

# Charles D. Stacy for Sheriff Record Unassailable

REPUBLICAN NOMINEE

Charles D. Stacy, was nominated by the Republican party in the May primaries and is now making the race for sheriff of Jackson county against Ralph G. Jennings, the present incumbent.

The subject of our sketch was born 51 years ago, near Portland, Oregon, and has been a resident of this county the past forty-three years. His father, I. J. Stacy, a Civil War veteran came to Oregon soon after the war, crossing the plains with oxen and settling in the Willamette valley and in 1882 came to Jackson county with his family.

The mother passed away some years ago, while the aged father still hale and hearty lives in Los Angeles. Mr. Stacy, the candidate, was married to Miss Nellie A. Kellogg, a daughter of Captain Edward Kellogg, an Oregon pioneer of 1848 and of steamboat fame, in 1896. The result of this marriage, is a son Dean Kellogg Stacy of Medford, and his daughter, Miss Opal Stacy of San Francisco, and two grand children.

The son Dean Stacy, is a veteran of the late war, going over to France with the early A. E. F., and is now joint owner and manager of several bearing orchard tracts with his father east of Medford. The Stacys are heavy taxpayers and the father in announcing his candidacy feels that he knows the pressing needs of the county and pledges economy in operating the office of sheriff if elected.

Mr. Stacy assures his supporters that he has made no promises in the present campaign, to any individual or faction and in the event of his election as sheriff, will be free to appoint deputies in the legal tax and other departments best suited to serve the taxpayers, with a view of efficiency and minimum expense.

Mr. Stacy, when interviewed as to stand upon prohibition, said he had voted for every prohibition measure that had come up before the electorate in the state of Oregon, and had consistently complied and upheld the prohibition laws of the statute books, is in favor of thorough law enforcement, and pledges hearty co-operation with all officials in enforcing the federal and state laws.

People who have known Charles Stacy for thirty or forty years speak of him in the highest terms as a man of sterling worth, a good citizen, neighbor and friend. His personal honesty, public integrity and loyalty to principles have never been questioned. In electing Mr. Stacy to the office of Sheriff, his supporters feel that the voters of Jackson county can make no mistake. Successful in his own business, accurate and prompt in all his business relations, he will bring these qualities to bear in the business of the county, thus securing a thoroughly efficient, economical and business-like administration of the affairs of the office of sheriff.

"YOU'LL BE SAFE TO STAY BY STACY"

Paid Adv. Jackson County Republican Central Committee.

## "A Business Man For a Business Office"

C. W. ASHPOLE, when requested, made the following statement relative to his candidacy:

"In the first place I want it understood that I am not a politician but simply a plain business man. I did not seek the nomination in the spring primary but consented that my name might be used, and when I received the nomination I considered it my duty to place my candidacy before the people in appreciation of the confidence which my many friends bestowed upon me in the primary. If I am elected to this office, I will do everything in my power to see that it is conducted along strict business lines and principles, using the utmost economy where practicable and giving to each part of the county the same impartial consideration for its various needs as I do any other. I favor a comprehensive, economic road building program and will personally see, insofar as it is possible, that the county receives one hundred cents for every dollar expended in this or any other line of endeavor."

DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Paid Advertisement.

## Lest We Forget....

Let's give expression to treasured memories; let's pay rightful tribute to those who gave their all for the ideals that mean so much to civilization and progress.

In observance of ARMISTICE DAY, this bank will remain closed all day, Monday, Monday, November 12.

## THE JACKSON COUNTY BANK

ESTABLISHED 1888

MEDFORD, OREGON

Commercial - Savings - Safe Deposit

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

## Communications

Concerning Record.

To the Voters of Jackson County: Since Mr. Cornwell has stated in his various contributions to the newspapers that he taught one year in the Gold Hill schools, a word or two concerning his record may be of benefit in the face of the coming election. His year here was one of the most satisfactory years our school has ever experienced.

He inculcated a feeling of hatred in our schools which it has taken two years of the most diplomacy to erase.

