

The Weather	
Prediction	Uncertain
Maximum yesterday	56
Minimum today	32
Precipitation	.01

# MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

Weather Year Ago	
Maximum	48
Minimum	32

Medford, Oregon, Tuesday, November 10, 1925. No. 199

## AN APOLOGY IS DEMANDED FROM SLAVS

**Mussolini Declares Defiling of Italian Flags at Belgrade Must Bring Satisfaction—Anti-Italian Feeling in Jugo-Slavia Growing—Declare Mussolini Plots Fiction**

ROME, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—The Italian government has asked "fitting satisfaction" from the Jugo-Slavian government for Sunday's anti-Italian demonstration and the defiling or destruction of Italian flags in various cities of the Serb, Croat and Slovene state. Announcement to this effect was made today in an official communique.

ROME, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—The fascists have obeyed Mussolini's orders that no reprisals be taken for the plot to assassinate him, says L'Impero, extreme fascist organ, but nothing could stop them in the event of another attempt from staging a St. Bartholomew's night to destroy all the enemies of fascism.

The paper urges re-establishment of capital punishment and its infliction upon Tito Zantoni and "the other traitors" implicated in the plot against the premier.

BELGRADE, Jugo-Slavia, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—The Jugo-Slavian authorities are taking every precaution to prevent further anti-Italian demonstrations such as those which occurred throughout the country Sunday. A great mass meeting called for Thursday at Agram has been forbidden.

Foreign Minister Nincichich was received by the king after an interview yesterday with the Italian minister, General Badoglio, who protested against the burning of Italian flags during demonstrations in Ljubljana, Spalato, Agram and Belgrade.

The foreign minister faced interpellations in the Skupshtina (national assembly) today on the subject of the fascist treatment of the Jugo-Slavian minority population in Trieste, which caused Sunday's outbreaks. The fascists are alleged to have attacked the Jugo-Slavian consulate in Trieste and also the officers of the Slovenian newspaper Edinost, which had characterized Italian accounts of plots against the life of Premier Mussolini as pure inventions.

## SEVERE EARTHQUAKE SHOCK REGISTERED IN NEW YORK CITY

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—One of the most severe earthquakes of the year was recorded today on the seismograph at Fordham university. The exact distance of the disturbance could not be given, but experts of the university said it centered more than 5,000 miles from New York.

The first tremors were recorded at 9:25 A. M., and the maximum disturbance was reached at 10:05 o'clock, continuing at its height for twenty minutes.

The whole shock lasted for more than an hour, being still in progress when the seismograph record was removed.

## Another Assassination Declared Thwarted

VIENNA, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—A communist attempt to assassinate King Ferdinand of Roumania has been thwarted.

Lying in wait at a country inn for the king to return from hunting, a band of communists was captured by police after repulsing gentlemen with revolvers and hand grenades yesterday. Advice describe the affair as one soldier and one comrade wounded.

## Goblin's Defense Closes

NOBLESVILLE, Ind., Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—The defense in the murder trial of D. C. Stephenson, Earl Gentry and Earl Klencz rested at 11:32 A. M. today.

## SUES PRODUCER \$42,500 FOR PLAYING IN SECOND RATE CITY, LOS ANGELES

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 10.—Miss Lee Huty, playwright, is suing Thomas Wilkes, producer, for \$42,500 because he bought a play of her under the stipulation that it was to be produced in a "first class city," and he produced it in Los Angeles. Wilkes said that in his opinion Los Angeles is a first class city but Miss Huty and Rupert Hughes, novelist and motion picture director, testified that Los Angeles decidedly is not a first class city, at least so far as plays are concerned.

## Husband Fined \$5 for Kissing Wife In Own Motor Car

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 10.—Alan Schultz and wife, Dorothy, were fined \$5 and costs for kissing in a parked automobile. Schultz maintained a man could kiss his wife when he pleased, but the patrolman and judge had different views.

