

WILSON VETOES APPROPRIATION BILL

WILSON PUTS AX TO BILL FOR MONEY

President Vetoes Annual Appropriation Bill Carrying \$104,000,000—Section Giving Congress Censorship Enroaching on Executive Functions Cause of Action—Congress Would Prevent Information Being Given to Country.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—President Wilson today vetoed the executive, legislative and judicial bill because of the section putting under congressional control all government publications. This section, the president said, would give congress a "censorship" enroaching on executive functions.

Chairman Good of the appropriations committee conferred with other republican leaders with a view to undertaking a vote on the veto late today.

This measure carries the annual appropriations for the legislative, executive and judicial branches of the government and its re- passage by congress will be necessary. The total carried by the bill is \$104,000,000.

The section of the bill at which the veto was aimed provides that "no journal, magazine, periodical or other similar government publication" shall be issued except under regulations prescribed by the congressional joint committee on printing, and a proviso is added including in the category "mimeographing, multigraphing and other processes used for the duplication of typewritten and printed matter, other than official correspondence and office records."

Restric Information

"The obvious effect of this provision," said the president, "would be to give to that committee power to prevent the executive departments from mimeographing or otherwise duplicating any material which they desire, and in that way power to determine what information shall be given to the people of the country by the executive departments. . . . Without raising any constitutional question, I think that this section . . . is an enroachment on the functions of the executive and incompatible with good government.

"I am in entire sympathy with the efforts of the congress and the departments to effect economies in printing and in the use of paper and supplies, but I do not believe that such a provision as this should become law.

Try Budget System

"If we are to have efficient and economic business administration . . . the congress, I believe, should direct its efforts to the control of public moneys along broader lines. . . . This can be accomplished by . . . establishing an effective budget system which I have heretofore urged.

"The congress and the executive should function within their respective spheres. The congress has the

(Continued on Page Eight)

OREGON HIT BY GASOLINE FAMINE FIFTY CENTS A GALLON IN ROSEBURG

ROSEBURG, Ore., May 13.—The record price of gasoline was reached in Roseburg today, when that precious liquid sold at the high figure of 50 cents a gallon. One car of gasoline arrived just in time last week to save the town from being without motor fuel, and again today there was a very meager supply and Standard Oil company gas sold in five gallon cans at 50 cents a gallon. Small quantities at the garages also sold at this price.

HOOD RIVER, Ore., May 13.—While the gasoline famine, which threatened to tie up hundreds of power spraying machines and tractors of orchardists, has been relieved here the Standard Oil company is allotting dealers about a third their normal supply of fuel. The oil agency here

is giving preference to industrial patrons in the distribution of the gasoline.

BAKER, Ore., May 13.—The gasoline shortage has hit Baker hard and there is hardly a gallon to be had in town.

Efforts are being made to have the state officials release a quantity of gasoline which does not come up to the specific gravity test demanded by the state.

ALBANY, Ore., May 13.—Forty and one-half gallons of gasoline will be allowed garages and other dealers during the next three weeks of the shortage by the local branch of the Standard Oil company under a company edict put in force yesterday, effective also at other Willamette valley points.

BRITISH CAPITALISTS MAY GAIN CONTROL U.S. GENERAL MOTORS

NEW YORK, May 13.—Sir Harry McGowan, chairman of explosives trades, limited, has bought shares of the General Motors corporation amounting to five million pounds sterling at 40 pounds a share, according to cable advices received here today.

It is believed that 125,000 shares of the old common stock was sold to the British interests at the above figure. This would bring the total amount received for the stock up to about \$25,000,000 at the normal rate of exchange.

Sir Harry was elected a director last week. At the same time Arthur Chamberlain of Explosives Trades Limited, and William McMaster of Canadian Explosives Limited, a branch of the English company, were also elected directors.

GOVERNMENT IS CONCERNED OVER CAR SHORTAGE

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Imperative necessity for concerted action to relieve the freight congestion on American railroads in order to prevent serious curtailment of production, engaged the attention today of all government agencies which deal with the national arteries of transportation. Reports from important terminals agreed that the situation still threatened a slowing down of industry.

Shortage of cars was given by most authorities as principal cause of the congestion, with lack of adequate personnel and motive power as important contributory causes. The fact that the strike of railroad employees still was in progress in some districts had depleted train and yard crews at important gateway connections.

The committee on car service of the American Railway association estimated 235,000 cars were tied up or delayed in transit at this time.

PEACE VOTE SET 4 P. M. SATURDAY

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The provision in the republican peace resolution requesting the president to open negotiations with Germany for a separate treaty was struck out today on motion of Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, the republican leader.

