

# MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

MEDFORD, OREGON, SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1922

NO. 9

**The Weather**

Prediction	Rain
Maximum yesterday	61
Minimum today	38
Precipitation	Trace

**Weather Year Ago**

Prediction	Fair
Maximum	71
Minimum	34

## EX-EMPEROR CHARLES OF AUSTRIA DIES

### Exiled Ruler Succumbs to Pneumonia at Funchal Madeira, 400 Miles Off African Coast—History of Life—Two Attempts Made to Regain Austrian Throne.

FUNCHAL, Madeira, April 1.—(By Associated Press.) Former Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary died here today.

Former Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary and his wife, Zita, were sent into exile by the entente allies after he had made two spectacular attempts to regain the throne either of Austria or Hungary. Thereafter he was kept a political prisoner in the Portuguese island of Madeira 400 miles off the African coast. Although his situation while there resembled in some respects that of Napoleon at St. Helena, Charles and Zita occupied a much more comfortable position for they were given a pleasant home in the beautiful city of Funchal, whose residents treated them with friendly consideration.

Ex-Empress Zita had left her children in Switzerland and when one of them was taken ill the allied governments permitted her to return to that country and visit them.

### Went to Switzerland

After the establishment of the Austrian republic, August 21, 1918, Charles then in Austria, sought permission to remain in that country but he was asked to leave after it was found he was plotting for his resumption of power. He left with his family late in March, 1919 and rented a house on the banks of Lake Geneva at Prangins, where he resided for some months.

During this time, reports of his alleged plotting leaked out and brought forth a categorical statement from the entente that the restoration of the house of Hapsburg would not be permitted. Charles had steadfastly refused to abdicate although he was requested to do so at various times.

### Attempt to Regain Throne

On March 29, 1921, he suddenly appeared in Vienna but his overtures were repulsed by the Austrian authorities, he went to Budapest where he attempted without success to take over the Hungarian government from Admiral Horthy, Hungarian regent. Although disappointed by the lack of support, the former emperor refused to leave the country, pleading illness. Later he offered to renounce all his titles, remaining as a simple citizen, Switzerland meanwhile increased at its violations of its agreement not to leave the country, was reported unwilling again to receive him. The members of the little entente, Jugo-Slavia, Czech-Slavia and Rumania, sent an ultimatum to Hungary demanding his ejection and on April 6 he re-entered Switzerland which received him on the understanding he would engage in no more intrigues or propaganda. He was ordered to remove his residence from near the border to the central part of Switzerland and did so, locating near Wez, the Swiss increased their guard over him but on October 22 he reached Raab, Hungary, having crossed the Swiss frontier in an airplane. He formed a "legitimist cabinet" at Raab and marched on Budapest with an army of 12,000 men.

### Captured at Komorn

The Hungarian government sent loyal troops against him and he was finally captured with his wife near Komorn and confined in the castle at Tata Tovaros, until the entente allies determined that he should not again have an opportunity to attempt a coup d'etat sent them to Madeira.

Charles refused to abdicate and the

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## Reading of Peace Pact In Ireland Interrupted By Bomb Killing Baby

BELFAST, April 1.—(By Associated Press.) A laborer named Donnelly was seated at the fire-side last night reading the terms of the London peace pact to his wife when a bomb was thrown which killed his three-year-old son and wounded two other children and Donnelly himself.

Donnelly had just remarked that the troubles in Belfast were over when the bomb was hurled.

LONDON, April 1.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Belfast says the republican committee has ordered a secret mobilization of the Dublin Irish republican army for Sunday possibly with the intention of violent action.

## FILM FOLKS ON STAND TELL OF FAT'S GAY PARTY

### Fred Fishbach Did Not Hear Virginia's Cries—Two Men Brought Liquor—Movie Actor Tells of Miss Rappe Tearing Her Clothes.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1.—Fred Fishbach, motion picture director and joint occupant with Roscoe C. (Fatty) Arbuckle of the hotel suite here in which the festivities occurred last labor day that were followed four days later by the death of Miss Virginia Rappe, was the main witness today in the third trial of Arbuckle on a manslaughter charge.

He said he did not hear the cries "I am dying," and "he hurt me," that prosecution witnesses testified Miss Rappe voiced when found in distress at the party, the only word that came to his ear being a muttered "don't" when she picked her up off the bed where she was lying, to immerse her in a tub of water to revive her.

Fishbach admitted being present next day at the conversation with Arbuckle that Alfred Semmacher told of earlier in the trial, but said he did not remember Arbuckle telling of having applied ice to Miss Rappe's body in an effort to restore her to consciousness, an incident which Semmacher said Arbuckle had related.

The liquor at the Arbuckle party appeared in the hotel suite two days before, on the same day he and the film comedian arrived in San Francisco from Los Angeles, Fishbach said. He testified that it was brought in by "two gentlemen."