## AUTO TAXES CUT BY COMMITTEE ALSO ALCOHOL

**Reduction in Tax Bill Continued By House Committee—No Tax for Legitimate Theatres Favored—Cigar Tax Pared Down.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—Reduction of the automobile taxes and repeal of many of the excise levies was voted today by the house ways and means committee.

Under a provision approved by the committee which is writing a new tax bill, automobile pleasure cars would be taxed at three per cent instead of five per cent and the levy on automobile trucks, wagons, tires and accessories would be wiped out.

The tax on all grades of cigars was reduced and the levy on alcohol was cut in half.

Other taxes, which the committee would repeal are those on jewelry, camera lenses, photograph films and plates, firearms and ammunition, smokers' articles, coin operating machines, works of art and mah jong sets.

No change was made in the taxes on admissions and dues, although the committee voted to exempt legitimate theatres from the spoken drama from the admission tax if the treasury deems it advisable.

The following occupational taxes, which apply on proprietors, were repealed:

Brokers, including pawn brokers, ship and custom house brokers, billiard rooms and bowling alleys, shooting galleries, riding academies, automobiles for hire, tobacco manufacturers and yachts and motorboats.

It was also agreed to reduce from \$2 to \$1 the annual tax on physicians who dispense narcotics and to cut from 50 cents to 25 cents the tax on each deed or conveyance amounting to \$500.

The total amount of revenue which the government would lose as a result of the changes would amount to slightly more than \$100,000,000 annually, Chairman Green said, and would wipe from the statute virtually every so-called nuisance tax.

Many of the levies which the committee voted to repeal yielded less revenue annually than it cost the government to collect taxes, said Chairman Green.

In reducing the alcoholic tax the committee would cut the rate of \$2.28 a proof gallon to \$1.65 a gallon effective as of January 1, 1927, and to \$1.10 a gallon effective January 1, 1928.

The cuts ordered in the taxes on cigars follows:

Small sizes from \$1.50 to 75c a thousand; class A from \$4 to 2.30; class B from \$5 to 4.50; class C from \$9 to 7; class D from \$12 to 11.50; class E from \$15 to 13.50.

It is estimated this would take \$12,999,999 annually from the tax burden on the industry.

## 3 ESCAPED CONVICTS ARE STILL AT LARGE

WALLA WALLA, Wash., Nov. 10.—Although two days and a half have elapsed since the sensational escape of Frank Holmes, Ward Daniels and Ernest Browning from the state penitentiary early Sunday morning, and guards added by deputy sheriffs have combed the entire vicinity, none of the trio had been captured up to 1 o'clock this afternoon.

## FRENCH TO START DRIVE TOMORROW

**Gigantic Encircling Movement, Designed to Crush Uprising in Syria—French Aviators Bomb Insurgents—Observers Doubt Success of Move With 30,000 Troops.**

PARIS, Nov. 10.—(A. P.) The French troops in Syria will take the offensive against the rebels tomorrow, LaLiberte's correspondent declares.

A great encircling movement was under way today, while two regiments of cavalry were directly pressing the forces of the bandit chief, Bakri, who recently was proclaimed "president of the Syrian republic."

French aviators were bombing the insurgents within plain sight of Damascus.

On October 31, he writes, there were 30,000 Armenian refugees in Beirut, crowded into an "unspeakable" camp, and refugees were arriving from Damascus at the rate of 4,000 daily. The refugees were sheltered in houses constructed of old tires and the crowding was terrible, as many as nine people living in a single small room—cooking, eating, sleeping in this tiny quarter.

The sanitary arrangements were totally inadequate and water scarce. Many of the refugees were ill with no medicine and the children were pale and sickly. The writer confirms previously published statements that no British or American had been killed up to that time.

"The situation is getting very serious," the letter continues. "The French will have to bring in a much larger force before they can conquer the bandits and Druses (tribesmen)." The Druses have caused trouble ever since the world was peopled and the French cannot conquer them with 30,000 men, which is all they have there now. They need several times that number.

"The defense rests."

