring the partly-wrecked harbor.

Soviet dispatches from the White Russian front declared today that the German defeat was a rout and that "the road to Minsk lies open." Violent street fighting was in progress in Mogilev and Bobruisk, last strongholds of the shattered German "Fatherland line." Vitebsk, Zhlobin and Orsha already had been captured.

The Russians were attacking with an estimated 1,000,000 men, and the enemy's pillbox and "hedghog" defenses were simply being overwhelmed. The Russians knocked out five enemy divisions in a pocket outside Vitebsk, killing more than 20,000 and taking 10,000 prisoners. Another five divisions were surrounded at Bobruisk and facing a similar fate.

On the Finnish front, Soviet forces advanced 18 miles along the Leningrad-Murmansk railway against weakening Finnish resistance.

In Italy the Germans were fighting a desperate rear guard action in the hills from the west coast half way across the peninsula, trying to gain time for their main forces to dig in on the Pisa-Florence-Rimini line about 40 to 60 miles above the present battlefield.

Oroville, Cal., June 28.—(U.P.)—Trapped in an upstairs bedroom, Ruth Ann Switzer, 12, was burned to death early today when fire destroyed the Oroville home of her family. The girl was alone in the house at the time the blaze started from an undetermined cause.

Republican Platform In Brief

Chicago Stadium, June 28.—(U.P.)—Here are the major points in the 1944 Republican platform:

United States participation in an international "cooperative organization," whose "peace forces" would maintain peace. Peace time jobs in private industry, removal of the government from "competition with private industry," and termination of "rationing, price-fixing and all other emergency power" as soon as possible.

Extension of social security to groups not now covered. Fair and just administration of present labor and social security laws and restoration of a labor department, now "emasculated by the new deal."

Fair market prices rather than subsidies for agricultural products, bolstered by "support prices, commodity loans," and "other economic means."

Prompt settlement of war contracts: Fair disposal of war surpluses, and protection of small business. Reduction of individual income and corporation taxes "as soon as the war ends."

Rigid government economy. A "fair protective tariff on competitive products."

Prompt relief for peoples of liberated countries. Abolition through constitutional amendment of the poll tax as a condition of voting in federal elections.

Continued press freedom and a new radio law clearly defining the role of the federal communications commission. Defense of "the Bill of Rights, the Constitution, and the law of the land."

VICHY'S HENRIOT IS ASSASSINATED

London, June 28.—(U.P.)—Philippe Henriot, propaganda minister in the Vichy government, was assassinated in his Paris bedroom early today in what Chief of Government Pierre Laval called an "act of civil war."

German broadcasts disclosed that 15 men disguised as members of the Vichy militia boldly entered the propaganda ministry at Paris shortly before 6 a. m., covering guards with their guns.

Shot in Heart

Three went to the second floor and knocked on the door of Henriot's bedroom. When the pajama-clad Henriot opened the door, one of the men shot him in the heart. He fell dead before the eyes of his wife, who was also in the room.

The assassins apparently escaped.

They presumably were members of the French underground, which operates under direct orders of Gen. Charles De Gaulle's French provisional government in Algiers.

Henriot, who has a long record of collaboration with the Germans in the drive against the resistance forces, was among the first 25 traitors listed in the underground's famous "keeper of the morgues" file. More than

Hoover Bows Out Of Active Politics; Urges Young GOP To Assume Crusade

Chicago Stadium, June 28.—(U.P.)—Herbert Clark Hoover, elder statesman of the Republican party, today delivered over to the new generation of the GOP the reluctant fight he has waged against his successor in the White House—Franklin D. Roosevelt—and asked them to carry on as "crusaders of freedom."

And Republicans prepared to back up Hoover's accent on youth by giving the 1944 GOP presidential nomination to 42-year-old Gov. Thomas E. Dewey of New York.

