

The Weather

Maximum yesterday 76
Minimum today 57

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

Predictions

Showers.

Fiftieth Year. Daily—Fifteenth Year.

MEDFORD, OREGON, MONDAY, JUNE 7, 1920.

NO. 66

DARK HORSE TALK POINTS TO HUGHES

First Ballot Will Eliminate One of Big Three—Convention Has No Boss, and Delegates are Lost—Real Show of Strength Tomorrow—Second Ballot Vital—Much Talk, No Decisions.

CHICAGO, June 7.—All the managers look for the first ballot to settle the outlook considerably for the big three—Johnson, Lowden and Wood. They feel that the candidate who gets the highest number will have a potential advantage and the candidate who stands at the bottom of the list will be decidedly on the defensive.

CHICAGO, June 7.—The imminence of the republican convention which begins its sessions at noon tomorrow apparently worked today to further bedrock instead of clarify the situation as to who is to be the nominee for president.

Wood, Lowden and Johnson supporters were driving hard for the advantage and all of them were claiming gains as the balance of the unstructured delegates rolled into Chicago. But the best claims for any of the three amounted to little more than one-fourth of the total delegate strength on the first ballot, and it takes a majority to nominate.

The outlook helped, too, to enliven the squabble over contested convention seats and the struggle over permanent organization of the convention. At least some, and possibly all of the 137 contests decided by the national committee will be brought before the credentials committee for a hearing, and a few may be decided finally on the convention floor itself.

Realizing the power which might be wielded by a friendly staff of permanent convention officers, the managers for all the candidates are studying carefully before they jump one way or the other in the choice of a permanent chairman. Senator McCormack, of Illinois and former Senator Beveridge of Indiana, are most prominently mentioned for the chairmanship, but the strength behind neither has yet become prominently mentioned for the chairmanship, but the strength behind neither has yet become clearly defined and a choice may be postponed until the last minute.

RAILWAYS ASK FEDERAL FUNDS FOR NEW CARS

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Immediate appropriation of \$125,000,000 of government funds for the use of the railroads to purchase new rolling stock was announced today by the inter-state commerce commission. The money will be advanced out of the \$300,000,000 revolving fund provided in the transportation act.

Of the total to be advanced for rolling stock \$75,000,000 will be set aside for the purchase of freight cars, with preference given to 20,000 refrigerator cars to move fruit crops, and \$50,000,000 will be set aside for the acquisition of locomotives, with preference given to freight and switching locomotives.

In each case first allotments will be made to roads making the greatest advances to meet the government loans.

QUITO BANK FAILS. The Bank of South America at Quito has been forced to close after a panic and heavy withdrawal of deposits.

VERBAL APOLOGY GIVEN ENGLAND BY SEC'Y COLBY FOR ACTIONS WILD WOMEN

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Secretary Colby, on behalf of the American government has tendered in verbal apology to the British ambassador for the burning of a British flag here last week by Irish women. Mr. Colby said this action had been taken pending receipt of an official report on the incident which the District of Columbia authorities have been asked to submit. When this report is in hand a formal apology probably will be made to the British government.

NO CANDIDATE HAS EDGE FOR NOMINATION

Lowden, Wood and Johnson Lead—All Claim Much, But Neither Has Advantage—League Plank Favorable to All But "Last Ditchers"—Beveridge Leads for Chairmanship—Situation Still Beclouded.

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With prospects of a deadlock thus becoming hourly more likely favorite sons and dark horse possibilities increased their activities and further tangled the knotted reins of control for which the party leaders were wrestling.

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Most of the leaders agree that the situation as regards platform, at least is beginning to take form. Only a few of the more troublesome planks remain to be agreed on, and although some sharp struggles are in prospect, no one seems to think that any of them will lead to serious consequences.

There were indications today that a League of Nations plank, over which one of the bitterest convention fights had been predicted, might soon be given the approval of all the leaders except a small group of mild reservation senators. The Johnson-Borah irreconcilables have a plank of their own ready to submit if the platform conferences do not yield a result acceptable to them, but they indicated confidence today that no open fight by them would be necessary.

The mild reservationists are dissatisfied with the plank under consideration in the platform conferences because it would have the force, they say, of merely declaring against the league covenant as contained in the treaty of Versailles. They want an affirmative declaration for ratification of the treaty with safeguarding reservations.

In the fight over permanent organization...

ANTI-STRIKE LAW THORN TO GOMPERS

Legislation Enforcing Compulsory Labor "To Be Resented at All Costs," Says A. F. of L. Leader at Montreal Convention—Pacific Delegates in Fight for Plumb Plan Endorsement—Membership Gains.

MONTREAL, June 7.—Any attempt to enforce compulsory labor by making strikes unlawful must be resisted at all costs, Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation of Labor, declared today in his address at the opening of the federation's fortieth annual convention.

