Weather
Forecast: Showers tonight and Thursday. Little change in temperature.
Temp.
Highest yesterday ____ 52
Lowest this morning ____ 41
Precipitation past 24 hrs. .. .01

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PULITZER AWARD 1934

United Press—Full Leased Wire

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Thirty-eighth Year | MEDFORD, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1943 | NO. 214

JAP EMPIRE TO BE DISMEMBERED

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Tule Lake Probe Witness

Dr. John T. Mason, above, former senior medical officer at the Tule Lake, Calif., Japanese segregation center, is shown in Washington, D. C., as he testified at a Dies subcommittee hearing. Dr. Mason said that Japanese-American internees were threatened by their leaders with death unless they joined the Nov. 1 demonstration which subsequently led to a riot and later rule by the U. S. Army.

Tule Center Disturbances Possibly Tokyo-Inspired

Washington, Dec. 1—(U.P.)—Rep. John M. Costello, D., Calif., said today there was evidence to suggest that recent disturbances in the Tule Lake, Calif., Japanese relocation center were "inspired" by the Japanese government and touched off by short-wave radio messages from Tokyo to pro-Japanese internees.

Costello, chairman of a Dies subcommittee investigating the disorders, said the inquiry had indicate the riots were inspired in Tokyo "to make the American government look bad," and that the committee had received reports that leaders of the outbreaks were in radio contact with Tokyo.

He said residents in the camp area reported that Japanese-language broadcasts had interferred with their reception of long-wave radio programs during the period immediately preceding the disturbances.

After the army moved troops into the camp to prevent further outbreaks, he said, the radio interference was no longer heard. The FBI is investigating reports that at least two short-wave sending sets were located in the Tule Lake area, he declared.

The chairman said it was his opinion that Dillon Myer, director of the War Relocation Authority, should be replaced by a "man better qualified to establish and enforce discipline."

Three congressmen clashed heatedly at the hearing on the issue of "constitutional rights" of Japanese internees vs. "security of the nation."

In the midst of the argument, Rep. J. Parnell Thomas, R., N.J., tossed in the assertion that the war relocation authority "is a joke and a racket" and that "the sooner we get rid of Director Dillon Myer the better."

Japs Disliked

The flareup occured while Rep. Herman Eberharter, D., Pa., member of the subcommittee, was cross-examining a witness, Rep. Clair Engle, D., Calif., in whose district are situated two WRA camps where riots have occurred—Tule Lake and Manzanar.

"Isn't it true that the people of California dislike the Japanese, and that this dislike amounts to prejudice?" Eberharter asked.

Before Engle could reply, Eberharter's committee colleague, Thomas, cut in with:

"Doesn't the gentleman feel the people of the entire nation dislike the Japanese? I trust the gentleman is not defending the Japanese."

News Behind The News
By Paul Mallon

Washington, Dec. 1.—Treasury Secretary Morgenthau got excited when a house sub-committee gave out information that the army was turning back $13,000,000,000 to the treasury a few days before he was to appear before the senate finance committee and persist in his demand for a $10,000,000,000 new tax bill.

Paul Mallon

His experts in the treasury were set to work hurriedly to give revised budget estimates to offset the argument the day before he went on the stand. Also publicity men had large portfolios of mimeographed statements ready to hand out in flowing series to the press in the senate room as Mr. Morgenthau and others testified.

• • •

OBVIOUSLY, the treasury already had lost its tax argument. In fact, senate committeemen advised Mr. Morgenthau not to appear, saying it was useless. The case he presented was his same old shopworn theory with some alterations, running like this:

Taxes are needed for three reasons—war revenue, to stop inflation, and "the sobering effect it would have on the public understanding of the true cost of the war."

The revenue plea has been fairly well destroyed by the fact that nearly half the revised war costs will be raised by tax, whatever figure you choose.

• • •

THE notion that you can stop inflation by taxation is a theory of some financial economists, difficult to understand or accept. For one thing, Mr. Mor-

(Continued on Page Six)

SIDE GLANCES
By TRIBUNE REPORTERS

Al Cummins and Karl Janouch lending a helping hand at the League of Oregon Cities meeting.

Beth Francis wishing she could take southern Oregon's weather along when she moves to Corvallis.

Jane McCarty hurrying along Main street towards a dinner engagement carefully carrying her share of the menu.

