

The Weather
Prediction Rain
Maximum yesterday 54
Minimum today 36.5

Daily—Eighteenth Year.
Weekly—Fifty-Third Year.

CALIFORNIA LAND LAW IS UPHELD

U. S. Supreme Court Declares Japanese Land Law in California Is Constitutional—Clearly Within the Power of State to Control Alien Ownership.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The alien land laws of California and Washington prohibiting aliens ineligible to citizenship from owning or leasing land, were declared valid and constitutional today by the supreme court.

Justice Butler asserted it was clearly within the power of a state to prohibit aliens who had not declared their purpose to become citizens, or who cannot become citizens from owning land. He also held that such legislation was not repugnant to the agreement made by this government with Japan.

Justice Butler delivered the opinion which held that the question was one entitled to be considered under the equity power of the supreme court and be disposed of on its merits.

Justices McReynolds and Brandies took the position that the cases regarding the leasing of land to Japanese should have been dismissed on the ground that no justiciable question was presented. Justice Sutherland took no part in either of the two cases covered by the decision.

Two cases in which the court delivered its opinion were brought, one by W. L. Porterfield and Y. Mizuno against state officials of California, and the other by France Terrace, his wife and N. Natatsuka against state officials of Washington. The decision does not cover two other cases pending, involving the right of aliens to own stock in a land owning corporation and the contract rights of aliens in crops produced on leased land.

I. C. C. Is Upheld

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The interstate commerce commission order prohibiting railroads from collecting a penalty charge of ten dollars per car per day on lumber and forest products held for reconignment was sustained by the supreme court today in a case brought by the Edward Hines Yellow Pine trustees.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The period in life insurance policies after which they become incontestable on the ground of fraud legally begins to run from the date on which the policy was issued, even though that date antedated the original application.

The supreme court so held today in a case brought by the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York against the Hurn Packing company of Iowa.

KING OF GREECE TO VACATE THRONE

ATHENS, Nov. 12.—King George will comply with a request by the military republic faction that he leave Greece for a brief period pending the clearing of the situation. It is understood he will either appoint a regent or ask the government to constitute a regency.

Archbishop Is Killed

LONDON, Nov. 22.—Monsignor Andre Olli, archbishop of Recanati and Loreto, Italy, was killed by a fall into a dried well in the courtyard of his palace, says a Rome dispatch to the Daily Mail.

ADOLF HITLER, LUDENDORFF'S AIDE IS CAPTURED; RED PARTY IS DISSOLVED

BERLIN, Nov. 12.—Adolf Hitler, leader of the recent Munich revolt, was arrested today near Lake Staffel, south Bavaria. He offered no resistance.

BERLIN, Nov. 12.—According to advices from Munich today Dr. Von Kahr, in Bavaria, has issued an order dissolving the communist party in Bavaria and forbidding publication of socialist newspapers. The dissolution of putsch organizations by the reichswehr is in full swing, it is said.

Adolf Hitler who escaped from the state authorities after his recent unsuccessful attempt to seize the government, was arrested in the cottage of a peasant at Rosenheim about thirty miles southeast of Munich. Hitler was not wounded in the fighting, but injured his shoulder in falling.

Reports that followers of Captain Ehrhardt are co-operating with Hitler are unfounded.

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

MEDFORD, OREGON, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1923

Weather Year Ago
Maximum 55
Minimum 27

NO. 200

Bandon Astrologer to Be Sentenced to Death Tomorrow

COQUILLE, Ore., Nov. 12.—Sentence of death is to be pronounced tomorrow afternoon upon Arthur Covell, Bandon, astrologer, who was convicted late Saturday of first degree murder for having inspired his 16-year-old nephew Alton Covell, to kill the boy's stepmother, Mrs. Ebba Covell.

According to Luke May, Seattle criminologist, who deciphered notes of the astrologer, Covell planned the murder at the exact minute when Jupiter, his own patron, would be in the ascendency and the sun adverse to Venus, the dead woman's patron.

Alton Covell's trial has not yet been set.

BONUS WOULD PREVENT A CUT IN U. S. TAXES

Secy. of Treasury Says Federal Taxes Can Be Reduced Next Year if Soldiers Bonus Is Not Made Law — Large Reductions Advised

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Federal tax revision under a program applying reductions to the entire range of personal incomes and estimated to cut the nation's tax bill next year by \$323,000,000, will be recommended to congress by Secretary Mellon.

Outlining his proposed program in a letter to Acting Chairman Green of the house ways and means committee published today, Secretary Mellon declared that "contingent on the non-passage of a soldiers' bonus bill there should be for this year and the next four or five years a revenue surplus above ordinary budget expenditures, including the fixed debt charges, of something more than \$300,000,000." This, he said, gives a reasonable margin for tax revision and reduction.

