

The Weather
Prediction Fair
Maximum yesterday 60
Minimum today 33.7

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

Weather Year Ago
No Prediction.
Maximum 60
Minimum 26

Daily—Seventeenth Year.
Weekly—Fifty-Second Year.

MEDFORD, OREGON, THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1922

NO. 13

LIE PASSED IN CONGRESS RIOT NEAR

Garner Declares Blanton a Disgrace to House and Ought to Be Kicked Out—Colleague Terms Blanton a Liar—Confusion Results Among Democrats.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Representative Garner, democrat, of Texas, declared in the house today that if permitted by the rules to speak what is in the minds of 434 of the 435 house members, he would say that representative Blanton of the state is a disgrace to this house and ought to be kicked out.

Mr. Garner's statement, coming after Blanton had defended himself against a newspaper article, threw the house into great disorder and brought from the speaker a sharp, quick command to the sergeant at arms to prevent a personal clash after Blanton had shouted he would hold Garner responsible.

At the outset of a brief speech Mr. Garner said that in this world "there are all kinds of liars, the artistic liar, the inartistic liar and the common liar." Representative Blanton, sitting a few feet away, jumped to his feet and exclaimed "and I will hold you personally responsible if you call me a liar."

Mr. Garner did not notice the interruption, but Representative Sumner, also of Texas, sitting nearby, jumped to his feet and shouted "liar," at Mr. Blanton, at the same time starting in his direction.

It was at this point that the sergeant at arms rushed in and Blanton retired. Then there came from the democratic side of the chamber a cry of "throw him out," which was picked up by other democrats, and for a moment there was great confusion. Mr. Garner resumed after quiet was restored.

Representative Blanton's speech, which started the row, dealt with an address recently made in Texas, in which he discussed some of the things provided for members of congress in the regular office building stores, which they are permitted to purchase out of each man's stationery allowance of \$125.

"You cannot defend these measly items of graft," he shouted, referring also to mileage allowances.

Attacking Blanton as a "creature," Mr. Garner declared:

"It is a hard thing to say what is in one's mind about an individual. I have the firm conviction that this individual creature would debase the virtue of his family to accumulate wealth or to put himself forward from a political standpoint."

Pointing to Representative Butler of Pennsylvania, a veteran member of the house and to Representative Garrett of Tennessee, the democratic leader, Mr. Garner said nobody on earth would ever say that either would utter an untruth.

"But I have in mind an individual—not a man—a creature who is the commonest, the biggest liar that ever spoke a word of English in this country. I have in mind a man who would put into the Congressional Record, if he had the opportunity, anything that would be calculated to make the people of Texas believe you get your food free in Washington."

"I have in mind a creature who would go to that same stationery room and make inquiry about a whiskey flask and then ask the superintendent to get him one from Philadelphia that he might parade it in Texas as an evidence of what congressmen get."

The Daily Bank Robbery

LOS ANGELES, April 5.—Bandits today entered the First National bank of Arcadia, near here, forced the employees to lie on the floor and escaped with from \$2500 to \$4000 in cash.

OLIVER MOROSCO SECURED DIVORCE UNDER NAME OF OLIVER MITCHELL

DETROIT, April 6.—Oliver Morosco, the theatrical producer, is expected in Detroit within a few days to establish definitely that he was a bonafide resident of Wayne county (Detroit) at the time he was divorced from his first wife, Mrs. Anna Mitchell, Circuit Judge Harry J. Dingeman announced yesterday directed that an investigation be made to determine whether Morosco had been a resident of Michigan "two years and upward" as required by the divorce laws when a divorce decree was

To Work Lawfully For Repeal of U. S. Dry Enforcement

NEW YORK, April 6.—Leaders of the Association Against the Prohibition Amendment had completed today arrangements for a membership rally to be held tonight in Carnegie hall. Announcements of the meeting detailed the purposes of the association as follows:

- ♦ To get the Volstead act out of the law and keep it out.
- ♦ To oppose the passage of similar tyrannical laws and to endeavor to have the enforcement of the 18th amendment (so long as it remains in force) left to the people of the several states under the concurrent clause.
- ♦ To work patiently, lawfully and patriotically for the repeal of the prohibition amendment and to preserve the constitution of the United States from further mutilation by an organized fanatical minority.

FRANCE'S GENOA POLICY CHANGED AT LAST HOUR

Poincare Decrees Delegates Will Be Merely Observers Without Full Power to Act—England Fears Action Will Destroy Her Program.