"I have no fear as to what the results will be," he said. "As long as I have life and my mind is not impaired, I shall stand for the right of the men and women toilers of the world to be free, untrammelled and unowned by any force."

MONTREAL, June 7.—The American Federation of Labor, meeting for the second time on foreign soil opened its fortieth annual convention here today. More than 500 delegates were present when the convention was called to order by President Samuel Gompers.

The opening of the convention was preceded by a labor parade. President Gompers opened the convention business session by reviewing the various issues involved. He laid particular stress on the enforcement of a non-partisan labor policy.

He will leave tonight for Chicago to lay before the republican national resolutions committee labor's desires in political reform.

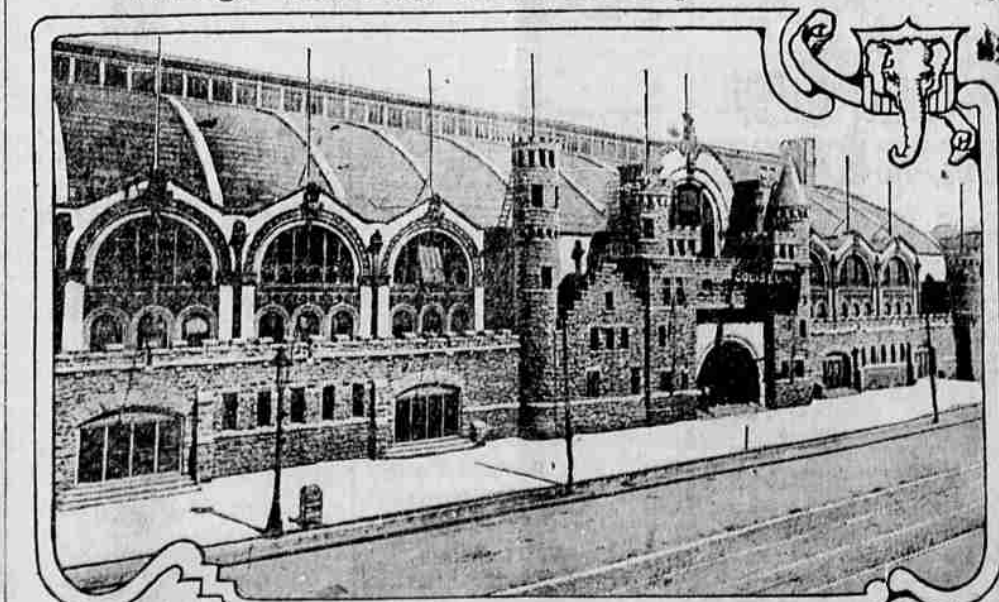
The federation's membership report disclosed that it now has 4,978,749, a gain of 818,672 in the last year. The recent steel strike cost the federation \$348,599. According to a report on steel strike expenditures there is still \$69,631 available for steel organization work.

Delegates from the Pacific Coast Metal Trades Council announced today they would renew the fight begun at Atlantic City last year to obtain unqualified indorsement of the Plumb plan for railroad control.

2 DEAD, 4 INJURED AUTO ACCIDENT

SEATTLE, June 7.—Melger reports from North Bend, Wash., today say Mrs. Edna McKenna and a man named Friesse lost their lives and four others were injured when the automobile in which they were riding struck the Meadowbrook road between North Bend and Snohomish last night. Mrs. McKenna was pinned under the car and despite efforts of her companions who held her head above water, she died in a few minutes. Friesse was buried under the automobile, the report stated, and instantly killed.

Chicago Coliseum, Where the Republicans Meet



Exterior of the Coliseum, on Wabash avenue, Chicago, the meeting place of the Republican national convention

GAS SUPPLY IMPROVES, INDUSTRY NORMAL, BUT PLEASURE CARS BELOW

SALEM, June 7.—Voluntary conservation of gasoline by motor car owners has brought results, according to a telegram received by Governor Oleiff today. J. E. Balsley of Portland, district sales manager of the Standard Oil company, who sent the telegram, said that from now until July 8 a sufficient supply of gasoline will be available to enable all essential industries in the state to function normally and pleasure cars to operate up to about 30 per cent of their normal mileage.

FATHER AMUCK WITH AX KILLS STRICKEN SON

BERKELEY, Cal., June 7.—Seized suddenly with a murderous mania at 6 a. m. today Robert D. Richards killed his young son with an axe and wounded his wife and daughter.

After he had killed his son, Marvin Richards, with an axe, Richards was overpowered by another son who held him until the arrival of the police.

The wife, Mrs. Grace Richards, and a daughter, Miss Geneva Richards, are at an Oakland hospital where they are not expected to live.

