

The Weather
Prediction Fair
Maximum yesterday 74
Minimum today 43

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

Weather Year Ago
Maximum 54
Minimum 43
Precipitation 12

Daily—Seventeenth Year.
Weekly—Fifty-Second Year.

MEDFORD, OREGON, SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1922

NO. 39

3 NEGROES ARE BURNED KIRVIN, TEX.

Mob of 500 Men Burn Three Colored Men at Stake Following Murder of White Girl—One Man Confesses, Others Maintain Innocence—Authorities Powerless.

KIRVIN, Texas, May 6.—(By the Associated Press.)—Three negroes were burned to death at the stake here at 5 o'clock this morning by a mob of 500 men following their alleged implication in the criminal assault and murder of 17-year-old Eula Aweley, white girl, whose mutilated body was found near here Thursday night.

All three negroes were employed on the farm of J. T. King, prominent farmer of this community and grandfather of the dead girl with whom she lived, both her parents being dead. Mr. King was present at the cremation and the mob leaders are said to have obtained his approval thereof before lighting the torches.

The lynchings were carried out deliberately. There was no discharge of firearms.

It was reported, however, that the negroes were mutilated before being tied to the stake, with the exception of a few shouts and the screams of the condemned men, there was little to disturb the early morning quiet of the backwoods community. The incineration took place in a small open plot directly in front of two small churches. One of the negroes is said to have died singing a church anthem.

Kirvin is a town of about 500 inhabitants situated in Freestone county east central Texas, about 80 miles south of Dallas.

Mr. King resides at Kirvin.

Miss Aweley was riding her horse home from the school which she attended several miles from Kirvin late Thursday when she was attacked. Her body later was found near the road with 23 knife wounds inflicted in the head, neck and chest. News of the murder spread quickly and late Thursday a band of several hundred men from Freestone and Limestone counties and a large sheriff's posse were scouring the neighborhood.

Wife Gives Evidence

"Snappy" Curry, the first negro to be led to the stake, was arrested when his wife told officers he had come home with his clothes covered with blood on the night of the murder. Curry was taken to Wortham and imprisoned in a bank for safekeeping where it is alleged that he confessed to the mob that he had assaulted and murdered the girl and that in his confession he implicated two other negroes, J. H. Varney and Mose Jones.

He was taken from the sheriff as he was being conducted to another town for safety.

A mob gathered about and threatened to storm the building, whereupon officers spirited the prisoner through a rear window and started with him in an automobile toward Mexia, apparently en route to Waco. Resistance seemed useless and the prisoner was surrendered.

The mob took from the sheriff his keys to the Freestone county jail where Jones and Varney were held as suspects, unlocked the doors and took

(Continued on Page six.)

Willows, California, Legion Denounces Klan Unanimously

WILLOWS, May 6.—Resolutions adopted unanimously at a recent meeting of Willows post of the American Legion condemned the Ku Klux Klan as an un-American organization and one to which members of the American Legion cannot belong.

The action followed announcement by R. W. Poland, commander of the post, that he had been approached at his place of business last week and sounded out as to his sentiment toward the Klan.

Poland and others have stated their belief that there already are members of the Ku Klux Klan in the county, their statements being based on questions asked by a man whose identity has not been determined.

HINES IS GIVEN 2 YEARS, SHINE GETS 3 MONTHS

Sentence was passed by Circuit Judge F. M. Calkins this morning upon James (Shine) Edwards, found guilty last week of selling intoxicating liquor, and R. D. Hines, former vice president of the Bank of Jacksonville, convicted on a charge of making a false report to a bank examiner while he was left in charge of the institution, while W. H. Johnson was on a trip east.

Hines was sentenced to serve two years in the penitentiary and a judgment for costs returned. A stay of execution was issued for a week, to give the court time to consider a number of petitions filed, beseeching leniency for Hines. Some of the jury who found him guilty signed the petition.

Edwards was sentenced to serve three months in the county jail and pay a fine of \$100. Edwards was tried three times, the first two juries being unable to agree.

BONUS DECISIONS HANDED DOWN BY COURT IN SALEM

SALEM, Ore., May 6.—Decision in three bonus suits brought to determine the constitutionality of different phases of the bonus law, against the veteran's state aid commission, were given today by Judges Bingham and Kelly of the circuit court, following a hearing this morning.

