

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER
PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
EXCEPT SUNDAY, BY THE
MEDFORD PRINTING CO.

The Medford Sunday Morning Sun is
furnished subscribers desiring a seven
day daily newspaper.

Office Mail Tribune Building, 25-27-29
North First street. Phone 75.

A consolidation of the Democratic
Times, the Medford Mail, the Medford
Tribune, the Southern Oregonian, the
Ashland Tribune.

ROBERT W. KUHLE, Editor.
S. SUMPTER SMITH, Manager.

BY MAIL—In Advance:
Daily, with Sunday Sun, year, \$7.50
Daily, without Sunday Sun, year, \$5.00
Weekly Mail Tribune, one year, \$2.00
Sundays, one year, \$2.00

BY CARRIER—In Medford, Ashland,
Jacksonville, Central Point, Phoenix,
Talent and on highways:
Daily, with Sunday Sun, month, .75
Daily, without Sunday Sun, month, .50
Daily, without Sunday Sun, year, 5.00
Daily, with Sunday Sun, year, 6.50
All terms by cash in advance.

Sworn daily average circulation for
six months ending April 1, 1922, 3578,
more than double the circulation of any
other paper published or circulated in
Jackson County.

The only paper between Eugene, Ore.,
and Sacramento, Calif., a distance of
over 400 miles, having leased wire asso-
ciated Press service.

Entered as second class matter at
Medford, Oregon, under act of March 3,
1879.

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AN IMPORTANT EVENT FOR CHINA.

THE RAID of the Chinese bandits promises to be expensive. If as press reports indicate a British subject was killed, and John D. Rockefeller's sister-in-law, so roughly handled that she is now suffering from a nervous break down, these relatively slight incidents from an international standpoint may well lead to an end of banditry in the Celestial Kingdom, and a complete change in the course of Chinese history.

Ever since the creation of the Chinese republic, that country has really been under the control of a few bandit chieftains, who have exacted tribute from whatever government happened to be unfortunate enough to be nominally responsible for the administration of national affairs. There have been revolutions and counter revolutions, wars between Peking and Canton, and wars between rival bandit bands, but at no time has there been even a semblance of political authority or internal peace.

Now, Great Britain has a habit of taking its national responsibilities seriously. No matter where a British subject may be, if harm befalls him, the nation responsible is brought to account in no uncertain manner. If the Chinese bandits have killed a British subject, the responsible parties will be punished, if not by China, then by Great Britain herself.

If serious harm should befall American citizens, the present administration can also be depended upon to take immediate action. But the unfortunate experience of Miss Aldrich, would not in itself, lead to international complications provided the lady in question was not molested and promptly released.

But an affront to the Rockefeller family is another matter. The Rockefeller interests are a power in China. In no other country in the world perhaps is there more political corruption and downright avarice. Money can do anything. The unfortunate bandit chief responsible for this attack on the American tourist train, will soon find an army of bandits allied against him.

So this melodramatic raid promises to be expensive for Chinese outlaws and ultimately decidedly beneficial to China. For with lawlessness rampant there was no hope for China, but with Great Britain, the Standard Oil and the United States united behind some responsible Chinese government, pledged to a clean-up campaign in that country, and there is really hope for some sort of Chinese peace progress and prosperity for the first time in a century.

Quill Points

We trust nobody will interfere until France completes her experiment in the matter of making ends meet without levying taxes.

No world problem really is settled until it is settled to please the stronger side.

The more we know about husbands the less we think of woman's intuition.

Getting rich is just a matter of exchanging the living problem for the servant problem.

Epitaph: "He had the right-of-way, but the other driver was a woman."

Ladies cussed in the middle ages. Now a lot of them don't wait for middle age.

As we go to press, nobody has thought up a new asinine stunt to get publicity.

The true test of courtesy is to be courteous to those who can't make it hot for you when you're not.

The world probably isn't getting wiser. It just seems that way because there is less reverence for oratory.

It must be confessed, however, that few statues are erected to men who attend to their own business.

