

The Weather

Maximum yesterday 65
Minimum today 49
Precipitation .01

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

Predictions

Rain.

Daily—Sixteenth Year.
Weekly—Fifty-First Year.

MEDFORD, OREGON, THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1921

NO. 26

BERLIN ASKS HARDING TO BE MEDIATOR

German Government Promises to Fulfill in Spirit and Letter Any Award on Reparations Which President of the United States May Render—U. S. Decision Withheld.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Germany's appeal to President Harding to act as mediator in the reparations controversy between that country and the allies was received today by the state department from Commissioner Dreesel at Berlin. It is understood to have been discussed at a brief conference late today between Secretary Hughes and President Harding.

The text of the note to President Harding follows: "In the name of the German government and the German people the undersigned, notwithstanding the still existing technical state of war, respectfully petition the president of the United States to mediate in the reparations question and to fix the sum to be paid by Germany to the allied powers."

"They earnestly urge him to secure the consent of the allied powers to such mediation. They solemnly declare that the German government is ready and willing to agree, without reservations or qualifications to pay to the allied powers as reparations such sum as the president, after examination and investigation may find just and right."

"They formally pledge themselves to fulfill in letter and in spirit all the provisions of any award that may be made by him. With abiding faith in the righteousness of this request and with undeniably sincere of purpose, the German people, through their constituted government, submit their appeal to the president of the United States, with the confident hope that it will be granted, to the end that the final award may be made in accordance with the right and justice, to meet the heartfelt wishes of all civilized nations to avoid the immeasurable consequences of the imminent coercive measures, and to promote the peace of the world."

BERLIN, April 21.—(By the Associated Press.)—The German government has formally asked the president of the United States to mediate in the reparations question.

The note embodying the request was forwarded Wednesday by Lord Dreesel, the American commissioner in Berlin to the state department in Washington.

The note was signed by Chancellor Fehrenbach and Dr. Walter Simons, the foreign minister. The appeal pledges Germany to accept the mediation without reservations and to fulfill absolutely any award President Harding may make after examination and investigation into the subject.

HORSE SHOW OPENS AT SANTA BARBARA

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., April 21.—Horses from many points on the Pacific coast from San Diego to Vancouver are entered in Santa Barbara's third annual horse show, which opens at two o'clock this afternoon. Society

LORD SHOLTO DOUGLAS, EX-HUSBAND OF DANCE GIRL, MARRIES HEIRESS

LONDON, April 21.—Announcement is made that Lord Sholto Douglas, third son of the late Marquis of Queensberry, will be married next Saturday to Mrs. Bernard Mosselman of Park Lane, this city. She is a daughter of a wealthy Dutchman. Lord Douglas was given a divorce May 21, 1920 from Loretta Mooney, the California dancer, to whom he was married in May, 1915.

OAKLAND, Cal., April 21.—Lord Sholto Douglas met Miss Loretta Adis Mooney of Oakland, a dance hall favorite, in 1895, in Bakerfield, Cal., where he was looking over ranching

State Commission Asks Information On Talent Project

SALREM, Ore., April 21.—The state irrigation securities commission has requested further information relative to the requested certification of bonds by the Talent irrigation district in the amount of \$25,000 and the Squaw creek district in the amount of \$25,000. The Talent bonds are desired in connection with an agreement with the Jackson county court entered into with the district whereby the road is to be changed to go around Emigrant creek reservoir and for the purchase of additional rights of way.

ALLEGED BANK CROOK THREATENS LIFE ATTORNEY

SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—The directors of the Pioneer Mining and Ditch company, owning valuable Alaska properties, were prevented from considering the resignation of R. H. Cross, an attorney, from the board today, through an injunction action in which Cross said the resignation was forced by threats against his life by Jafed Lindeberg, Alaska, Tacoma and San Francisco capitalist.

The action arose from the alleged objectionable activities of Lindeberg and W. H. Metson, an attorney, in which Lindeberg obtained the position of manager of the company's properties, and Metson was named attorney. Metson stated that the difficulty arose out of differences between the company and F. O. Lindblom, Alaska and San Francisco capitalist. Cross is Lindblom's attorney.

HARDING FAVORS \$100,000,000 TO AID CATTLEMEN

CHICAGO, April 21.—Legislation directing the secretary of the treasury to turn over \$100,000,000 of the profits of the federal reserve bank to federal land banks and to be loaned by the latter institutions on stock cattle for the purpose of assisting cattle producers, has been recommended by W. P. G. Harding, governor of the federal reserve bank, according to a statement today by Everett C. Brown, president of the National Livestock exchange.