PARIS, April 6.—(By the Associated Press)—Prime Minister Lloyd George of Great Britain, who will arrive in Paris tomorrow afternoon on his way to Genoa, will have a talk with Premier Poincare at the foreign office. It is understood the premier will discuss matters connected with the Genoa gathering, the German attitude on the reparations issue and the subject of the inter-allied debts.

The French delegates are going to Genoa conference without full powers developed from reports of Premier Poincare's final instructions to them. This decision of the government is being much discussed in political circles where it is looked upon as likely to develop complications.

It is remarked that the allied premiers, when they met at Cannes and decided to call the conference, insisted that the Russian soviet government must send delegates with power to negotiate. The Russian delegation, therefore, it is declared, would be justified in taking exception to the presence of the delegation of an important state without full powers.

France An Observer.

The ruling is interpreted by some of the press as reducing the French delegates to the role of observers, which is declared not in tune with M. Poincare's increased enthusiasm for the economic conference and his expressed desire to co-operate heartily in making it a success.

It is explained by persons close to the premier that he was obliged to make strict reservations regarding the power of the French delegation because of the sensitiveness of parliament which sharply criticized the cabinet for binding France on important questions such as reparations, without consulting the chamber of deputies. The necessity for ratification by parliament of any decisions taken at Genoa is generally accepted. Political circles are still skeptical of the efficacy of the conference, in spite of M. Poincare's change of attitude, while the press continues to refer to it as likely to be little more than "a tower of babel."

GENOA, April 6.—(By the Associated Press)—Foreign Minister Schanzer has urged the chief delegates of the allied powers to be here by Sunday for a meeting preliminary to the economic and financial conference.

(Continued on Page Eight)

SITUATION IN IRELAND IS AGAIN ACUTE

De Valera Gaining Control of North, While Desertions From Regular Army Continue—Troops Take Over Courts—Republican Forces Concentrating On Border.

BELFAST, April 6.—(By Associated Press.) Eamon De Valera during his visit to Londonderry, presided at a conference of the six county committees appointed by the Ard Fheils to advise concerning the policy to be followed in Ulster.

County Donegal, where the republican leader is now, is the only portion of free state territory in northern Ireland in which he has secured a foothold and he seems to be making rapid headway there.

It appears from a proclamation issued from the office of the commanding officer of the first northern brigade of the Irish republican army that De Valera sympathizers in the brigade held a convention and decided to break away from the regular army.

Situation Dangerous

LONDON, April 6.—(By Associated Press.) Indications that the situation in Ireland is becoming dangerous in consequence of the growing antagonism of the republicans toward the supporters of the free state are given in newspaper dispatches.

Hostile demonstrations by the revolting section of the Irish republican army against the Irish regulars have been reported with increasing frequency in the last few days. These are often accompanied by shooting and seizure of free state property but there have been no serious casualties.

DUBLIN, April 6.—The offices of the free state party in Sligo were invaded today by men who damaged the furniture and removed all documents and propaganda literature.

TULLAMORE, April 6.—Members of the Irish republican army entered the Kings county court house today and closed the various offices, declaring them "British property."

DUBLIN, April 6.—(By Associated Press.) One hundred young men from Tralee, proceeding to Dublin to join the free state army, were intercepted today at Mallow, county Cork, where they were to change trains, by a strong party of republicans. A clash occurred in which it is reported one of the free state recruits was wounded.

All of the free state men were then arrested and taken to the barracks at Duttavat, county Cork.

Concentrate Ulster Line

BELFAST, April 6.—(By Associated Press.) Republican forces are reported to have been concentrated on the section of the Ulster frontier between counties Leitrim and Fermanagh.

Early today one constable was reported missing and three wounded from a patrol near Belleco, close to the border and police were rushed to the scene from Enniskillen.

An officer who visited the scene later reported everything quiet and said no attempt at invasion was feared.

DUNDALK, April 6.—The war on goods made in Ulster continues. A number of armed men visited the railroad depots here tonight, held up the officials and ransacked and destroyed 16 wagonloads of merchandise.

All the newspapers from Belfast again were seized and burned.

BELFAST, April 6.—(By Associated Press.) Sir James Craig, the Ulster premier announced in the Ulster parliament today in the course of a statement on the criminal procedure bill that he had just had further assurances that "the other side" intended to enforce peace themselves and the prospects seemed to be even better than yesterday.