He was extremely unpopular, not only among the students and teachers, but among the other young people of the community, because of his egotistical attempts to dominate every situation.

The parents of some of the high school students circulated a recall petition against him which was very generally signed.

It was mutually agreed between Mr. Cornwell and the school board that if accorded an election he would resign, the attitude on the part of the board being that in light of his inexperience, without the backing that this election would give, it would be extremely difficult for him to secure another position.

However, by no means would he have been tendered a contract had he not resigned.

I can think of no greater calamity that might befall the schools of Jackson county than to elect such a man as Raymond Cornwell at their head.

Eleventh hour denial of facts concerning this situation, as well as others, together with false campaign statements being circulated, have impelled me to make this statement.

BERTHA COY,

Clerk, School Dist. No. 57, Gold Hill, Oregon.

Realtors Support Norton.

To the Editor: The Grants Pass Realty Board takes great pride in calling your attention to one of its most distinguished citizens, Hon. H. D. Norton, who is a candidate for circuit judge of the first judicial district, comprising Josephine and Jackson counties.

The Grants Pass Irrigation District. This district was organized in 1917 and completed in 1921. It has made a big steal. Mr. Fehl could just as well have given ALL the figures, which are on record in the office of the city recorder, instead of the half. After such

examination and completion of an irrigation district, Mr. Norton allowed the board of directors to fix his compensation, which the board did, in the sum of a \$1,000 bond, now worth \$235, which sum only covered a part of the amount of Mr. Norton's expenses and gave him no remuneration for the enormous legal services rendered to him.

Compare this with the \$8,000 which Judge Thomas received from the Talent Irrigation district and \$6,500 from the Eagle Point district.

The water charges commenced at about \$3 per acre and were increased between 1921 and 1927 to \$10 per acre. The State of Oregon paid the interest charges on this district during the period of five years from 1922 to 1927. In 1928, when all of the interest charges had to be paid by the district, it was found that those charges would reach the enormous sum of \$17.20 per acre.

Something had to be Done, and Mr. Norton Did It.

Mr. Norton, assisted by Mr. Luper, state engineer, and Mr. Williams, local engineer for the district, succeeded in re-financing the district, and now the water charges for 1928 are \$9 per acre, saving of nearly one-half, and will not be greater than \$8.50 per acre for 1929 and eight years thereafter.

He has made it possible for you to live on the district and pay your water charges.

The Grants Pass Realty Board appreciates Mr. Norton's untiring efforts and his great ability as a lawyer. It required the services of a real lawyer to accomplish the above results.

The Grants Pass Realty Board votes for Mr. Norton, No. 39 on the official ballot, for circuit judge.

Vote for H. D. Norton and show your appreciation to the GRANTS PASS REALTY BOARD. By E. L. Galbraith, Secretary. (Paid adv.)

Mr. Fehl's Speech.

To the Citizens of Medford: Earl Fehl, in his speech over KMGH, published in the Pacific Record Herald, states that "it cost the taxpayers of the city \$367,728.66 over and above the contract price of bringing Big Butte Springs water into Medford, leaving the impression that either this work was not economically handled or that some one had made a big steal. Mr. Fehl could just as well have given ALL the figures, which are on record in the office of the city recorder, instead of the half. After such

## Rawles Moore's Record Good, System Bad

Rawles Moore, in the Sunday morning News, makes a statement defending himself against supposed charges made by the Taxpayers' Committee.

We wish to state that this committee has not criticized Mr. Moore in any of its advertisements. We referred only to Mr. Borden's administration, who was district attorney just prior to Mr. Chaney taking office.

When mention was made of the snoopers leaving town, it referred wholly to Sandifer and his gang, who were little short of holdup men. We need only cite the case of one of our well known citizens, who was a victim of a frameup by Sandifer.

When Dug Wolgamott and Shine Edwards were mentioned it was only to call attention to an expensive and ineffective system of prohibition, a system that Mr. Moore was not responsible for in any way.

GOODNIGHT, TAXPAYERS!

