

# EXPULSION FACED BY BLANTON

### Texas Democrat Charged With Causing "Obscene and In- decent Language" to Be Printed in Congressional Record—Mordell Introduces Resolution—Democrat Col- league Favor Censure.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Expulsion from the house of representatives of Thomas L. Blanton, democrat, Texas, was called for in a resolution introduced today by Representative Mordell, republican leader.

The ground for the move to expel was publication in the Congressional Record as part of an extension of remarks by Blanton of an affidavit relating to a row at the government printing office which affidavits were characterized by some house members as obscene and unfit for transmission through the mails.

In Blanton's absence consideration of the resolution was deferred until Thursday.

The resolution offered by Mr. Mordell follows:

"Whereas, Thomas L. Blanton, representative from the seventeenth district of the state of Texas, did on October 4, 1921, ask unanimous consent to extend his remarks in the Congressional Record upon the improvements in the government printing office which consent was granted by the house; and

"Whereas, under such permission the said Thomas L. Blanton did insert and cause to be printed in the Congressional Record for Saturday October 22, 1921, grossly indecent and obscene language unworthy of a member of the house of representatives, contrary to the rules of the house, derogatory to its dignity and in violation of its confidence, therefore, be it:

"Resolved, that the said Thomas L. Blanton, by his conduct as aforesaid, has forfeited all rights to sit as a representative in the sixty-seventh congress and is hereby expelled and declared to be no longer a member of this house."

An announcement was made that the Texas delegation would meet tomorrow to act on the Blanton case. There was a suggestion from some democrats that the resolution of expulsion be amended to censure only.

### HEAVY SEAT SALE W. S. C. - U. C. GAME

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 25.—Seats for the University of California-Washington State college football game here next Saturday are reported to be selling fast. Up to last night reservations had been made for 2500 seats in the grandstand which has a capacity of 3370.

The Multnomah club is arranging to encircle the field with circus bleachers. Every terrace in the big bowl will have its topping of seats. All told there will be a seating capacity for approximately 11,000.

There will be in addition, standing room for 5000.

### BANDON, OR., SAVED FROM FIRE BY TUG

BANDON, Ore., Oct. 25.—Fire which early today destroyed the Grand theater and damaged the Odd Fellows block, in which the theater was located, causing loss estimated at \$20,000. The fire threatened the business section until a tug pumping salt water from the river checked the flames.

### 10 MILLION RUSSIANS FACE FAMINE, HOOVER ASKS FOR SURPLUS SUPPLIES

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Suggestion that congress authorize the war department to donate surplus war supplies for use in relieving the famine stricken peoples in Russia was made today by Secretary Hoover in a letter to Chairman Kahn of the house military affairs committee. The relief associations, the secretary said, had not been able to command sufficient private charity "to cover even a portion of the great need."

From 5,000,000 to 10,000,000 people in Russia must be destroyed unless they are given aid, according to a statement by Dr. Vernon Kellogg, secretary of the National Research Council, made public by Mr. Hoover. Dr. Kellogg declared that in the Volga famine area the lives of 15,000,000 people were in jeopardy.

## Brumfield's Wounds Heal Fast; Cheerful Tho Gallows Yawn

ROSEBURG, Ore., Oct. 25.—Dr. R. M. Brumfield's self-inflicted wounds in his neck continued to heal today. The physicians in attendance stated that there is only a slight infection and that it is not dangerous. Dr. Brumfield appears cheerful, and talks about everything except the murder case and his attempt at suicide.

He does not seem worried over the fact that next Monday he will be sentenced to death for the murder of Dennis Russell, of which he was convicted last week.

## DRYS PREPARE TO FIGHT U. S. TREAS'Y EDICT

### Wayne B. Wheeler Declares Action Legalizing Medicinal Wine and Beer Indefensible —Predicts Prompt Reaction and New Law By Congress.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Beer as a medicine enjoys a full legal status today, through the unexpected action of the treasury department in promulgating regulations permitting its use for that purpose. Issued in accordance with an opinion submitted by former Attorney General Palmer last March 3, holding the medicinal use of beer to be legal under the prohibition laws, and after being withheld since then, in anticipation of early action by congress on the pending anti-beer measure, announcement of the beer regulations came as a complete surprise to prohibition leaders.

Predicting an immediate reaction to the treasury's announcement in the direction of increased pressure to effect enactment of the anti-beer bill, dry advocates in and out of congress did not conceal their disapproval of the department's action. Wayne B. Wheeler, general counsel for the Anti-Saloon league described it as "less defensible than at any other time."

