

Maximum yesterday.....50
Minimum today.....39
Precipitation.....Trace

Light to heavy frost.

Fiftieth Year. Daily—Fifteenth Year.

MEDFORD, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 1920.

NO. 26

GEN. WOOD IS DEFEATED IN NEBRASKA

H. JOHNSON AND BRYAN WIN STATE

California Senator Leads Wood by 6,000 Votes With Plurality Increasing as Count Progresses—Bryan Jumps Into Lead as Delegate at Large Outside of Omaha, But is Closely Pressed by Hitchcock—Pershing Behind Wood.

OMAHA, Neb., April 21.—In 552 precincts out of 1849 in the state gave the following vote for republican presidential preference: Johnson, 22,287; Wood, 16,103; Pershing 10,383; Ross, 740. These were returns from 55 counties, five of which were complete.

William Jennings Bryan made decided gains as the counting of the delegate-at-large votes progressed and went into the lead of all delegates in the returns received from 386 precincts, outside of Douglas county (Omaha). The vote in Douglas county, however, from 164 precincts cut this advantage and in 532 precincts, including those heard from in Douglas county, he stood fifth in the contest.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 21.—Election figures compiled by the Lincoln Daily Star on yesterday's primary for republican presidential preference, give: Johnson, 24,416; Wood, 18,805; Pershing 12,521; Ross, 1,223.

These returns are from 46 of the state's 93 counties, only three of which are complete.

In the democratic contest for delegates at large (four out of eight candidates to be elected) William Jennings Bryan jumped into fourth place on the face of returns from forty counties, two of which are complete, returns compiled by the Star show.

Bryan Strong in Country OMAHA, Neb., April 21.—Senator Hiram W. Johnson continued to maintain a lead as the ballots in Tuesday's presidential primary were slowly being tallied today. With 432 precincts out of 1849 heard from he had polled 15,618 votes to 12,762 for Leonard Wood and 7309 for General John J. Pershing.

The contest for delegate at large on the democratic ticket furnished the most interest in Nebraska this morning. While one of William J. Bryan's delegates was running third in the field of eight, Bryan dropped back to seventh position when 408 precincts had been counted. Political observers call attention to the fact, however, that while Bryan lost Douglas county he was running second outside of the county and the race promises to be close. The vote of 408 precincts stood: Hitchcock delegates: Neville, 12,352; Shallenberg, 12,035; Neble, 9819; McNew 9388. Bryan delegates: Stephens 10,085; Berge, 9351; Bryan, 9313; Thomas, 8559.

Governor McKelvie continued to lead Adam McMullen in the republican gubernatorial contest when 424 precincts had been heard from. The vote: McKelvie, 9358; McMullen 8251.

BUTTE PEOPLE ARE TERRORIZED BY MOBS OF I. W. W. MINE STRIKERS

BUTTE, Mont., April 21.—Clashes between mine guards and I. W. W. picketers marked the opening of the third day of the strike called Sunday night by the I. W. W. for higher wages, a six-hour day and the release of political prisoners. In other respects the local situation is the same as yesterday. No ore is being hoisted by the mines of the district, but the various companies are able to keep their pumps going and to otherwise protect their properties. Practically no miners got through the lines of picketers this morning, but engineers and pumpmen reported in sufficient numbers to prevent the mines from being flooded. No ar-

PALMER WINS GEORGIA DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY SMITH AND WATSON TIED

ATLANTA, Ga., April 21.—Six counties still out, returns from yesterday's presidential preference primary showed Palmer had carried 49 counties with 138 convention votes; Smith 49 counties with 118 votes and Watson 51 counties with 118 votes. Palmer stood for the Wilson administration and the League Covenant, Smith for the covenant with reservations and Watson against any league at all.

TIGER SNARLS ON ARRIVAL, FRANCE; THINKS WAR OVER

PARIS, April 21.—Former Premier Georges Clemenceau, who has been visiting Egypt for the past two months, arrived here this morning. He was alert and smiling, but avoided interviewers and would not be photographed. He was met at the station by members of his family. Many prominent men were present.