As we understand the new book of etiquette, "valet" is now pronounced to rhyme with "et," the past tense of "eat."

If the Lucy Stone League would have ladies keep their maiden names, it might teach them to say "no" at the right time.

As a rule you can measure a man's worth to the world by the degree of his anxiety concerning the way his hair is cut.

The burglar's lot isn't a happy one. He doesn't know at what moment some woman will mistake him for her husband and shoot.

Dr. A. W. Chase's
OINTMENT

For
Skin Irritations, Eczema,
pimples, itching, chapped
hands and face, piles, chil-
blains, frost bite, etc., etc.

Remarkable in its extraordinary control over all
itching skin diseases. Pure, healing, soothing—it
is not injurious to the most tender, delicate skin.
Best for children. Read below what Miss Jose-
phine Martin, of Champlain, New York, says:

"Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment is the best
kind of Ointment I ever used for pimples,
blackheads, and all kinds of skin diseases from
which I have entirely cured me and for which
I am truly grateful and can heartily recom-
mend it to all suffering from skin diseases."

You can buy this Ointment at all Drug Stores
To be sure of getting the genuine, see that portrait and signature
of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on each box—your protection against
imitations.

DR. A. W. CHASE MEDICINE CO.
257 Washington Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Ex-Service Men Who Are
in Need of Employment

- 1.—Bookkeeper, or clerk, in store, 29 years old, married, shrapnel wounds.
- 2.—Bookkeeper, timekeeper, 34 years old, single, excellent detail man, slightly deaf, anywhere.
- 3.—Bookkeeper, general office man, typist, 23 years old, single, G. S. W., in hips.
- 4.—Bookkeeper, clerk, ex-moulder, 39 years old, married, has home in Portland.
- 5.—Shoe repairman, 29 years old, wife and child, G. S. W., in thigh, anywhere.
- 6.—Landscape gardener, 36 years old, single, G. S. W., left arm, wants Portland and vicinity.
- 7.—Auto mechanic, 25 years old, married, good all-round repairman, all makes, 5 years' experience.
- 8.—Emblazer, casket trimmer, 27 years old, married, 2 children, 4 years' experience.
- 9.—Forestry, B. S. of O. A. C., 1923, 29 years old, wife and one child; previous experience was logging and saw mill, high class man.
- 10.—Lumber buyer and salesman, high school graduate, O. A. C., graduate in forestry and accounting; worked in mills and woods, two years' experience as lumber buyer and seller in northwest.

For further information, communicate with the U. S. Veterans' Bureau, Ninth and Oak streets, Portland, Ore. Phone Broadway 7621.

NATIONAL BANK
BRANCHES ARGUED
BEFORE SUP. COURT

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The supreme court held a special session today to hear arguments in a case involving the right of national banks to establish branches and the enforceability of state laws prohibiting such branches.

The case reached the court on an appeal brought by the First National bank of St. Louis to have reviewed the decision of the Missouri court upholding the law of that state prohibiting branch banks. Eleven states, Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Washington and Wisconsin were permitted by the court as friends, to intervene and file briefs. All of the states have laws prohibiting branch banking, some of the laws also applying to state banks.

The First National bank insisted in its argument that national banks are not subject to restriction in the matter of their rights and powers by state laws but being chartered by the federal government, are in such matters solely under the jurisdiction of the federal government. It denied that the federal statutes prohibited national banks from establishing branches, and asserted that the acts of congress conferring jurisdiction upon state courts over actions of the National Banking associations did not give the state or her courts authority to interfere in matters affecting the administration of such institutions.

The federal and not state laws, must govern in such matters, as those presented in the pending case, the bank insisted, arguing that the comptroller of the currency, and not the attorney general of a state was the official to determine when a national bank had exceeded the authority conferred upon it by its federal charter.

The eleven intervening states asserted in their brief that "branch banking is thoroughly undesirable; that from a public standpoint, it is objectionable in every respect * * * that it is detrimental to the best interests of the public and should be done away with."