Fishbach declared that he was absent during most of the time the party was in progress, returning to the hotel suite after a visit to the CHIF suite to inspect some trained seals that he was considering using in a picture.

Phil McCallough, a motion picture actor proceeded Fishbach on the stand. He testified that Miss Rappe once tore her clothing on the occasion of a party at her home. Several other defense witnesses have told of clothes tearing by Miss Rappe, which the defense contends is an indication that her action on the occasion of the Arbuckle party were caused by a chronic ailment.

Today's session of the trial ended with Fishbach still under cross-examination by the prosecution which asked him to describe in detail his actions in carrying Miss Rappe to bathroom.

### S. F. Metal Wages Reduced.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 1.—Members of the California Metal Trades association today voted a wage scale with 10 per cent reductions, effective April 27. The new scale fixes a basic wage of 16 cents an hour for skilled mechanics. Holders of San Francisco have voted to strike should any such reduction be made.

## FEAR ARMED UPRISING IN ERIN SUNDAY

### Irish Republican Army Parade Scheduled Tomorrow, and Arouses Fear of Govt.—Sniping and Outrages Continue in Spite of London Agreement

LONDON, April 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Dublin brigade of the Irish republican army "has been mobilized for parade tomorrow morning to take a new oath of allegiance, or an oath with new implications," says a statement issued from the army headquarters in Boggar's Bush barracks, as telegraphed by the Daily Mail correspondent.

"The officers and men," the message adds, "must understand that the real purpose of the mobilization is to take them away from their position under general headquarters as the army of the government of the people of Ireland."

(The correspondent in a previous dispatch reported that the republican committee had ordered a secret mobilization of the republican section of the army, possibly with the intention of violent action.)

### Train Held Up

BELFAST, April 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—A train from Belfast to Dublin was held up at Dunleer, county Douth today by forty men, wearing trench coats, leggings and caps. The men entered the mail coach and removed all letters and parcels from Belfast. During the raid the train crew and the Dunleer station staff were covered by revolvers.

BELFAST, April 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—A fierce fight between a party of police and members of the Irish republican army took place nine miles from Cookstown, Tyrone county, Ulster, at midnight last night. The police were patrolling the district, which is mountainous, when they came upon a large body of soldiers drilling. The soldiers lost one killed and several wounded.

### 64 Killed in Belfast.

BELFAST, April 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—The roll of fatalities from the factional disorders in Belfast reached a total of 64 for the month of March—the blackest month in Belfast's history.

The last victim of the month was Francis Flynn, who died last night from the effects of injuries received in a recent bombing outrage.

An unsuccessful attempt was made last evening to set fire to a large engineering establishment on the east side of Belfast. Two unexploded bombs were found on the premises.

LONDON, April 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—Hope, tempered with doubt and fear is the keynote of the morning newspaper editorial comment on the outlook in Ireland in view of the passage of the Anglo-Irish treaty bill and the agreement by the northern and southern governments for co-operation in pacification of the country.

None of the writers expects the two documents immediately to bring absolute peace which it is remarked has many enemies and in some instances it is contended that the agreement is quite likely instead to increase the trouble for a time.

LONDON, April 1.—The Freeman's Journal has filed a claim with the Dublin city authorities for 15,000 pounds sterling damages for the wrecking of its plant by armed raiders Thursday, says a dispatch to the Daily Mail.

## BUTTE MINES START UP WORK AGAIN

BUTTE, Mont., April 1.—The Anaconda and High Ore mines of the Anaconda Copper Mining company resumed operations today. Both properties had been down for about two years. Neither will employ a large force immediately although they will give work to several hundred miners.

John Gillie, general manager of mines, of the Anaconda company, in a statement announcing that the Butte Relief association was closing its offices today and that its mission had been fulfilled, stated that more men were employed in the Butte district than at the time of the general shutdown a year ago.

With the Anaconda and High Ore working an average crew of more than 9000 men will be on the mine payroll in the district.

## Recent Photograph of Ex-Austrian Emperor Who Died in Exile Today



EMPEROR CHARLES

## SEQUIN, WN. BANK BANDITS CAUGHT, HUNGER ASSISTS IN NEW NOTE

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., April 1.—The two men captured at Quilcene last night by Sheriff William Case and his deputies today were found to be Frank Grant, 50, and Ernest A. Browning, 41. They confessed to the robbery of the State Bank at Sequim, but denied the murder of Ray Light at Port Discovery. All the loot from the bank, amounting to over \$20,000, was recovered.

Grant is in the hospital here and may die. A bullet from Sheriff Case's revolver hit him in the shoulder and ranged downward, badly wounding him internally. Browning is held in the county jail here and this morning he confessed he and his partner robbed the Sequim bank last week of about \$22,000. He declared he and Grant had no part in the later robbery of the Discovery. Ray logging camp and the murder of Light, and Sheriff Case is inclined to believe that statement. Loggers from Discovery Bay have been asked here and an attempt to identify the two men will be made.