"When he landed at Marseilles yesterday efforts were made to get the aged statesman to talk but all were futile.

"The war is over isn't it," he exclaimed to the correspondent of the Journal. "Yes? Well, all I want is to be left alone."

"What am I going to do? Why, just live until I die." The "Tiger" growled out brief impressions of his visit to Egypt while the elephant tusk and mummy he brought back from the land of the Pharaohs were being placed on the block.

"I got a fine case of bronchitis and found myself stuck in the middle of Egypt with both lungs out of commission. That's what comes from believing in mirages. Evidently I shall not die from it, for I am still more solid than my dear friends think, but it prevented me from visiting Palestine as I had planned."

LIBERTY BONDS ON TOBOGGAN AGAIN

NEW YORK, April 21.—Speculative issues were subjected to severe liquidation in the stock market today declining 5 to almost 45 points in the absence of support. Automobile shares, steels, and oils were most susceptible to pressure. General Motors fell 42 1/2 points to 275 and Baldwin Locomotive dropped 15 points. Sales were estimated at 1,750,000 shares. The activity of the final hour was so great that last transactions were not recorded on the ticker until 20 minutes after the closing hour.

A factor in the decline was the acute weakness of Liberty bonds, several of which declined 1 to 3 per cent to new low records.

DEATH LIST IN TORNADO TOTALS 166

Wind Storm Proves to Be One of Most Destructive in Southern History—Property Damage Mounts Into Millions—Calls for Aid Sent Out—Richest Farm Belts in Alabama and Mississippi Laid Waste—Red Cross Active.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 21.—Assistance is urgently needed for the relief of tornado survivors in a dozen counties of Mississippi, Alabama and Tennessee, reports today from the storm swept district said. With a death list of 166 already reported and a property loss which will run into many millions, the tornado has taken rank as one of the most disastrous as well as most widespread in the annals of the south.

Hundreds require medical attention and the forces of physicians and nurses available are inadequate. Tents and other temporary structures must be erected and a shortage of food is foreseen as a result of the destruction of barns and warehouses, coupled with the complete obstruction of communicating roads.

Struck Farm Belt The storm apparently struck the rich farming belt lying around Bay Springs, Jasper county, Miss., and moved northeast across the remainder of the state, to vent its fury upon the extreme northwestern tier of counties in Alabama before moving into Tennessee. In and near Meridian, Miss., 21 persons lost their lives, while 16 employees at a lumber camp in Neshoba county were killed. The deaths in Mississippi already reported totaled 118. Of these Aberdeen and Meridian had 21 each; Rose Hill 6; Bay Springs, 7; Glen 10; Igomar, 6; Starkville 6; Neshoba county 16; Winston county, 5, and others scattered. Alabama reported 45 dead, of whom 20 were in Marion county and 15 in Killingworth Cove. The others were scattered. Only three known dead were reported in Tennessee.

Crashes Over Mountain HUNTSVILLE, Ala., April 21.—The tornado swept into Madison county from the southwest just south of Lilly Flagg and crashed over the mountain in Killingworth Cove, leaving, as far as known here, fifteen dead and more than a score of injured in its wake. Extensive property damage was reported.

MACON, Miss., April 21.—At least five persons were killed by the tornado in its course through Noxubee and Winston counties, according to word received here, and considerable damage was caused to property and crops.

LAUREL, Miss., April 21.—Fifteen persons are known to have been killed and property valued at a million dollars destroyed in the tornado which swept through Jasper county fifteen miles north of Laurel yesterday.

NEW ORLEANS, La., April 21.—The Gulf division of the American Red Cross has sent a carload of tents, blankets and medical supplies together with nurses, workers and physicians to Meridian to aid in relief work among the storm sufferers.

CROWN PRINCE TO MOVE TO HOLLAND

AMSTERDAM, April 21.—Negotiations with the reformed church at Wieringen for the purchase of a local presbytery "as a permanent residence for the former crown prince of Germany," have been begun by the Dutch government, according to the Wieringen correspondent of the Telegraaf.