Bitter Valedictory

Mr. Hoover, who will be 70 within two months, bowed out of active politics last night with a bitterly-worded castigation of the New Deal and a hopeful prayer that Republican youth "can lead our people away from the jungle of disorderly, cynical and bitter ideas, the topsy-turvy confusions, the hopelessness and lack of faith and defeatism that have haunted this nation over these dozen years."

Beads of perspiration trickled down his cheeks and his voice trembled with a trace of rage as he stood before Republican convention delegates and belabored the Roosevelt administration for "forging shackles on the liberties of the people."

Willkie Early In Congratulations

New York, June 28.—(U.P.)—Wendell L. Willkie today congratulated Gov. Thomas E. Dewey on his nomination as Republican presidential candidate, not waiting for the formal action of the party convention in Chicago.

Willkie, 1940 Republican standard bearer, telegraphed Dewey as follows: "Heartiest congratulations to you on your nomination. You have one of the great opportunities of history."

Dewey sent this reply to Willkie: "Many thanks for your gracious wire and for your good wishes. I appreciate them ever so much."

MINERS ASK EXEMPTION ON ASSESSMENT WORK

A general rush of miners to file exemption papers for assessment work on claims before noon of Saturday, July 1, is now underway at the county clerk's office, pursuant to a bureau of mines order. Papers have been filed at the rate of 25 daily the past week. It is estimated they will total around 300. Miners from all over the country are making the filings.

100 high French traitors, most of them members of the Vichy government, have been marked for death by the underground.

Henriot arrived in Paris with Laval only yesterday.

DESPERATE JAPS ON SAIPAN ISLE IN LOSING FIGHT

Massed Tank and Artillery
Formations Thrown in by
Enemy in Fierce Conflict.

By United Press

The bloodiest battle of the Pacific campaign raged across tiny Saipan island today and front reports said the Japanese were throwing massed tank and artillery formations into a desperate but losing fight against American invasion forces advancing slowly into the northern half of the island.

After 13 days of fierce fighting, the American marines and army troops held all of the southern half of Saipan and were battering forward with flame throwers, artillery, and TNT against an estimated 20,000 Japanese dug into rocky caves around Mt. Tapotchau and the ruined houses of Garapan.

Observers said the Japanese were using more tanks and artillery than in any previous central Pacific campaign, and official reports earlier disclosed that at least 76 enemy tanks already had been destroyed or captured.

A dispatch from Rembert James, representing the combined American press aboard the Expeditionary Force Flagship off Saipan, said the invaders held the initiative and were rolling the Japanese back all along the island front. The dispatch emphasized, however, that enemy defenses that had been 27 years in the making still remained to be conquered and that the most difficult phase of the battle might still be ahead.

Triangle Shuttle Tried by Airmen

London, June 28.—(U.P.)—Massive allied bombing fleets smashed at German targets in France and the Saar valley today as U. S. air force headquarters announced the war's first triangular shuttle raid on Axis Europe—an epochal flight by American Flying Fortresses from Britain to Russia and on to Italy by way of Berlin and the Galician oil fields.

Governor Enroute Chicago For Speech of Acceptance

Chicago Stadium, June 28.—(U.P.)—The Republican national convention in quick succession today confirmed a Dewey-Bricker presidential ticket to oppose the New Deal-Democracy next November.

Gov. Thomas E. Dewey was nominated for president of the United States without formal opposition although one vote from Wisconsin was cast for Gen. Douglas MacArthur. Dewey's score was 1056.

Governor John W. Bricker, of Ohio, was then named for vice-president without even as much as one dissenting vote.

Before the convention's sixth session recessed at 1:36 P.M., CWT until 8 p. m. Permanent Chairman Joseph W. Martin Jr. announced that Dewey had accepted the nomination and would arrive here later today to make his acceptance speech tonight.

Windup In Love Feast

This sweltering convention was winding up in an old-fashioned political love feast. Bricker and Lt. Cmdr. Harold E. Stassen, former governor of Minnesota, were out of the presidential contest before presidential balloting began. And a pre-session deal had been made among New York, Ohio and practically all other states to put Bricker in second place.