The capture shortly before midnight last night was dramatic. Sheriff Case had an inkling the men were near Quilcene and he took three deputies and stationed them on the bridge.

At 11:39 two men appeared and were ordered to stop. Browning held up his hands, but Grant ran below the bridge. Sheriff Case followed him and was forced to shoot in order to capture him.

The sheriff found \$4500 in bills of large denominations on Browning, including three \$1000 notes and three of \$500. Grant carried a package of \$100 bills in addition to Liberty bonds and jewels taken from the Sequim bank. Browning denied that all the money was obtained in the bank robbery, declaring that some of it belonged to the two men. He stated he had been in other bank robberies, Sheriff Case said, but did not go into particulars. He said he had met Grant only a few days before the robbery and attributed his capture to the fact that he did not know the country. The robbers had no food for six days, Browning said.

## BURCH ATTORNEYS CLAIM FRAME-UP

LOS ANGELES, April 1.—No session of the trial of Arthur C. Burch for the murder of J. Belton Kennedy was held today, adjournment until Monday having been taken yesterday at the request of defense counsel who announced their intention of preparing additional affidavits to support their contention the entire jury panel had been tampered with by alleged representatives of the district attorney's office.

April 22, Arbor Day.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—President Harding today proclaimed April 22 as a golden anniversary of Arbor day.

## FRANCE SHOWS KINDLY SPIRIT IN NEW NOTE

WASHINGTON, April 1.—A new French note was given out today in the form of a cable message from Ambassador Herrick at Paris, which read as follows:

"I have just received a note, dated yesterday, from the foreign office, stating the French government never had intention of contesting the right of the United States to be as completely reimbursed for their army costs as the other governments with troops on the Rhine. The French government is persuaded that easy and quick agreement can be reached between the allied governments and the United States on this question and it is consulting the Belgian, British and Italian governments.

"M. Poincare adds that he wishes to inform our government how much the French government appreciated the cooperation of the American troops with the allied troops on the Rhine; that the French government greatly regrets that our government should have taken the decision to withdraw its troops; their presence while recalling the common sacrifices, could only contribute to confirm in the eyes of the entire world the essential peaceful character of the occupation of the Rhenish territories.

"It is in the same peaceful spirit without any idea of domination that the allied troops after, as before, the departure of the American troops will continue the occupation which has no other aim than to guarantee the execution of the terms of the peace treaty."

The message was the first answer received by Secretary Hughes to notes sent last week to Great Britain, France, Belgium, Italy and Japan, setting forth the rights of the United States to payment.

## NEW AMBASSADORS SAIL FOR EUROPE

NEW YORK, April 1.—Alanson B. Houghton, newly appointed ambassador to Germany, with his wife and two daughters, were passengers on board the Olympic sailing today for England. Ambassador Houghton will proceed immediately to Berlin to take up his duties.

Other passengers were Henry P. Fletcher, ambassador to Belgium and a delegation of railroad executives to the international railroad congress at Rome, including W. W. Atterbury, vice-president of the Pennsylvania system.

More Rain Predicted.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Weather outlook for the week beginning Monday:

Pacific states: Considerable cloudiness, normal temperature. Rain in Washington and Oregon and probably in California.

## Foreign Born Strikers To Visit in Europe

BRIDGEPORT, Ohio, April 1.—With an apparent enforced vacation of a few months ahead of them, approximately 10,000 foreign born mine workers are preparing to visit relatives across the sea, according to Frank Ledvinka, sub district president. Several had passports ready and left for New York today to take passage.

## DEVELOP TRADE WITH KLAMATH VIA TRUCK LINE

### George Collins Points Out Big Opportunity for Local Truck Gardners—California Now Monopolizes the Klamath County Field.

To the Editor:

For some time past, I have been impressed with the possibilities of Klamath Falls as a market for berries, early vegetables, fruits, etc., raised in the Rogue River valley, and on a recent visit to that section, I looked into the matter of their present source of supply.

Practically all of this class of produce comes into Klamath Falls from the Sacramento valley by express. There is but one train a day into Klamath, which arrives at 6:40 p. m., and therefore shipments from the south, after standing all day in a hot express car, still have to stay all night in the express office, the dealers getting their shipments anywhere from 8 to 10 a. m., the next day. One can imagine the condition they are in by that time. I have seen during the early summer months a horse-drawn express wagon moving down the main street with four to six iron-wheeled baggage trucks as trailers, all loaded with produce being delivered, the vegetables wilted and the berries running out of the crates. Last year quite a few berries were shipped from here, but they did not arrive in much better condition, as they left here at 9 a. m., and arrived there at 6:40 p. m., by express. Even at that no where near the demand was supplied. The housewives of Klamath can very little fruit. We know this by the quantity of fruit jars sold by the merchants there as compared with other sections. I am satisfied that the reason for this is because they are unable to obtain fruits and berries in the fresh condition necessary for canning. The demand could be developed tenfold, if the goods could be delivered in good condition.