BUTTE, Mont., April 21.—Sheriff C. K. Wyman of Beaverhead county was shot and killed at noon today on the main street of Monday by an alleged horse thief for whom the authorities at Idaho Falls had requested the Montana sheriff to search.

CHINA FACES GREAT ERA OF PROSPERITY SAYS CHARLES CRANE

CHICAGO, April 21.—China stands in the position of the United States fifty years ago, entering an era of development and progress, said Charles R. Crane, newly appointed minister to China, who left today to take his post at Peking.

"Perhaps the country's biggest problem is that of transportation."



he said. "There are more miles of canals in China than of railroads in the United States but railroads are badly needed."

"If we have peace in the Pacific," Mr. Crane said, "there is no reason the Pacific of the future should not repeat what has been accomplished in the trade channels of the Atlantic."

AKRON'S GROWTH IS SENSATIONAL, NOW NEXT TO ST. PAUL

WASHINGTON, April 21.—With an increase of 139,368 in its population during the last decade Akron, Ohio, has gone ahead of Kansas City, Dayton, Ohio, Memphis Tenn.; Nashville, Tenn., and Syracuse and Albany, N. Y. Akron's increase was the largest in number thus far reported in the fourteenth census.

Ranking as 81st city in 1910, Akron's rate of growth in the last ten years was 201.8 per cent, which places it now just below St. Paul, which is the next largest city having reported this year, with 234,595.

The following census returns are announced: Akron, O., 208,435, increase 139,368 or 201.8 per cent.

Wichita, Kas., 72,128 increase 19,678 or 37.5 per cent.

Mansfield, Ohio, 27,824, increase 7056 or 34 per cent.

Dedham, Mass., 10,783, increase 1499 or 16.1 per cent.

Laurel, Miss., 13,037, increase 9572 or 54 per cent.

LATEST NEWS OF THE STATE

PORTLAND, Ore., April 21.—The entire Pacific Northwestern clip of wool, for the season of 1920, will be concentrated in Portland, already the second wool center of the country, if plans agreed upon yesterday by the wool growers of Oregon are carried to fruition.

SALEM, Ore., April 21.—Fees received from filing of candidates in the primary election together with the statements for publication in the voters' pamphlet, totaled \$11,975, according to a statement prepared by Sam A. Kozier, assistant secretary of state. This money has been turned over to the state treasurer and is a substantial offset to the cost of printing and distributing of the pamphlets.

SALEM, Ore., April 21.—William Farre of Burns was appointed county judge of Harney county by Governor Olcott, to succeed the late Judge Levens who died last week in Portland.

Raise Sullivan Monument. CHICAGO, April 21.—Plans to raise a fund of \$50,000 to erect a monument to the memory of Roger C. Sullivan, democratic leader, who died here a week ago, were announced today by a committee of friends. Contributions would be limited to five cents.

UNCLE SAM TO ATTEND SAN REMO

Ambassador Johnson Instructed to Be Official Observer Allied Conference for U. S. A.—Will Not Participate in Deliberations—Italy and England Favor Withdrawal of Allied Troops, But France is Bitterly Opposed.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Ambassador Johnson at Rome was instructed today by the state department to attend the allied conference at San Remo as an official observer for the American government. He will not participate in the discussions or deliberations.

PARIS, April 21.—Germany has asked the inter-allied conference at San Remo to increase from 100,000 to 200,000 men the standing army provided for Germany by the terms of the treaty of Versailles.

The request was contained in a note handed to the French foreign office last evening with the demand that it be sent to the supreme council at San Remo.

The note set forth that an increased force was necessary for the maintenance of order in the interior and that furthermore, the army would not accept an order for its dissolution.

Ask for Staff The note further requests that Germany be allowed to retain the entire general staff and corps of officers, which means the entire framework of the active army.

In French official circles the German requests are considered as merely one or more moves in the systematic offensive against the treaty of Versailles. It was pointed out that if Germany's requests were granted, the German army would differ from the army of 1914 in nothing but the facility with which the rank and file could be mobilized.

France, it was indicated, will stoutly resist any concessions.

