

# COMMITTEE OF 100 SCATHINGLY CONDEMNNS BRITISH GOVERNMENT FOR TREATMENT OF IRELAND

WASHINGTON, Mar.—Moral responsibility for the present disorders in Ireland is placed upon the British government by the commission of the Committee of One Hundred Investigating the Irish question in a 29,000-word report, made public today and covering the examination of witnesses at public hearings held by the commission in Washington last November, December and January.

Declaring that the commission was "under the disadvantage of lacking the official British side of the case," except as it was gathered from documents presented to it, the report declares that "the imperial British army in Ireland has been guilty of proved excesses, not incomparable in degree and kind with those alleged by the Bryce report on Belgium atrocities to have been committed by the Imperial German army." The Bryce commission, it is pointed out, was similarly handicapped.

**Bias Is Admitted.**  
Thirty-eight witnesses of alleged atrocities including 18 Irish, 18 American and two English citizens testified before the commission. The commission admits that its report is in part a result of its efforts to hear all sides. The testimony available, the report says, gives the case therefore, almost wholly from the Irish republican or Sinn Fein viewpoint or from sources not unimpeachable in the application of the principle of self-determination to Ireland.

Under the Unionist viewpoint and that of the British authorities in Ireland, the report says, were not presented among the witnesses. Summing up its conclusions after hearing all the testimony, the commission finds "that the Irish people are deprived of the protection of British law, to which they would be entitled as subjects of the British king. They are likewise deprived of the moral protection granted by international law, to which they would be entitled as foreigners. They are at the mercy of imperial British forces which, acting contrary both to all law and to standards of human conduct, have instituted in Ireland a terror," the evidence regarding which seems to prove that:

**Convicts in Army.**  
"1. The imperial British government has created and introduced into Ireland a force of at least 78,000 men, many of them youthful and inexperienced, and some of them convicts, and has incited that force to unbridled violence."  
"2. The imperial British forces in Ireland have indiscriminately killed innocent men, women and children, have tortured and shot prisoners while in custody, adopting the subtleties of 'refusal to halt' and 'retreating to escape,' and have attributed to alleged Sinn Fein Extremists the British assassination of prominent Irish republicans."  
"3. House-burning and wanton destruction of villages and cities by imperial British forces under imperial British officers have been countenanced, and ordered by officials of the British government; and elaborate provision by gasoline sprays and bombs has been made in a number of instances for systematic incendiarism as part of a plan of terrorism."

**Contrary to Civilized Laws.**  
"4. A campaign for the destruction of the means of existence of the Irish people has been conducted by the burning of factories, creameries, crops and farm implements and the shooting of farm animals. This campaign is carried on regardless of the political views of their owners, the results in widespread and acute suffering among women and children."  
"5. Acting under a series of proclamations issued by the competent military authorities of the imperial British forces, hostages are carried by forces exposed to the fire of the republican army; fines are levied upon towns and villages as individual private property is destroyed in reprisals for acts with which the owners have no connection; and the civilian population is subjected to an inquisition upon the theory that individ-

## COULD NOT KEEP HOUSE

Without Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Says Mrs. Pitts of Newburgh

Newburgh, N. Y.—"My trouble was a weak back and I could not walk two blocks without being tired out. I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in a newspaper and decided to give it a trial. Now I can do my own work and walk with ease. I always keep the Vegetable Compound in the house. It certainly is my best friend and I could not keep house without it. I have recommended it to many and always with success. You may use this letter if you wish."—Mrs. EDWARD PITTS, 2 High St., Newburgh, N. Y.

It has been said that "backache is an invention of the Evil One to try women's souls," but even so, it is more often a symptom of a female trouble which sooner or later declares itself. Day after day it drags a woman down and night after night prevents restful sleep. Such women should follow Mrs. Pitts' advice and try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and regain health. Letters about your health will be given careful attention and held in strict confidence if you write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Their experience of over 40 years is at your service.

# JAP QUESTION TO THE FRONT AGAIN IN HAWAII ISLE

HONOLULU, T. H.—Two pieces of legislation, one already on the statute books of the territory and the other on its way through the legislature, promise to bring the Japanese question to a head in Hawaii. The first is the law passed late in 1920 regulating foreign language schools and the second is the bill to regulate the foreign language press.

On the language school law the department of public instruction, backed by the attorney general, has refused to alter its position, despite strong representations made by Chinooka Yada, consul-general of Japan, and the leading Japanese professional and business men of Honolulu.

The law provides that teachers in foreign language schools, which are limited to one hour's instruction daily for six days of the week, shall pass examination for permanent certification at the end of the first and second years of the act's operation, in the meantime teaching on temporary certificates. The Japanese held out their teachers to give instruction for five years after passing their examinations with the aid of interpreters, if necessary.

Interpreters will be permitted for the examination for the one-year temporary license, says the department of public instruction, but for the permanent certificate examination the teachers must stand on their own linguistic feet, and those legs must be American. On the heels of this ultimatum came the bill requiring the foreign language press to file translations of all articles not bona fide advertisements, with the territorial authorities. This measure originated with the American legion.