The Green Spring Mountain road should be in good shape this spring. Trucks can travel during the night and deliver fresh, crisp garden truck early in the morning at Klamath Falls at probably no greater expense than present express rates. If they can travel loaded both ways, Klamath county, in my opinion, raises a superior quality of potatoes. I have used them at home for two or three years and consider them better than the ones that are shipped into Medford from Yakima and other distant points. Potatoes run into weight fast and would probably furnish sufficient tonnage for the trucks on the return trip, and they should be able to compete with carload freight rates from outside points. Celery is another product they raise over there that has out-of-the-ordinary quality and doubtless there are other items they have that we can use.

If this matter is followed up, I believe a wonderful business can be developed, that will be mutually profitable to the people of both sections. I am fairly well informed as to conditions in Klamath county and will be very glad indeed to assist in any way that I can.

Very Truly Yours,  
GEORGE T. COLLINS.

## MISSISSIPPI GOVERNOR FAILS TO PROVE SEDUCTION CHARGE IS A "FRAME UP"

JACKSON, Miss., April 1.—The special committee of the Mississippi house of representatives named to investigate the charges of perniculous lobbying by certain fire insurance interests and other allegations made by Governor Russell in a recent special message to the legislature reported today that its investigation had failed to substantiate the charges.

The house adopted the report after more than an hour's debate.

The report stated the allegations that the \$100,000 damage suit of Miss Francis Birkhead, alleging seduction,

## SHOOTING IN COAL STRIKE AREA STARTS

### Two Policemen in Southern Illinois Coal Area Wounded By Miner—Both Anthracite and Bituminous Areas Affective for First Time in History—Strikers Orderly.

### GOVT OPERATION IS FAVORED BY BORAH

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Government operation of the coal mines was suggested in a statement today by Senator Borah, republican, Idaho, chairman of the senate labor committee, after conferences with representatives of miners and operators. The senator said this was the alternative if the coal industry was not re-organized.

### BENTON, Ill., April 1.—Spasmodic shooting occurred today in various sections of the southern Illinois field where the miners' strike is reported as 100 per cent complete.

Jesse Benson, night chief of police at Duquoin was shot and wounded seriously and Policeman Walter Sconce was wounded slightly by Harry Reid, a miner, early today.

SEATTLE, April 1.—More than 2,600 coal miners in Washington laid down their tools and joined the nation wide walkout of miners at midnight last night, Ernest M. Metcalf, president of the district United Mine Workers estimated today. They included about 2,000 men employed in the Cle Elum-Roslyn field of eastern Washington, and 600 in western Washington mines.

### (By the Associated Press.)

For the first time in the history of the coal industry, both bituminous and anthracite coal fields virtually were idle today as the result of the cessation of work by 600,000 miners effective at midnight last night. Union officials asserted that 100,000 non-union miners were included in the walkout and that 6,000 of the 7,500 mines in the country were shut down.

The first day of the national suspension fell on the anniversary of the adoption of the eight hour day, April 1, 1898. The day has been observed generally as a holiday in normal times, due to which estimates of the completeness of the suspension were not regarded as final.

The administration in Washington continued to observe a "hands off" policy.

President Lewis of the United Mine Workers planned to leave Indianapolis tonight for Washington "to lay the miners' case before the house labor committee in detail on Monday."

The Morgantown district of West Virginia would open Monday on an open shop basis, it was announced.

In some fields, railroads serving the mines laid off large forces.

### Remedy Is Suggested.

NEW YORK, April 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—Congressional action to prohibit overdevelopment of the coal industry was proposed here today by Philip Murray, vice president of the United Mine Workers of America, as "a cure for the great evil which has America in the grip of a nation wide strike today.

"Ten thousand bituminous mines are being worked in this country

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## SOVIET AIDES ON WAY TO GENOA, SAY FRENCH TRY TO MISLEAD WORLD

BERLIN, April 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—Twenty Russian socialist delegates to the Genoa economic conference, headed by George Chicherin, soviet foreign minister, arrived in Berlin this afternoon from Moscow. They were met at the station by Baron von Maltzahn, chief of the Near East section of the foreign office.

The Moscow leaders smiled when they were shown the statement Premier Poincare was reported to have made in the chamber of deputies yesterday, saying he had been approached by soviet emissaries seeking resumption of relations with the French government. The soviet officials termed M. Poincare's statement as a ridiculous concoction calculated to serve as a smoke screen for French insincerity and to mislead world opinion.