A soldiers' bonus measure, the secretary asserted, not only would postpone tax reduction "for many years to come," but would mean an increase rather than a decrease in taxes. The treasury, he said, adheres to the theory that the country would prefer a substantial reduction of taxation to the increased taxes that would necessarily follow from a soldiers' bonus.

In the tax revision, which he suggested be made effective next January 1, Mr. Mellon recommended that taxes on earned income be reduced 25 per cent and the rate of normal taxes on income from four per cent and eight per cent to three and six per cent, respectively. He proposed that the surtax rates be reduced by commencing application at \$10,000 instead of \$6,000 and scaling them progressively upwards to 25 per cent on incomes of \$100,000.

Proposed changes in the earned income and normal tax rates would mean a loss of revenue, the secretary estimated, of \$197,000,000, the saving to the taxpayers falling largely in the lower income brackets. The proposed scaling down on the surtax rates, he predicted, would in the long run mean higher rather than lower revenues from this source, because of the stimulus it would give productive business by the diversion of capital from tax exempt investments.

Important among proposed revisions which would provide taxation increases were limitation of the deduction from gross income for interest paid during the year and for losses not of a business character to the amount of the sum of these items exceeds tax exempt income of the tax payers.

Grain Exports Decrease.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Grain exports from the United States last week were 1,696,000 bushels, compared with 1,147,000 bushels the week before.

FOOLS WILL FALL SAYS W. WILSON

Ex-President in Second Speech in 24 Hours Declares Triumph of His Principles Are Certain — Has Seen Fools Resist Providence Before

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—A reaffirmation of faith in the ultimate triumph of the principles for which he has stood was spoken by Woodrow Wilson to a throng of friends and admirers on an Armistice day pilgrimage yesterday to his home here.

An added word which he said he could not "refrain from saying," the former president's declaration, an adjointer to the brief address he had just concluded, came impressively, after he had silenced the strains of a hymn a band had commenced at the end of his last sentence.

"I am not one of those," he declared, "that have the least anxiety about the triumph of the principles I have stood for."

"I have seen fools resist Providence before and I have seen their destruction as will come upon these again—utter destruction and contempt. That we shall prevail is as sure as that God reigns."

Thousands Cheer Ex-President

A cheering throng of thousands packed the street and all nearby vacant space when Mr. Wilson appeared on the porch of his S street residence to deliver his second address in less than twenty-four hours and the third he has made since leaving the White House.

A little bent with his four years of illness, he stood with bared head, after waving a response to the outburst of applause which greeted him, while Senator Carter Glass of Virginia delivered the address on behalf of the visitors.

Although faltering a little once or twice, Mr. Wilson stood unassisted beside Senator Glass while he delivered the first portion of his address, in which he gave to the men of whom he was "proud to remember" he had been commander in chief, the credit of making the armistice possible.

Predicting a new turn in the nation's foreign policy, Senator Glass, in his address declared, "we shall soon be compelled to put aside the covert and feeble civilities of an 'official observer' to reveal our identity as a nation which means openly to take its part and give directions to things that involve the security and happiness of all mankind."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—From his place of retirement here, Woodrow Wilson declared Saturday night in a message to the American people that the "sullen and selfish isolation" to which the United States withdrew after the world war, is "deeply ignominious because manifestly cowardly and dishonorable."

The former president asserted that "demoralizing circumstances," which America might have controlled, have gone from bad to worse, until now, as if to furnish "a sort of sinister climax," France and Italy "have made wastepaper of the treaty of Versailles."

The affairs of the world can be set straight, Mr. Wilson continued, only by the firmest and most determined exhibition of the will to lead and make the right prevail. He added that happily "the present situation" in the world affords the United States an opportunity to "retrieve the past."

This was the first time in many months that Mr. Wilson had broken his silence on international affairs. He spoke into a microphone in the study of his home and the address was broadcasted to every station of the country by two of the most powerful radio stations in the east, one in Washington and the other in New York.

As the address came through a "loud speaker" in the Washington office of the telephone company where newspaper correspondents were assembled, the enunciation was not over clear at times and the voice seemed a little husky. It appeared that he placed particular emphasis on what he declared was the "deeply ignominious" and "manifestly cowardly and dishonorable" position of America after the war.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Woodrow Wilson, addressing the American people directly Saturday night for the first time since he left the White House, declared America's attitude after the world war was "deeply ignominious, cowardly and dishonorable."

France and Italy, Mr. Wilson also declared in a discussion of world affairs, have made "waste paper of the treaty of Versailles."

The former president said the only way in which the United States could show its true appreciation of the significance of Armistice day was by resolving to put self interest away and to formulate and act upon the highest ideals of international policy.