SON OF CHORUS GIRL GETS NO FIELD CASH

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 21.—Henry Anthony Marsh, reputed son of Henry Field of Chicago, and the London chorus girl, Peggy Marsh, is not entitled to inheritance of any of the Marshall Field millions, the Illinois supreme court decided this morning in ruling that the Marshall Field will specifically exempts from inheritance any illegitimate offspring.

DISAPPEARED IN 1915

In 1915 he disappeared for a time. Friends and relatives conducted a search which ended when he was found calmly reading a magazine in his Pasadena home. No explanation was ever made public. In 1917 Cudahy caused a sensation through an argument with Prince Paul Troubetzkoy, when the latter, a vegetarian, made some remark on meat eating that made Cudahy "sore" as he said when a physical encounter had been avoided.

SUICIDE ENDS WILD CAREER JACK CUDAHY

Son of Millionaire Meat Packer Ends Own Life by Pulling Trigger of Shot Gun With Toe—Life Was Tempestuous One.

Los Angeles, April 21.—Funeral arrangements for John J. (Jack) Cudahy, son of the late Michael Cudahy, internationally known meat packer, and himself for a time manager of the Cudahy Packing company of Kansas City, who committed suicide here yesterday were expected to be perfected today.

Cudahy's taking of his own life, according to detectives who investigated the tragedy, followed failure to negotiate a loan of \$10,000 from a Chicago bank. Yesterday, it was declared, Cudahy sealed his usual self. About 10:30 he was said to have gone to his room in the house in Hollywood district of Los Angeles, where he and his family made their home.

Early in the afternoon Mrs. Cudahy heard a shot and hurried to her husband's room. She found him dead, his head slayer on a bed, a shotgun close by. The shoe and sock had been removed from one foot, and the detectives later decided he had placed the muzzle of the weapon in his mouth and pulled the trigger with his toes. Physicians who had lately attended him said he had been suffering from nervous afflictions for several months, and lately had been taking treatment in a sanitarium.

Widow Prostrated The widow, Mrs. Edna Cowin Cudahy, who was the daughter of General John Clay Cowin of Omaha, Neb., was said today to be in a state of collapse as the result of the tragedy. With her in the house when her husband killed himself were two of their four children, Miss Anne Cudahy, 17, and Michael, 14, their only son. Miss Marie Cudahy was away from the home at the time. The fourth child is Mrs. Percy Fisher Browne of Pasadena, who was married only a few months ago.

In connection with the financial and physical troubles which were believed by officials and friends alike to have been the immediate cause of the suicide, a number of court actions in which Cudahy figured were recalled today. Shortly after the Cudahys left Kansas City and arrived in Pasadena in 1914, Cudahy was sued for \$30,000 damages by Dr. B. O. Coates of Pasadena, who charged him with having violently thrown the physician's wife against a table.

In January 1919, Cudahy was sued by a hotel company of Pasadena for \$9451 said to represent a two years' hotel bill. In connection with this action Cudahy asserted he had loaned the president of the company \$30,000.

Attended by Neurologists For several weeks prior to March 21 of this year Cudahy was at a Pasadena hotel, attended by neurologists. Then he came to a hotel in Los Angeles and registered under an assumed name, it was said. On April 15, back again at his Hollywood home, according to Dr. L. J. Huff, who attended him, he took poison. Dr. Huff found Cudahy ill but apparently his system was free from poison, the physician said.

Cudahy told Dr. Huff, the latter stated to the police, he had tried to kill himself but declined to give reasons. Why Cudahy lived at a hotel under a name other than his own was not known. Friends today suggested it might have been in line with a complaint he once made that he "never could do anything like other men."

"If I tip a waiter," he quoted him, "it is immediately circulated I am giving away \$100 bills." "If I buy a piece of jewelry it is heralded from coast to coast." "If I am seen at a race I am always 'betting wildly'."

When the United States entered the war Cudahy obtained a captain's commission and was assigned to duty at Camp Lewis, Wash. He served six months and then, because of physical

German Government Refuses Demand to Transfer Her Gold

PARIS, April 21.—(By Associated Press.) The German government has refused to transfer the gold reserves of the Reichsbank, the German imperial bank, to the Coblenz and Cologne branches of the bank, as demanded by the reparations commission, it was announced here today. Louis Yvoncheur, minister of liberated regions, has completed a plan for the economic penalties to be placed upon Germany in default of her payment of reparations. The Echo de Paris declares that his plans include a tax of ten gold marks on each ton of coal and a smaller tax on lignite and perhaps manufactured goods. A tax of forty per cent payable in foreign money would be levied on all exports. Germany would be allowed to manufacture certain products and deliver certain materials to the allies, the value of these products being credited to the reparations account.