Dr. Howell T. Pershing, Denver alumnus, was the last witness summoned by the defense. He testified that in his opinion the country doctor was insane on the day he was found in the Blazer home in a stupor, lying beside the lifeless body of his first born.

## Mrs. Valentino Refuses to Be a Domestic Wife

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—Mrs. Winifred Huidat Valentino has no intention of dropping her career to become a home-loving, domestic wife, as demanded in the ultimatum of her husband, Rudolph Valentino. She made this indisputably clear today on her arrival on the Levitan from a visit to Paris.

## Wall Street Report

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—All records for volume in the history of the New York stock exchange were broken in today's dramatic collapse of 3,320,000 shares changed hands.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—(A. P.) Stock prices collapsed with startling suddenness today. The selling, which embraced practically all groups of stocks was undoubtedly inspired by speculative fears that the raising of the Boston federal reserve discount rate yesterday would be followed by similar action by the New York reserve institution, which would have a tendency to restrict credit facilities and thereby restrain speculative operations for the advance in the stock market.

The market opened one to four points lower in reflection of this nervousness and then rallied moderately. The recovery was not very convincing however, and shortly after mid-day bear traders launched a savage attack against the general list. In the short space of one hour a score or more of recent speculative favorites were carried down five to nearly ten points.

Motors were the hardest hit. Chrysler was hammered down 27 1/2 points; DuPont 18 1/2 and United States Cast Iron Pipe, Hudson Motors, Mack Trucks, General Electric, General Motors, United Clear Stores and United States Steel common sank 4 to 10 points.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—A dramatic collapse in stock prices took place on the New York stock exchange shortly after mid-day when a flood of selling orders was hurled at recent speculative favorites, more than a dozen issues being carried down five to nearly 30 points. Chrysler Motors fell 27 1/2 points, DuPont 18 1/2 and United States Cast Iron Pipe and Hudson Motor about 10 each before the end of the third hour.

## What They Got Out of War.



American Legion asked its members a question, "What did you get out of the war?" and offered prizes for best answers. Rev. Ralph Stooddy, St. Johnsburg, Vt., won prize for his essay being, "The war humanized me." Other awards went to: Dana B. Hebner, Hot Springs, S. Dak.; "I have more tolerance, patience and sympathy for my fellow man." Kilmus E. Joyner, Louisville, N. C.; "I was made to appreciate the blessings of American citizenship." Mrs. Laura G. Stegman (nurse), Westfield, N. Y.; "Dare I not face life courageously and cheerfully remembering the courage and self-forgetfulness of the disabled?"

## DEFENSE CLOSES IN MURDER OF SOULLESS GIRL

LITTLETON, Colo., Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—The defense testimony of witnesses for Dr. Harold Elmer Blazer, Englewood, Colo., physician, who is charged with the murder of his daughter Hazel, the 24-year-old "soulless woman," who never grew from infancy, was brought to a close shortly before noon today when Lewis Mowry, chief counsel for the accused man, said briefly:

"The defense rests."

Dr. Howell T. Pershing, Denver alumnus, was the last witness summoned by the defense. He testified that in his opinion the country doctor was insane on the day he was found in the Blazer home in a stupor, lying beside the lifeless body of his first born.

Pershing, a cousin of General John J. Pershing, said that Blazer was suffering from melancholia on the day the homicide was committed.

"The letters Blazer wrote, directing the disposition of his and his daughter's bodies, alone are enough to indicate to me that he was suffering from severe mental disorder," Pershing declared.

The court room was less crowded today than yesterday. The sensation seekers apparently had their fill and did not care to listen to the highly technical testimony of alienists, called by both defense and prosecution. Pershing remained unshaken in his declaration that Blazer was "not responsible for his acts," during the period immediately preceding and following the slaying of the imbecile girl on February 24, 1925. His testimony was the last offered by the defense.

## Street Car Company Asks Auto Owners Not to Give Lifts

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—The Omaha Street Railway company is appealing in newspaper advertisements to automobile owners not to offer lifts to persons awaiting trams on street corners.