BELFAST, April 6.—County Inspector Harrison reported today that an officer and six special constables patrolling the shores at Lake Lough Sillan, ten miles north of Belleco were attacked by 75 persons using a machine gun.

One of the specials is believed to have been killed.

DUBLIN, April 6.—(By Associated Press.) If there is any plan on foot (Continued on Page Eight)

The Flapper Question Is Solved



Eugene H. Grubb, at the right, claims discovery of the term "flapper" at Edinburgh, Scotland, where it was used to typify younger girls, whose long braids of hair flapped against their backs, and Miss Irene Delroy, recently adjudged the most perfectly formed girl in the country demonstrates the action of the description.

ROSE COGHAN ADORED STAR OF '80'S A BROKEN AND PENNILESS WOMAN

NEW YORK, April 6.—Rose Coghlan, adored conty star of the '80's has taken her first tragedy role. It is that of a broken, penniless old woman, waiting and praying in her rooms in the "roaring forties" for death to come and take her from a world that has passed her by.

The "Lady Teasle" who graced Wallace's forty cars ago and piled up success upon success, ended her last stage part—a small one,—last May. "Deborah" closed, sentiment from business, having reluctantly told her she "wouldn't do."

Three weeks ago she collapsed. She hasn't left her rooms since. Mrs. Richard Pittman, Rose Coghlan's only daughter, who lives with her and cares for her between rehearsals as an understudy, told of her mother's plight with tears in her eyes.

"I leave the room for a few moments," she said, "and when I come back mamma has her hands over her face and is sobbing softly 'Oh, I want to die, I ought to be dead. Nobody in the world wants me. I ought to be out of it. I'm just a burden—just a burden.'"

SUPREME COURT TO DECIDE JAP ANTI-LAND LAW

WASHINGTON, April 6.—When the supreme court meets Monday it will be asked to advance for consideration at this term a case in which W. Porterfield and V. Mizuno seek to question the constitutionality of the California anti-alien land law.

The proceedings, recently docketed, are brought against the attorney general of California and the district attorney of Los Angeles county and contend the law is invalid on the ground that it would deprive citizens of the United States of equal protection of the laws and liberty over agricultural property they own, which deprive Japanese of the right to lease agricultural lands while permitting other aliens to do so, and also would take away from Japanese rights, privileges and immunities guaranteed them by the United States under treaty.

Lillian Russell for Testing Immigrants' Blood Before Sailing

WASHINGTON, April 6.—An immigration holiday of from one to five years was recommended today by Mrs. Lillian Russell Moore, who recently made an inspection of conditions in France, England and Italy under a commission by President Harding.

As a result of her trip she said, the conviction that America should care for Americans first, had assumed first importance in her mind among all other phases of immigration problems.

Other recommendations by Mrs. Moore included compulsory blood tests of immigrants, made before they sailed, authorization of American consuls to refuse to issue passports of objectionable persons and requirement of all immigrants to read, write and speak the English language.

BASEBALL SCORES

Vernon, 9; Salt Lake City 7. Portland, 5; Los Angeles 10. Oakland, 4; Sacramento 3. Seattle, 6; San Francisco 8.

Japs Raise Copper Tariff.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—A sharp advance in the Japanese import duties on copper and copper products effective March 30, was announced in a department of commerce dispatch today from Tokio.

Millionaire's Son Is Married Twice In Seventeen Days

NEW YORK, April 6.—Joseph Donald Grafton, son of a wealthy furniture manufacturer whose whereabouts are unknown to the police, today was indicted by a supreme court grand jury on a charge of bigamy and a bench warrant was issued for his arrest.

The indictment charged that Grafton had married Mary Margaret Laird, known on the stage as Peggy Davis, in this city December 10, 17 days after he had gone through a marriage ceremony in Youngstown, Ohio, with Ellen Curley McIntyre.

Miss Davis, 17 years old, now is ill in a sanitarium here. Her mother, with the Youngstown girl, appeared yesterday before the grand jury.

MARSHAL JOFFRE GIVEN OVATION SAN FRANCISCO

Hero of Marne Gets Noisy Welcome in California—Calls Lone G. A. R. Man to Receiving Stand—Czecho-Slovakia Is Praised.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6.—Marshal Jacques Joffre with Mme. Joffe and their daughter, Mile Germaine Joffe, received an enthusiastic welcome on his arrival here today, but his fatigue from traveling was so great that one of the affairs in his honor, a public reception in the rotunda of the city hall, had to be called off. A special ferryboat brought him across to San Francisco and Rear Admiral A. S. Halstead, Major General C. H. Morton, Mayors James Rolph of San Francisco, John L. Davis of Oakland and Stephen Otis of Alameda, French Consul General Julius Neltner and a delegation from the French colony were among those who greeted him. Mme. Joffe and Mile Germaine were showered with flowers and other gifts.