R. R. LABOR BD. CONDEMNS CUT IN A. B. A. WAGES

CHICAGO, April 21.—The railroad labor board in a decision today ruled that the receiver of the Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic railroad in reducing wages of its employees in compliance with a decision by Federal Judge S. H. Sibley, had acted in violation of the spirit and letter of the transportation act.

The board declared that it was powerless to take action in the case at present and suggested that the employees, most of whom are on strike, again hold conference with the owners, and, if an agreement is not reached, bring the case to the labor board.

"The duty to obey a decision of this board is not any less an obligation on the receivers of a road than on the owners of a road," the decision said.

RADICAL DISORDERS IN ITALY SPREADING

ROME, April 21.—Disorders in which extreme nationalists and communists have been engaged and which have been confined for the most part to central Italy have spread to several provinces, according to Epoca.

A dispatch to that newspaper from Bari states that a party of nationalists riding in a motor lorry encountered a party of communists at Orta Nova, and that in the fight which ensued six communists and three nationalists were killed.

BASEBALL SCORES

Table with columns for American League and National League, listing teams and scores.

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PERSHING IS APPOINTED TO BE WAR HEAD

Secy. Weeks Announces a Radical Departure in System of War Dept.—Instant Readiness for War in Time of Peace Object.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Organization of a war staff headed by General Pershing to take charge of field operations of the armies of the United States in time of war was announced today by Secretary Weeks.

"Instant preparation in time of peace for active military operations," was given by the secretary as the reason for the new organization.

The organization headed by General Pershing will be entirely separate from the office of the chief of staff, Mr. Weeks said, which will continue to direct the activities of the military establishment in time of peace. General Pershing will have a skeletonized staff which will correspond to that at Chaumont during the world war and which will concern itself entirely with problems of strategy, tactics and war organization.

"We are going to have a skeletonized general headquarters established in the war department," said Secretary Weeks. "Its purpose will be to keep us instantly prepared for active military operations. The details will be given out later, but General Pershing will be at the head of the activity. Before the world war, Secretary Weeks explained, Marshal Joffre had been similarly selected to command the armies of France, if war came and had organized a skeleton staff which was instantly available.

DOUGHERTY WILL INVESTIGATE THE CRONKHITE CASE

WASHINGTON, April 21.—A thorough investigation into the death of Major Alexander Cronkhite at Camp Lewis, Wash., in October 1918, is being made by the department of justice, Attorney General Daugherty said today in discussing the case of Captain Robert Rosenbluth of New York, arrested in connection with the death of the major.

Reiterating that Captain Rosenbluth would not be sent west for trial until the department was reasonably sure of his connection with the case, the attorney general said he had talked with Captain Rosenbluth at New York last week and that the young man had told a straight story.

Mr. Daugherty said it had not yet been determined whether the Cronkhite case was one for the state or for federal courts and that, of course, Captain Rosenbluth could be moved west under state laws, with which the department would not interfere. Captain Rosenbluth's case, Mr. Daugherty said, was first called to his attention by Secretary Hoover under whose direction Rosenbluth formerly worked. Senator Calder of New York also called on the attorney general today, Mr. Daugherty added, and was given assurance that the case would be thoroughly investigated.

MARVIN RENAMED WEATHER CHIEF

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Charles F. Marvin was renominated today by President Harding to be chief of the weather bureau. Other nominations were: Claudius H. Huston of Tennessee to be assistant secretary of commerce, Frank W. Howbert of Denver, to be collector of internal revenue for the District of Columbia, Arthur F. Odlin of Florida, to be United States judge for the district of Porto Rico.

ONLY EX-SERVICE MEN TO BE EMPLOYED DISTILLERY

ROCKFORD, Ill., April 21.—Paul J. Healy, president of the Chicago Grain Products company announced today that he had issued orders that only ex-service men were to be employed at the new alcohol distillery here. Mr. Healy is an ex-soldier.

Democratic Senator Launches Attack on Ambassador Harvey

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Senator Harrison, Democrat, Mississippi, charged today in the senate that the appointment of George Harvey by President Harding as ambassador to Great Britain was a "reward for his efforts" to discredit the Wilson administration. The Mississippi senator said Mr. Harvey's pursuit of Wilson through his journals and otherwise are only comparable to Milton's "hellhounds that were stationed at the gates of the infernal regions." He added that the ambassador had "no equal as a creator of prejudice and a stirrer of strife," and that he was "a vindictive, self-anointed, intolerant political accident."