Italy-England Agreed PARIS, April 21.—Withdrawal of allied troops from parts of the Rhineland in consideration of immediate execution by Germany of certain financial obligations of the treaty of Versailles is proposed by Italy and Great Britain at the San Remo conference of the supreme allied council, says a dispatch to the Petit Parisien. Premier Millerand has refused to agree to this plan, it is said.

The Anglo-Italian demand would include disarmament of Germany under threat of blockade and the simultaneous inauguration of a policy of reconciliation, says the Math. which adds that, in view of M. Millerand's refusal to join them, Premier Nitti and Lloyd George are not likely to persist in carrying out their proposals.

Balfour Arrives SAN REMO, April 21.—(By the Associated Press)—Arthur J. Balfour, British member of the League of Nations executive council, who has been acting as the presiding officer at the council's sessions, arrived in San Remo today to represent the League of Nations in discussion with the supreme council regarding the mandate for Armenia, which the league had been asked to assume.

Erzerum, which has been selected as the capital of Armenia, is the home city of Mustafa Kemal, the Turkish nationalist leader. He is reported to have 15,000 troops there, which the League of Nations, under the mandate would have the task of turning out.

RAILROAD MEN WILL RUN GROCERY STORE

JUNCTION CITY, Kas., April 21.—A co-operative grocery store as an aid in fighting the high cost of living will be opened here shortly, it was announced today by representatives of the Union Pacific shop workers. Four fifths of the store's capital stock of \$50,000 is owned by shop workers, it is declared.

EAST REPRESENTATIVE CUDAHY PACKING CO. IS ARRESTED PROFITEERING

NEW YORK, April 21.—The fourth arrest in a few days of Brooklyn managers of big packing houses for alleged profiteering came today when Oliver H. Saunders, manager for the Cudahy Packing company was taken into custody charged with selling meat at excessive prices. It was alleged he sold at 34 cents a pound meat similar to that which a few days before had sold at 29 cents. He pleaded not guilty and was held in \$2500 bail for examination May 5.

CHINESE FACTIONS TO UNITE, STATES MR. WU TING FANG

SHANGHAI, April 21.—(By the Associated Press)—Dominant elements of the northern and southern Chinese government will merge and organize a united parliament, probably in this city, in a short time, said Wu Ting Fang, administrative leader and minister of foreign affairs of the southern government, on arriving here. A constitution and peace program will be drafted at the meeting, he said, thus terminating the Canton government.

Sun Yat Sen, first president of the Chinese republic and leader of the constitutionalists, and Tang Shao Yoi former premier of the Peking government, are here, and ninety of the 300 members of the Canton parliament have arrived.

Wu Ting Fang favors the consortium in which Japan, the United States, France and Great Britain would play a dominant role in the financing of Chinese undertakings, but opposes loans now pending.

SHANGHAI, March 17.—Refusal of American, British and French banks to carry through a proposed loan of \$25,000 to the Peking government has led the national students union and the Shanghai students union to address to the leading American, French and British banking houses in China messages expressing gratitude for the decision reached. Messages of the same tenor were also forwarded to the ministers of the three countries in Peking.

GERMANY RESUMES PLACE, HOLY SEE

ROME, April 20.—The German government has concluded the necessary negotiations for having all Germany represented diplomatically at the Holy See and shortly, therefore, Diego von Bergen will be appointed German ambassador to the Vatican. Almost simultaneously the Holy See will institute a nunciature of the first class in Berlin.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—An agreement with the railroad brotherhood unions under which the striking railroad workers in the metropolitan district of New York will return to work immediately was announced here today by Edward McHugh, spokesman for the strikers.

