

S. P. EMBARGO IS CLAMPED ON AGAIN

STRIKE TAKES TURN FOR WORSE, SOLUTION LIES WITH 4 BROTHERHOODS

Washington Holds Out Little Hope for Peace Unless Brotherhoods Make Some Concessions—Improvements Shown Here and There, But General Situation Worse—Violence Continues and Many Arrests Made—California Fruit Growers Stand to Lose Millions—Western Pacific Hopeful of Adjusting Differences Soon—Many Trains Stalled.

FRESNO, Calif., Aug. 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—The strike of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, today instructed two vice presidents of his organization to go immediately to the Santa Fe coast lines. "Instructions were given the vice presidents," Mr. Lee said, "to insist that all laws of the brotherhood regarding cessation of work be complied with."

Mr. Lee declined to say anything further regarding the railroad situation.

LAS VEGAS, N. M., Aug. 14.—Seventeen strikers of the Union Pacific railroad were arrested here early today by officers led by Governor Emmet D. Boyle of Nevada as a result of a shooting affray last night between strikers and strike-breakers.

According to an announcement by District Freight and Passenger agent, T. T. Sparks of the Southern Pacific who is in Medford, looking after the interests of local shippers, a lifting of the embargo on perishable fruit to the east through California is expected this afternoon, as only the switchmen have gone out at Gerber and Roseville and new men are expected to take their places. Freight shipments to the east can be made through Portland and no embargo to the north is expected. Passenger service has not been interrupted either north or south, and S. P. officials do not believe it will be, unless conditions should become very much worse.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—L. E. Sheppard, head of the Order of Railway Conductors and W. N. Doak, vice president of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, after a two-hour conference today with Secretary of Labor Davis, announced that arrangements had been made for a conference late in the day between leaders of the non-striking rail unions and President Harding. No report of the proceedings was given out.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.—The Western Pacific Railroad company was hopeful today of adjusting strikes of "big four" brotherhood members which have tied up the system for three days between San Francisco and Salt Lake. The company announced that through an amicable settlement at Elko, Nev., yesterday the line was open today between Salt Lake and Gerlach, Nev., and through a conference at the Stockton strike center beginning at 10:30 a. m., it is hoped to settle differences that have halted its traffic in California.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—W. G. Lee, president of the Brotherhood of Railway

IRISH IRREGULARS CAPTURE DUNDALK BY SURPRISE BUT ABANDON CORK

BELFAST, Aug. 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—A large force of republicans entered Dundalk at three o'clock this morning, taking the national garrison completely by surprise. The attack was successful and the town is now isolated with republican troops patrolling the streets.

The Ann street police headquarters which was occupied by the nationalists was the first objective to be stormed and taken. The garrison was captured.

The jail was the next to fall and all prisoners who were mostly republicans, were liberated. These were supplied with arms and joined their rescuers in the attack on the town in which bombs were freely used. The railway station and general post-office were taken in succession.

Many of the inhabitants, especially free state sympathizers, fled.

ALL READY FOR PARIS



Miss Mabelle Gilliland, of Leonia, (N. J.) high school, taken at practice, in Weequahic park, Newark, N. J., with the rest of the U. S. team which will take part in the international women's athletic meet in Pershing Stadium, Paris.

HALL AND STATE KU KLUX K. SUED BY T. L. GARLAND

Portland Attorney Asks \$50,000 Damages for Listing Him As Illegal Voter in Recent Primaries — Makes Answer to Charge.

PORTLAND, Ore., Aug. 14.—Thomas L. Garland, Portland attorney has filed suit in the Multnomah county court for damages of \$50,000 against Charles Hall, defeated candidate in the republican nomination for governor; R. R. Coster, who filed the contest petition for Hall, and the Ku Klux Klan, "a political co-partnership."

Garland claims his name was among those listed by Hall forces as having voted illegally in the primaries.

Hall, Coster and the Ku Klux Klan, in furtherance of a conspiracy against him, he asserts, caused the publication on August 5, "the false and libelous" assertion that he was not a legal voter.

Answering the charge that he "balloted illegally" or as "an alien and not entitled to vote," Garland asserts he is "100 per cent American, born in Mississippi and a direct descendant of Patrick Henry."

BASEBALL SCORES

National League.
At Pittsburgh: R. H. E.
Philadelphia..... 10 12 0
Pittsburgh..... 1 7 2
Batteries: Winters and Henline; Glazner, Carlson and Schmidt.

American League.
Cleveland-Philadelphia postponed, rain.