This system produced a situation where most bootleggers and liquor dealers, on being apprehended, hired a good lawyer and fought their cases to a finish at staggering cost to the taxpayers.

If we read the newspaper supporters of Mr. Coddling aright, he will be expected to return to that system, and, if he does, it is good night, taxpayers!

WHO WILL YOU VOTE WITH?

When Chaney cleared the county of Sandifer and his gang he earned his full salary. When he kept king bootleggers and liquor dealers out of the circuit court he earned his salary a dozen times over.

As we have said before, this is a taxpayers' fight. If you want to return to the old system, vote with the Medford newspapers. If you don't, vote with the Taxpayers' Committee.

(Signed) TAXPAYERS' COMMITTEE.

MEMBERS OF TAXPAYERS LEAGUE

We the undersigned citizens and tax payers of Jackson County, in order to effectively promote the candidacy of Newton C. Chaney for District Attorney do hereby pledge ourselves to use all honorable means to bring about his re-election. This committee of citizens and tax payers shall be known as "The Tax Payers Committee."

ASHLAND MEMBERS:

- George Coffey, J. E. Enders, Lillian Greer, A. C. Nitzinger, O. H. Johnson, S. A. Paters, H. G. Enders, J. E. Thornton, O. H. Johnson Jr., V. V. Mills, Will M. Dodge, Louis Dodge, A. W. Moon, W. Miles, Ralph Billings, E. A. Woodward, F. G. Sondenberg, W. P. Walter, Donald M. Spencer

TALENT MEMBERS:

- E. L. Beamon, Earl T. Newberry, S. G. Nye, A. Amundsen, E. Lester Newberry, I. C. Williams, E. E. Foss, C. W. McEadden, R. E. Robinson

MEDFORD MEMBERS:

- D. E. Phipps, Seely V. Hall, Nina Wall Colvig, Delroy Getchell, J. C. Herring, B. E. Harder, R. G. Brown, Geo. A. Hunt, J. T. Perry, H. T. Findlay, T. A. Culbertson, Cole Holmes, E. H. Porter, Geo. J. Kunkman, Geo. F. Lindsey, J. P. Porter, R. W. Pollock, Y. H. Yawter, J. W. Wakefield, Bert Anderson, W. W. Allen

EAGLE POINT MEMBERS:

- W. H. Crandall, R. H. Brown, J. C. Pendleton, Cora Crandall, Verne H. Pendleton

CENTRAL POINT MEMBERS:

- Maud H. Pendleton

Fred J. Flick, Jacksonville, Oregon

H. W. Young, Phoenix, Oregon

Paid Adv. by Tax Payers Committee.

## Judge Rusk Nails Another Lie on the "Old Sick Bootlegger" Who Proves to Be "the Slick Bootlegger"

Where is this bootlegger? JUDGE RUSK ANSWERS JUDGE THOMAS.

Better Government League has just been handed the following letter from Judge Rusk. Judge Rusk is the Justice who sentenced McCauley (sick bootlegger). He is the Judge whose letter Judge Thomas printed. The letter just received from Judge Rusk is on file in the office of the League. It is as follows:

"When I first received Judge Thomas' letter informing me that he had revoked his so-called order paroling Allen McCauley, I was naturally much gratified to feel that a misunderstanding had been removed and that I could henceforth depend upon Mr. Thomas' co-operation, and that such a situation could not arise again; therefore I wrote to him in an endeavor to express my appreciation and with the idea that future conferences would serve to further clear up the matter. But later investigations convinced me that Judge Thomas himself had proposed this method of releasing McCauley, without first consulting me in the matter, although for several days just before the order was issued Judge Thomas' office in the court house was just across the corridor from mine and we met several times each day. Subsequent attempts to talk things over with the Judge convinced me that it was useless to hope for an adjustment of our ideas, as he always insisted upon his power to parole a man sentenced in my court and that the Sheriff was bound, as an officer of HIS court, to execute any order he might choose to issue. So I finally gave it up as a bad job. I later learned, upon authority that I consider reliable, that Judge Thomas was apparently waiting for an opportunity to make another order to release some prisoner from my jurisdiction, possibly just to show that he could do it.