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Ex-President Wilson Delivers Two Speeches in Twenty Four Hours



ABOVE: FORMER PRESIDENT WILSON IN SPEAKING FORM BELOW: RECEIVING VISITORS LAST ARMISTICE DAY.



Above is the latest photograph taken of ex-President Wilson who surprised the people of the country Saturday night and Sunday by two speeches vigorously assailing the foreign policies of the present administration. Below shows the scene at Mr. Wilson's residence in Washington a year ago when he also addressed a few friends, but carefully avoided any statements of a political or controversial nature.

EX-PRESIDENT OF CHINA IN JAPAN TO GAIN HEALTH

TOKIO, Nov. 12.—By Associated Press.—Broken in health, Li Yuan-Hung, former president of China, twice ousted by militarists, has arrived at Nagasaki and is proceeding to Beppu hot springs in southwestern Japan to recuperate, according to advices received here.

Ex-President Li, commander of the land forces of the revolution which overthrew the Manchu dynasty, had been living in retirement in Tien Tsin since his spectacular flight from Peking June 1 last, when militarists issued a final warning that the capital would be invaded unless the president left.

He first became president in 1916, being deposed thereafter by a similar coup. In 1922, in response to a national demand he returned to Peking and the presidency in the effort to reunite the country, although he declared in a manifesto that it was his inclination to stay until death in Tien Tsin, his home. Hampered by financial difficulties, he waged a losing fight during his administration against the provincial military systems, foes of the Peking government and cabinet dissensions.

The retirement of Li to Japan apparently ends his opposition to the election of Tsao K'un as president. When Tsao K'un was elected on October 5 by parliament at Peking, former President Li was among those who charged the election was the result of bribery.

Recently it was announced that Li contemplated going to Japan for a rest. The announcement was made shortly after a visit with Li by Tan Sheng-Ming, a protégé of Tsao's. Opponents of Tsao are charging that Li has been bought off.

JAPANESE SEAMEN WIN SHIP STRIKE

TOKIO, Nov. 12.—(By Associated Press).—The strike of seamen employed by the Nippon Yusen Kaisha which tied up more than a dozen of the company's ships last week, virtually has ended, according to advices received here from Kobe. The company is said to have acceded to the demands of the seamen who were joined by some members of the engine room crews and junior officers.

The strikers are to be compensated for the thirty per cent reduction in sailing allowances, announced early last week, which precipitated the strike, the advices state.

SPOKANE HIGH TO PLAY TOLEDO IN PLACE OF WALLA W.

SPOKANE, Wash., Nov. 12.—Permission for the football team of Lewis and Clark high school of this city to play Scott high school of Toledo, Ohio, next Saturday for the national interscholastic football championship was granted by the city school board in a specially called meeting early today, and the team will leave tonight for Toledo, it was announced.

The invitation from the Toledo school was received after Lewis and Clark had defeated the Walla Walla high school Saturday by a score of 21 to 0. Prior to this game, Walla Walla had accepted an invitation to represent the west at Toledo.

Lewis and Clark has won every game played this season, its opponents having been eastern Washington and northern Idaho schools. It has yet to play North Central high school of this city which it meets Thanksgiving day.

EAT MORE WHEAT IS THE SLOGAN OF CAMPAIGN

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—The production committee of the wheat council of the United States met here today to consider means that may be used to so regulate the production of wheat that it may be generally profitable.

Besides promoting an "eat more wheat" campaign, the committee proposes to consider improved means for growing the product, grading and regulation of production, according to an announcement from the wheat council office.

Corvallis Man Injured in R. R. Wreck in Iowa

MARSHALLTOWN, Iowa, Nov. 12.—Five persons were injured early today when four cars of Chicago Great Western passenger train were derailed near here.

The more seriously injured were occupants of the rear sleeper which turned over on its side. A defective rail caused the accident.

Mrs. Andie Pandolfo, St. Louis; Otto Hoppe, Billwater, Minn.; W. J. Gilmore, Corvallis, Ore., and S. Johnson, porter, Minneapolis, were injured.

Awards of \$3,000,000 to U. S. Claimants Against Germany

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Awards of more than \$3,000,000 to American claimants against Germany were announced today by the mixed claims commission. The largest awards were in favor of the Western Electric company, \$1,585,086, the Pittsburg and Plate Glass company, \$990,000 and the Texas company \$547,845.

PRES'T STARTS FIRST MESSAGE TO THE PEOPLE

Mr. Coolidge Begins First Important Task After Weeks of Conference and Careful Investigation — Foreign Policies Not Paramount.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—President Coolidge began actual work today on his message to congress, and upon the results of his efforts, even his closest friends acknowledge, will depend to a considerable degree his political future.

Mr. Coolidge is known to realize as much as do his friends the importance of his first message and his first pronouncement of policies, and for that reason he expects to devote himself assiduously to working upon the document during the three weeks that intervene before the convening of congress. By agreement with his secretary, C. Bascom Simpson, the executive will limit his daily appointments to only those of necessity and let nothing interfere with his work upon the message.