PETERSEN TO PRISON AFTER THEFT REPEAT

Lee Petersen was sentenced Monday to an indeterminate term not to exceed 18 months in state prison by Circuit Judge Herbert K. Hanna. He was taken to Salem today by Sheriff Syd I. Brown. Petersen was charged with stealing an auto at Tule Lake, Cal., and abandoning it at Lakeview. He was arrested at Yreka, last week and returned here. Petersen was previously paroled to a minister in Josephine county, and later in this county, for auto theft before the prison sentence was imposed.

ALLIES AGREE ON POST-WAR POLICY IN CAIRO CONFAB

Unconditional Surrender, Stripping Of Vast Stolen Holdings In Blueprint.

By Henry T. Gorrell
United Press Staff Correspondent

Cairo, Thursday, Dec. 2—(U.P.) President Roosevelt, Prime Minister Winston Churchill and Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek have completed a momentous five-day conference at which they agreed on plans to force unconditional surrender upon Japan and strip her of the vast territorial empire acquired in the last three decades.

The historic meeting was announced today after the big three of the United States, Great Britain and China had departed for undisclosed destinations.

Allies Resolved

"The three great allies expressed their resolve to bring unrelenting pressure against their brutal enemies by sea, land and air," said a communique heralding a future offensive to beat the Japanese to their knees.

Observers believe the conference presaged imminent, closely coordinated drives designed to divide the Japanese fleet and shatter the shaky supply lines which maintain the outposts of the enemy empire.

The president, the British prime minister and the generalissimo opened their meeting—the first Mr. Roosevelt and Churchill have held with Chiang—on Nov. 22. They were flanked by the top men of the American, British and Chinese armed forces.

Five-Day Session

For five days the galaxy of Allied chieftains lived and worked in a "military perimeter" ringed with barbed wire, complete with air raid shelters, slit trenches, anti-aircraft batteries and fire watchers.

When Mr. Roosevelt, Churchill and Chiang were safely on their way, the announcement of the historic war council set forth the objective of the Allies:

"It is their purpose that Japan shall be stripped of all the islands in the Pacific which she has seized or occupied since the beginning of the first World War in 1914, and that all the territories Japan has stolen from the Chinese, such as Manchuria, Formosa and the Pescadores, shall be restored to the Republic of China.

To Free Korea

"Japan will also be expelled from all other territories which she has taken by violence and greed. The aforesaid three great powers, mindful of the enslavement of the people of Korea, are determined that in due course Korea shall become free and independent."

To achieve those ends, the A-B-C combination mapped the ways and means of defeating Japan.

Mr. Roosevelt and Churchill promised Chiang to throw into the war against Japan all their resources consistent with their determination to defeat Germany as soon as possible.

3,772 CASUALTIES COST OF GILBERTS

Washington, Dec. 1 — (U.P.) — Preliminary reports indicate that a total of 3,772 U. S. fighting men were killed or wounded during the successful central Pacific offensive against Tarawa, Makin and Abemama, the navy announced today.

At Tarawa, which was captured after 76 hours of the bloodiest fighting in marine corps history, 1,026 were killed and 2,557 wounded, a Pearl Harbor communique issued here said.

The capture of Makin cost 65 dead and 121 wounded, while Abemama was taken with only one killed and two wounded.

Above is an artist's conception of the reported conference of the "Big Three" leaders, Churchill, Roosevelt and Stalin.

Reported Conference With Stalin Proves Bombshell For Axis Areas

(By United Press)

Dispatches received in Lisbon from the middle east today said President Roosevelt, Prime Minister Churchill, and Premier Josef Stalin have opened a momentous conference in Teheran, Iran, and that Generalissimo and Mme. Chiang Kai-shek also were in the Iranian capital.

The Lisbon Daily Oseculo published a dispatch quoting the Inter-Information agency of Ankara that the "big three" leaders were meeting in Teheran where they had been joined by Laurence Steinhardt, U. S. ambassador to Turkey.

Chiang's Role Untold

It gave no indication as to whether Chiang would participate. American and other Allied short-wave radio transmitters in broadcasts to the world said the Chinese leader had conferred with Roosevelt and Churchill in Cairo recently and suggested that he also would meet Stalin.

Axis broadcasts and copies of German and neutral European newspapers reaching Lisbon indicated that reports of the meeting had created a sensation throughout the Nazi-occupied continent.

Both Axis and neutral account agreed on the importance of the reported conference, particularly in that Stalin was said to be participating.

Berlin Surprised

They indicated that Berlin had been taken by surprise. German propaganda for months has hammered at the idea that Stalin could not be brought into agreement with his allies.

Radio Tokyo followed the line that Chiang had been included to "appease" the Chinese for their non-participation in the recent Moscow conference of foreign ministers.