While the new rules, covering the use of wines and spirituous liquors as medicines as well as beer, fix a limit of two and a half gallons, the equivalent of a case, on the amount of beer that may be prescribed to the same person at one time, no arbitrary limit is placed on the number of prescriptions one person may obtain within a given period.

Except that the amount for a single prescription is limited to two quarts, the wine regulations are the same, while spirituous liquors are limited to one pint within any ten day period.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 25.—Assuming that brewers are permitted to make beer under regulations issued by the treasury, it will not be the "old fashioned kind," according to John T. Drane, vice president of a Louisville beverage company.

Only malt and hops are used in making near beer, he said, whereas a cereal is required for "real beer." Even then, he said, it will be three weeks before the medicinal product can be made.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 25.—That the new regulations which place no limit on the number of prescriptions for beer a doctor may issue would create a large demand was the consensus of opinion among several representative St. Louis brewers last night. They expressed doubt that the new ruling would cause the resumption of brewing in large quantities.

No Beer in Chicago.  
CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—There may be  
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# LEGAL STEPS RAIL STRIKE OUTLINED

### Department of Justice to Move Fuel, Food and Passengers in Case Strike Comes—Pre- pare to Protect Public First —Union Heads to Meet With Labor Boards.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Discussions of details as to the policy of the department of justice in event of a railroad strike was completed today at a final conference between Attorney General Daugherty and district attorneys from five important railroad cities.

The district attorneys on leaving the conference were admonished by Mr. Daugherty not to discuss the department's plans and the attorney general likewise refused information.

Mr. Daugherty and the district attorneys held their first conference yesterday and at its conclusion it was announced that a program insuring transportation of passengers, food and fuel in case of a strike had been worked out.

On the general question of the government's right to act in event of a strike the justice department is understood to take the position, on the authority of supreme court decisions, that the employees of public utilities bear a different relation to their posts than workers in other lines because of the duty owed by public utility servants to avoid any interruption of facilities upon which the public is dependent. Upon this principle, officials said, the department was prepared to protect the public from a cessation in the flow of arteries of commerce throughout the country.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—W. S. Stone, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, today denied reports that he has advised the general chairman of the engineers that they need not respond to the citation of the railroad labor board to appear before the board in Chicago tomorrow by making public telegrams exchanged between chairman R. M. Barton of the board and the "big five" executives.

Chairman Barton last night wired President Stone that the board's order included the general chairman. The executive's reply sent this morning by the five executives, advised Chairman Barton that "it is evident you have statements of the several executives confused," and explains that the general chairman of the engineers have no authority to act on matters pertaining to settlement of the proposed strike, this authority being vested in the grand officers and the executive committee only.

Chairman Barton's message to Mr. Stone follows:

"We are receiving word from chairman that they have been advised by you that they need not attend Wednesday. This is not the meaning of the board's order in view of your statement to the board as to importance of chairman in present situation. The board desires their presence."

"We desire the presence of the general chairman of the brotherhoods as well as the executive officers," Chairman Barton said. "There is nothing in any of the messages sent out by the board, summoning the labor men, which could be construed otherwise."

CLEVELAND, Oct. 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—The reply to Chairman Barton's message follows: "Very evident that you have the statements of the several executives confused. Mr. Lee stated it would require action of chairman and committees of individual roads. Sheppard, Cashen and Stone stated that the executive committees and grand officers had full power to represent them and make satisfactory settlement. We have notified executive committees to be present."

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—Chairman R. M. Barton of the labor board when advised today that President Stone of the engineers had advised his general chairman they need not respond to the board's citation to appear here tomorrow, said he had no communication with Mr. Stone on the subject and that he could not understand why such an order should be given.

"We shall take this matter up at once and correct it," Chairman Barton said.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 25.—(By the Associated Press.)—Notwithstanding  
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## Four Leaders in Fight to Cut Rail Wages



Above—Samuel L. Felton & Albert J. County  
Below—John G. Rodgers & Milton H. Smith

Here are four of the leading railroad executives who are going ahead with preparations for another general reduction in wages, ignoring strike warnings of their employees. Above, from left to right, are Samuel L. Felton, president of the Chicago Great Western, and Albert J. County, vice president of the Pennsylvania lines. Below are John G. Rodgers, vice president of the Pennsylvania, and Milton H. Smith, vice-president of the Louisville & Nashville.

## U. S. STEEL HELD GREATEST ENEMY OF LABOR PEACE

### If Corporation Removed From Situation Turmoil Ended in Six Months Says Untermeyer —Favors Federal Licenses to Control Trusts in Testi- mony Before Senate.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Enactment of laws compelling corporations doing an interstate business to obtain federal licenses was urged today by Samuel Untermeyer, New York lawyer, as a step toward solution of industrial controversies.

