

BARGAIN DAYS END TONIGHT, 10 PM!

Weather Full U. S. Weather Bureau report inside.
Forecast: Unsettled and mild tonight and Tuesday, with occasional light showers.
Highest yesterday: 75
Lowest this morning: 52

MEDFORD

Full Associated Press



TRIBUNE

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GERMANS SHELL INVASION GATEWAY

THE CAPITAL PARADE

By JOSEPH ALSOP, and ROBERT KINTNER
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Washington, Sept. 16.—One of the few persons in the country who can explain with some clarity the multiple versions of the house and senate excess profits tax bills is John Lawrence Sullivan, assistant to the treasury. For almost a year, Sullivan has been in charge of taxes, and as another new tax law is being written, it is appropriate to know a little more about him.

AS A rule, tax experts are inclined to be pretty pompous fellows, apparently born to the belief that the taxpayer should never understand how his tax is computed. Sullivan would be the last man to claim an expert's title. As his name suggests, he is an agreeable Irishman, brought to the government a year ago from a prosperous New Hampshire law practice. He is an able lawyer, has a good grasp of tax principle, with an ability of clear expression unusual to those who dabble in the mysteries of tax law.

To anyone who follows tax legislation at all, two points are very clear. First, Sullivan's job is not an easy one. He succeeded to a place previously held by the left-winger, Herman Oliphant, the middle-of-the-road, Roswell Magill, and the more conservative John W. Hanes. For a good many years, neither the executive nor the legislative branch of the government has had an integrated policy.

AFTER two months of being buffeted about in two congressional committees, Sullivan no doubt would much prefer his law office in Manchester, N. H., to Washington. But with all his difficulties, he has remained popular with both Republican and Democratic committee members, even though he has stuck to his theories. Fortunately he is an extremely likeable person, with all

(Continued on Page Six.)

WILLAMETTE ROAD LURES TOURISTS

Grants Pass, Sept. 16.—(P)—Opening of the Willamette highway apparently attracted many southbound tourists in August to the Dalles-California highway. The California agricultural inspection stations reported 13,690 cars entered the state via the Dalles-California, 12,584 via the Oregon Coast highway, and 11,770 via the Redwood highway from Grants Pass. The Pacific highway, usually a leader, was fourth with 11,561. Trucks, buses, and local cars were not included in the figures.

SIDE GLANCES

by TRIBUNE REPORTERS

The Frank Reinhart family en masse getting many chuckles from the very comical picture at the Crate.

Ruthie Bowne Dew being most unobservant in thinking this column of wit had been done away with.

A couple of feminine fans of Gordon Roosevelt Green deciding definitely not to dun him for bets he made with them at a golf tournament some weeks ago.

Retired Colonel William Paine dropping in on the soldiers at the armory, a happy glint creeping into his eyes as he viewed the military activity.

LONG RANGE GUNS ENGAGE IN DUEL ACROSS CHANNEL

Nazi Troop Carriers Active Along French Coast — Air Battle Over London

Dover, Sept. 16.—(P)—Invasion barometer: Southwesterly winds brought mist and rain to the Dover straits tonight. Visibility was sharply restricted. The channel was rough, a heavy swell pounding the beach.

By the Associated Press
German and British long-range guns duelled across the channel this morning, with Nazi artillery sending tons of shells screaming into the Dover area—invasion gateway to London—while British guns fired a salvo of about 24 shells at German bases on the French coast.

Amid these developments, Britons celebrated what they called the greatest air victory since the battle of Britain began. 185 Nazis Downed
An official London communique said RAF fighters and anti-aircraft guns shot down 185 Nazi warplanes in yesterday's flaming sky battles—the biggest single day's "bag" of the war. Only 25 British planes were reported lost and the English said pilots of 12 were saved.

Hitler's "big berthas" opened up a cross-channel assault at 11 a. m. (2 a. m. PST), raining shells into Dover's streets crowded with shoppers. The civilian population fled to shelters as four salvos arrived within 10 minutes.

Mist Causes Worry
Correspondents in English coastal towns reported German troop carriers of every description were stealing along the French coast. A ghostly mist hung over the channel waters, and it was feared Hitler might take advantage of the weather to cloak a troop-landing venture.

A big air battle raged high over London, meanwhile, as the capital experienced its fourth air-raid alarm of the day. Shrapnel rattled like hail on the city's rooftops and batteries of "arches"—anti-aircraft guns—set up a terrific barrage.

London's weary millions, emerging from their underground shelters after a nine and one-half hour night attack, underwent three more air raid alarms, the first at 9:57 a. m., less than four hours after the end of the night-long alarm. The second was at 10:55 a. m., and the third at 12:09 p. m.

Wave An Hour
The Germans apparently were attacking the empire capital now on a "wave an hour" schedule. Earlier, a large formation of Nazi planes was reported beaten off in an attempt to cross the southeast coast, moving off under a counter-attack within 10 minutes after it was sighted.