Luther Burbank Festival May 17
SANTA ROSA, Calif., May—Two hundred thousand candle-power of electric light will be turned loose on the pageant which will be a part of the Burbank Golden Jubilee and Sonoma County Prune Festival here May 17-20, inclusive. This is the announcement of Richard E. Sibley, art director, who has arrived here to supervise construction of sets for the pageant, and to be in general charge of the work incidental to the staging of the festival.

HEAD COLDS
Melt in spoon; inhale vapors;
apply freely up nostrils.

VICKS
VAPORUB
Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

We ship
Pumps and Engines
in car load lots.

Let us figure your Irrigation
plant.

Williams Implement
Service

28 S. Bartlett Medford

GIM CHUNG
China Herb Store

This is to certify that Gim Chung of Medford, Ore., has cured me of gastric and stomach trouble. W. M. Leonard, 505 J St., Grants Pass, Ore.
This is to certify that Gim Chung of Medford, Ore., has cured me of rupture of four years' standing. F. G. Isham, 113 S. St., Grants Pass, Ore.
This is to certify that I, the undersigned, had very severe stomach trouble and had been bothered for several years and last August was not expected to live, and hearing of Gim Chung (whose herb store is at 224 Front Street, Medford), I decided to get herbs for my stomach trouble, and I started to feeling better as soon as I used them and today am a well man and can heartily recommend anyone afflicted as I was to see Gim Chung and try his herbs.
W. R. JOHNSON.
Witnesses:
Wm. Lewis, Eagle Point.
W. L. Childers, Eagle Point.
M. A. Anderson, Medford.
S. B. Holmes, Eagle Point.
C. E. Moore, Eagle Point.
J. V. McIntyre, Eagle Point.
Geo. Van der Hellen, Eagle Point.
Thos. E. Nichols, Eagle Point.

LOST EVERETT BOY
RESCUED BY DOG

EVERETT, Wash., May 7.—Bernard Bernard Marsalis, nine years old, son of Alexander Marsalis of Sultan, lost in the woods for 24 hours, was found by one of a party of sixty searchers yesterday morning after an all-night search. The boy was rescued by his dog. Separated from companions with whom he had started on a hike Saturday and having lost the trail, he directed his dog to go home. The dog led the way and the boy followed all night through the timber. He had just reached a trail when found.

Amundsen to Fly for North Pole.
NENANA, Alaska, May—Captain Roald Amundsen, discoverer of the South Pole, will attempt his flight across the North Pole during the latter part of May, according to advices reaching here from Nome.

MANY SCHOOL CHILDREN
ARE SICKLY

Mothers who value their own comfort and the welfare of their children should never be without a box of Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for children for use throughout the season. They tend to break up Colds, Regulate the Bowels, Relieve Fever, Headache, Stomach and Stomach Troubles, Used by Mothers for over 30 years. THESE POWDERS GIVE SATISFACTION. All Drug Stores. Don't accept any substitute. Trial Package sent FREE. Address Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y. Adv.

Receiver's Sale
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to an order of the Honorable Superior Court of Clarke County, Washington, entered on the 10th day of March, 1923, the undersigned, as receiver of the Commercial Bank of Vancouver, a corporation, will, until the 1st day of June, 1923, at the hour of 11 a. m., receive bids in writing for the purchase of all or any of the following described properties belonging to the said Commercial Bank of Vancouver, to-wit:

(1) The Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter and the South Half of the Northeast Quarter of Section 27, Township 7 South of Range 4 East of the Willamette Meridian in Clackamas County, Oregon.

(2) The Northwest Quarter of Section 18 in Township 34, South of Range 3 West of the Willamette Meridian in Jackson County, Oregon.

(3) 275 shares of the capital stock of the Harvey Mill Company, a corporation, of the par value of \$25.00 per share.

(4) Judgment against John Wilkinson entered on the 29th day of May, 1920, in the sum of \$476.72.

Sale will be made on or after the said date and all of said property is to be sold free of encumbrances. Further information may be obtained from the undersigned at his place of business at the court house, Vancouver, Clarke County, Washington.

