

Weather Full U.S. Weather Bureau report inside.
Forecast: Fair tonight and Tuesday, little change in temperature.
Temperature
Highest yesterday 58
Lowest this morning 55

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BRITISH WITHDRAW IN SOMALILAND

THE CAPITAL PARADE

By JOSEPH ALSOP and ROBERT KINTNER
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Washington, Aug. 19.—Now that Ambassador to France William C. Bullitt has returned from his rest in the north, it is possible to tell a coherent story of his role during the days of the fall of France. It is a story which does Bullitt considerable credit, and explains several mysterious points about his behavior. Yet for all its odd detail and matter-of-factness of incident, it is also a sad and terrible tale for our times, enacted against the background of one of the great source-cities of our culture.

WHY did Bullitt stay in Paris, when the French government, to which he was accredited, had departed for Bordeaux? This is the question which most puzzles the professional diplomats in Washington. The answer is fairly simple. He was asked to do so, in order to serve as unofficial governor of the French capital until the German occupation took place.

Bullitt's decision to remain in the capital was made a week before Paris fell, when the thought that Paris might have to be abandoned first became a certainty in the minds of his friends, the French leaders. Naturally he had already discussed the possibility of the fall of Paris with the president and Secretary of State Cordell Hull.

BEING a fairly romantic fellow, he personally wished to follow the example of American Minister Gouverneur Morris, who was the only diplomat to remain in Paris during the terror; of old Minister Washburn, the only diplomat to hang on thru the German siege in 1870 and the ensuing time of the commune; and of Ambassador Myron C. Herrick, who stayed behind when the government fled in 1914.

The point was not definitely settled, however, until Bullitt discussed the problem with French Premier Paul Reynaud

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BASEBALL

National	R.	H.	E.
Boston	3	9	0
Pittsburgh	0	9	1
Errickson and Berres; Bowman and Fernandes.			
Score:	R.	H.	E.
New York	9	14	0
Cincinnati	2	6	1
Hubbell and Danning; Derringer, Riddle, Shoffner, Hutchings, and Lombardi, Wilson.			
American	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	7	12	2
Boston	16	14	1
Dobson, Humphries, Dorsett, and Hemsley, Pytlak; Heving and Fox.			

Detroit at New York postponed; rain.

SIDE GLANCES

by TRIBUNE REPORTERS

Socks Biddle and Elizabeth Brown presenting an unusual problem to a grocer when they desired to purchase only half a loaf of bread.

John Moffat spending the first day of his vacation cutting the lawn and doing other out-of-door chores.

Mrs. Nion Tucker and children Nan and Nion Jr., being the best looking and only family trio competing in rodeo affairs.

Mayno Coleman getting a little gallant aid from Gene Hamilton when her horse became frisky at sight of Rosey Rosenbaum's railroad tracks.

DIRECT INVASION BY NAZI TROOPS HELD NEXT MOVE

Britain Girds for Life-Death Battle — New Defense Order—Fierce Counter Air Attacks.

Berlin, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—German sources tonight blamed "bad weather" for the off-again on-again character of the air attack on Britain but contended that the delay to German plans was not serious.

London, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—The war office announced tonight the British had withdrawn from Somaliland.

The announcement said the withdrawal was decided upon as an alternative to reinforcing the British garrison there with reserves who would be of greater use in places more important to the prosecution of the war.

"All guns except two lost in the early stages of the action have been embarked," the announcement said.

"A great part of the material stores has also been evacuated and the remainder destroyed. Our wounded have been safely brought away."

The Italian communique today declared the British were withdrawing their ships at Berbera, capital and chief port of British Somaliland protectorate. Italian spokesmen said a "little Dunkerque" was being staged there—like the British retreat from Flanders under a storm of German air attacks.

(Rome sources said the British force in Somaliland was about 7,000, mostly Rhodesians and Indian troops.)

(By the Associated Press)

London, Aug. 19.—All of Britain was made a defense area today as the nation, already fighting in history's greatest air battle, got set for a life-or-death struggle to defend its soil.

Zero Hour Near

With the Germans apparently nearing the zero hour for their attempt to smash Britain into submission by direct invasion, the British launched a thundering attack against the Nazi-held French coast and claimed their air fighters were parrying Nazi air blows with an increasingly favorable advantage.