Semi-official London reports said yesterday's aerial clashes boosted the total of German planes down over England to 2,143. Berlin countered with an assertion that 775 British planes were destroyed between Sept. 1 and Sept. 14.

For all their activity of defense, the British found time to continue their hammering at German "front line" of invasion—the continental ports, and to swarm over Germany again.

Berlin had two half-hour air raid alarms just prior to and just after midnight. German authorities said the British were turned back before reaching the city.

Roseburg, Ore., Sept. 16.—(P)—Edwin Wyatt, 20, son of John Wyatt, Winchester farmer, was brought to Mercy hospital here today suffering from hip and back injuries sustained in a runaway. Wyatt attempted to jump from a farm wagon, who a team of horses became frightened and started to run.



SAM RAYBURN

Washington, Sept. 16.—(P)—Sam Rayburn, 58-year-old Texas Democrat, was elected speaker of the house of representatives by acclamation today while the body of his predecessor, the late William B. Bankhead of Alabama, lay in state. Members of a Democratic conference held just before the election said there was no discussion regarding filling the majority leadership which Rayburn is vacating and some expressed belief nothing would be done about it immediately.

CONGRESSMEN IN FINAL HOMAGE TO WM. B. BANKHEAD

Washington, Sept. 16.—(P)—President Roosevelt and sorrowing members of congress attended simple, impressive state funeral services for Speaker William B. Bankhead today in the house chamber where he had presided since 1936.

Members of the cabinet, the senate and supreme court were present. Galleries, to which admission was strictly limited, were packed.

Less than an hour before the services began, the house, by acclamation, elected Rep. Sam Rayburn of Texas as Bankhead's successor—one of the rare instances in which that high post was filled without a contest.

President Roosevelt sat in front of the rostrum with his cabinet.

Family Present
Behind him sat members of the speaker's family—Mrs. Bankhead, heavily veiled; Senator John Bankhead, his brother; the speaker's two daughters, Mrs. Tallulah Bankhead and Mrs. Eugenia Hoyt, both dressed in black; a brother, Col. H. M. Bankhead, commercial attaché at the United States legation in Ottawa, Canada; Charles Crow, a son-in-law, and Charles Crow, Jr., a grandson.

The house arranged to recess for three days and the senate agreed to quit later in the day until Wednesday.

The speaker's body, in a flower banked gray casket, lay in state in the well of the chamber.

The services were conducted by the house chaplain, the Rev. Dr. James Shera Montgomery. The 66-year-old speaker, an administration stalwart for the past seven years, died early yesterday after an internal hemorrhage. He was stricken a week ago in Baltimore a short time before he was to address a political rally.

Burial in Alabama
At the conclusion of the services, a special train left the capital bearing Speaker Bankhead's body to his home in Jasper, Ala., for burial. President Roosevelt, a committee of 60 house members, and other representatives of officialdom will accompany the body south to attend the final services.

Mr. Roosevelt, who received word of Bankhead's death while cruising on the Potomac, said that "every American loses a tried and proven friend of our system of government." The president's tribune was one of the many mourning bankhead's passing.

Roosevelt Signs Conscription Bill; Registration To Start October 16

WILLKIE EXPECTS TOTALITARIANISM WITH THIRD TERM

Candidate Says Battle of America Now in Progress — Democracy Weakened

Coffeyville, Kas., Sept. 16.—(P)—Asserting that the "battle of America" is in progress, Wendell L. Willkie contended today that President Roosevelt's reelection would bring totalitarian government to the United States before the third term ended.

The Republican presidential nominee, speaking in the city where he taught high school history in 1913-14, accused the administration of materially assisting Hitler "in his aggressive plans."

He voiced a denial "that Franklin Roosevelt—whatever his intentions—is the defender of democracy," and said: "Democracy Weakened"

"First, I charge that his influence has weakened, rather than strengthened, democracy throughout the world. "And secondly, I charge that here in America he has strained our democratic institutions to the breaking point.

"If, because of some fine speeches about humanity, you return this administration to office, you will be serving under an American totalitarian government before the long third term is finished."

Expressing the belief "Franklin Roosevelt has lost faith in the American people," Willkie continued: "When I read of blood and destruction in Europe I am frightened to think that our only shelter is—not airplanes and tanks—but a man who in seven years of peace could not get factories producing our peacetime needs."

Repeats Charges
The candidate reiterated statements made to Illinois audiences Saturday that Mr. Roosevelt, "by his own meddling in international politics, encouraged the European conflagration."

"For instance, he torpedoed the London economic conference in 1933 at the very time when the democracies were ready to come together on a strong, united economic policy.

"And he was the godfather of that unhappy conference at Munich—the conference from which the word 'appeasement' was born—the conference from which Hitler went forth to destroy the European democracies."

Willkie did not amplify his mention of the Munich meeting.