D'ANNUNZIO BADLY HURT BY TUMBLE

GARDONE RIVERIA, Italy, Aug. 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—Gabriele d'Annunzio, Italy's noted soldier-poet, was seriously injured in the head by a fall yesterday in the garden of his villa here.

For some time following his accident his condition gave rise to considerable anxiety. Medical reports today were more reassuring but his doctors declined to express definite opinion on his chances for recovery.

ALLIES FAIL CONFERENCE ABANDONED

England and France Unable to Agree on German Reparations—Payment of 50,000,000 Marks Postponed—Neither Side Willing to Give In—Situation Grave.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—The conference of allied premiers, which opened in London a week ago came to an end this afternoon without any announcement of progress toward an agreement concerning the German reparations question having been made.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—Although this morning's session of the allied premiers was adjourned without their having reached an agreement on the German reparations questions, or having arranged for another meeting, it was announced shortly before 4 o'clock this afternoon that a plenary session would be held at 5 o'clock.

The Central News correspondent said he understood that the 5 o'clock meeting was called to discuss the question of Austria. It is understood that a promise had been given Austria that the conference would not break up before her financial position had been discussed.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—The allied premiers who have been discussing the German reparations question here since last Monday adjourned today's session without reaching any agreement or making arrangements for another meeting.

Premiers Poincaré of France and Lloyd George, the British prime minister, were as far apart as ever in their views of the situation when the heads of the various delegations met today. They separated after a discussion of two and one-half hours without finding common ground.

HALL ELECTION FRAUD CLAIMS ARE RULED OUT

SALEM, Ore., Aug. 14.—No voter can be compelled to reveal the name of the candidate for whom he cast his ballot until at least a prima facie showing of fraud or bad faith on the part of the voter has been shown, the court ruled during the course of the Hall-Olcott election contest which was resumed here this morning.

The ruling came during the examination on the witness stand of persons alleged to have illegally changed their party affiliations on election day.

After Robert S. McNamee, St. Paul farmer had explained that he changed his registration from democrat to republican because he desired to support a friend who was a candidate for the republican nomination for county commissioner, John Collier, attorney for Hall, asked McNamee how he had voted for governor. Jay Bowerman, chief counsel for Olcott, objected to the witness being compelled to answer the question, and the court sustained the objection.

John F. Theodore T. B. Brentano, justice of the peace in St. Paul precinct was the second witness called. Attempts of the Hall attorneys to gain admissions of bad faith in changing his registration were futile. Brentano declaring that he knew his rights and would stand on them. Asked what principle prompted him to change his party registration, Brentano replied:

"I haven't noticed that either of the parties have any great amount of principle. It's just a question of 'who's in or who's out.'"

BRITAIN'S CHAMPION WOMAN SWIMMER



Miss Hilda James, who was among the passengers arriving on the S. S. "Aquitania." Miss James is considered the best woman swimmer in England and is to try to establish some new records here.

VALLEY GARAGE BADLY DAMAGED BY \$15,000 FIRE

Sunday Afternoon Blaze Results in Loss of Seven Automobiles and Gutting of Upper Floor—Hard Fire to Fight.

A fire which started in the second story of the Valley Garage yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, supposedly from spontaneous combustion, caused damage in the neighborhood of \$15,000, partially covered by insurance, and busied the city fire department and the volunteer department in addition to a number of auxiliary volunteers for several hours.

The fire started with an explosion upstairs where seven cars were stored and awaiting repairs and the entire upper story was gutted by the flames. All of the cars were more or less badly damaged.

A Buick touring car belonging to W. E. Crews, a Hudson touring car belonging to Jens Jensen, and an H. C. S. touring car belonging to Mrs. Stewart were badly damaged by the flames in the upper story. Several Maxwells and one or two other small cars were also among the seven cars on the second floor.

The lower floor of the building was undamaged except for the water damage which was slight. Cars were speedily removed from the lower floor in anticipation of a spread of the fire which was an exceedingly hot one and which was one of the hardest to fight which the local department has handled in some time. The fire fighters who numbered in the neighborhood of 25, did excellent work.

Two thousand feet of 2½-inch hose and 200 feet of 1½-inch hose was laid in order to supply the five nozzles which poured as many streams upon the flames.

After the fire was practically over, Bob Kauffman, one of the firemen, went in on the ground floor which was covered to a depth of a foot or so with water and in his rambles about the building fell into the elevator shaft at the rear of the building. As he was on the ground floor the shaft was not deep enough to hold much water. The plunge took him to a depth above his waistline however.