JAPAN TO STAND PAT ON MANDATE ISLAND OF YAP

TOKIO, April 21.—(By Associated Press.) The Tokyo newspapers today accepted as accurate the reports published here yesterday that the cabinet had decided there was no reason to alter Japan's policy on the mandate question because of the recent American note on the subject.

According to the Hochi Shimbun, the Japanese reply to the American note, which now is being drafted, will again be considered by the government tomorrow and dispatched to New York after having been submitted to the diplomatic advisory council. The tenor of the reply, according to the newspaper's summary, is that Japan believes it fair and reasonable to adhere to her previous policy regarding the island of Yap, which was based on decisions of the supreme council and the League of Nations.

A perusal of the correspondence on the subject, the note will say, continues the summary, demonstrates the justice of the Japanese attitude and the unreasonableness of that of the United States. Nevertheless the reply, it is declared, will emphasize the contention that the question involved is between the United States and the powers collectively.

The publication of the notes already exchanged is commended by the press as strengthening the cause of open diplomacy. For Premier Okuma, in a statement to the press today says the United States should be reminded that in crushing German militarism Japan played a role as prominent as that of the United States.

REDUCE WAGES COEUR D'ALENE

SPOKANE, April 21.—Wage reductions affecting approximately 2,000 employees of mines and smelters in the Coeur d'Alene district of northern Idaho, has been announced today according to information received here. They amounted to 50 cents a day for mine employees and 75 cents for smelter men.

In addition to the Bunker Hill and Sullivan, the Caledonia and the Sierra Nevada companies, which announced reductions yesterday, the Federal, Hecla, Hercules, Tamarack and Custer and the Callahan zinc mines today posted notices of similar reductions. The three latter companies have been employing only a few men in development work, it was stated.

YAKIMA INDIAN TRIBE IS AROUSED BY MURDER OF CHIEF SAM GEORGE

YAKIMA, April 21.—Discovery of the body of Sam George, Yakima tribal leader, in a shallow grave in the wildest part of the Indian reservation, led to the impanelling of an Indian coroner's jury late yesterday at White Swan and finding that George met his death through murder. Old Chief Tecumseh was leader in summoning the jury and in putting white men on the trail of a man who is believed to be the slayer, and who is a son of one of the chiefs. According to the story told at the Indians' inquest, conducted with all the solemnity of tribal rites, George

B. HAYWOOD SKIPS OUT TO RUSSIA

I. W. W. Secretary Scheduled to Begin Prison Term at Leavenworth Landed at Riga April 16 Declares Attorney—Officials Have Been On Lookout for Weeks.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Federal officials today received official information that William D. Haywood, secretary of the Industrial Workers of the World and scheduled to begin a sentence at the Leavenworth, Kansas penitentiary this week, had fled from the United States and is in either Moscow or Riga.

Charles F. Clynne, district attorney, announced that a search had been started for Haywood.

"He is not at Leavenworth, Chicago nor New York and we have been privately informed that he has landed either at Moscow or Riga," said Mr. Clynne. "That is all we know about it, but we expect to have definite information very quickly."

Otto Christensen, attorney for Haywood, said he had been informed that Haywood sailed from New York on the Oscar II about April 1 and landed at Riga about April 16. He said he thought Haywood had gone to Russia on a personal mission and that he was not fleeing from the penitentiary sentence.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Officials of the American Civil Liberties union here stated today that they had been advised "Big Bill" Haywood, for whom federal authorities are searching, had arrived in Russia. This information, it was said, had been supplied by friends of the I. W. W. leader.

WILL COME BACK

NEW YORK, April 21.—The American Civil Liberties union today issued a formal statement asserting it had been informed "Big Bill" Haywood, I. W. W. leader for whom the department of justice is searching, was on his way to attend an international trade union conference in Moscow in June, but would return as soon as it was ended to begin serving his sentence in Leavenworth penitentiary.

"This information came to me yesterday and I immediately communicated it to Mr. Clynne," said Mr. Christensen.

"I am sure 'Big Bill' will come back and serve his sentence." Haywood was one of the 46 I. W. W. whose cases the United States supreme court recently refused to review and who are expected to report to the Leavenworth penitentiary this week. He was at liberty under \$10,000 bonds. The men were sentenced by Judge Landis in 1918 for obstructing the war draft.

The convicted men will go direct to Leavenworth prison to serve varying sentences and the first group was expected there either today or tomorrow.