Testifying before the senate committee investigating the West Virginia mine disorders, Mr. Untermeyer declared that only through a licensing system could the federal government impose such conditions upon corporations as would maintain peace in industry.

One of the conditions which Mr. Untermeyer said should be imposed was that employers should bargain collectively with their workers.

"I say candidly," he continued, "that the open shop is the ideal plan for it is more in harmony with American principles. But I say with equal candor that it cannot be. The open shop is not a possible thing."

Mr. Untermeyer declared the United States Steel corporation was "the greatest enemy of labor today," and asserted that if it were removed from the situation "there would be industrial peace in six months."

Discussion of the steel corporation came in connection with statements concerning the "enormous interests" in West Virginia coal lands. Mr. Untermeyer explained incidentally that he was the largest individual holder of stock in the Bethlehem Steel corporation, but told the committee, he was out of sympathy also with its labor policies.

## LADY BLUEBEARD ON STAND TELLS OF MEYERS' END

### Alleged Lady Bluebeard Looks Straight at Jury Box But Voice Is Barely Audible— Admits Buying Insect Pow- der—Flatly Denies Giving Poison to Husband No. 4.

TWIN FALLS, Idaho, Oct. 25.—With eyes fixed directly upon the jury and in a voice barely audible beyond range of the attorneys, Lyda Meyer Southard this morning on the witness stand told her story of the death of her fourth husband, Edward F. Meyer, for the murder of whom she is now being tried. The calling of the defendant to the witness chair came as an almost complete surprise. A special recess of ten minutes was asked for by the attorneys for the defense for the purpose of conference. A witness previously asked for was being sought by the balliffs. At the close of the recess announcement was made that this particular witness was not then required.

"Call your next witness," directed the court. At a word from counsel Mrs. Southard got up and walked to the witness stand.

A buzz of conversation broke out among the spectators as she took her seat.

The defendant detailed her story of the final illness of Mr. Meyer up to the time of his death. She admitted buying two packages of insect exterminant at the Fisher Drug company store, and denied that she had purchased more than that amount. She declared that her husband was taken to the Twin Falls county hospital at her orders, and that he was not noticeably ill during the trip.

Asked directly if she had ever administered poison to Edward F. Meyer, the defendant replied: "I did not—no, I didn't."

## CALL BIDS FOR HANDLING MAIL

OLYMPIA, Wash., Oct. 25.—Postmaster James Doherty of Olympia received instructions today from Chief Clerk William C. Ott at Washington to call for bids on distribution of mails by truck in the event of a railway strike tie-up. The entire Thurston and Gray's Harbor county territory would be served. Mr. Doherty stated Olympia's point of supply would be either Seattle or Tacoma.

## GERMAN CABINET FORMED BY WIRTH

BERLIN, Oct. 25.—(By Associated Press.) Joseph Wirth, who resigned from the office of the German chancellor last Saturday, has been designated by President Ebert to form a new cabinet.

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## Gambling Debt Paid by Check May Be Recovered, England

LONDON, Oct. 25.—A far-reaching and, for England, sensational decision has been rendered by the house of lords in a ruling that money paid by check in settlement of a gambling debt is recoverable by the loser.

The decision opens an avenue for possible litigation involving hundreds of thousands of pounds sterling and the book-makers who do a big business at all the race meetings declare they may be ruined financially. They have called a special meeting to consider the situation.

## HENNY RESIGNS AS CONSULTING DIST ENGINEER

### Resignation Wired to Local Di- rectors October 13—Will Be Accepted at Next Meeting Says J. A. Perry—Report Work Progressing.

D. C. Henny, consulting engineer of the Medford Irrigation district and one of the most prominent hydraulic engineers on the Pacific coast, resigned that position on October 13. This fact only became known yesterday. According to J. A. Perry, president of the district board of directors Mr. Henny's resignation will be accepted at the next regular meeting.

"We do not expect to appoint an engineer to take Mr. Henny's place unless it should seem necessary," said Mr. Perry today. "The work at the dam is progressing satisfactorily, on plans approved by both Mr. Henny and State Engineer Cupper. With Mr. Cowgill district engineer in charge, I believe the interests of the land owners will be fully protected."

Mr. Henny's resignation, wired from Akron, Ohio, October 13, was prompted by the fact that at that time, the board of directors had appointed no district engineer, as suggested both by Mr. Henny and state engineer Cupper. His telegram follows:

"State Engineer Cupper wires you have not yet appointed district engineer. Repeated disregard of my advice intended to insure safety, permanency and adequacy of district work, induces me to resign as your consulting engineer."