"Picking up prospective street car patrons by courteous automobile drivers reduces the operating income of the street car company and that affects the necessary rate of fare," the company's ad, headed "unfair competition," asserted.

## Death Toll of the Automobile

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—Decision to hold inquest over the death of Mrs. Ethel Golt, who died yesterday of injuries received when she was crushed between her husband's automobile and a runaway one, was reached today by Dr. Earl Smith, county coroner.

Yesterday C. P. McDowell, whose car ran away from the curb, a block and a half away, and struck the woman, appeared in municipal court and paid a \$25 fine for having defective brakes.

## CAPITAL LEVY IN FRANCE BEATEN GOV'T MAY FALL

PARIS, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—A capital levy, described as a 15 per cent on securities, was defeated today in the finance committee of the chamber of deputies which is studying Premier Painleve's plan for financial restoration of the French treasury. This was considered a heavy reverse for the government.

The failure of M. Painleve to include real estate and landed property, confining the levy to securities alone, arrayed the deputies representing towns and cities against him. Following the vote he decided that it was necessary to consult President Doumergue and accordingly left the chamber for the Elysee palace.

PARIS, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—Efforts to effect a compromise between the conflicting elements in the Painleve majority failed this morning and the block of the left is now thought to be disrupted beyond repair. A cabinet meeting has been called for 5 P. M. to consider the situation.

The socialist leader, Blum, demanded a vote in the finance committee of the chamber of deputies on the socialist proposal for a capital levy.

The committee rejected the proposal by 15 to 12, upon which M. Blum declared the left bloc was dead. He said he would bring the question up in the chamber of deputies and oblige the various groups to assume their responsibilities before the country.

Despite the defeat in the chamber committee it was declared this evening that the government would carry on, feeling that the decision must rest with parliament.

The cabinet meeting tonight at the Elysee palace under the chairmanship of President Doumergue decided that the premier and M. Honnet, minister of the budget, should go before the finance committee of the chamber again tomorrow afternoon in a fresh effort to find some way out of the present deadlock.

## President Asks Business to Stop 11 A. M. Tomorrow

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—A cessation of governmental, industrial, commercial and business activities for a brief space at 11 o'clock tomorrow in observance of Armistice day was recommended to the country today by President Coolidge. The president favors from one to two minutes.

## SCIENCE FINDS A NEW RAY WHICH BEATS THEM ALL

MADISON, Wis., Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—Science has established the existence of rays stronger than ultra-X-rays, and 1,000 times greater in frequency, with ionization the same at all times of the day or night and of ten million volt variety. They were partly described by Dr. R. A. Millikan of the California Institute of Technology to the convention of the National Academy of Sciences here. He has studied them since the World War, beginning where German scientists quit and making various tests.

The rays, unnamed, are due to atoms passing over to other atoms, with the sun having no effect on the action, he said. They appear throughout space, bombard the earth from all directions at all times and have extraordinary absorbing power.

Electroscopes, taken aloft in balloons, on mountain tops and immersed in mountain lakes were used in making tests whereby certain factors were eliminated and the existence of the rays determined, he said.

With Dr. Millikan's utterances as the first thrill before it, the convention today speculated on possible results in the light of scientific discovery that might accrue to the world from the address of Professor A. A. Michelson of the University of Chicago on "The Velocity of Light."

Dr. Michelson's address on similar occasions in the past has made new and startling statements in the field of science. He intended to discuss his recent experiments at Mount Wilson to determine the velocity of light to the highest degree of accuracy.

The scientist was expected to explain the intricate details of the ingenious device by which he measured the speed of light traveling 22 miles and back to its source. In recent tests he used an eight sided mirror revolving at a speed of 520 revolutions per second. An arc of light, intrinsically as bright as sunlight, was flashed on the mirror and reflected to another mirror on a mountain twenty-two miles away.