In the case of a soldier enlisting in Oregon and now residing in California, the court decided that the soldier was entitled to the bonus.

In the second suit the court held that any qualified relative of deceased soldiers was entitled to loan privileges.

In the third case the decision of the court was that where a soldier dies before payment of the bonus, the loan is a personal matter with the relatives and does not apply to the estate.

Navy Beats Princeton.

BOSTON, May 6.—The naval academy varsity eight won the triangular race of one and seven-eighths miles on the Charles river basin today. Princeton was second, six lengths behind, and Harvard was third, two lengths behind the second shell.

CLAIMS TARIFF BILL INCREASE TO TAX BURDEN

Senator Simmons of North Carolina, Files Minority Report On Fordney Measure—Denies Protection Is Needed—People Must Pay

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The taxes that would be imposed by the pending tariff bill would be as real as those imposed by the revenue bill and probably as great,—from three to four billion dollars—Senator Simmons of North Carolina, ranking democrat on the senate finance committee declared in a minority report filed today in the senate.

"They must be paid by all the people," the report says, "just as those in the revenue bill must be paid by all the people and not by the beneficiaries who have demanded and got them. The people must not only pay the taxes on imports which go directly into the treasury, but they must pay the resulting increase in prices on all the things they buy and consume. Broadly speaking the views of the special interests who asked these taxes and got them and of the people who pay them differ widely in their praisement of this measure and its effect upon national prosperity.

People Are Opposed.

"So far as the special interests are concerned, it goes without saying the taxes imposed are both satisfying and comforting.

"On the other hand, the people view this bill as a means of mischief and loaded with innumerable burdens for them and their posterity.

"When the Fordney bill passed the house the general public regarded it as a monstrosity so grotesque and absurd that they took it more as a joke than as a serious attempt at tariff revision. It did not excite in them any great degree of alarm because they felt sure the senate would revise it and they expect from this body saner action in their behalf.

"In these expectations the people have been grievously disappointed. That disappointment has been growing as they studied the bill, first into surprise and indignation at the audacity of the assault upon their pocketbooks and is finally culminating into a grim determination to resist to the utmost this attempt at spoliation.

"In these circumstances the people will be satisfied with nothing less than a full expose through discussion of this attempted outrage inspired by the desire to placate the subsidized interests in their expense. No conspiracy of silence, no threat of long sessions, no charges of filibuster or cloture must be allowed to smother and divert the exposure of the iniquities which lurk in the tax-laden schedules and paragraphs of the 438 pages of the amended Fordney bill, an act (if properly entitled) to merge the country and its resources to the protected and monopolized industries."

218 NAMES OF INGLEWOOD K. K. ARE PUBLISHED

LOS ANGELES, May 6.—A list of 218 names of men declared to have taken part in the raid at Inglewood, near here on April 22, which resulted in the shooting of Constable M. B. Mosher and an investigation of the Ku Klux Klan, was made public today by Paul Barksdale d'Orr, attorney for several persons alleged to have been connected with the affair.

According to d'Orr, the persons whose names were on the list signed a statement admitting their participation in the raid. These included both members and non-members of the Ku Klux Klan, he declared. Seven were persons who had been connected with the raid by testimony at the inquest over Mosher's body.

Four signed themselves as peace officers, one of this number being N. A. Baker, kleagle of the Ku Klux Klan, who recently made a public statement admitting participation in the raid and declaring it had been organized by officers to wipe out a "bootleggers' resort.

LOS ANGELES, May 6.—Final preparations for the presentation to the new county grand jury Monday of evidence relating to the activities of the Ku Klux Klan were made today by the district attorney's office.

It was stated approximately fifty subpoenas had been issued and that the total number of witnesses to be summoned during the investigation might reach 200.

Henry P. Davison of J. P. Morgan Co., Dies On Operating Table



HENRY P. DAVISON.

NEW YORK, May 6.—Henry P. Davison, of J. P. Morgan and company, died on the operating table today.

A few minutes after the flash of Mr. Davison's death reached the Morgan offices the following statement presumably dictated by one of the physicians, but unsigned was received:

"Mr. Henry P. Davison died shortly after the conclusion of an operation on infiltrating tumor of the brain which could only be partially removed."

Mr. Davison was under the influence of ether when the end came. Only the white clad doctors and nurses were in the room with him. Members of his family and intimate friends, including J. P. Morgan, were in the house waiting anxiously for word from the surgeons.