The British warned that the week to come may decide the balance of air power, manned their anti-aircraft defenses constantly.

The order to make the isles a defense area—subject at a moment's notice to drastic edicts by closely cooperating civil and military authorities—was issued as a "precautionary measure" by the ministry of home security.

Regional commissioners for England, Wales and Scotland will have authority, it said, "subject to control and direction of the ministry of home security, to issue directions or orders required for the purposes of defense within their respective areas."

Until now, only a 20-mile strip of the eastern and southern coasts from the Scottish border to Portland had been a defense area.

Two-Way Bombing

Again today bomber traffic over the English channel was two-way after a Sunday exchange of raids in which both sides pounded at sources of enemy strength.

Apparently attempting to destroy or immobilize Britain's air force, waves of Nazi planes struck at strategically-placed air-dromes, twice causing Sunday air raid alarms in London.

But, the British declared, the Nazi achieved little success at great cost, losing planes at a rate of more than nine to one of Britain's.

One German bomber was said to have been shot down this morning in the southwest.

But up to late afternoon there had been only sporadic raids. (German reports said Nazi fliers were engaged primarily in widespread scouting of southern England. They declared two, possibly three, British planes had been shot down in "small" air fights.)

Perspiring Willkie Accepts



Beads of perspiration covered the forehead of Wendell L. Willkie as he made his speech accepting the nomination for president in Elwood, Ind. A crowd estimated between 150,000 and 250,000 persons heard him.

EX-CON'S ORATION LAUDED BY COURT, BUT PLEA DENIED

Seattle, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—San Quentin penitentiary's public speaking course came in for high praise today in federal court when a "graduate," Frederick M. Robbins, 32-year-old Canadian, pleaded guilty for entering the United States illegally.

Despite Robbins' half-hour oration on why he should be given a suspended sentence, Judge Lloyd L. Black said he could not suspend sentence because of Robbins' prior record. Robbins was sentenced to a year and a day in prison.

Robbins recited that he had just completed a four-year sentence in San Quentin for writing a worthless \$24 check and while there took a public speaking course.

Judge Black described the prisoner's address as one of the most persuasive appeals ever made in his court.

Robbins said he believed the sentence sufficient punishment for both writing the check and the illegal entry charge. He said he had been further "punished" by the death of his father while Robbins was in prison.

"But," he said, "it was not the greatest punishment I received. That came when my father died last January. I know he died only because I was in prison. His death was a great blow to me as he also had been a mother to me since my mother died when I was young."

CHINESE CAPITAL BOMBERS TARGET

Chungking, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—Japanese bombers attacked the Chinese capital this afternoon the fifth time in three days with a destructive intensity unparalleled since early June.

Successive waves of planes unloaded high explosive and incendiary bombs at intervals of a few minutes for two hours on about a third of the hitherto untouched western residential district.

Buildings were destroyed or damaged and fires began burning in the densely populated downtown area.

WILLKIE RENEWS PLEDGES TO STEM THREATS OF WAR

Home Folks Told Ready to Make Personal Sacrifice — Ickes Talks Tonight.

Rushville, Ind., Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—Wendell L. Willkie told a "welcome home" gathering today that while bombs are raining on England "I will do anything to preserve at all hazards the kind of life we have here in Rush county."

Speaking at the informal program arranged for himself and his wife, whose home town this is, the Republican presidential nominee added:

"People who live and think as we do are being destroyed in their habit and their way of life.

"When one in my situation realizes that he is being called upon to play a part in keeping this country from coming to this country, you must realize how deeply I feel.

"I am ready to make whatever personal sacrifices may be required of me, or whatever long days and sleepless nights."

Washington, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—Secretary Ickes will open the democratic fire on Wendell Willkie's acceptance speech tonight, and capital politicians expected him to answer the proposal of the republican presidential nominee for a series of joint debates with President Roosevelt on campaign issues.

Ickes will broadcast an address, arranged for by the democratic national committee (at 8:30 to 9 p.m. EST over NBC).

The republicans, meanwhile, selected Senator Bridges (R-N.H.) "to polish off Ickes" later this week.