Richards is being guarded at the receiving hospital in Oakland. For some time he had been brooding because of the illness of his son, Marvin. This morning he entered the young man's room and killed him while he lay in bed. He then went to the room of Mrs. Richards and began striking at her with the axe. The daughter, Genevieve rushed in and struggled with Richards. She was cut on the head and badly wounded.

Leonard Richards arrived in time to save the life of the girl and to overpower his father. With the aid of Henry Cutler, a high school boy who lives in the same house, Richards was held. An ambulance was sent for and the wounded women were taken to the hospital.

U.S. SHARE GERMAN REPARATION BONDS

PARIS, June 7.—The share of the United States in the first twenty billion marks gold of reparation bonds which Germany is required to issue under the Versailles treaty will be about \$500,000,000, it was stated here today. This sum would be for the first twenty months occupation of the Rhineland by American troops.

Iowa Primary Vote

DES MOINES, Ia., June 7.—Iowa's state-wide primary election to select candidates on both republican and democratic tickets from United States senator down to county offices, was held today. There were few contests on the democratic ballot. United States Senator Albert B. Cummins was opposed by Colonel Smith Brookhart for the republican nomination for United States senator.

TURKEY GIVEN 15 DAYS TO REPLY

LONDON, June 7.—Turkey has been given an extension of time amounting to fifteen days in which to make its reply to the terms of peace presented by the allied nations. The reply, under the new arrangement, will be due June 25.

Golfers Meet

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., June 7.—One hundred and fifty mid-west golfers are entered in the trans-Mississippi golf association tournament which started here today.

SUNCREST SOLD FOR \$250,000

Jones Bros. & Co., Fruit Juice Makers Purchase Orchard—One of Valley's Show Places—Comprises 461 Acres—Means Much to Fruit Industry—Page-Dressler Co. Make Deal—May Build Factory.

A quarter million dollar orchard deal by which Sam P. Jones becomes the purchaser of the famous Suncrest Orchard, is announced.

Mr. Jones is the vice-president of the Jones Bros. & Co., main offices in San Francisco, Cal. This company has plants located in Watsonville, Cal., Portland, Ore., Newburg, Ore., Yakima, Wash., Boston, Mass., for the manufacture of loganberry juice, apple juice, vinegar, and the canning of various products, and while their plans are as yet not completed, it is understood they have in contemplation the erection of a plant here similar to those they are operating in these places.

The Suncrest Orchards consist of 461 acres, over four hundred acres being in orchard from six to eighteen years old. This acreage is about equally divided between Newtown apples and pears. The pears are all of the best commercial varieties, with the larger part being Bartlett and Anjous.

The improvements on the property are of the best, including a very large up-to-date packing and warehouse. A lodge for men, with reading room, hot and cold water, baths, and everything for their comfort. Foreman's residence and a beautiful eight-room bungalow for the owner. A splendid water system supplies all buildings and water is piped into the orchard for spray purposes.

Suncrest Orchards is one of the show places of Southern Oregon, having the most uniform large block of orchard in the whole Northwest. This sale means much to the fruit industry of this section, and men of the calibre of Mr. Jones are most welcome here.

Page-Dressler Co., who negotiated the sale, inform that many large operators in orchard propositions are looking towards this district, being attracted not only by the quality of the fruit grown here, but also by the climatic conditions, good roads, and the installation of irrigation.

FIND 4 GUILTY BOX CAR THEFTS SEATTLE COURT

SEATTLE, June 7.—Four of the original 17 defendants in the Auburn railroad theft conspiracy case, one a Seattle merchant were found guilty of conspiracy to steal from Northern Pacific railroad cars, by a jury which reported in the United States district court today. They are Lemuel S. Fowler, H. W. Hanson, Creel Lane and Thomas Singer.

The four defendants were found guilty of each of the three counts of the grand jury indictment on which they were tried. Those found not guilty were cleared on all counts.

Those exonerated were: George E. White, Francis H. Mellison, Louis Trepanier, Mrs. Sarah Lewis Trepanier, Mrs. Sarah Lewis, Joe Vargas, Thomas E. Jones, Mrs. Sarah Jones, David Jones, Ethel (Mrs. H. W.) Hanson, Clarence H. Bellamy and Albert Bruce Paris.

William Rateliff, one of the defendants, pleaded guilty on the opening of the government's case May 25, last, and turned state's evidence. Vargas, Trepanier and Paris were discharged last Monday at the conclusion of the government's case, on the ground of insufficient evidence.

(Continued on Page Six)

ESCAPE OF DRAFT EVADER BERGDOLL TO RESULT IN ACTION BY WAR CHIEF

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Evidence taken by the inspector general of the army in connection with the escape of Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, wealthy draft evader, will be submitted to the department of justice for determination whether it justifies prosecution of civilians involved in the escape.

