

The Weather
Maximum yesterday 70
Minimum today 44
Precipitation .08

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

Predictions
Fair tonight and Tuesday.

Daily—Sixteenth Year.
Weekly—Fifty-First Year.

MEDFORD, OREGON, MONDAY, APRIL 11, 1921

NO. 17

JOHNSON TO RETURN AS A WITNESS

Ex-president Jacksonville Bank to Return Under Guard on Wednesday, Declares Deputy Sheriff—Is Received at State Penitentiary—Spends Night in Cell.

SALEM, Ore., April 11.—W. H. Johnson, former president and cashier of the Bank of Jacksonville, yesterday entered a cell in the state penitentiary here to start serving a term of ten years, following his sentence at Medford Saturday on charges growing out of the bank's failure. Johnson arrived at the prison shortly before noon accompanied by Deputy Sheriff McMahon of Jackson county after being advised of the rules governing the penitentiary discipline. The prisoner was assigned to a receiving cell where he will remain until Tuesday. He then will be formally "dressed in" and assigned to some employment about the institution.

Expected Long Sentence.
"I had expected a long sentence," Mr. Johnson said when questioned by prison officials, "and I expect to serve my term without a quibble."

Asked if he expected any special favors as a result of his good reputation in Jackson county, preceding the failure of the bank of which he was president, Johnson said he did not.

Warden Compton said he had not yet made up his mind regarding the nature of the employment to which Johnson would be assigned. He made it plain, however, that the former banker would fare the same as other prisoners, and that he should not expect any privileges not accorded his fellow convicts.

Deputy Sheriff McMahon, before departing for Medford today, said that Johnson would be summoned to Medford Wednesday to appear as a witness against other persons who are accused of being implicated in wrecking the Jacksonville bank. A guard from the prison will accompany Johnson to southern Oregon.

District Attorney Moore said today that Johnson was probably being called as a witness in a civil action in Grants Pass, as he was not to be brought here by the state at this time. Owen's trial will come up at the May term of court.

Sheriff on Bond.
Much surprise was created today when it was learned that Sheriff Terrell was on C. H. Owen's bail bond of \$5000 and it is understood that this bail was furnished Saturday night. Owen has been stopping at the Hotel Medford ever since he arrived in the city Saturday morning from Salt Lake city in custody of the sheriff.

It is not known just when Owen will be arraigned in circuit court on the charge of aiding and abetting a cashier to defraud a bank, as Judge Calkins is out of town holding court at Grants Pass. The April term of court there has 17 cases on the docket, and it is presumed that Judge Calkins will be there in court at least all this week.

County Prosecutor Rawles Moore, when asked this forenoon, said that he did not know when Owen will be arraigned, and had not seen the accused since late Saturday afternoon when his bail bond had been reduced by Judge Calkins from \$25,000 to \$5000. Inquiry at the county clerk's office this noon developed the fact that the sheriff was on Owen's bond.

IRISH ATTACK DUBLIN HOTEL WITH BOMBS AND POISON GAS, 1 KILLED

DUBLIN, April 1.—A battle raged for 20 minutes this morning around the Northwestern hotel in the north Wall section here, when civilians armed with bombs and firearms fiercely attacked the hotel, where government auxiliaries are quartered. One of the assaulting party was killed and several others wounded, two of them seriously.

A number of the auxiliaries are believed to have been wounded during the fighting.

Ex-messenger Boy Appointed Second Assist. Postmaster

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Appointment of Colonel Edward H. Shaughnessy of Chicago as second assistant postmaster general was announced today at the White House.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Colonel Edward H. Shaughnessy appointed second assistant postmaster general today was a telegraph messenger boy in Chicago 25 years ago and rose to be train master of the Chicago and Northwestern. He obtained his title as a lieutenant colonel in the A. E. F., starting as a first lieutenant in the 13th engineers and advancing to superintendent of the transportation corps during the St. Mihiel and Meuse-Argonne offensives. He was given the distinguished service medal for his work.