Regarding the German attacks on London, the candidate said: "A philosophy is in peril, a way of life is in peril. And I wonder what stands between us and that calamity, except a smooth radio voice offering us the gold brick of safety without sacrifice."

Democracy in Danger
"Although our cities are not in flames, American democracy is in danger. It is in danger from without and from within. And it is in danger from without because it is in danger from within. That is our battle of America."

Unless a president trusts the American people, he asserted, "we shall never be able to defend ourselves from threat of aggression."

"The doubt in the president's heart has so weakened this country that Mr. Roosevelt is

Famed London Shops Damaged by Bombs



Londoners gaze at smashed windows and damaged storefronts in famous Regent street, fashionable shopping area not far from the bright-light section of Picadilly Circus. This picture was cabled from London.

BASEBALL

National
First game: R. H. E.
St. Louis 2 5 1
Philadelphia 3 7 2
Cooper and Owen; Si Johnson and Millies, Warren.

2nd game: R. H. E.
St. Louis 7 8 0
Philadelphia 1 7 3
Hutchinson, Masterson, and Owen; Frye and Warren.

Pittsburgh 7 7 1
New York 6 7 1
Butcher, Brown, Klinger, and Davis; Lohmann, Carpenter, Lynn, and Danning.

(10 Innings)
Cincinnati 4 9 0
Brooklyn 3 10 1
Thompson, Beggs, and Wilson, Baker; Davis and Franks.

American
First game: R. H. E.
Philadelphia 3 6 1
Cleveland 8 9 0
Ross and Hayes; Wagner; Harder and Pytlak.

(Second game)
Philadelphia 3 7 0
Cleveland 2 6 0
Babich and Hayes; Eisenstat, Dobson and Hemsley.

Washington 2 5 2
Detroit 9 11 0
Krakauskas, Haynes, Carrasquel and Ferrell, Early; Newson and Tebbetts.

being pushed—I believe against his will—toward unconstitutional government. "He is being pushed by the foreign situation, in which he considers himself justified in violating the constitution.

"He is being pushed by the failure of his own domestic policies to relieve us of unemployment, which has been the root of dictatorship in other lands. "He is being pushed by his own incompetence to deal with American industry—an incompetence from which his only escape can be confiscation of our enfeebled enterprises.

"He is being pushed by his cynical advisers, who have invented all sorts of tricks to

GOVERNORS ASKED FOR COOPERATION IN REGISTRY WORK

Local Election Officials and Patriotic Citizens Urged to Volunteer Services

Washington, Sept. 16.—(P)—President Roosevelt signed into law today the nation's first peacetime draft bill and immediately issued a proclamation requiring the registration October 16 of 16,500,000 men 21 through 35 years old.

The president signed the historic measure at 3:08 P.M., EST, in the long rectangular White House cabinet room in the presence of Chairman Sheppard (D-Tex.) and May (D-Ky.) of the senate and house military committees and of Secretary of War Stimson and General George C. Marshall, army chief of staff.

Citizenship Enriched
In a statement issued at the time of the signing the president said that "America has adopted selective service in time of peace, and, in doing so, has broadened and enriched our basic concept of citizenship."

"Beside the clear democratic ideals of equal rights, equal privileges and equal opportunities," the president said, "we have set forth the underlying other duties, obligations and responsibilities of equal service."

"In thus providing for national defense, we have not carved a new and uncharted trail in the history of our democratic institutions. On the contrary, we have merely reasserted an old and accepted principle of democratic government."

Ancient Heritage
"The militia system, the self-armed citizenry with the obligation of military service incumbent upon every free man, has its root in the old common law," the chief executive continued.

"It was brought to the continent by our forefathers. It was an accepted institution in colonial days. At the time of the adoption of the federal constitution, nine of the thirteen states explicitly provided for universal service in their basic laws."

In his proclamation Mr. Roosevelt called upon "the governors of the several states to provide suitable and sufficient places of registration within their respective jurisdiction and to provide suitable and necessary registration boards to effect such registration."

Cooperation Asked
In addition he also called upon "all local election officials and other patriotic citizens to offer their services as members of the boards of registration."

"In order that there may be full cooperation in carrying into effect the purposes of said act," the proclamation declared, "I urge all employers, and government agencies of all kinds—federal, state and local—to give those under their charge sufficient time off in which to fulfill the obligation of registration incumbent on them under the said act."

The president said the registration on Wednesday, October 16, would be between the hours of 7 a. m. and 9 p. m. (local time). On that day, he declared, every male citizen between 21 and 35 inclusive, "will be expected to report" to a neighborhood precinct to fill out a registration card and a registration certificate.

Philadelphia, Sept. 16.—(P)—The keel was laid today at the Philadelphia navy yard for the United States navy's second 45,000-ton battleship, largest fighting vessels in the world, and former Secretary of the Navy Charles Edison declared: "The building of this ship is the building of something to defend human rights."

"They're in the army now!"