

# ALASKA IS TERRORIZED BY ALIEN REDS

## U. S. CUTTER DISPATCHED TO ALASKA

Algonquin Equipped With 3-Inch Rifles and Machine Guns Ordered to Hydar to Quell Disturbances—Federal Officials Marked for Death by Radicals May First—Attorney General Palmer Issues Orders to Quell Disturbances.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Activity of alien agitators in the vicinity of Hydar, Alaska, resulted in the dispatch today of the coast guard cutter Algonquin from Port Townsend, Wash., to that place.

Announcing the departure of the Algonquin, the coast guard service said the vessel would co-operate with the local officials in maintaining order. The Algonquin carries a crew of 71 and is equipped with four 3-inch rifles and two machine guns.

Dispatches to the coast guard service did not give details as to the situation at Hydar.

Radical agitators have long been active in Alaska and complaints of the situation there have been made before congressional committees by Alaskan officers and others. Governor Riggs recently announced that he would ask congress to provide for a constabulary to curb the radicals who, he said, threatened to demoralize industry.

### Protect U. S. Officials

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Federal agents have been instructed to "go as far as the law will allow," in breaking up May day radical demonstrations. In making this announcement today, Assistant Attorney General Garvan said department of justice officials were concentrating on efforts to protect the lives of officials, federal and state, who have been marked for destruction and to prevent violence generally.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Warning that they had been selected by radical elements for assault or assassination as part of a May day demonstration has been received from department of justice agents today by more than a score of federal and state officials. Announcement of the discovery of the plot by government agents was announced last night by Attorney General Palmer. The assassinations and assaults were to have been a part of the May day program planned by the communist labor party and other radical groups, Mr. Palmer said, adding that the contemplated violence was to be incident to attempts to bring about strikes in all the basic American industries in behalf of peace with soviet Russia.

The propaganda used in the textile manufacturing districts, Mr. Palmer said, included the argument that strikes would reduce the high cost of living.

BOSTON, April 30.—An appeal to workers to show their strength by a united strike May 1 is contained in posters purporting to be the May day proclamation of the central executive committee of the communist party of America, which are being circulated here. The appeal is headed "hail to the soviets."

## PRINCETON PROFESSOR AND EX-LABOR LEADER NAMED BY PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Henry Jones Ford, professor of politics at Princeton university and James Duncan of Quincy, Mass., a former vice president of the American Federation of Labor, were nominated today by President Wilson to be members of the inter-state commerce commission.

Mr. Ford will succeed Commissioner James S. Harlan whose term expired more than a year ago and Mr. Duncan is to take one of the two new positions on the commission created by its enlargement under the transportation act.

White House officials said a nomination for the other vacancy might be made in the near future, thus bringing the commission to its full membership of nine.

## WATER POWER UNDER CONTROL OF GOVERNMENT

Water Power Bill Agreed Upon in Conference Creates Federal Power Commission to Have Control Over All Water Matters—Adds 4 Million H. P. to Nation's Resources.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Described by Chairman Jones of the senate commerce committee, as legislation affecting every citizen of the United States, the water power bill as agreed upon in conference would create a federal power commission composed of the secretaries of war, agriculture and interior. This commission would have authority over all matters pertaining to the development of water power in which the federal government has jurisdiction or in which it is interested as an owner of lands or other property necessary to such projects.

The commission may issue preliminary permits allowing applicants three years in which to make examinations of water power projects, prepare plans and make financial arrangements. The commission also may issue licenses for a period of fifty years or it may reserve such projects as should be undertaken by the federal government. Preference must be given by the commission to states and municipalities if they are equally adapted to utilize water resources.

The bill also would encourage the building of head-water storage reservoirs to equalize power production, prevent floods and obtain water for irrigation purposes after being used for generation of power. Provision is made for construction of locks in power dams in navigable streams so as to extend navigation into the upper reaches of rivers.