JAPAN DEEPLY IMPRESSED BY HUGHES' POLICY

Note Regarding Island of Yap Regarded As Making New Peace Conference Certain—Militarism in Official Circles Denied.

TOKIO, April 11.—(By Associated Press.) Newspapers here have given great prominence to the note from Charles E. Hughes, American secretary of state, to the allies relative to the mandates and particularly that over the island of Yap. There has been no official comment, but in responsible unofficial circles the opinion is held that the American note virtually implies another peace conference.

Statements made by Vice Admiral Tomosaburo Kato, minister of marine, last month relative to the Japanese national policy and regarded here as intended to answer charges that Japan is incurably militaristic and in insisting upon naval expansion. These statements which were made to the Associated Press, are also looked upon as paving the way for an international discussion of national policies. Representative Japanese declared that if the naval race between Great Britain and the United States continues Japan must be obliged eventually to drop out because of financial considerations.

Yukop Ozaki, former minister of justice, and one of the leaders in the movement for a curtailment of Japanese naval expenditures delivered lectures to great crowds in fifteen cities recently, and he announced that 96 per cent of the people who heard him expressed themselves in favor of armament reductions.

Publishing Vice Admiral Kato's statements to the Associated Press, the newspaper Nichi Nichi Shimbun of this city, quoted naval officials as saying that the minister of marine clearly explained Japan's position. They were of the opinion that President Harding would call a naval conference, but emphasized the fact that the real difficulty would come in finding a formula for carrying out a reduction of naval programs.

The Yomi-Uri Shimbun of this city declares it is convinced that M. Kato consulted the cabinet before making his statements and, therefore they can be interpreted as embodying the intentions of the government. The newspaper says that considering the minister

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EX-EMPRESS OF GERMANY SUCCEUMBS

Former Kaiserin Passes Away on First Anniversary of Heart Attack—Former Kaiser and Prince Adalbert at Bedside—Body to Be Taken to Potsdam for Burial.

DOORN, Holland, April 11.—(By Associated Press.) Former Empress Augusta Victoria of Germany died here at six o'clock this morning. By a strange coincidence the end came just one year after she suffered her first serious attack of heart disease.

It was while she was preparing to enter the house of Doorn, the present home of the former emperor of Germany, after her long residence at Amerongen that she was stricken with what at the time was believed to be a fatal attack. That was on April 11,



Empress Victoria of Germany

1920. For a few days there were reports that her death was momentarily expected, but she rallied and accompanied her husband to Doorn May 15 last.

Attacks of her fatal malady recurred at frequent intervals, each sapping her vitality and nullifying the measures taken by specialists to restore her health. When her son, former Prince Joachim committed suicide in Berlin last July she was in such a serious condition that news of his death was kept from her for a long time and it is said she never learned he killed himself.

Last autumn the former empress condition gradually became worse, and on several occasions her children were called to Doorn, but her strength was such that she rallied bravely and when the end was believed imminent. Since the first of this year it had been known that she was gradually sinking.

Kaiser at Bedside.
Former Emperor William and Prince Adalbert were at the bedside when the former empress died. They had been called by Dr. Haesner, who attended the former empress throughout her residence in Holland.

The death came as a shock to the dwellers in Doorn castle as during last week the patient's condition had seemed less serious. Nevertheless last Saturday Dr. Haesner after consultations with a heart specialist, thought it advisable to send a message to Princess Victoria Louise, the only daughter of the former emperor and empress, calling her to Doorn. The princess who then was in Vienna, had not reached Doorn when her mother died.

Last night the patient was only semi-conscious. She was kept from suffering by frequent hypodermic injections, but her breathing appeared to become hourly more difficult. As the day broke breathing became still more difficult for the falling patient and her pulse grew weaker.