Several of the men who were working in the second story with a hose escaped just as a portion of the roof fell. They retreated to the stairway just in time, dragging the hose after them.

Soon after the fire started great clouds of dense black smoke rolled from the top of the building covering the town and obscuring the view of

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LORD NORTHCLIFFE DIES FROM HEART DISEASE; ALL ENGLAND MOURNS

Noted British Publicist and Greatest Newspaper Man in History, Passes Away After Gallant, But Hopeless Fight—Passing Expected to Have Vital Effect On British Policies and Politics—Great Figure in World War—Sacrificed Friends for Public Welfare and Abandoned Politics for Patriotism—Detailed Sketch of Brilliant Journalistic Career.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—Viscount Northcliffe, noted British publicist, died today.

It was stated that the cause of Lord Northcliffe's death was suppression, or the production of pus within the heart, which was followed by acute blood poisoning.

The death of no other unofficial person could have made a deeper impression in England than that of Lord Northcliffe. The news was not a surprise, as the bulletins issued by the doctors for the past week plainly indicated that their patient was dying.

Lord Northcliffe was by far the most noted figure in British journalism and the first question on every-

Irish barrister, became an editor at 17 years, owner and publisher of the London Times and Daily Mail, the moulders of public opinion, a man of powerful influence in the making and unmaking of British cabinets, and who, with David Lloyd George, contributed in a great measure to arousing England to more vigorous action in the war.

He was created Baron of the Isle of Thanet in 1916 and made a viscount in 1917 after he had served with distinction as head of the British mission to the United States to consolidate British interests here during the war.

To Viscount Northcliffe is ascribed the arousing of the British public to a knowledge of the fact that the British army in France was insufficiently equipped with high explosive shells, that British guns on the French front were short of ammunition and that Lord Kitchener, then secretary of state for war, was sending the British gunners shrapnel while Sir John French, as commander, was appealing for the same kind of high explosives that Germany was hurrying over the lines in vast quantities.

Big Foe of War.

This exposure has been characterized as one of the outstanding journalistic feats of the war. It resulted in the appointment of David Lloyd George as the first British minister of munitions and put him on the road to become prime minister.

Owing, it is said, to the rigid censorship which the then Baron Northcliffe bitterly assailed, the British people knew little about the conduct of the war at that time. They were told of the victories and advances, but it is claimed that the disasters and defeats were not fully revealed. Official England is said to have known for months that the wrong kind of shells were being furnished. Lord Northcliffe knew these conditions because he had visited the front on several occasions. He sent the military correspondent of the London Times, Colonel Repington, to France and Repington sent and the Times published a despatch exposing the situation and attributing the failure of military operations and heavy casualties to a deficiency in shells.

Kitchener Attacked.

This was followed by an editorial criticism of Lord Kitchener, who up to that time had been regarded as England's greatest war genius. The revelations and criticism shocked England into quick action. Mr. Lloyd George appealed to the British workmen to back up the British army and England became a vast shop for the manufacture of guns and ammunition.

Meantime, Lord Northcliffe was denounced on all sides by the British press, his newspapers publicly burned in the streets and his life is said to have been threatened.

Through his newspapers and periodicals, Lord Northcliffe had demanded a more vigorous prosecution of the war. He attacked the government for its failure in the Gallipoli campaign and in Mesopotamia. He

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GOOD FEELING RESTORED IN COAL CONTROVERSY; WORK STARTS SOON

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 14.—Samuel D. Warriner, president of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company and spokesman of the Anthracite Coal operators, announced today that he had notified John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers that the mine owners were willing to resume operations in the hard coal fields at the old wage scale pending the appointment of a commission to investigate the situation.

Mr. Warriner said he had telegraphed Mr. Lewis last night suggesting that a conference of anthracite operators and representatives of the miners be held in this city Wednesday.

Mr. Warriner's action followed a conference yesterday with United States Senator George Wharton Pe-

pper, Governor Sproul, W. J. Edwards, president of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company, and William A. Glasgow, Jr., counsel for the United Mine Workers.

At this meeting, it became known today, Senator Pepper read a letter from President Harding in which the president declared that further delay in the resumption of mining would mean "danger of nothing short of nation wide disaster."

CLEVELAND, Aug. 14.—Accepting Mr. Warriner's invitation to meet the operators in conference at Philadelphia on Wednesday Mr. Lewis said:

"The broad promise upon which you have based your invitation is commendable and augurs well for the success of the conference."