"When the officials here, including myself joined in a request to Governor Patterson to lighten McCauley's sentence, (since he was the only one with authority to do it), Judge Thomas refused to join with them, and, in a letter dated May 17, 1927, insisted that the proper way to release the man was upon an order from him (Judge Thomas).

"McCAULEY WAS NOT RETURNED TO JAIL, AS THE JACKSON COUNTY REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE STATED; but when the Sheriff went to get him at his home, after his recovery from his illness, he found that the man had fled, and McCauley has been a fugitive from Josephine County ever since.

"A short time after the conviction of A. B. Cornell in my Court, Judge Thomas joined with some others in an attempt to bar me from the use of the court room, in the trial of my jury cases, although he had assured me he did not intend to mix up in the matter. This led to a heated verbal controversy between Judge Thomas and myself, during which Judge Thomas said to me: 'I shall take it upon myself personally to see that you are kicked clear out of the Court House!' Evidently, Judge Thomas saw that he had taken another untenable position, for he made another complete reversal of his views, and ceased his efforts to oust me from the court house, although I have since learned that he made the statement that a recall would have to be started against me.

"C. E. RUSK."

Judge Rusk refers to the conviction of A. B. Cornell in his court. This was on a liquor charge. A. B. Cornell is Judge Thomas' most ardent supporter in Josephine county. He is the one who drove Judge Thomas from Grants Pass to Medford May 2nd while the grand jury was waiting for Judge Thomas to answer the questions it had asked him a week before. This was the appointed time for him to answer the questions. The grand jury had just drawn the report that was published at the time to the effect that they could do nothing until he had answered the questions. This caused Cornell to hurry with Judge Thomas to Medford.

BETTER GOVERNMENT LEAGUE.

Paid Advertisement.

Deer Bests Man he's no match for a deer. He up in bandages. The deer stayed PECKSKILL, N. Y., Nov. 5, -07) wounded one on a hunting trip, to wrestle a minute, tested its strength by dropping his shotgun and tackling horns on the hunter's side, then Norman Tompkins is convinced it barehanded. Now he's all tied, ducked into the woods.

## As Regards Prohibition

O. C. BOGGS SAYS

in a letter he sent to thousands of people regarding Mr. Norton that:

"He was city attorney of Grants Pass, recognized as one of the driest cities in the state, from 1914 to 1927. Drew the city ordinance regulating the importation and sale of intoxicating liquors in Grants Pass, when it was dry and Medford was wet, which ordinance was largely copied into the state law of Oregon, and is considered one of the best laws regulating the manufacture, transportation and sale of intoxicating liquor in the United States."

The same misinformation was given in Better Government League advertisement of November 3.

WHAT OTHERS SAY:

Telegrams from framers of the State Prohibition law:

"Portland, Ore., Oct. 16, 1928.

"Hon. E. E. Blanchard,

Grants Pass, Oregon.

"In neither 1914 nor 1917 prohibition bill was anything incorporated from Grants Pass city ordinance. Do not remember receiving any material from Grants Pass. If received it was not used.

"J. E. ANDERSON,

"Chairman House Prohibition Com."

"Portland, Ore., Oct. 18, 1928.

"E. E. Blanchard,

Grants Pass, Oregon.

"At time prohibition law of 1915 was prepared nothing was copied from a city ordinance of Grants Pass, Oregon, nor was there incorporated in said act any material furnished by anyone from that city. Basis of the 1915 law was the Nebraska law then in force, with such modifications which we worked out in committee without assistance from anyone in your part of the country.

"E. V. LITTLEFIELD,

"Member Prohibition Committee."

Paid Ad. by Jackson County Republican Central Committee.

## To Match the Color of Your Bathroom

Toilet paper tinted in four colors to match your bath room is now being sold by Heath's Drug Store. This is merely following the trend of the times in bright colors.

Heath's Drug Store

Larry and Fred