It then was evident to the physicians that the end was near and Dr. Haesner warned former Emperor William and Prince Adalbert of its approach.

The ex-empress became unconscious and her breathing became fainter and fainter until at six o'clock life left her frail body.

The ex-emperor stood at the bedside with bent head as death came to his consort and he remained in the room for some time afterward.

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Emperor of Japan Regrets Son Can't Visit in America

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Emperor Yoshihito of Japan in a letter transmitted today to President Harding by the Japanese embassy here expresses keen regret that the crown prince of Japan can't visit the United States.

"I learn with sincere gratification," said the emperor, "that your secretary of state recently communicated to my ambassador at Washington, in an informal and considerate manner, your willingness to extend an invitation to the crown prince to visit the United States. The gracious thought which prompted you to make this communication is very highly appreciated, and I keenly regret that certain unavoidable circumstances closely concerning myself should preclude me for the present from accepting on behalf of my son the invitation so courteously offered."

SETTLEMENT OF BRITISH COAL STRIKE HOPEFUL

LONDON, April 11.—British mine owners and their striking employees conferred for an hour at the board of trade this morning on a possible settlement of the controversy which led to the miners' walkout last Wednesday. The conference adjourned at noon until this afternoon. Robert S. Horne, chancellor of the exchequer, presided.

The London Times today warned its readers against expectation that the negotiations would proceed smoothly, or that work would be immediately resumed as the fundamental differences between the parties still remained acute.

Estimates of the cost of the miners' dispute to the country, including the loss of unmined coal, unpaid wages, decreased railway traffic and the cost of emergency measures, place the bill, which the country is paying because of the strike at nearly 15,000,000 pounds sterling a week.

Leaders of the "triple alliance" of labor viewed the situation today as being considerably improved. John Robert Clynes, chairman of the parliamentary party being quoted as saying he was satisfied a solution of the problem could be found.

The Daily Herald, organ of labor, declared, "the first round has been won by labor," adding that reports of rail men opposing the strike were untrue or grossly exaggerated.

Information has reached the government, says the London Times, that everywhere in the mines the miners are observing instructions from their officials not to interfere with safety measures and pumping which have already begun in South Wales and elsewhere.

Premier Lloyd George suggested during the conference today that the owners give a full presentation of their case, stating the reasons why they considered the wage reductions justified, after which the miners' counter claims could be fully presented. He proposed that the miners then delegate six representatives to meet six representatives of the mine owners, with or without government representatives present, to begin the examination of possibilities and report to their respective constituencies.

Mr. Lloyd George told the miners and the owners:

"We have definitely concluded that we could not recommend to parliament that we continue paying profits to the owners, and the owners to the men, from the general taxes of the country."

PREDICT HEAVY FROST IN EAST

SAN FRANCISCO, April 11.—Warnings that freezing cold weather and killing frosts may be expected tomorrow morning were sent today by the United States weather bureau to stockmen and agriculturists throughout the plateau region east of the Sierra Nevada mountains. The thermometer is falling sharply in eastern Washington and Oregon and throughout Idaho and Nevada, the bureau said.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Continued cold weather tonight with light frost over states east of the Mississippi and as far south as northern Florida was forecast today by the weather bureau. Generally fair weather over the whole region for the next two or three days was predicted with temperatures starting up again toward Thursday.

SEATING OF CONG. BIRD IS OPPOSED

Rep. Flood, Democrat, From Virginia, Protests Seating of Congressman Bird, Republican for Violation of Practice Act—Protest Overruled—67th Congress Opens

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The seating of Richard E. Bird, a republican representative from the eighth Kansas district was protested on the floor of the house today by Representative Flood, democrat, Virginia. At his own suggestion, Mr. Bird stood aside until the other members had been sworn in.

Mr. Flood charged that Mr. Bird's own sworn statement of campaign expenditures showed that he had spent more than \$10,000, twice the amount a candidate for representative was permitted to expend under the federal corrupt practices act.