At the expiration of the fifty year license the government under the bill is given the option of purchasing the hydro-electric plants by paying the licensee his net investment or it may issue a new license to the original licensee or to a new licensee who

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## BLUEBEARD CONFESSES TO MURDER

Husband of Twenty Odd Wives Admits Killing Nina Lee Deloney—Married So Often Can't Remember All Their Names—At Least Three Other Wives Died by His Hand—Salem Woman Mentioned in List—All Possessed Property.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 30.—Walter Andrew Watson, confessed bigamist and murderer will be indicted by a county grand jury next Monday for the murder of Nina Lee Deloney; he will then appear in court and plead guilty and in consideration of his plea and the saving to the state, the district attorney will ask for a sentence of life imprisonment against him, instead of the death penalty. This statement was made here today by W. C. Doran, chief deputy district attorney, after a conference with Watson's attorney.

LOS ANGELES, April 30.—Murder, and not bigamy, will be the charge to be faced by James R. Huirf who last night admitted, after an investigation extending over nearly a month had enmeshed him beyond hope, that he had killed two women, had at least contributed to the deaths of two more and had married at least twenty, including the four who lost their lives.

The murder charge, according to the officers of the district attorney, will be based on the alleged confession of Huirf that he killed Nina Lee Deloney, one of his "wives" in Los Angeles county, and afterward concealed her body at a lonely place in the mountains of Imperial county, whence he carried it, over a travelled highway, wrapped in blankets and laid in his touring car.

After Huirf had finished his statement at midnight last night, District Attorney Lee Woolwine, two deputy sheriffs and other investigators left by automobiles for the spot described by the prisoner as the place where he had hidden Mrs. Deloney's body. The trip will require at least two days, and it was said that no formal charge of murder would be filed until the party had returned. Enough evidence, even without the finding of the body of Mrs. Deloney, or the admission of the alleged confession, is already available to support such a charge, the officers said.

Known as Watson The murder charge and all subsequent proceedings, will be brought against the man under the name of Walter Andrew Watson, it was said; this course will be taken because the defendant told the officers, they said, that he did not know his true name, but was most frequently known as Watson; because the marriage with Nina Lee Deloney, which preceded the alleged murder, was solemnized under that name, and because it was the name most used by the man in Los Angeles county.

Watson's story was told last night in the presence of District Attorney Woolwine, Chief Deputy W. C. Doran, a shorthand reporter, two deputy sheriffs and J. M. Marmaduke, an attorney who had previously brought—and abandoned—a writ of habeas corpus in Watson's behalf. The statement was given in response to questions and more than four hours time was devoted to its completion. It was transcribed at once and will be presented to Watson for his signature today. The presence of Watson's attorney, and the complete deliberation with which the matter was handled, caused sheriff's officers to express the belief last night that some promise of immunity from the death penalty had been given the man in exchange for his aid in clearing up the involved mysteries of his marriages and as a consideration for the expense that would be avoided by eliminating a trial.

Native of Tennessee Watson's statement, in brief, was that he was a native of the south, probably of Tennessee; he said his first memory was of finding himself in an orphan asylum where he remained until he was about ten years old; then, he said, he went to live with a family named Harper and remained with them for about five

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## FINEST ELKS LODGE IN THE WORLD TO BE ERECTED AT SEATTLE

SEATTLE, April 30.—Seattle Lodge No. 92, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, today purchased the site of the Lincoln hotel, recently destroyed by fire, which, with the ground now occupied by the Elks building adjoining, gives the lodge an entire half block, on which it is preparing to build the finest Elks temple in the United States, according to a statement by George Bouckaert, exalted ruler. The newly acquired ground, 120 by 120 feet, cost the lodge \$103,000, it was announced.

## MORE BUSINESS IN GOVERNMENT IS GREAT NEED

Senator Edge of New Jersey Tells Academy Political Science Not Enough Business in Government—Too Much Government in Business—Congress Plays Politics.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Construction rather than re-construction, is the great task confronting this congress, the next congress and perhaps even the sixty-eighth congress, Senator Walter E. Edge, of New Jersey said, speaking at the luncheon meeting of the Academy of Political Science.

Senator Edge declared "there is too much government in business and not enough business in government." "The United States must open and cultivate world-wide markets for its goods," he continued. "The people of the United States cannot consume the entire production of the land, nor would there be any profit for them if they could and merely interchanged dollars among themselves; so, either world markets must be won and cultivated, or American production must be curtailed, with resultant poverty, distress and unrest."

Assistant Secretary Leffingwell of the treasury declared that the government of the United States "is deadlocked against itself, a government of obstruction."