"Such a law would put this paper out of business, and, I believe, every other Japanese paper in the islands," said Yasutaro Soga, editor of the Nippon Jiji of Honolulu, the most influential Japanese daily in Hawaii. "It is very radical, he added, and we could not stand the extra expense."

Opinion in Japanese consulate-general circles on the language press bill went a step farther. There it was regarded as little short of intimidatory. The Japanese do not dispute the territory's right to scan their papers, but they say the expense should not be thrust on them. If the Japanese and other foreign language press is to be regulated and censored, they declare, the expense of the censorship should be borne by the territory.

"The public of Japan will be much interested to read a piece of legislation like this," said Mr. Soga of the Nippon Jiji and, it is reported, the cable carried a digest of it to Tokyo as soon as it had been introduced in the territorial senate.

HONOLULU, T. H.—Nearly one thousand more Japanese were operating farms in Hawaii on January 1, 1920, than there were on April 15, 1910 according to figures called from the 1920 industrial census report. The report gives the number of Japanese operating farms in the territory in 1920 as 3088 as against 2138 in 1910. Japanese owning farms in 1920 totaled 188. The Chinese farmers, on the other hand, showed a decrease in the same period. In 1910 there were 875 and in 1920 only 560. Hawaiian farmers increased in total from 463 to 672. White farmers total 892. Female farmers total 333.

# FROBACH TAKES IMPORTANT PART EUGENE MEETING

UNIVERSITY OF OREGON, Eugene, March 31.—H. O. Frobach, secretary of the Medford chamber of commerce, and who is well known through his articles on Jackson county in many magazines, is one of the five wires here this week attending the short course for commercial club secretaries given by the school of commerce of the University of Oregon. In addition to taking an important part in the daily discussions, and pointing out the methods of the Medford chamber, he gave the annual reports of the state association, which is meeting in connection with the short course. Mr. Frobach is a guest of the university at Hendricks Hall.

One of the important discussions was made by George Quaque, secretary of the state chamber, who outlined a new plan for the development of Oregon farm lands. The plan, briefly, is to bring out to Oregon, during the coming summer, a selected body of men from middle western states who are interested in moving to Oregon, conduct them to the localities in which they appear most interested and let them get acquainted at first with conditions and values, buying later if they desire.

Lectures, demonstrations, illustrated talks and classroom work make up a full schedule for the week. The subjects taken up include "What Should the Secretary's Point of View Be?" "Why the Commercial Club Secretary Should be Interested in In-

ustrial Relations," "Guarding the Public Health," "Public Speaking," "The Future of Our State," "City Planning," "Relation of Secretary to Board of Directors," "Demonstration of Board of Directors' Meeting," "Community Problems," "How the Secretary Can Co-operate With the Press," "The Farmer's Place in the Business World," and "Chambers of Commerce in Relation to Central Delivery Systems."

The annual business meeting of the state association of commercial club secretaries is being held in connection with the short course.

An important feature of the program is a daily forum, where solutions are discussed and worked out of various actual problems submitted by the secretaries from all parts of the state. The general purpose of this is to show how to conduct like meetings in the communities as well as to bring out the solutions of problems vital to every secretary.

The district quarterly conference and Sunday School Convention of the Free Methodist church will be held March 31 to April 3. Preaching service each evening by ministers of the district. Interesting subjects and problems concerning Sunday school work will be discussed at the convention on Friday, beginning at 10 a. m., also in the afternoon at 2:00. A round table discussion will be conducted by Rev. J. H. Sharpe at the close of the afternoon session. Three services on Sunday, the 3 o'clock service being a missionary service. You are invited to attend these services and bring your friends.

FREE METHODIST CONFERENCE TODAY

CENTRAL POINT

# ELK CREEK

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Houston and children spent the week-end visiting here, Mr. and Mrs. Dave Pence, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Clary have moved out to their ranch which they have rented.

Mr. N. T. McDonald is visiting in this community after a three year's absence. Mr. Sturges is hauling hay from the Bar 8 ranch. Mr. Glazier who was scheduled to preach at the Trail school house Sunday had considerable trouble getting over the roads. He had to walk the last stretch arriving at Trail at about 2 p. m.

A meeting will be held at Trail April 3 to organize a Sunday school. Mr. Ray Clary made a business trip to Ashland. Mr. Tom Todd is building a new barn and is asking a few of the neighbors in to help raise the frame.

Easter Sunday was well observed by the churches. Some of the other attractions were the Rogue River picnics. The Meslames Gregory and Owens motored to the hub city Monday to do some shopping. Mrs. Hoagland is reported as resting some better the past couple of days. Grandma Thomas continues quite lame. The ladies of the Methodist church are preparing a big lunch for April 1. "No foolin'." Come on and try their 35c lunch at Lyche's restaurant.