CLAIMS CONFLICT ON AERIAL LOSS

(By the Associated Press)

The box score of conflicting claims of planes destroyed in the eight days of heavy air fighting over Britain:

German Claims	British Losses	German Losses
Aug. 8	49	10
Aug. 11	93	21
Aug. 12	89	24
Aug. 13	132	28
Aug. 14	28	12
Aug. 15	143	32
Aug. 16	92	31
Aug. 18	147	36
Total	773	194

British Claims	German Losses	British Losses
Aug. 8	60	16
Aug. 11	65	28
Aug. 12	62	13
Aug. 13	78	13
Aug. 14	31	7
Aug. 15	180	34
Aug. 16	75	22
Aug. 18	144	32
Total	695	153

On the omitted dates—Aug. 9, 19 and 17—there were no heavy raids.

RUMANIA REJECTS HUNGARY DEMANDS

Turnu-Severin, Rumania, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—The Hungarian-Rumanian dispute over Transylvania appeared near a deadlock tonight.

Rumanian negotiators, rejecting Hungary's demands for nearly two-thirds of the agriculturally rich province, offered counter proposals which the Hungarians apparently regarded as far from satisfactory.

NATION'S LARGEST MOCK WAR STARTS

Ogdensburg, N. Y., Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—The largest peacetime "war" in the nation's history opened in northern New York today with defending American "Blue" and foreign "Black" invaders fighting with fireless arms, blastless bombs, pseudo-tanks and blank ammunition for the gateway to vital industrial centers.

By 5 a. m., zero hour for the mock "M day," many of the 90,000 troops through stealthy night maneuvers were arrayed along a 35-mile front stretching southward from the St. Lawrence and sparring for an opening blow.

MEXICAN GUNBOAT STOPS AND BOARDS AMERICAN VESSEL

Radio Tells of Action Off Acapulco Early Today—No Official Report.

San Francisco, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—MacKay Radio company announced today a message had been received from the American freighter Herman Frach stating it had been stopped and boarded by officers of a Mexican gunboat, off Acapulco, Mexico.

The radio message was addressed to all stations and all naval stations, MacKay reported.

It said "stopped and boarded 1520 GMT (720 a. m. Pacific Standard Time) by Mexican gunboat G22, 70 miles west-northwest Acapulco. Not allowed proceed. Now being boarded by armed forces."

MacKay said the message was received direct by the freighter Panaman, which routed it to the SS Socasta, from whence it was broadcast to all stations.

The Herman Frach was en route from Pacific coast ports to the east coast via the Panama Canal.

Acapulco is on the Pacific side of the lower coast of Mexico.

The ship is owned by the Union Sulphur company of San Francisco, and has been engaged in freight trade between east and gulf ports and the west coast for more than ten years. Customarily, she picks up sulphur at gulf ports for the west coast, and carries lumber and general cargo east.

The Herman Frach left San Pedro Aug. 13 for New York. She carries a crew of 35, is 356 feet long, of 2,641 net tons.

The vessel was built in 1920.

INDIANA FARMER NOMINATED FOR WALLACE'S BERTH

Vice-Presidential Nominee to Start Campaigning September 5.

Washington, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—Claude R. Wickard, Indiana farmer, was nominated by President Roosevelt today to succeed Henry A. Wallace, the democratic vice-presidential nominee, as secretary of agriculture.

Since last winter, Wickard has been undersecretary of agriculture.

Mr. Roosevelt also sent to the senate the nomination of Paul H. Appleby of Maryland, to succeed Wickard as undersecretary. Appleby has served as an assistant to Wallace since he entered the cabinet in 1933.

HATCH PROPOSES TO CLARIFY LAW

Washington, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—Strengthening of the Hatch politics law at points recently involved in controversy between Democratic and Republican party leaders was proposed today by Senator Hatch (D-NM), who also asked that primary elections be covered by the act.

One of his amendments, Hatch said, would "make it clear that the aggregate of political contributions which may be made by any person, directly or indirectly, on a single calendar year may not exceed \$5,000."

WAR BULLETINS

Athens, Greece, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—Turkey was reported in informed quarters to have promised Greece today to come to her aid in the event this country is threatened by Italy.