After the provision had been struck out, agreement was reached for a final vote on the resolution at four o'clock Saturday.

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CARRANZA'S LOOT TAKEN BY REBELS

Government Funds Carried Away From Mexico City Captured by Revolutionists—Fugitive President Surrounded by Enemy But Fights Desperately to Avoid Capture—Former General Begs to Die With Chief—Revolution Believed Over.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS, May 13.—Mexican rebel forces seem to be rapidly closing in on President Carranza and all that remains of his army, entrenched in the hilly country between San Marcos and Apizaco, 150 miles northwest of Vera Cruz. The stage for the final act of the drama of the revolution is apparently being set and rebel chieftains are evidently determined to capture the president, who fled from his capital last Friday.

General Trevino, a revolutionist, has gone to Apizaco, state of Tlaxcala, for the purpose of protecting the life of Carranza if he is captured.

Dispatches appear to clear up some obscure details of the flight of Carranza and what threatens to be his final stand. When he left Mexico City, Carranza is alleged to have taken with him government funds amounting to 27,000,000 pesos. His trains were stopped between Apam, state of Hidalgo and Rpiaco, state of Tlaxcala, but the president and the troops accompanying him in his flight made their way down the railroad for a distance of approximately 35 miles before being halted by rebel forces coming northward thru the state of Puebla. Dispatches declare the treasure reported to have been taken from Mexico City by Carranza has been captured by the rebels.

Piedras Negras has gone over to the rebels without a struggle, the Carranza officials fleeing across the international border and thus escaping capture.

Governor De La Huerta of Sonora, who has been named supreme leader of the revolution is preparing to go to Mexico City to take over control. Dispatches from Vera Cruz state that rebel leaders hope to hold the presidential election late in July. For this purpose, they desire the appointment of a provisional president who will give assurance the election will be conducted fairly.

Calles Is Killed YUMA, Ariz., May 13.—Captain Carter G. Calles, a nephew of General P. Elias Calles, was shot and killed at his doorway in San Luis, Sonora, a small garrison town, twenty-five miles below the international border, early today, according to a message received here early today.

According to the message, a former lieutenant of the Carranza forces then took charge of all arms and munitions at San Luis and announced that he held the place for the Carranza regime. The small detachment of troops commanded by Captain Calles had been aligned with the Sonora revolutionists.

Captain Calles was well known on the American side. He had an American wife and three children, now living in Tucson.

The Yuma irrigation project has a pumping plant valued at \$250,000 near the border opposite San Luis. United States troops from the local garrison were sent there today as a precautionary measure.

It was reported here that the former Carranzaist who took command was accompanied by only a half dozen former Mexican soldiers who had been on the American side of the line, and crossed over during the night.

Carranza Is Game VERA CRUZ, May 13.—(By Associated Press.) Furious fighting between rebel troops and forces commanded by President Carranza occurred yesterday at Hacienda Tamara, on the Mexican National railroad north of San Marcos, state of Puebla, according to dispatches received here. The area of the battlefield is reported to be approximately five square miles. President Carranza is said in wireless messages from Mexico City to have personally

(Continued on Page Eight)

HIRAM JOHNSON WILL CAMPAIGN EAST FOR BUSINESS MEN'S VOTE

NEW YORK, May 13.—Senator Hiram W. Johnson will make a tour of the larger cities in the east and middle west between now and the date of the republican convention in Chicago with a view to placing his candidacy for the republican presidential nomination before business men. It was announced at Johnson headquarters here today.

It was said the itinerary would include New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Cleveland and Chicago.

Senator Johnson's speeches on this tour, it was stated, would be designed to counteract a flood of literature disseminated among business men picturing him as an extreme radical.

SENATOR KELLOGG SPEAKS IN FAVOR KNOX RESOLUTION

WASHINGTON, May 13.—A status of peace must be obtained "in some other way" if it cannot be secured by ratification of the treaty and League of Nations, Senator Kellogg of Minnesota, one of the original "mild reservation" republicans in the treaty fight, declared today in the senate, supporting the republican peace resolution.

"The time has come when something must be done," he said. "The nation as soon as possible must be returned to normal conditions. I shall therefore vote for the resolution declaring the war at an end and because it seems to me the only possible way now of accomplishing this object."

"I voted for the treaty and the League of Nations," he continued, "and I would do so again, but never if American sons and American resources must be called at the behest of any foreign country to sustain the tottering and turbulent nations of Europe; never if we are to sacrifice the century-old Monroe doctrine; never if foreign countries can interfere in domestic policies or bring American labor to the level of European or Asiatic; never if this country is to be denied an equal voice in the councils of the League of Nations."