FLIER MISSING

Hamilton Field, Cal., Dec. 1—(U.P.)Lt. Lewis C. Johnson, Mt. Vernon, Wash., was reported missing today following the crash last night of his single-seater fighter plane which went down in San Francisco bay.

MORE MEAT FOR RATION POINTS STARTING DEC. 5

Washington, Dec. 1—(U.P.)—The Office of Price administration today announced reductions in meat point values to give consumers approximately 30 per cent more in December than they had in November, but left the ration point value of butter unchanged and increased the value of cheese and most canned fish.

OPA also announced that all citrus juices, canned sauerkraut and ready-to-serve soups will be sold ration free in December. The new table of point values for processed foods—effective Sunday, Dec. 5—showed only three items raised in point value, tomato soup and the two tomato sauces. Canned beans, pork and beans, carrots, spinach, dry frozen beans, and certain other fruits and vegetables were cut from one to 10 points.

Mutton Unchanged

The value of the entire list of rationed beef items, ranging from porterhouse steak to hamburger, will be cut from two to three points. Point values of lamb and mutton and virtually all veal remain unchanged, however.

Value of ham and most bacon cuts was increased by one point.

All rationed canned fish—with exception of oysters, which dropped one point to four points a pound—were raised four points to a total of 16 points per pound.

Lard was cut one point to two points per pound, while shortening and salad and cooking oils remain unchanged at five points per pound.

Increases in cheese values were: American cheese, raised from eight to 10 points per pound; the cream cheese group, raised from five to eight points per pound, and the group including Swiss, Munster, Brie, etc., raised from six to eight points.

FAVOR VOTE FOR SERVICE WORKERS

Washington, Dec. 1 — (U.P.) — The senate today voted to extend the right to vote under the soldier vote bill to citizens serving overseas with the American Red Cross, the Society of Friends, the Women's Auxiliary Ferry Service, the Women's Air Force Service Pilots and the United Service organizations.

TWO BIG BATTLES NEAR DECISION IN ITALY AND RUSSIA

By United Press

Two great land battles thundered into their decisive stages in Italy and Russia, and American Flying Fortresses spread new devastation across the western flank of Hitler's European stronghold.

In Italy, the British 8th army's Rome-bound offensive roared into its fourth day as Gen. Sir Bernard L. Montgomery's veteran imperials cleared the Nazis from dominating hill positions beyond the Sangro river valley. The thrust threw the Germans back into their last known prepared positions south of Pescara, Adriatic of the main lateral highway to Rome.

Fifth Advances

The Anglo-American 5th army advanced its line at a number of points on the west flank of the Italian battle front and the Cairo radio said there were indications that a general allied offensive was imminent.

Waves of allied bombers and fighters supported the 8th army attack, bombing and machine gunning Nazi gun positions, fortifications, troops and transport in the heaviest tactical airforce operation of the Mediterranean campaign.

Heaviest fighting on the long Russian front continued to center around the Soviet-held salient west of Kiev, where Nazi Marshal Fritz Erich Von Manstein attacked with armor and infantry in an atempt to rip open the salient and retake the Ukrainian capital.

POST-WAR JOBS MAJOR PROBLEM BEFORE CITIES

Solving the problem of unemployment is the greatest task facing individual communities in their post-war planning, it was declared last night by George A. Aiken, state budget director representing Governor Earl Snell's committee on post-war readjustment and development, at the regional dinner-meeting of the League of Oregon Cities in the Jackson County Chamber of Commerce.

Aiken, speaking to some 75 city officials from southern Oregon towns, said there would be approximately 116,000 persons in the state seeking jobs in the crucial 18-month transition period between the end of the war and the return of business to normal peacetime operation.

Avalanche Poised

"We know there is an avalanche of unemployment ready to descend on us," he said, "and we don't want these people, many of whom will be returning soldiers, selling apples. It is up to individual cities to provide useful jobs during this transition period, and for that reason every community must be ready to do its part."

Aiken said that the soldiers now fighting for their country had the right to know "we are on the job and planning to provide for them upon their return, through the creation of jobs for all."

The budget director said that employment in Oregon had risen from 198,000 in 1940 and 303,000 in 1942 to 330,000 at the present time, and that after peace comes there will be 214,000 employed. To take care of the 116,000 who will need jobs, he asked that cities provide the necessary work.

(Continued on Page Three)

Repatriates On Gripsholm Sing "God Bless America" On Return

By Robert Bellaire
Former United Press Tokyo Bureau Manager

Jersey City, N. J., Dec. 1—(U.P.)—American citizens who had spent two long years in Japanese internment camps gathered on the aft promenade deck of the exchange liner Gripsholm as it sailed past the Statue of Liberty in New York harbor today and sang "God Bless America."