A Southeast Coast Town of England, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—The Royal Air Force appeared to be battering the German-held French channel port of Boulogne tonight for the fourth time within 48 hours.

New York, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—A British broadcast, heard here today by NB's short wave service, said German industrial production in the Ruhr and Rhine districts had dropped more than 30 per cent as a result of British air raids.

London, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—The air ministry announced tonight that British planes last night bombed Italian aircraft factories at Milan and Turin, aluminum and chemical works in Germany, Boulogne harbor and airdromes at Frieberg and Hamsheim, Germany.

Oregon Gains 133,931

Washington, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—A 14 per cent population increase was reported today in Oregon by the census bureau bringing the total of 1,087,717.

The state's 133,931 gain in the last decade was spread over nearly all its counties. However, the changes ranged from a decrease of 21.8 per cent in Sherman county to an increase of 75.3 per cent in Malheur county.

Changes in Oregon's cities of 10,000 or more population varied from a decrease of 2.4 per cent in Astoria to an increase of 17.2 per cent in Salem, Portland, largest city in the state, with a count of 307,572, was 1.9 per cent larger than in 1930.

SENATOR ASSAILS BULLITT'S SPEECH AS 'NEAR TREASON'

Envoy to France's Prediction of Hitler Invasion Stirs—Called 'War Mongering'

Washington, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—Senator Clark (D-Idaho) told the senate today the address of Ambassador William C. Bullitt, predicting a German attack on the United States if Great Britain is defeated, was "very, very little short of treason."

Bullitt's speech, Clark added, amounted to "an appeal to the American people to go into an unprovoked foreign war now for which he says they are not prepared."

This he asserted, "comes mighty, mighty close to being false to the republic which put him where he is."

Bullitt, ambassador to France, made the address yesterday in Philadelphia. He urged adoption of conscription and supported aid for the British fleet.

Clark said Bullitt had suggested "dictatorship" as a means for furthering American defense.

"Any man who purports to put up a dictatorship," he continued, "comes mighty close to being false to his country."

The Idaho senator added Bullitt's speech was "not only approved but inspired by the state department."

Senator Clark (D-Mo.) asked Ashurst whether he had given any thought to the possibility that "the reason Mr. Bullitt is roaming around the country now asking for recognition for the fascist-controlled French government of Marshal Petain is that he is anxious to keep the commitments he has made from coming out in the French war guilt trial."

Ashurst did not reply to this question, but remarked "how difficult it is for an American ambassador to keep quiet when he should keep quiet."

Under the circumstances, he said, "to imagine Bullitt keeping quiet would be to imagine an iron balloon."

Clark of Missouri observed "if Ambassador Bullitt did succeed in getting up a war, he would find a safe place to hide during its progress."

"That's what he did in the last war," he added. "He found a safe coffee-cooling job down in the state department. That's why he looks with a good deal more equanimity on going to war than those who actually took part in the last war."

Clark of Idaho broke in at another point to remark that Bullitt "obviously didn't write his speech 'and obviously couldn't write it, because it was a masterpiece.'"

SAM SNEAD WINS CANADIAN OPEN

Toronto, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—Sam Snead, long-driving Shawnee-Delaware, Pa., professional, today won the Canadian open golf championship, defeating defending champion Harold (Jug) McSpaden of Winchester, Mass., by one stroke in the 18-hole playoff. Snead scored a 71, McSpaden 72.

Klamath Falls Noise Parade Puts End to Socialist Talk

Klamath Falls, Aug. 19.—(U.P.)—John W. Aiken, socialist labor party candidate for president of the United States, complained today about a "noise parade" he said virtually broke up a meeting he held on the courthouse steps here last night.

He said the meeting was disrupted by about 20 persons who drove their cars around and around the courthouse blowing their auto horns and creating other noise. Aiken said the horn-blowers may have thought they were "real Americans" but in fact they were attacking the institution of free speech and thus making themselves members of the "real fifth column."

Persons at the meeting, attended by about 100, said there were frequent shouts at the speaker from the audience advising him to "go back to Russia" and calling him a "Hitler-lover". It was after 10 p.m. that the horn blowing parade formed.

In his talk, Aiken attacked the Dies committee on un-American activities.