A notable financier, Henry Pomeroy Davison will best be remembered, perhaps, as the man who at President Wilson's request directed the work of the American Red Cross in allied countries for the two years the United States was at war with the Central Powers. Taken out of the hurly burly of Wall street, one of the most active of the 15 partners in the firm of J. P. Morgan & Company, the man who 28 years before had walked the streets of New York looking for a job, directed the first "drive" of the American Red Cross for funds, raising \$114,000,000 and within a few weeks had the Red Cross workers at their tasks in Italy, Belgium and Switzerland as well as war torn France.

In 1919, he was one of the advisers of President Wilson at the Paris peace conference. That same year, when the war council's work had ended, he was elected chairman of the governing board of the World League of the Red Cross societies at its meeting in Paris.

The New York career of the man who was to figure so prominently in its financial district began in 1888 when young Davison, then 21 years old, went to that city from Troy, Pa., where he was born on June 12, 1867. Unable to find a position in New York, he went to Bridgeport, Conn., where he started work as a bank messenger. Three years later he was back in the city of his dreams and was made paying teller of the Astor Place bank.

One day a stranger came to Mr. Davison's window with a note for \$1,000 in one hand and a revolver in the other. The note read:

"Astor Place Bank. They promise to pay to the order of Almighty God the sum of \$1,000 when presented by Charles Freeman. Penalty if forfeited, death."

Mr. Davison, smiling and imperceptibly, calmly remarked: "You will have to be identified."

Bank detectives pounced upon the intruder before he could fire a shot. Then the teller resumed his work as though nothing had happened.

Mr. Davison soon attracted the attention of George F. Baker, president of the First National bank, who in 1894, made him vice president of that bank. He was president of it when he became a member of the Morgan firm.

Some persons in Wall street considered him to be the most active man in the House of Morgan. He had vast responsibilities but he never seemed hurried and never showed excitement.

Mr. Davison's wife was Miss Kate Trubee, of Bridgeport, Conn. They have three children, Henry P. Davison, Jr., and the Misses Alice T. and Frances Davison. Their home is at 680 Park avenue, New York city. They also own a summer home at Peacock Point, Locust Valley, Long Island.

Escaped Convict Caught.

SAN RAFAEL, Cal., May 6.—Elmer Murphy, who escaped from San Quentin prison last night, with Leo Brennan, was captured by a night watchman on the streets of San Rafael early today and returned to the prison. Both were serving a term for burglary, Murphy from Yolo and Brennan from Alameda county.

Murphy had discarded his prison uniform for overalls.

BELGIUM ARMY IN GERMANY IS REINFORCED

2000 Men Rushed Across the Border Because of Recent Aggressions—Genoa Conference at Breaking Point—France, England at Outs.

BRUSSELS, May 6.—(By the Associated Press.)—Belgian forces in Germany are being reinforced. Two thousand men, their staff officers, and 1,100 horses are to leave for the occupied area today and Monday. The movement is due to the recent series of frequent aggressions in which Belgian soldiers have been victims.

GENOA, May 6.—(By the Associated Press.)—Prime Minister Lloyd George of Great Britain and Vice-Premier Barthou of France held a conference at five o'clock this afternoon after which it was stated that their meeting offered no relief of the strained situation of the economic conference. Nothing will be decided definitely, however, it was stated, pending Russia's reply to the allied memorandum.

Situation Is Critical.

The chief stumbling block, it was indicated, was the clause relating to the return of foreign property nationalized by the soviet government. Russia regards the provision of that clause as a distinct attempt to infringe her sovereignty and will not accept the plan for a mixed tribunal, which M. Tchitcherine said would mean the establishment of "a flock of little reparations commissions" to interfere with Russia's internal affairs.

The most critical stage of the conference was reached today, arising through the differences in the ranks of the allied delegates over the memorandum to Russia and the attitude of the Russians themselves, it was declared this afternoon by an official Italian spokesman.

"This crisis," he said, "is more grave than the conference has sustained after the signing of the Russo-Gorman treaty Easter Sunday.

"The Russians ask billions of gold francs and they do not ask them in the form of credits with which they can buy goods."

"U" PROFESSOR IS MURDERED IN PRESENCE, PRES'T

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 6.—After threatening to shoot Dr. W. S. Currell, president of the University of South Carolina, Ben Hale, university marshal, today shot Professor M. E. Goodhomes of the faculty of the school of engineering and then shot himself to death.