The house adopted a resolution seating Mr. Bird.

Would Abolish R. R. Board

WASHINGTON, April 11.—A bill to abolish the railway labor board and delegate its functions to the interstate commerce commission was introduced today by Representative Tinscher, republican, Kansas.

Representative Tinscher, in a statement said the interstate commerce commission was authorized to make rates and it should fix salaries as these formed an important part of the expenses which the rates were fixed to cover.

Senator Poindexter of Washington announced that he would reintroduce his bill penalizing railroad workers for any concerted effort to bring about a strike of railroad workers.

Soldiers Bonus Bill

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Among the numerous bills introduced in congress today was one by Representative Foster, republican, Ohio, for the payment of civil war pensions monthly instead of quarterly.

Other bills included:

Soldier bonus, by Chairman Fordney of the ways and means committee.

The Johnson immigration bill passed by the last house and rejected by the senate.

A bill to consolidate in a "veterans' bureau" in the treasury department all agencies dealing with soldier aid by Representative Sweet, republican, Iowa.

To transfer compensation claims from the war risk bureau to the pension office.

The McArthur road bill, providing for an annual appropriation of \$75,000,000 in each of the next four years as compared to \$100,000,000 in the bill which failed at the last session.

1000 Bills Introduced

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The sixty-seventh congress assembled promptly at noon today at the call of President Harding for its first session, expected to continue probably until fall.

Except for the re-organization of the house and introduction of fully a thousand bills, congress marked time awaiting President Harding's first message tomorrow outlining his views as to the many important problems before the national lawmakers.

This congress is the first controlled by the republicans to meet under a republican administration in a decade. The senate previously had been organized at its special session, which began last March 4 but the house proceeded to its organization by re-electing Frederick H. Gillet of Massachusetts, over Claude Kitchin of North Carolina, democrat, by the overwhelming republican majority.

Frank W. Mondell of Wyoming was re-elected republican leader, while Representative Kitchin became the democratic leader.

Woman Is Applauded.
Nearly all of the 425 members were present for the opening. The crowded house galleries broke into applause when Miss Alice M. Robertson, republican of the Second Oklahoma district, the only woman member of congress, appeared.

Miss Robertson was one of the more than 100 new members, most of them republicans.

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Anti-Strike Bill With Teeth Urged By Secy. of Labor

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Legislation to put "teeth" in labor department efforts to conciliate late labor disputes was urged today by Secretary Davis. Both sides should be compelled to live up to agreements reached or decisions of arbitrators they have accepted, he said.

"This is not compulsory arbitration," Mr. Davis said. "I do not believe it feasible to pass laws against the right of workmen to strike but I believe there should be laws to make all parties to labor disputes try to get together before strikes are called."

"I believe there should be a law to compel both sides to live up to the terms of any agreement they reach. If they agree to accept the decision of an arbitrator, I believe they should be compelled by law to live up to his decisions."

GOV. OLCOTT IN AIRPLANE RACE WITH PIGEONS

State Executive Lands in Medford With Major Arnold for Gas and Oil—Average One Hundred Miles Per Hour From Portland.

In the race between carrier pigeons of the navy and marine corps and a big DeHavilland plane driven by Major Arnold, in command of the north-west division of the air service, with Governor Ben Olcott as passenger, from Portland to San Francisco today, the airplane arrived here at the aviation grounds south of the city at 10:45 a. m., took on gas and oil, and departed at 11:50 a. m.

Naturally nothing had been seen of the pigeons and they may have been ahead of the big DeHavilland or far in its rear, for all anybody here knows, as they will find their way to San Francisco by the most direct air route and do not have to stop to take on gas or oil.

The DeHavilland made excellent flying time here, having made the 245 miles from Portland, which city it left at 8:15 this morning in two hours and 30 minutes, an average of 100 miles an hour. The governor and major were both well pleased with the trip so far. The plane bucked up against a mild southwest wind almost all the way, and consumed 52 gallons of gas on the flight from Portland to Medford.