LUCKY STRIKE cigarette. Flavor is sealed in by toasting

DR. RICKERT Optometrist Eyes Scientifically Tested and Glasses Properly Fitted NO DROPS USED Broken Lenses Accurately Duplicated Suite 1-3 over May Co. 504 N. Main, Uptown

What a world of inspiration for the clever women who create their own clothes is afforded by these displays of the new silks, woollens and wash materials. Beautiful Crepes and the lovely new voiles and organdies, not forgetting the serviceable wool dress weaves, here in complete index to Fashion's Fabrics for Spring and Summer.

- Crepe Poplin \$1.98 Yard - Blue, grey, purple and African brown; 40 inches wide.
- Messaline \$2.19 Yard - Henna, burnt orange, cherry and cerise; 35 inches wide.
- Satin \$3.00 Yard - Mandarin, crow blue, navy, Hindu, Labrador and black, 36 inches wide.
- Baronette Satin \$5.49 Yard - The most popular wash fiber weave in cream and flamingo; 40 inches wide.
- White Sports Silk \$5.98 Yard - With self-checks; 40 inches wide.
- Crepe de Chine \$1.98 Yard - 40-inch, every shade. Extra good quality.
- Fancy Dimities 49c Yard - Absolutely new wash dimities. Especially suited for children's wearables. Width 36 inches.
- 40-inch Organdy 98c Yard - Every shade of import Organdy. Very fine quality 98c to \$1.25.
- Solid Color Voiles 98c Yard - Plain, solid color voiles in pleasing new shades for refreshing spring and summer wear. Even-threaded quality in the 40-inch width.
- Novelty Voiles 98c Yard - Extra fine quality novelty voiles in an almost endless array of fancy flower and figured effects. Width 38 inches.
- Fancy Wash Voiles 49c Yard - A large assortment of fancy patterns and attractive colorings in fancy wash voiles. Width 38 inches. Extremely good value.
- Novelty Voiles 69c Yard - New arrivals in smart novelties for spring and summer. High quality materials in an almost endless assortment of pleasing patterns and colorings.
- Silk Stripe Voiles \$1.50 Yard - Entirely new ideas in smart, high-class silk-stripe novelty voiles. Attractive patterns and colorings for waists, dresses and other wearables.
- Zephyr Plaid Gingham 35c Yard - Fine quality, durable plaid gingham, in neat patterns and pleasing color combinations. Extremely good value.

## New Silk Skirts

Skirts of the famous "Roshanara Crepe" one of the Mallinson's Silk de Luxe and Baronette Satins \$10.50 and \$12.50

HUCK TOWELS 19c - 50 dozen large Huck Towels, 35c values 19c.

## Black Cat Pure Silk Hose \$1.49

The kind of silk stockings that particular women demand—combining superior quality and style—a quality and style that are better than you usually get at this price—and we have this hosiery in the new shade of brown, as well as black and white. Semi-fashioned, high spliced heels, lisle soles and lisle garter tops.

Notaseme Silk Hose - Stylish and Durable - Full fashioned silk hose with lisle tops, sole and silk reinforced \$1.98 - Exceptional quality, all silk hose, full fashioned and reinforced heels \$2.25 - A beautiful quality pure silk hose, full fashioned, reinforced \$3.50

## Women's Low and High Shoes

- Black Pumps \$7.95 - Black Kid Military heels. Very stylish \$7.95
- 2-Strap Pumps \$8.50 - Fine stylish pumps in high heels, 2-strap, plain toes. Special \$8.50
- Girls' Low Heel Pumps \$6.00 - Extra fine Gun Metal Pumps with the low heels. Just the thing for girls and misses. Special \$6.00
- White Kid Oxfords \$9.50 - Beautiful White Kid Oxfords, military heel, Blucher cut. On sale, special \$9.50
- White Canvas Oxfords \$6.50 - Low or military heels, fine Canvas White soles. Special \$6.25 to \$6.50
- Black and White Sport Oxfords \$7.50 - The newest Oxford for Sport wear. White Canvas, with black patent toe cap and black stay. Low heels \$7.50

McM DEPARTMENT STORE

WONDERFUL PICTURE AT PAGE THEATRE

A few months ago "Humoresque" was shown. At that time it was considered the best picture of the present season. Now, literally out of a clear sky, comes another production, "Heliopole Harry," and scores a triumph greater than the previous success. It is positively one of the season's best pictures, in that it contains all the elements that go to make an audience sit up and take notice. First there is a real plot—second, it has a splendid cast, with stars mostly new to the film fan; third, it has been directed by a genius, and fourth because it boasts a wonderful photography of wonderful staging.

"Heliopole" has a real punch. It is more melodrama than anything else, but unusually well produced. All the players offer fine characterizations. The full page program is what is generally termed a knockout.

\$100 Reward, \$100 - The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People is the only medicine that cures Catarrh. It is a blood purifier, giving the system a healthy tone, and destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the system, and restoring the vitality of the blood. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials to Dr. J. C. Williams & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.