The shooting occurred in the university treasurer's office in the presence of President Currell, who after the shooting issued a statement to the effect that for a long time there had been bitter feeling between Professor Goodhomes and Hale growing out of their conflicting duties at the university.

Professor Currell said that Marshall Hale, enraged, asked a stenographer present, to leave, and began shooting indiscriminately about the treasurer's office and then shouting "you are responsible for this," pointed his pistol at the head of the president. Hale, however, a minute later, turned his gun on Professor Goodhomes and shot him and then shot himself.

OREGON PIONEERS HOLD A REUNION

PORTLAND, Ore., May 6.—More than 250 Oregon pioneers, their children and grand children, today attended the annual reunion at Champeog, historical spot on the Willamette where in 1843 a government for the territorial region of Oregon came into existence.

A program was carried out under the chairmanship of Judge P. H. D'Arcy, a past president of the Oregon Pioneer association.

Lumber Mill Opens Up

EVERETT, Wash., May 6.—Weyerhaeuser mill B, for the first time since 1920, will put on a night shift next Wednesday night. About 200 men will be added.

Grand Jury Gives Out Ku Klux List, Bakersfield, Calif.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., May 6.—(By the Associated Press.)—Twenty-four officials of Kern county, John R. Quinn, commander of the California department, American Legion; Chief of Police Charles H. Stone of Bakersfield; Stanley Abel, chairman of Kern county board of supervisors, and approximately 350 other persons were named as members of the Bakersfield and Taft provisional klans of the Ku Klux Klan "realm of California," in official documents seized in the raid on the office of Grand Goblin William S. Coburn recently in Los Angeles, made public today by the county grand jury, which has been conducting an investigation here.

JOHN GOODWIN ACQUITTED ON BOOZE CHARGE

A jury in the circuit court Friday afternoon returned a verdict of not guilty in the case of John Goodwin, charged with selling intoxicating liquor. The jury deliberated six hours, and was the second trial of the indictment—the first resulting in a disagreement.

According to court house reports, six ballots were taken, the first resulting in seven for acquittal, four for conviction, and one not voting. The second ballot stood eight to four for acquittal, the third nine to three for acquittal, the fourth ten to two for acquittal, the fifth eleven to one for acquittal, and the sixth in an agreement.

The defense was represented by Attorney George M. Roberts, and the state by District Attorney Rawles Moore and Special State Counsel George Nuener, Jr., prosecutor of Douglas county.

The case was over an alleged sale of liquor to A. B. Gates, a special prohibition agent, on August 3rd, 1921.

BASEBALL SCORES

American	R.	H.	E.
At Boston.	0	4	0
Washington.	0	4	0
Boston.	1	4	0
Batteries: Zachary, Johnson and Gharrry, Pielnich; Pennock and Walters.			
At Detroit.	R. <td>H.<td>E.</td></td>	H. <td>E.</td>	E.
Chicago.	1	5	2
Detroit.	8	11	2
Batteries: Hodge, Leverett, and Schalk, Yaryan; Pillette and Bassler.			
At Cleveland.	R. <td>H.<td>E.</td></td>	H. <td>E.</td>	E.
St. Louis.	2	11	1
Cleveland.	6	9	1
Batteries: Schocker and Severeld; Coveleskie and O'Neill.			
At Philadelphia.	R. <td>H.<td>E.</td></td>	H. <td>E.</td>	E.
New York.	2	5	1
Philadelphia.	0	2	1
Batteries: Mays and Devormer; Harris and Perkins.			
National	R. <td>H.<td>E.</td></td>	H. <td>E.</td>	E.
Chicago.	11	17	1

OVERTURN OF PEKIN GOV'T FORECASTED

President Hsu Issues Mandate Ordering Arrest of Premier Liang and Dismissal of General Chang—Charged With Conspiracy to Promote Civil War.

PEKING, May 6.—(By the Associated Press.)—Sweeping governmental changes followed today the success of General Wu Pei Fu in winning the military mastery at Peking.

President Hsu Shih-Chang issued a mandate dismissing Premier Liang Shih-Yi and ordering his arrest.

Finance Minister Chang Ka and Minister of Communications Yu Kung-Cho also were dismissed and their arrest was ordered.

General Chang Tso-Lin, defeated by Wu in the campaign just ended, is dismissed from his office of inspector general of Manchuria.