Govt. Is Divided Failure of the government to deal in a constructive way with any one of the vital national problems, he attributed largely to the fact that the government is "divided against itself." "At this most critical moment in the history of Europe," he continued, "when our financial and economic stake in Europe's affairs is so great that disaster there could mean only disaster here, many of our own people have turned gamblers and wasters. For plain living and high thinking, we have substituted wasting and bickering. We enjoy high living while we grumble at the high cost of living."

Mr. Leffingwell assailed the government's administrative policy as "penny wise and pound foolish," reciting how "congress had struggled to effect economies at the expense of efficient administration while it takes time to add \$65,000,000 to Civil War pensions."

Bonus Is Condemned "Instead of telling the people frankly and boldly," he said, "that prices are high because they are wasting, we fix prices and prosecute profiteers in order that the people may buy more and pay less. Instead of telling the young men who were drafted to fight the war, and who came back better and stronger and more fit to fight their own battles than they ever were before, to go to work and save their money and look out for themselves as any self-respecting man should, we listen complacently to their organized demands for a bonus, euphemistically called 'adjusted compensation.'"

LONDON, April 30.—German state defense troops will march into the southern Ruhr district for the protection of public order and industry, says a wireless message from Berlin today.

## POLES ROUT RED ARMY IN SOUTH

Bolsheviki Lines Give Way Before Onslaught of Polish Army—15,000 Prisoners, 60 Cannon, Hundreds of Machine Guns, 76 Locomotives Taken—German Troops Aid Poles—Soviet Message Admits Reverse Near Kiev.

WARSAW, April 30.—(By the Associated Press)—The resistance of the bolsheviki has been broken in south Ukraine, according to today's official communique, which announces that the Poles have captured Mohilev and are now moving south-east along the Dniester.

The Poles have captured 15,000 prisoners, 60 cannon, hundreds of machine guns and 76 locomotives since their offensive began, the communique adds.

WARSAW, April 29.—(By the Associated Press)—Polish and Ukrainian troops, driving toward Kiev, have occupied the town of Malin, about 60 miles northwest of Kiev. The advance is continuing toward the Dnieper river except on the southern sector of the front where the Russian bolshevik forces are making a stubborn stand along the right bank of the Bug river. In an action which resulted in the occupation of the village of Kozatin, southwest of Zhitomir, Polish cavalry captured 2000 prisoners, ten cannon, one tank and the colors of the fifty-eighth bolshevik division. Posen troops which fought during the great war in the German army, are engaged in the advance.

LONDON, April 30.—The loss of Zhitomir, eighty miles southwest of Kiev, to the Poles is admitted in an official statement sent out today by the soviet government at Moscow. The message also refers to a Polish threat against Kiev.

## ALASKA DELEGATES TO GO UNPLEGGED

JUNEAU, Alaska, April 30.—Additional and almost complete returns from Tuesday's primary election increase the election of John C. McBride for republican national committeeman and George C. Hazelt and T. M. Reed for delegates to the republican national convention. The delegates are unpledged and have not declared their preference for presidential nomination.

## WONDERFUL LOVER, BUT SHE KEPT HER COIN

VANCOUVER, B. C., April 30.—"He was a wonderful lover, but before I married him I placed an inheritance of \$10,000 in trust for my children where neither of us could reach it for twenty years," said Mrs. H. L. Gordon, referring to J. R. Huirf held on a murder charge in Los Angeles. As H. L. Gordon, Huirf is alleged to have married Mrs. Gordon in Winnipeg in April, 1919.

Mrs. Beatrice Andrewartha, of Vancouver, is believed by local police to have been one of Huirf's victims. She has not been seen since February 12, 1919.

## PLANE SMASHES AFTER TRIP TO LIMA, PERU

LIMA, Peru, April 29.—Pilot Simon and W. Wheeler, mechanic, American commercial aviators were seriously injured when their airplane crashed at the military aviation field here today shortly after its arrival from New Orleans. The machine was wrecked.

## SENATE COMMITTEE OFFERS RESOLUTION TO DECLARE WAR AT END

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The state of war with both Germany and Austria will be terminated under a resolution presented today by the senate foreign relations committee as a substitute for the house resolution to end the war with Germany alone.