Mr. Kellogg expressed confidence in the effectiveness of the resolution to accomplish its ends.

CHRISTIANITY IS AT STAKE SAYS WILSON

WASHINGTON, May 13.—President Wilson, in a letter today to the southern Baptist convention here, said it was of "special significance and timeliness that a great Christian convention should be held in Washington, because the nation now faces nothing less than the question whether it is to help the Christian people in other parts of the world to realize their ideals of justice and orderly peace."

"I am sure," Mr. Wilson wrote, "that the nation will listen with the greatest deference to the utterance of your convention."

SAYS SCOTLAND WILL VOTE FOR PROHIBITION

NEW YORK, May 13.—"Prohibition will soon come to Scotland," was the prediction made by Magistrate James Gardner of Glasgow on his arrival here yesterday. "Recent plebiscites of workmen show that when the time comes to vote, prohibition will be carried two to one," he said.

Resume Horse Racing. MONTREAL, May 13.—After a three-year suspension due to the war, horse racing will be resumed in Canada tomorrow when the Mount Royal tracks reopen.

CONVICT NO. 2253 HEADS THE PARTY

Eugene V. Debs, Federal Convict Named by Acclamation for the Presidency of United States—Four Delegates Break Down and Weep During Nomination Speech—Demonstration Is Continuous—Debs Lauded as Lincoln of the Wabash

NEW YORK, May 13.—Eugene V. Debs, federal convict No. 2,253 was named by acclamation for the presidency of the United States at the socialist party's national convention here today.

Debs was nominated as the "Lincoln of the Wabash" by Edward Henry, a delegate from Indiana, Debs' home state.

In his nomination speech Henry described with such effect a visit which he had paid Debs shortly after the socialist leader entered the penitentiary that four of the delegates broke down and wept.

Din Is Continuous

Cheer upon cheer greeted the naming of the socialist leader, now serving a ten year's sentence in the federal penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga., for violation of the espionage act. The din was continuous as all those who had been able to crowd their way into the convention hall strained forward, eyes bent on the platform, where was set a life-sized portrait of Debs, framed in black.

Morris Hillquit, one time candidate for the New York mayoralty and chairman of the convention's platform committee, has predicted that the party in 1920 will poll from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 votes.

In 1908, when Debs ran for the presidency, he received 420,937 votes. In 1912, he received 987,011.

NEW YORK, May 13.—Eugene V. Debs, nominated today for president on the socialist ticket, now is convict number 2253 in the federal penitentiary at Atlanta, Ga.

He began serving a ten year's sentence for violation of the war time espionage act April 13, 1919. Debs, who is 65 years old, has been given the presidential nomination by his party four times previously. He was a democrat before he became a socialist. In the late seventies he served two terms in the Indiana legislature from Terre Haute, his home town. He was once a candidate for congress from the fifth Indiana district. In 1894, from May to November, he served a sentence in jail for contempt of court in an Illinois conspiracy case.

Honored by Lenin

His present imprisonment resulted from investigation of a speech in Canton, Ohio, June 16, 1918 which led to his arrest two weeks later for opposing the war and urging labor to cease all activities which any way tended to prolong it.

Every atom of influence and energy in the socialist party went into the fight to keep Debs out of jail, but each appeal was turned down. The American Federation of Labor convention in June 1919 voted down a resolution favoring clemency for him.

The name of Debs as "head of the socialist party in America" has gone around the world.

Soviet Russia sought his release in appeals through diplomatic channels. With Premier Lenin of Russia he last June was elected an honorary president of the Korean labor congress.

Seymour Stedman received the nomination for vice-president over Mrs. Kate Richards O'Hare of Kansas City, now serving a penitentiary sentence for violation of the espionage act.

Census Returns

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Census: Camden, N. J., 116,309, increase 21,771 or 23 per cent.

Concord, N. H., 22,167, increase 670 or 3.1 per cent.

Parsons, Kas., 16,928, increase 3565 or 28.6 per cent.

MAY 22ND CLEAN-UP DAY FOR MEDFORD IS MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION

Medford's clean up day is set by Mayor C. E. Gates for Saturday, May 22, in the following proclamation, issued today: "It is the duty of every citizen to assist in maintaining the beauty and cleanliness of our city, and it is generally conceded that Medford is one of the most beautiful metropolitan little cities on the Pacific coast. I believe we should use every means possible to keep pace with our reputation or improve on it if possible.