Lieut. James Kahn, U. S. N., who boarded the ship at quarantine last night and rode with it to its pier with 1500 cheering, weeping Americans and Canadians, reported the spontaneous gathering as the statue loomed out of the murky, fog-bound harbor.

Kahn said he found all of the passengers were "in fine shape" after having ben given vitamin tablets with their regular diet en route to the United States. Many of them had gained 8 to 25 pounds, he said.

On Slim Diet

The repatriates, who had been on variously limited diets during their stay in internment camps in Japan, China and Philippines, were under close supervision of the ship's physicians throughout the voyage.

As the 18,353-ton Swedish ship, which reached quarantine last night, came into her berth, the passengers impatiently awaited clearance by government officials. Not until then could they be clasped in the arms of relatives and friends, or start on their way to destinations they had dreamed of for the last two years.

Jersey City, N. J., Dec. 1—(U.P.) The United States must maintain perpetually armed forces so strong that Japan never will be able to repeat Pearl Harbor, Claude A. Buss, 39, of Sunbury, Pa., executive assistant to the U. S. high commissioner to the Philippines, who arrived today aboard the exchange liner Gripsholm, believes.

"I don't believe we will ever have peace," Buss said in a shipboard interview with Bernard Covit, United Press staff correspondent, who was among the repatriates. "I hate the Japanese and always will. Our armed forces must be always kept so strong that they will never be able to attack us again."

Buss said, however, that "we will have to learn to get along with Japan and they with us.

"We should not dominate them, because they will try to come forward again," he said. "Nobody likes to be suppressed. We must come to some friendly basis with them and allow them to keep their emperor, who is the basis of their national life and religion.

"No other form of government would be acceptable to them."

JAPS DRIVEN OUT OF CHANGTEH CITY INTO DEATH TRAP

Invaders Backed Through North Gate Of Walled Town; U. S. Planes Aid.

Chungking, Dec. 1 — (U.P.) — Chinese troops have driven the Japanese from Changteh after 40 hours of hand-to-hand street fighting and have caught the invaders in a death trap outside the gates of the walled city, a communique said today.

Two attacking Japanese columns which broke into the north and east gates of Changteh late Monday were thrown back through the north gate this morning, the communique said:

Japs Pinned

Chinese troops swarmed out of the town in pursuit of the enemy, while two other Chinese columns moved in on Changteh from the north and east, pinning the Japanese into a narow pocket.

American and Chinese planes supported the Changteh garrison throughout the street battle and it was indicated they had joined in the attack on the cornered Japanese forces.

By United Press

Allied land, sea, and air forces have split the Japanese outposts on New Guinea from their main new Britain bases, it was disclosed today as Tokyo sought to cover its spreading reverses in the central and southwest Pacific with fantastic claims of new American naval losses in the Gilbert Islands.

Radio Berlin broadcast a special Japanese communique claiming that three U. S. aircraft carriers and an unidentified warship were sunk off the Gilberts by Japanese planes Monday, and a large cruiser was set afire.

"Losses" Listed

Those "losses," the communique said, raised American naval losses in the invasion of the Gilberts to seven carriers, three cruisers, a destroyer, two transports, and the unidentified vessel, plus 125 planes—at a cost of only 27 Japanese aircraft.

Tokyo acknowledged, however, that powerful American reinforcements had landed on Bougainville Island and made no mention to the fast-rolling allied drive on New Guinea.

MEDFORD SOLDIER PRISONER OF JAPS

Washington, Dec. 1 — (U.P.) — The War department disclosed today the names of 244 U. S. soldiers held prisoners of war by Japan.

The list included:

Lorton, Cpl. Bill J.; Edward Lorton, father, Route 1, Box 153-M, Medford.

Cpl. Lorton's father could not be immediately contacted but records at the office of the Selective Service board shows that the young man was already in the army when called to register for the draft, being stationed at Ft. Douglas, Utah. He reenlisted in March of 1941 and was then trained in the photography division of the army. He attended Jacksonville high school for a time and later one semester, in the fall of 1935, at Medford senior high school.

NOVEMBER MARRIAGES INCREASE IN COUNTY

Marriage licenses issued by the county clerk's office during November totalled 85, an increase in romance in Jackson county over October, when 35 were granted. As usual, the past year, a majority of the licenses were for Camp White soldiers and their brides.

Medford district Community Chest subscriptions up to last night were:

$35,594.33

Quota is $43,718.40.