Secretary Baker in making this announcement today said the recommendations of the inspector general involved "disciplinary action against several persons." No names were made public.

FRISCO UNIONS CLAIM STRIKES FEDERAL PLOT

Administration Blamed for Shipyard Labor Conditions and Will Picket Democratic Meet—Reimburse Builders for Losses by Walkouts—Called "Shame and Disgrace."

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7.—Striking shipyard workers here are to picket the national democratic convention because they are "convinced that the present administration is responsible for their difficulties and the convention can remedy the situation," M. J. McGuire, vice president of the San Francisco Bay district Metal Trades Council announced here today.

McGuire said he was "convinced that the government was paying the shipyards for the losses suffered thru the strike and that the work being turned out by the non-union crews as a result was a shame and a disgrace."

"Every effort will be made," he said, "to convince the convention that the policies being pursued by the government in the shipyards is harmful to all concerned."

The shipyard executives have maintained through that the work is being expertly done and has stood right tests. A big percentage of those who have returned to the yards under the strike conditions are skilled mechanics, they said.

Meetings of various striking unions yesterday to consider a memorandum that they return to work resulted in the San Francisco machinists going back today, it was announced. The boiler-makers, however, voted to remain out until the shipyards would recognize their union organization, McGuire said. Previous to yesterday's meeting the boiler-makers had conducted a week of negotiations with the shipyards, "which got them nowhere," he said.

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DRY LAW IS HELD VALID BY DECISION

Petitions by Rhode Island and New Jersey Dismissed—Near Beer Injunctions Dissolved—Opinion Brief and to Point—Wets Lose Every Contention Offered—All Justices Affirm Ruling.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Both the federal prohibition amendment and the enforcement act passed by congress were held constitutional today by the supreme court.

The court dismissed petitions filed by the state of Rhode Island to have federal officials enjoined from enforcing prohibition in that state.

The court also dismissed injunction proceedings brought by the state of New Jersey to prevent enforcement of prohibition within that state.

Injunctions restraining prohibition officials from interfering with the Manitowish Products company, a Wisconsin corporation, in the manufacture of beer containing more than half of one per cent of alcohol were dissolved by the court.

The court upheld federal court decrees dismissing proceedings brought to enjoin the prohibition amendment from being enforced against Christian Feigenbaum, a brewer of Newark, N. J.

Federal court decrees denying similar injunctions sought by the St. Louis Brewing association likewise were affirmed.

The court's opinion was very short, setting forth only the court's conclusions. Chief Justice White rendered a supplemental opinion concurring in the one rendered by Justice Vandevanter, at going more fully into the issues involved.

Other federal court decrees dismissing injunction pleas instituted by the Kentucky Distilleries and Warehouse company of Louisville, Ky., to enjoin enforcement of the act against it were sustained by the court. Injunctions sought by George C. Dempsey, a Boston, Mass., wholesale liquor dealer, to restrain enforcement of the enforcement act against him were also denied by the court.

Associate Justice McReynolds, while not dissenting from the court's opinion said he confined his "conclusions to the fact that it is impossible to say what construction should be given to the eighteenth amendment. A multitude of questions will arise and I prefer to remain free when they arise."

Associate Justice McKenna in still another opinion said:

"The court declares conclusions only without giving reasons for them. I must at least excuse if I cannot justify my dissent."

Justice McKenna said the Rhode Island and New Jersey cases should have been decided on their merits. He added that he did not agree with the action of the court in reversing the Wisconsin case.

Permission to file motions asking for re-hearing of the cases was given by the court at the request of the attorneys in the various prohibition cases.

The court held as follows:

"1.—The adoption of both houses of congress each by a two-thirds vote, of a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution sufficiently shows that the proposal was deemed necessary by all who voted for it. An express declaration that they regarded it as necessary is not essential. None of the resolutions whereby prior amendments were proposed contained such a declaration.

"2.—The two-thirds vote in each house which is required in proposing an amendment in a vote of two-thirds of the members present—assuming the presence of a quorum—and not a vote of two-thirds of the entire membership present and absent. Missouri Pacific Railway Co. vs. Kansas, 248, U. S. 276.

"3.—The referendum provisions of state constitutions and statutes, cannot be applied, consistently with the constitution of the United States, in the ratification or rejection of amendments to it. Hawke vs. Smith, U. S., decided June 1, 1920.

"4.—The prohibition of the manufacture, sale, transportation, importation and exportation of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes as embodied in the 18th amendment, is within the power to amend reserved by Article V of the constitution.

"5.—That amendment by lawful proposal and ratification has become a part of the constitution and must be respected and given effect the

(Continued on Page Six)