"In consideration of the above I hereby declare and proclaim Saturday, May 22, 1920, as Medford's clean-up day, and request the co-operation of everybody in our efforts to make this the cleanest and best city on the Pacific coast.

C. E. GATES, Mayor

BUTTE MINERS FOR STRIKE ACTION ON A SABOTAGE PLAN

BUTTE, Mont., May 13.—Following the action taken by Metal Mine Workers Industrial union No. 800, I. W. W., Butte branch, last night in declaring its strike in the mines off, a number of men made application this morning for employment as miners.

To last night's resolution was attached a rider that the men "strike on the job," which, it was explained, would mean that they would do as little work as possible to hold their positions. The mine managers put practically no men back to work today.

In line with the announcement yesterday that the various operating companies will no longer employ members of the I. W. W., it was decided to employ no more men without a thorough investigation, the object being to determine whether applicants were members of the I. W. W. At the employment office of the Anaconda Copper Mining company, the largest employer of miners in the district, no men were taken on today.

JOHNNY MCCARTHY WINS DECISION

PORTLAND, Ore., May 13.—Johnny McCarthy, San Francisco, won a close decision over Frankie Murphy, Denver, after ten rounds of fighting before the Milwaukie Athletic club last night. The men are welterweights and both fought furiously from going to zong.

Billy Mascot was given a decision over Sammy Gordon after eight rounds of milling. The men are bantamweights. Joe Mandot, New Orleans, lightweight, and Muff Bronson, Portland, fought an eight-round draw. Joe Gorman, Portland featherweight, won from Johnny Fiske, Rock Island, Ill., in a six-round contest.

REIGN OF TERROR BREAKS OUT IN IRELAND AGAIN, BARRACKS BURNED

DUBLIN, May 13.—At least nineteen police barracks in various parts of Ireland were wiped out in the course of widespread destruction of public property and other activities by bands of armed and masked men in various parts of Ireland last night.

Five income tax and customs offices also were raided and papers found in them burned.

Two mail cars and one mail train were held up and official papers taken from them.

One man was killed in the outskirts of Dublin, where barracks were burned.

The Rev. T. G. Wilkinson, one of the canons of the Down cathedral, at Down Patrick was shot and critically wounded while pursuing raiders on the street.

The houses of two newspaper editors were raided and one anti-Sinn Fein editor was tarred and feathered. Some of the police barracks destroyed were unoccupied and others were inhabited only by the custodians.

The reports of the raiders' activities have been pouring in all day from numerous sections.

NAVAL ORDER WAS FORGED SAYS SEC'Y.

Secretary Daniels Makes Grave Charge in Sims' Controversy—Naval Order Produced by Admiral Never Signed—Declares Sims Should Produce Forger and Make a Public Apology—Finds Original Dispatch British Embassy.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Charges that a cablegram produced before the senate naval investigating committee during the testimony of Rear Admiral Sims, bore a forged signature were made today by Secretary Daniels. He referred to a message which Admiral Sims had presented as part of his criticism of the navy and which purported to have been signed by the secretary.

"Somewhere, somebody was guilty of signing my name to an official dispatch which the original, here produced, shows I never signed," Mr. Daniels told the committee, "or of altering a dispatch by erasing the real signature and substituting 'Daniels'."

The concluding paragraph of the cablegram read: "In regard to convoys I consider that American vessels having armed guards are safer when sailing independently."

Mr. Daniels testified that immediately upon reading the admiral's testimony he knew he never sent such a cablegram and he started an investigation.

Signed by A. F. Carter

The secretary said he finally found the original dispatch in the British embassy thru which it had been sent and that the name signed to it was "A. F. Carter, by directions of the chief of naval operations."

"The statement that it was signed 'Daniels' is untrue," said the secretary. "No such telegram signed 'Daniels' was ever sent to Admiral Sims. In his testimony he reiterated that this dispatch made him 'about ready to jump overboard' and that it was signed with my name, conveying the impression that the civilian secretary of the navy had personally passed upon the question of a particular method to protect shipping and was resisting the adoption of the convoy system. I knew I never entertained the opinion stated in the dispatch displayed."

Admiral Sims should produce the person who changed the signature, Mr. Daniels declared, adding the admiral owed "an apology to me and to the country for the impression undertaken to be made by his testimony based upon a false signature."

I. W. W. CHARGES HOLD UP HUNT NOMINATION

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Confirmation of former Governor Hunt of Arizona to be American minister to Siam, was recommended today by the senate foreign relations committee by a vote of 11 to 4. The vote was delayed pending inquiry into the charges that Governor Hunt had expressed sympathy with the I. W. W.