## IMPATIENT PATIENT SHOTS HIS DOCTOR AFTER MAKING WILL

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—(A. P.)—Dr. Edward Stadther, physician at Lamer Memorial hospital here, was shot four times by John Walsh, a patient, who dashed out of the hospital after the shooting and was captured. Attendants expressed the belief that the man was unbalanced. They said Dr. Stadther probably would recover, Walsh told the police that the physicians at the hospital had been treating him for several months for a broken arm and "it was still numb." He said he had expended the savings of three years in having the arm treated and that he was desperate. He made a will, he said, bequeathing his remaining property to "a little girl in Modesto."

Physicians at the hospital said that Walsh had been impatient at the slow progress of the arm treatment, but that the arm was mending as fast as could be expected.

## DENVER CHURCH VOTES FOR KILLING MEMBER TO RELIEVE HIS SUFFERING

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 10.—The board of directors of a Denver church has officially voted in favor of a "warm blooded execution" for Barney Haughey, prominent attorney and politician, who is suffering from a malignant disease, proffered by an independent candidate for mayor is found to be incurable and desirous of dying and a way can be found to take such action legally.

The directors voted on the question at the request of Haughey, who lies in a local hospital fighting for his life. Haughey is 67 years of age and was an independent candidate for mayor of Denver at the last election.

## AIR COURT OBJECTS TO TESTIMONY

**Prosecution in Court Martial Tries to Exclude Testimony Supporting Mitchell—Member of Court Objects—Air Captain Declares No Tactical Units On Pacific Coast**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The government's air policies both at home and in far-off American possessions were assailed today in defense testimony before the Mitchell court martial.

Captain Robert Oldys of the air service, called to support Colonel Mitchell's charge of near treasonary disregard of national interests in aviation, declared he had in his possession a letter written by the American minister at Guatemala in 1923, warning of a scheme "by alien interests," to establish a foothold in Central America, near the Panama canal.

The minister, the witness said, unsuccessfully urged the Washington government to establish an air mail service to Central America.

After presentation of the letter, review was blocked, temporarily at least, by objection of the prosecution.

Captain Oldys also quoted at length from the aviation report presented in 1923 by the Lassiter board of army officers, containing recommendations for air defense of the Philippines and Hawaii which the witness said had been approved by the secretary of war but never carried into effect. This report, he said, described the situation in the air service as "unfortunate and critical."

Objections are objected to so many objections were interposed by the prosecution that Colonel Blanton Winslow, law member of the court reminded Colonel Sherman Moreland, the prosecutor, of his previous statement that he would not object to testimony intended to prove the truth of Colonel Mitchell's charges if it was offered in extenuation or mitigation.

Colonel Moreland said he must continue to object on the ground that the evidence being offered was "incompetent, irrelevant and not obtained from the best sources."

Captain Oldys then told the court that while he was stationed in Hawaii there were so many forced landings and airplane crashes that there was a threat to hold pilots financially responsible for the loss of their craft.

When the captain said there were no tactical air units on the Pacific coast, Major General Howze, president of the court, asked:

"Rockwell Field Flayed"

"Has Rockwell field been abandoned?"

"There is a depot there."

"Any flying personnel?"

"Only a dozen officers. They test machines turned out of the depot."

The witness said he had recommended that aviators be transferred to the Pacific coast but the general staff did not approve the recommendation.

General Howze asked him if he thought the general staff ought to be guided by his recommendations.

"As the general staff is at present constituted, I do, sir," Captain Oldys replied.

Then Brigadier General Ewing E. Booth asked Captain Oldys how he would organize the general staff.

"The same as Colonel Mitchell," the captain said.

## PREFERS JAIL TO STOPPING LETTERS

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 10.—An offer of clemency conditioned on her offer to cease mailing and writing revolutionary pamphlets dealing with the instigation of marriage was rejected in federal court by Edith Mabel Jessing, charged with misuse of the mails, and she was sentenced to two years and two days' imprisonment. "I cannot change my life to escape going to prison," the woman sobbed. "My writings are my life itself."