Chicago Stadium, June 28.—(U.P.)—This is how it was when Tom Dewey's name went before the Republican national convention today. It was comparable to touching off the percussion cap on a block-buster bomb.

"I give you Thomas E. Dewey, Gov. Dwight W. Griswold of Nebraska shouted and before he could say another word this vast west side stadium exploded in a sea of Dewey posters and banners. Oregon's delegation and a brass band began a snake dance down the middle aisle.

New York's gang-buster governor learned of his nomination in the executive mansion at Albany. He was upstairs preparing to fly to Chicago with his acceptance speech in his pocket when the convention ratified his nomination.

It had been Dewey all the way. When the roll call began, his was the only name before the convention.

Wisconsinite For MacArthur

The roll call was a formality required by convention rules. The call rumbled along the way to Wisconsin without a single vote being cast for anyone but Dewey. Then over the loudspeaker came the words, "Wisconsin casts 23 votes for Dewey and one for Gen. Douglas MacArthur."

The delegate who alone had refused to be stampeded for Dewey was Grant Ritter of Beloit, Wis.

When the roll call was finished, the vote was 1056 for Dewey to one for MacArthur.

Dewey will accept the nomination tonight. He is flying from Albany and is due here at 5:30 p. m. CWT.

Dewey was declared the nominee at 1:03 p. m. and the convention proceeded routinely to calling the roll for vice presidential candidates.

The committee, which later will escort Dewey to the stadium, consisted of National Chairman Harrison E. Spangler, Ruth Hanna McCormick, Sumner W. New Mexico, Sen. Harold H. Burton of Ohio, and Mrs. Rowena Hornbeck of Michigan.

REP. CLARE LUCE LOSES GLACIATION IN CHICAGO HEAT

By Frederick C. Othman

UP Hollywood Correspondent

Chicago Stadium, June 28.—(U.P.)—What happened at the Republican national convention to Clare Boothe Luce, the original pipsqueak, shouldn't happen to a lady.

Mrs. Luce burst upon the sweltering delegates with a smile upon her face, a white frill on her chest, and an icy blue gown reaching down to her silver slippers, as she delivered her speech. She looked cool. She looked comfortable.

But Mrs. Luce turned out to be human after all. As she came out from behind the speaker's stand, it could be seen that she was as damp as any lady in the hall. Mrs. Luce was wet through below the midriff.

The Democrats have Clare Boothe Luce's capsule version of what she believes awaits them. "They (the Democrats) will meet, not to choose a president, but to take Franklin Roosevelt and like it," Mrs. Luce told the Republican national convention last night. The harpunning by the GOP's biggest feminine box office brought cheers and applause from a word-weary audience.

Her voice was razor-sharp when she gave her prediction, just as when she attacked "the inefficiency, abusiveness, evasion, self-seeking and personal whim in the management of the country's business which are distorting our democracy into a dictatorial bumbledom."

Bonds, Not Cash For Admittance At Kids Premiere

No tickets can be sold for the kiddies' bond premiere, to be staged at the Craterian theater Friday morning at 10 o'clock, it was stated today, and youngsters of the valley are urged to present bonds at the Fifth War Loan drive headquarters, 21 North Central avenue, as soon as possible, for their tickets.

Theater officials point out that the show is being given tax free and that absolutely no tickets are to be sold. A group of Mexican nationals will present a musical program and on the screen will be Walt Disney's color cartoon picture, "Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs."

Radio Highlights

Convention radio programs tonight on both NBC and CBS 7 to 7:45 p. m. (PWT).

SIDE GLANCES

By TRIBUNE REPORTERS

Ruth Young arriving home from a long horseback trip very tired and with a sunburned nose.

City Cop Ray Sloneker gluing his ear to the radio for the play-by-play account of the GOP convention.

Sales to date in the Fifth War Loan Drive —

\$1,456,681.53
"E" Sales\$315,643.75
Quota\$600,000
Total Quota for County\$2,262,000