All bids must be accompanied by certified checks to the amount of 10 per cent of the bid; sales to be subject to confirmation of the court and the right to reject all bids is reserved if the price is considered inadequate; terms cash or upon terms stated in bids subject to confirmation of the court.

M. B. KIES,
Receiver of the Commercial Bank of Vancouver, Court House, Vancouver, Wash.

Notice of Sale of Government Timber
General Land Office, Washington, D. C., March 30, 1923.

Notice is hereby given that subject to the conditions and limitations of the acts of June 9, 1916 (39 Stat. 218), February 26, 1919 (40 Stat. 1179), and June 4, 1920 (41 Stat. 758), and Departmental regulations of September 15, 1917 (46 L. D. 447), and June 22, 1920 (47 L. D. 411), the timber on the following lands will be sold May 11, 1923, at 10 o'clock a. m., at public auction at the United States land office at Roseburg, Oregon. To the highest bidder at not less than the appraised value as shown by this notice, sale to be subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior. The purchase price, with an additional sum of one-fifth of one per cent, thereof, being commissions allowed, must be deposited at time of sale, money to be returned if sale is not approved, otherwise patent will issue for the timber which must be removed within ten years. Bids will be received from citizens of the United States, associations of such citizens and corporations organized under the laws of the United States or any State, Territory or District thereof only. Upon application of a qualified purchaser, the timber on any legal subdivision will be offered separately before being included in any offer of a larger unit.

T. 15 S., R. 2 W., Sec. 35: NW 1/4 NE 1/4, yellow fir, 600 M.; red fir, 800 M.; cedar, 150 M.; hemlock, 50 M.; none of the timber on this tract to be sold for less than \$1.75 per M. for the yellow and red fir and \$1.00 per M. for the cedar and hemlock. T. 19 S., R. 1 W., Sec. 33: SE 1/4 SW 1/4, fir 1070 M.; SW 1/4 SW 1/4, fir 1090 M. not to be sold for less than \$1.75 per M. T. 21 S., R. 2 W., Sec. 27: Lot 6, fir 700 M.; red cedar, 250 M.; hemlock, 150 M.; none of the timber on this tract to be sold for less than \$1.50 per M. for the fir and \$1.25 per M. for the cedar and hemlock.

T. 21 S., R. 5 W., Sec. 25: NE 1/4 SW 1/4, fir 375 M.; NE 1/4 SE 1/4, fir 350 M.; NW 1/4 SE 1/4, fir 650 M.; none of the timber on these tracts to be sold for less than \$2.00 per M. T. 27 S., R. 12 W., Sec. 17: NE 1/4 NE 1/4, yellow fir, 500 M.; red fir, 325 M.; NW 1/4 NE 1/4, yellow fir, 1800 M.; hemlock and white fir, 125 M.; SE 1/4 NE 1/4, yellow fir, 1150 M.; red fir, 300 M.; white fir, 100 M.; hemlock, 50 M.; SW 1/4 NE 1/4, yellow fir, 1900 M.; white fir and hemlock, 250 M.; NE 1/4 NW 1/4, yellow fir, 1700 M.; white fir and hemlock, 100 M.; NW 1/4 NW 1/4, yellow fir, 2700 M.; SE 1/4 NW 1/4, yellow fir, 3200 M.; white fir, 50 M.; NW 1/4 NW 1/4, yellow fir, 2500 M.; NE 1/4 SE 1/4, yellow fir, 2075 M.; red fir, 300 M.; white fir, 25 M.; NW 1/4 SE 1/4, yellow fir, 1950 M.; white fir and hemlock, 150 M.; SE 1/4 SE 1/4, yellow fir, 1850 M.; SW 1/4 SE 1/4, yellow fir, 2300 M.; white fir, 75 M.; NE 1/4 SW 1/4, yellow fir, 3000 M.; NW 1/4 SW 1/4, yellow fir, 3000 M.; SE 1/4 SW 1/4, yellow fir, 1950 M.; white fir, 100 M.; SW 1/4 SW 1/4, yellow fir, 2300 M.; white fir and hemlock, 100 M.; none of the timber on these tracts to be sold for less than \$2.50 per M. for the yellow and red fir and \$5.00 per M. for the white fir and hemlock. T. 29 S., R. 10 W., Sec. 35: Lot 4, red fir, 430 M.; white cedar, 750 M.; white fir, 40 M.; none of the timber on this tract to be sold for less than \$1.50 per M. for the red fir, \$5.00 per M. for the white cedar and \$5.00 per M. for the white fir. T. 32 S., R. 5 W., Sec. 31: Lot 1, red fir, 400 M.; Lot 2, red fir, 600 M.; SE 1/4 NW 1/4, red fir, 325 M.; none of the timber on these tracts to be sold for less than \$1.25 per M.