The highest elevation at which the plane flew on the trip was 7,500 feet coming over the mountains this side of Roseburg, and the Willamette valley was crossed at an elevation of 5,000. It was Governor Olcott's third trip south from Portland or Salem to California in an army plane in the past two years, and he stated today that he is growing rabidly fond of the flying sport.

When the plane alighted at the aviation grounds the major and governor found as a reception committee awaiting them, W. E. Walker and Jerry Jerome of the Standard Oil company with 68 gallons of gasoline and eight gallons of Zerolene, which were at once taken on board. Also

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HAYWOOD MUST GO TO PRISON

U. S. Supreme Court Refuses to Review Conviction I. W. W. Leader—Only Presidential Pardon Can Prevent Penitentiary Term—Texas-Oklahoma Boundary Fixed.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The supreme court today refused to review the conviction of William D. Haywood and more than 79 other members of the I. W. W. on charges of having conspired to obstruct the war activities of the government.

Refusal of the supreme court to interfere, closes the long fight to save Haywood and his associates from prison. Only a presidential pardon can now prevent their entering upon the sentences imposed.

Petition for review was based on the contention that the federal agents in conducting raids on the homes and offices of officials of the I. W. W. on September 5, 1917, acted without search warrants and that the evidence thus obtained was illegal, under recent ruling of the supreme court.

The cases were tried before Judge Landis in Chicago and sentences ranging from one to 20 years were imposed. Most of the men were given their liberty on bail bonds aggregating \$50,000 pending the outcome of the appeals.

Red River Boundary

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The boundary between Oklahoma and Texas follows the south bank of the Red river, the supreme court held today in deciding the dispute between the two states.

The treaty of 1819 between the United States and Spain made the southern bank the boundary, the court said, citing negotiations between Secretary of State Adams and the Spanish envoy at that time when Texas was a part of Mexico.

"By every consideration" the court added, that definition of the boundary was just and legal.

Oil lands in the Red river valley valued at many millions of dollars were involved in the suit. The lands have been in the hands of a receiver appointed by the supreme court a year ago on motion of the government which intervened in the dispute between the states.

N. P. Patent Cancelled

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Temporary cancellation of a patent granted to the Northern Pacific railroad covering 5,680 acres of land in Gallatin county, Montana, was ordered today by the supreme court. The road was given the right, however, to produce further evidence to support its claim to the patent.

The case came to the court on an appeal from a decision of lower courts upholding the road's claim. The government contended that before the road's claim was filed the land had been withdrawn pending determination of the advisability of including them in a national forest reserve. Through some inadvertence, however, a patent was issued by the land office.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Conviction of the Missouri Pacific Railroad company for violation of the Missouri freight discrimination law was sustained today by the supreme

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LORD MAYOR OF CORK AGAIN REFUSES TO OBEY ORDERS OF DEPT OF LABOR

PHILADELPHIA, April 11.—"O'Callaghan will remain in this country until he considers it safe to return to Ireland," said Michael Francis Doyle, attorney for the lord mayor of Cork, here today. "Notice was served on the department of labor," he said, "that a writ of habeas corpus would be immediately applied for if any effort was made to deport the lord mayor."

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Under orders issued today by Secretary Davis, Donal J. O'Callaghan, lord mayor of Cork, who arrived in this country as a stowaway January 4, may be deported by immigration officials any time after June 5 should he not leave the country before that time.

The Irish official is given sixty days to leave the country from the date of the decision of the state department holding that he was not entitled to asylum as a political refugee. This decision, it was disclosed, was handed down April 6.

Secretary Davis stated that he accepted the ruling of his predecessor that O'Callaghan was a seaman and as such entitled to a reasonable time in which to re-ship for a foreign port.

O'Callaghan was here today but had no statement to make, according to his counsel.