The marshal declined to be interviewed but two Szecho-Slovakian women who broke through the police lines and extended their greetings evoked the statement from him that "we are glad the war has given birth to the new, heroic Czecho-Slovakia."

A parade with infantry, artillery, cavalry and bluejackets as escorts followed his arrival and he then inspected the junior reserve officers' training corps in the civic center.

Last of all the organizations to be reviewed was a lone member of the Grand Army of the Republic. The marshal promptly hailed the Civil War veteran and he was brought into the reviewing stand to join the official party.

Local officials of the Military Order of the World War presented him with a certificate of membership in that organization.

Marshal Joffre's afternoon program included a reception at the Hotel St. Francis and tonight he will be the guest of honor at a citizens' banquet.

Secy Hoover Returns.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Secretary Hoover returned to his desk at the department of commerce today after a several weeks' trip in the west in connection with hearings of the Colorado river commission.

Baker P. M. Named.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Postmaster nominated by President Harding today included William S. Bowers at Baker, Ore.

COAL STRIKE PROMISES TO END SHORTLY

No Harm Being Done to Business Declares Government, and No Danger Coal Shortage—Kansas Operators and Miners to Confer—Miners Want to Work.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The coal strike has as yet been without effect upon business, according to the view expressed today at the treasury.

Officials explained it was too soon for reserve stocks of coal to become depleted sufficiently to affect the country industrially. These officials expressed the belief there would be no danger of a coal shortage during the summer, even though the controversy between the miners and operators should be protracted several months.

PITTSBURG, April 6.—The Southwest Inter-State Coal Operators' association has invited the Kansas union miners to meet the representatives of the association at a conference at Kansas City, Monday, to consider negotiations for a new contract.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 6.—Plans for pressing the work of organizing non-union West Virginia miners to support the nation wide suspension of work ordered by the United Mine Workers of America were considered today at a conference here of William Green, secretary treasurer of the union, and Lawrence Dwyer of Beckley, W. Va., a member of the union's executive board.

Financial matters and the sending of more union organizers into West Virginia were understood to have been under discussion.

Assurance was given to Mr. Green by Mr. Dwyer that 21,000 miners in the New River field and the Winding Gulf field would be enlisted to the union's cause before the end of the week and the West Virginia leader suggested that officers of the international union later consider holding a meeting at Bluefield, W. Va., to address the miners, several thousand of whom he asserted, would come from non-union fields not yet reached by the union's organizers.

NEW YORK, April 6.—Week-end sessions of the anthracite miners and operators' sub-committee on wage contract negotiations were agreed on by both parties today in an endeavor to settle the hard coal strike.

John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers was at the head of the union delegation on the committee and the miners predicted they would complete their case by tomorrow night. The operators, who have retained a large staff of economic research experts, announced they would be ready by that time to support their demands for a decrease in miners' wages.

Reports that the state of Pennsylvania had called on the union to furnish fire fighters for another mine fire which broke out yesterday were verified by William J. Brennan, president of district No. 1 at Scranton.

Mr. Brennan said he would seek permission of the sub-committee today to detail the necessary number of fire fighters at once. The first, which is the fourth for which help has been sought since the strike began April 1, is at the Lee collieries at Wilkesbarre, according to Mr. Brennan. The only way it can be subdued he said is by sinking a new shaft directly into the heart of the blaze. Several hundred men will be required for this job.

STATE DETECTIVE IS ARRESTED FOR TAMPERING WITH A. C. BURCH JURY

LOS ANGELES, April 6.—One private detective is under arrest today on a charge of jury tampering in the case of Arthur C. Burch, accused of the murder of J. Belton Kennedy, and another faces citation for contempt of court, as the result of the court investigation of too close questioning of members of the venire from which the jurors for Burch's second trial were to have been chosen.

H. S. Hockins, an employe of a detective agency engaged by the state to investigate jury panels is the man under arrest. The charge against him is a felony for which the punishment is a possible sentence of five years imprisonment or a fine of \$5000.