The vote on the resolution was nine to six with all of the republicans supporting it, and all the democrats lining up solidly in opposition. Senators McCumber, republican, North Dakota, and Shields, democrat, Tennessee, were absent and did not vote.

It is planned to call up the resolution for debate in the senate next week and final action is expected within two or three weeks.

## FIVE PLANS TO HELP SOLDIERS ARE SUBMITTED

Soldier Relief Bill Finally Completed by Ways and Means Committee of House—Nearly 2 Billions Increase in Revenue Required by Measure.—Many Plans Offered.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The soldier relief bill finally was completed today by a majority of the republican members of the house ways and means committee and will be considered tonight at a conference of house republicans. Present plans are to bring it up Monday for immediate passage.

Five optional plans for payment of adjusted compensation are provided as follows: Adjusted service pay at \$1.25 for each day's services in excess of 60 days between April 5, 1917, and January 1, 1920.

Extension of vocational training at \$1.75 for each day's attendance on a course of instruction declared suitable by the federal board for vocational education.

Offer Insurance Plan Purchase or improvements of city or suburban homes with compensation at the rate of \$1.75 for each day's service.

Issuance of paid up insurance at the rate of \$1.75 for each day's service. Such insurance will be payable twenty years after issued or in case of death. Loans could be obtained at any time after two years.

Establishment of a "national veterans settlement board," composed of the secretary of the interior and four members to be appointed by the president, at least three of whom shall be former service men, which would be authorized to make loans to service men not exceeding \$1,000 for the reclamation and development of farm lands.

Requires \$1,800,000,000 Revenues to pay the compensation (Continued on Page Eight)

## U. S. GOVERNMENT RECOGNIZES THE BELLIGERENCY OF SONORA REBELS

DOUGLAS, Ariz., April 30.—The United States government will allow payment of customs duties by American firms and citizens to the de facto government authorities in Sonora and having made such payment they are free from further obligations, according to a telegram received by a bank here today from Bainbridge Colby, secretary of state.

The telegram was viewed here as recognition by the state department of the belligerency of Sonora.

## THE WORLD MUST SAVE AND EARLY

Entire World Must Tighten Belt There Is to Be Enough for Paul M. Warburg Tells Academy Political Science—Call Halt Bank Credit for Speculation Protection of Essentials and Europe.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The entire world must tighten its belt if there is to be enough for all, and that it is a strict control of bank credit without which the world will continue gorge itself and inflate, declared P. M. Warburg, banker, discussing flatation, its causes and remedies before the Academy of Political Science here today.

Summing up he said: "First we must fight inflation with all the means at our disposal; by resting the further increase of government indebtedness, and if possible reducing it; and by calling a halt further bank credit and note issue. We would thereby destitute the atmosphere of easy money paper prosperity that makes for individual and corporate extravagance and fosters discontent among masses, rendering them disinclined to give their full measure of work. It includes the most difficult task curbing the production of unessentials and of stimulating the production of essentials.

Stimulate Production "And finally we must fight inflation by stimulating essential production, both here and abroad, which means that we must furnish Europe with the materials required in order to rehabilitate her industries, so that once more she may become self-supporting. As far as this involves granting of further credits it should be our determined purpose to provide them from our savings. If we incapable or too irresponsible to accomplish this, we must submit to paying for the unsaved balance by fiat, that would prove, as we have seen, a wasteful and highly regrettable alternative, but it is easier for us to bear the sacrifice than for Europe."

Banks to Restrict Credit PINEHURST, N. C., April 30.—The executive council of the American Bankers association today appointed a special committee to confer with the federal reserve board on other methods of bringing about deflation of credits.

The opinion of the council, as pressed in a resolution, was that only means of diminishing the tremendous demands on the banks credit was a well considered rationing of credit, progressively applied from the federal reserve bank through the financial and commercial structure of the nation. The resolution said credit for essentials must not be unduly restricted but banks should not advance funds for speculative purposes. The council approved an amendment to income tax law, exempting interest on bank deposits of non-resident alien. The object of the amendment is to encourage foreign trade.

Through official channels it is learned today that the revolutionaries still hold the port of Frontera. The rebels in the state of Guerrero and Michoacan, have proclaimed sympathy with the Sonora revolution.