It is believed the appointment of Cowgill has removed the main cause of Henny's action, for in a letter to the board following his resignation, he said: "My present action has no connection with the character and ability of other engineers whose appointment I understand you are now considering and with whom it would have been a pleasure for me to cooperate."

On Mr. Henny's return from the east, J. A. Perry wrote him explaining that a district engineer had been appointed about the time of his resignation, but in his reply Mr. Henny merely confirmed his action without comment.

District Engineer Cowgill is now at the dam, where the pouring cement is now under way and it is hoped will be completed by the end of the week, says Mr. Perry. His assistant, Herman Powell is ill with tonsillitis, but is expected to be able to resume his duties within a few days.

After the resignation of R. W. Rea, State Engineer Cupper and Consulting Engineer Henny came to Medford, looked over the situation and on their return recommended the appointment of Mr. Dillard of the Talent District to replace Rea. Directors Perry and Cowgill communicated with Dillard but as he could not give his entire time to the project, did not offer him.

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## EX-EMPEROR CHARLES TO BE BANISHED

### Failing in Attempt at Suicide King and Queen Are Cap- tured and Confined in Ester- hazy Castle—Will Be Treat- ed As Napoleon Was Treated By French.

BUDAPEST, Oct. 25.—(By Associated Press.) Former Emperor Charles whose attempt to re-establish himself upon the Magyar throne met with dismal failure yesterday attempted to commit suicide by shooting, following his arrest near Komoran. Former Empress Zita saw him preparing to shoot himself and prevented him from carrying out his intention.

The former emperor and empress are prisoners in the Esterhazy castle at Tata Tovaros, and Thomas Beaumont Hohler, British high commissioner in Hungary, is hurrying there, with the representatives of other nations, to insure the safety of the prisoners.

Horthy Defeats Coup  
Orders sent to the rebellious troops by Admiral Horthy, the Hungarian regent, spelled the doom of Charles' attempt to regain at least a part of his former empire. The regent reminded the soldiers of their oath of allegiance to him and demanded their unconditional obedience, adding that the success of their undertaking would mean the ruin of the country. The firm stand of Admiral Horthy had its effect, and the royalist forces scattered. Latest advices from the section of country around Komoran indicated the government troops continued the pursuit of the royalists and that the Karlst premier, M. Aukovsky and Count Andrássy, were among the supporters of the former monarch, captured by the loyal troops.

The Hungarian government will probably await action by the allied powers regarding Charles' future place of residence. It is known that Switzerland will not again give him refuge and it is possible that he will be removed to some place where he will be virtually a prisoner of the allied powers.

The followers of the former emperor are reported to have lost half their number in attempting to retreat from Bieksa to Tata Tovaros. Peasants cut off their retreat toward the south.

Capture of Gustav Gratz, former minister of foreign affairs, who was involved in the monarchist attempt, is reported.

## MYSTERY SURROUNDS INDICTMENT OF U. S. SENATOR CAMERON OF ARIZONA

PHOENIX, Ariz., Oct. 25.—Information regarding the specific offense or offenses on which the charge of perjury was based in the indictment returned against Ralph H. Cameron, junior United States senator from Arizona, by the last federal grand jury here, still was lacking today.

The fact that the indictment was returned was learned yesterday when an entry relating to the matter was found in the minute book of the court. The entry stated that the indictment charged Senator Cameron with "violation of section 125 of the penal code, 1910—perjury."

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Attorney General Daugherty declined today to enter into any extended discussion of the indictment by the federal grand jury at Phoenix, Ariz., of Ralph H. Cameron, United States senator from Arizona.

The attorney general, in response to inquiries, said there was a "suspect" that an indictment had been brought against Senator Cameron and that a lot of people were evidently attempting to get some information, but the department of justice had nothing to say in connection with the matter at this time.

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## SENT TO FORTRESS

PARIS, Oct. 25.—(By Associated Press.) The allied policy for the future treatment of ex-emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary has been decided only as to one point—that he must be put in a position where he will be absolutely unable again to disturb the tranquility of Europe, it was declared in French official circles today.

The council of ambassadors will probably at its next meeting take up the problem of providing him with a home where his security and the tranquility of Europe, so far as any menace to it from him is concerned, will be equally assured.

One solution suggested here is that he be kept in a fortress until the political situation in Europe has been stabilized.

## NOTED CHARACTER DEAD

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.—W. H. (Bat) Masterson, former sheriff in the southwest and in recent years a sporting editor of the Morning Telegraph died of heart disease while at work at his desk today. He was 46 years old.

Tennis balls for shipment overseas are sealed in cans to prevent them from going dead.