Conferred Three Months.

The groundwork necessary to the drafting of the message already has been done. Six days a week for three months, Mr. Coolidge has been conferring with officials and private citizens respecting the problems before the government. He has talked with experts in international affairs, with railroad executives and railroad employees, farmers, labor leaders, bankers, editors, politicians, and with just plain, ordinary citizens. In nearly every case the one who conferred with the president had the same experience—he presented his views and then was closely questioned by the chief executive. The result is that Mr. Coolidge has absorbed a lot of information on a lot of subjects.

With this information at hand he set to work to write the message. The principal subjects he treated in the message have become fairly well known to those who have followed the course of the president's mind and the nature of his conferences during the past three months.

They embrace agricultural relief, taxation, transportation, merchant marine, government expenditures, immigration, reclamation and international affairs, including the world court and the recently negotiated conventions with Mexico.

These Main Issues.

Three subjects would seem at this time likely to receive major consideration. They are agricultural relief, taxation and transportation. With respect to assistance to the farmers, the executive is expected by some to urge legislation to promote co-operative marketing and to ask creation of an agency or authorization for an existing agency to sell American farm products abroad.

The executive's tax proposals most probably will follow the outline of those announced by the treasury department with such minor modifications as Republican leaders believe are advisable.

In the matter of transportation the president has received much advice relative to consolidation of railroads and may urge legislation to that end. It is reasonable to expect he will not give any measure of approval to the proposal that congress by its own action reduce freight rates on farm products.

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REFUSE TO TURN OVER THE PRINCE

Chancellor Stresemann Declares Return of Crown Prince a Matter for Germany to Decide — Paris Calls Emergency Conference at Once.

BERLIN, Nov. 12.—Speaking at Halle yesterday, Chancellor Stresemann said the return of the crown prince, whom he characterized as "not the worst of Germans," to his German home could not be refused. The decision was purely a matter of internal policy and one which the German people could not allow to be taken from their hands.

Referring to the Munich revolt the chancellor said Germany would have had to suffer a long time for the damage that would have resulted had Hitler become arbiter of Germany's fate. The chancellor remarked that the behavior of General Ludendorff in the affair was highly regrettable.

London Sees Trouble

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The return of Frederick William to Germany has caused much speculation as to whether or more is behind the incident than would be implied merely by a consideration of his personal insignificance. Some commentators argue that his personality has little to do with the situation. The Morning Post says he is neither an heroic nor an honorable figure, but that history shows a small person is sometimes used to launch a great enterprise and that it is impossible to disassociate his return from the outbreak in Munich.

The Daily Chronicle thinks his presence in Germany must immediately create a focusing point for monarchist plots.

No one attaches much importance to the undertaking of the prince or the German government that he will abstain from meddling in politics, and there is a pretty general assumption that his return means a bid for the throne.

The Daily Telegraph's diplomatic expert says Chancellor Stresemann engineered the return of Frederick William. Stresemann, the article says, persuaded his colleagues that the safety of the present regime in the reich lay in splitting the ranks of the monarchists.

William in Silesia would neutralize Rupprecht in Bavaria.

Kaiser Is Consulted.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 12.—(By the Associated Press).—Dr. Kan, an official of the ministry of the interior, left for Doorn today for a conference with former Emperor William.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—(By the Associated Press).—A German note replying to the protest of the council of ambassadors against the return to Germany of ex-Crown Prince Frederick William was received here today. The note is understood to be of an unsatisfactory nature to the allies and the members of the ambassadors' council were hurriedly notified to consider this afternoon for its consideration.

It is understood the German note takes the stand that Frederick William possesses the same rights as other German citizens and that the German government has no reproach to make against him.

Prince at Oels

OELS, Silesia, Nov. 12.—(By the Associated Press).—At 11 o'clock this morning Oels was patently awaiting the arrival of ex-Crown Prince William but was still without advices as at night on occasions during the last 18 months, had told the court the governor's life had been threatened.

"Wasn't that about the time Mr. Walton, as mayor, issued a proclamation directed against the klan?" defense counsel asked.

The prosecution objected and Tom Anglin, president of the klan moved that the reference to the klan be stricken from the record. The court supported his action by an oral vote.

RULE OUT EVEN MENTION OF KLAN IN IMPEACHMENT OF GOVERNOR WALTON

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Nov. 12.—(By Associated Press).—The first attempt to impeach the Ku Klux Klan into the impeachment trial of Governor J. C. Walton failed today when the senate court by an oral vote, refused to permit a witness to answer a question that bore directly on the governor's opposition to the organization.

Homer D. Martin, who testified he had guarded the executive's residence