Commissioner, General Land Office

per M. T. 29 S., R. 11 W., Sec. 1: Lot 2, yellow and red fir, 980 M.; cedar, 160 M.; SE 1/4 NE 1/4, yellow and red fir, 280 M.; cedar, 150 M.; SW 1/4 NE 1/4, yellow and red fir, 480 M.; cedar, 180 M.; Lot 3, yellow and red fir, 180 M.; cedar, 150 M.; NW 1/4 SE 1/4, yellow and red fir, 310 M.; cedar, 40 M.; SE 1/4 SE 1/4, yellow and red fir, 340 M.; cedar, 30 M.; SW 1/4 SE 1/4, yellow and red fir, 800 M.; NE 1/4 SW 1/4, yellow and red fir, 800 M.; NW 1/4 SW 1/4, yellow and red fir, 320 M.; cedar, 380 M.; SE 1/4 SW 1/4, yellow and red fir, 360 M.; cedar, 500 M.; hemlock, 40 M.; SW 1/4 SW 1/4, yellow fir, 400 M.; cedar, 600 M.; Sec. 11, Lot 2, red fir, 2300 M.; cedar, 300 M.; SW 1/4 NE 1/4, red fir, 1650 M.; cedar, 500 M.; white fir, 50 M.; Lot 3, red fir, 2200 M.; cedar, 320 M.; Lot 4, red fir, 2000 M.; cedar, 400 M.; SE 1/4 NW 1/4, red fir, 1250 M.; cedar, 150 M.; SW 1/4 NW 1/4, red fir, 1700 M.; cedar, 500 M.; white fir, 40 M.; NE 1/4 SW 1/4, red fir, 1550 M.; cedar, 180 M.; white fir, 50 M.; NW 1/4 SW 1/4, red fir, 1700 M.; cedar, 350 M.; white fir, 20 M.; SE 1/4 SW 1/4, red fir, 1100 M.; cedar, 150 M.; SW 1/4 SW 1/4, red fir, 1700 M.; cedar, 20 M.; none of the timber on these tracts to be sold for less than \$1.50 per M. for the red and yellow fir, \$5.00 per M. for the cedar and \$1.00 per M. for the white fir and hemlock. T. 40 S., R. 4 E., Sec. 5: NE 1/4 SW 1/4, yellow pine, 500 M.; red fir, 65 M.; NW 1/4 SW 1/4, yellow pine, 485 M.; red fir, 45 M.; SE 1/4 SW 1/4, yellow pine, 510 M.; red fir, 65 M.; NE 1/4 SE 1/4, yellow pine, 405 M.; red fir, 20 M.; NW 1/4 SE 1/4, yellow pine, 260 M.; red fir, 75 M.; SW 1/4 SE 1/4, yellow pine, 425 M.; red fir, 125 M.; sugar pine, 20 M.; white fir, 15 M.; SE 1/4 SE 1/4, yellow pine, 440 M.; red fir, 45 M.; sugar pine, 10 M.; Sec. 7: NE 1/4 NE 1/4, yellow pine, 370 M.; red fir, 25 M.; sugar pine, 30 M.; NW 1/4 NE 1/4, yellow pine, 3