Mr. McHugh said he had abandoned efforts to have the case of the New York men taken up separately by the railroad labor board and that his committee would return to New York today leaving their case in the hands of the leaders of the regular brotherhoods.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Prices crashed heavily downward in the grain market today, especially in the last fifteen minutes of trading. Corn fell as much as 8 1/2 c a bushel. Liquidation owing to weakness in the New York stock market was the chief apparent reason. Oats tumbled five cents in value. Pork dropped \$1.25 a barrel in some cases, but lard and ribs held relatively steady. Final quotations were at nearly the bottom prices of the day with July corn typical at \$1.58 to \$1.58 1/2 as compared with \$1.66 1/2 to \$1.66 1/2 as yesterday's finish. Uneasiness over the financial situation had been evident from the outset in the grain market but it was not until the session was almost over that values gave way in earnest. Selling orders came in a flood and found the market without any adequate support. Misgivings in regard to the financial situation were associated to a large extent with the stringency in Japan due to over-speculation. Heretofore the Japanese troubles have had only transient and obscure effects so far as the grain markets were concerned. Today, however, the subject received general notice and became of vital importance at the last in connection with the fading away of prices for securities in Wall street.

R. R. SWITCH MEN RETURN, REDS RESIST

Except in Chicago Strike Is Practically Over—Freight Traffic S. P. Lines Now Nearly Normal—American Flag Hoisted at Chicago Meeting When Insurgent Leaders Pleaded for Men to Return—Agreement Reached in East.

LOS ANGELES, April 21.—Striking switchmen and other employees of the Southern Pacific, Salt Lake and Santa Fe here, began to return to work during the morning and shortly before noon T. H. Williams, assistant general manager of the Southern Pacific, announced that local freight sheds had reopened with a full crew. He said the situation was rapidly approaching normal.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Striking railroad men in the Chicago district refused today to vote on the question of returning to work. All efforts of a committee of strike leaders to obtain action failed.

M. J. Kennedy, R. S. Murphy and Shannon Jones, three of the strike leaders arrested last week, made the appeal for a return to work at a mass meeting of striking yardmen. They were greeted with cries of "sold," "outside," and "where's Grunau?" Jones explained that efforts to obtain the release of John Grunau, president of the Chicago Yardmen's association from Joliet jail on bond had not succeeded.

Hiss American Flag Murphy, waving an American flag, took the floor to declare he "would not fight the American government." He was greeted with catcalls and hisses.

Union leaders declared after the meeting they were helpless to order the men back to work.

A police lieutenant declared the meeting adjourned after the strike leaders had been refused a hearing. He announced that no "rump" meeting would be permitted and the hall was cleared under police supervision.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Freight traffic, almost completely throttled last week by the unauthorized strikes of railroad workers, had reached 40 to 50 per cent of normal today on lines entering New York and Jersey City, according to a statement issued by J. J. Mantell, spokesman for the lines. Passenger service is virtually normal.

Mr. Mantell denied claims of strike leaders that 70 per cent of the strikers still were out.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—An agreement with the railroad brotherhood unions under which the striking railroad workers in the metropolitan district of New York will return to work immediately was announced here today by Edward McHugh, spokesman for the strikers.

Mr. McHugh said he had abandoned efforts to have the case of the New York men taken up separately by the railroad labor board and that his committee would return to New York today leaving their case in the hands of the leaders of the regular brotherhoods.

PRICES TUMBLE SENSATIONALLY IN CHICAGO GRAIN AND N. Y. STOCKS

CHICAGO, April 21.—Prices crashed heavily downward in the grain market today, especially in the last fifteen minutes of trading. Corn fell as much as 8 1/2 c a bushel. Liquidation owing to weakness in the New York stock market was the chief apparent reason. Oats tumbled five cents in value. Pork dropped \$1.25 a barrel in some cases, but lard and ribs held relatively steady. Final quotations were at nearly the bottom prices of the day with July corn typical at \$1.58 to \$1.58 1/2 as compared with \$1.66 1/2 to \$1.66 1/2 as yesterday's finish. Uneasiness over the financial situation had been evident from the outset in the grain market but it was not until the session was almost over that values gave way in earnest. Selling orders came in a flood and found the market without any adequate support. Misgivings in regard to the financial situation were associated to a large extent with the stringency in Japan due to over-speculation. Heretofore the Japanese troubles have had only transient and obscure effects so far as the grain markets were concerned. Today, however, the subject received general notice and became of vital importance at the last in connection with the fading away of prices for securities in Wall street.