Premier Liang Shih Yi, who is now in Tien Tsin, where he has been on leave for several months, is charged with conspiring with Chang Tso-Lin to promote civil war.

TIENTSIN, May 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—Chang Tso-Lin's defeat fast is becoming a debacle. Hordes of Fengtien soldiers are passing through Tien Tsin, some clinging to the outskirts of the overcrowded railway cars and motor trucks and filling all available space on the locomotives.

General Chang Tso-Lin left his headquarters at Chun Liang Cheng, presumably for Mukden, early today. The troops passing through Tien Tsin are orderly.

PEKING, May 6.—(By the Associated Press.)—China's civil war appears to have ended with the flight of General Chang Tso-Lin toward Mukden and the recognition by the Peking government of General Wu Pei-Fu as master of the military situation.

Chang Tso-Lin who brought 100,000 troops south of the great wall, believed to have abandoned any idea of offering organized resistance. The Peking gendarmerie disarmed 11,300 of Chang Tso-Lin's soldiers outside the city walls. Wu Pei Fu is said to have paid each of the men \$10 for the expenses of his trip home.

Peking, after witnessing battles just outside its walls for the last five days, remained free of the presence of large bodies of troops from either side. No foreigner was hurt while inside the walls, and the property of foreigners was respected.

An accurate estimate of casualties is impossible, but 2500 dead or wounded were counted near Tien Tsin alone. Foreign doctors said there were similar casualties at Feng Tai.

Pittsburg. May 7 1922
Batteries: Aldridge and O'Farrell; Glazer, Zinn, Hamilton, Yellowhorn and Gooch.

At New York. R. H. E.
Philadelphia. 2 10 2
New York. 3 10 0
Batteries: Hubbell and Heintze; Douglas and Smyth, Snyder, Gaston, 14 innings.

At Brooklyn. R. H. E.
Boston. 2 7 1
Brooklyn. 15 17 1
Batteries: Oeschger, Pillingim, Lasing and Gowdy; Reuther and Hunsing.

'BUO' BALLEW, FAMOUS TEXAS GUNMAN MEETS HIS MASTER IN CHIEF OF POLICE

WICHITA FALLS, Texas, May 6.—(By the Associated Press.)—Chief of Police J. W. McCormick was the cynosure of all eyes here today. For yesterday he matched the draw with the famous master of guncraft, D. M. (Bud) Ballew—and won. As a result Ballew, survivor and hero of many perilous situations is mourned by admiring friends. Chief McCormick had word that Ballew was behaving in a disorderly fashion in a soft drink parlor. He walked up to Ballew and charged him with drunkenness, demanding that he hand over his pistol. This was something new to Ballew. With the contemptuous retort, "you're out of luck," Ballew, according to witnesses, reached for his gun, but McCormick, sensing Ballew's apparent intention, flashed his own gun and fired from the hip. Five

PIANO TUNER KEEPS DAUGHTER SHUT UP IN SMOKE HOUSE FOR TWO YEARS

BUYRUS, Ohio, May 6.—Sheriff Edward J. Knappenberger of Crawford county today continued his investigation into the imprisonment of Miss Irene Menges, 20, released yesterday after confinement of at least two years in an abandoned iron sheeted smoke house on the farm of her father, Jacob P. Menges, near Crestline.

Prediction that developments of a startling nature would be forthcoming today was made by Sheriff Knappenberger, who with Marshal Charles Crawford of Crestline arrested Menges after they liberated the girl from prison.

Investigation of the case began some days ago after neighbors of the family had informed the sheriff of the situation. Menges and his family voiced opposition to the sheriff's interference declaring the girl to be mentally incompetent, which necessitated her being placed under restraint.

Officials at the Toledo state hospital said the girl was discharged from that institution June 30, 1915, and mentally incompetent after eight months treatment.

Taken to Buyrus the girl is being cared for by the sheriff's wife. She made no attempt to speak and merely smiled slightly when spoken to. She ate heartily.

The prison, a six by eight structure, is hidden from view of the road, being directly back of the house occupied by the family. The building had no windows or ventilation and only a single shaft of light came from a small hole near the roof. Furnishings consisted of a cot, small table, an oil stove and a lantern. A comb was the only other article found in the room, according to the sheriff.

The Menges are considered well-to-do. Menges is a piano tuner.