

The Weather
Maximum yesterday 44
Minimum today 32
Precipitation Trace

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

Predictions
Fair and warmer.

Fiftieth Year. Daily—Fifteenth Year.

MEDFORD, OREGON, FRIDAY, MARCH 26, 1920.

NO. 4

PROFITEERS AFTER BOTH CONVENTIONS RED REVOLT IN GERMANY GAINING FORCE

WHERE DOES THE MONEY COME FROM?

Senator Borah Declares That War Profiteers Trying to Control Conventions of Both Parties—Saturnalia of Corruption Unless Congress Calls Halt—Wood Testimonials Being Bought in Indiana for \$2.50 Each.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 26.—Charging that "war profiteers" had combined to control the republican and democratic national conventions, Senator Borah, republican, Idaho, told the senate today that the pre-convention expenditures of some presidential candidates presented a "shameless situation" promising a "saturnalia of corruption" unless congress called a halt.

Senator Borah's charges were made in presenting his bill for limitation of pre-convention expenditures. Reading a published story that "testimonials" indorsing Major General Leonard Wood were being purchased in Indiana at the rate of \$2.50 apiece, Senator Borah said he had been advised that "plenty of affidavits to the same effect were on file in a neighboring state."

"General Wood's managers state that the managers for Governor Lowden are spending more money than they are. That is their defense. I am inclined to think that is true. There are some evidences of it."

Where is it from?
"If these gentlemen will frankly tell us where the money is coming from, I would be willing to accept their explanation. But when they remain silent, there is only one inference to be drawn and that is that the charges are true."

Senator Thomas, Colorado, and A-hurst, Arizona, democrats, asked Senator Borah to give the names of donors who were spending large sums of money and the speaker said he would do so at the proper time. "If I knew any democrat who was sending money expressly," said Senator A-hurst, "I should feel it my duty to see that he didn't get some delegates he might otherwise get. And if I thought any democrat was trying to get a third term, I would not hesitate to tell the people that that was wrong."

Wilson Deserves 3rd Term
"If the senator doesn't know that a democrat is seeking a third term," rejoined Senator Borah, "then he is blessed with an innocence of which I would not suspect. I think the president is entitled to a third term, for who else would lead the fight for the treaty?"

"Doesn't the senator mean a third nomination?" asked Senator Moses, republican, New Hampshire, who is manager of General Wood's Washington bureau.

"Well, if the candidate of the senator of New Hampshire keeps on his practices and is nominated, it will be a third term," Senator Borah replied.

Senator Borah quoted a newspaper (Continued on Page Eight)

RAISE IN SUGAR PRICE TO BE INVESTIGATED FEDERAL GRAND JURY

SAN FRANCISCO, Mar. 26.—Announcement that he hoped to present evidence to the federal grand jury next week, possibly on Tuesday, in relation to recent advances in the price of sugar by refineries which serve the whole Pacific coast from this city, with a view to determining if the Lever food control act has been violated, was made here today by Ben Geis, acting United States district attorney.

Recent sugar transactions of both the refineries and the jobbers are to be investigated thoroughly, Geis said.

Two advances were announced here by the Great Western Sugar Refining company in a period of four days. The California-Hawaiian Sugar Refining company announced on March 24 it would not change its tariffs for at least three weeks.

L.A. POLICEMEN AND WOMEN, IN CHINESE HOLD UP

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Mar. 26.—Two police officers, a civilian and two women are under arrest here on charges of having held up a Chinese club yesterday and having taken \$401.50 from about forty Chinese playing cards. The police stated one of the arrested officers had confessed and had told of a plan to hold up other establishments in the Chinese quarter in an attempt to obtain \$30,000 in gold said to be kept there, as well as considerable opium.

The five under arrest are: Patrolmen M. M. O'Garra and W. E. Mortimer, R. E. Childs, Mrs. Jessie Elliott and Miss Madge Brown. Mortimer is the one said by the police to have confessed. Childs was declared to have driven the automobile in which the three men escaped after the Chinese establishment had been held up. Miss Brown was said to be an intimate friend of one of the officers and Mrs. Elliott to be an associate of Miss Brown.

Another man and his wife, said to be implicated have not been arrested.

According to the statements made by the Chinese to the police, two "plain clothes men" appeared while the card games were in progress, took \$401.50 from the tables, told the players they would be summoned later to the police station and they departed in an automobile.

Another policeman on duty in the Chinese quarter recognized one of the "plain clothes men" and the arrests followed.

PORTLAND, Ore., Mar. 26.—Miss Rose Powell, employee of a local department store, was fatally injured here today when struck by an automobile driven by another woman. Miss Powell succumbed shortly after being taken to a hospital. Identification was delayed because of several cards found in Miss Powell's purse.

ADMIRAL FLETCHER SAYS HE DID'NT RECEIVE LOYAL SUPPORT AT BREST

WASHINGTON, Mar. 26.—First evidences of friction at the headquarters of Rear Admiral William B. Fletcher at Brest came with the arrival there of Captain Thomas P. Magruder, commanding the third fleet of American craft sent to that port. Admiral Fletcher testified today before the navy board of inquiry investigating his removal from the Brest command by Rear Admiral Sims after the sinking of the transport Antilles in October, 1917.

On his arrival Captain Magruder showed great disinclination to shore services, Fletcher said. Subsequently, a letter from Sims said Magruder was to be retained at sea, but Fletcher said no command suitable for an officer of his rank was available.

"Did Captain Magruder support you loyally and carry out your orders?" Admiral Fletcher was asked.

"I cannot testify as to his having carried out my orders," Admiral Fletcher said. "I do not think he supported the loyalty."

JOHN BULL'S NAVY TURNED ON IT'S HEAD

Rear Admiral Plunkett, U. S. N., Tells Senate Committee German Gunnery Got Best of it at Battle of Jutland—Daniels Responsible for Lack of Men—If Against Germany Alone, U. S. Would Have Lost.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 26.—The Germans, by their superior gunnery, "turned the British on their heads," at the battle of Jutland Rear Admiral Plunkett declared today before the senate committee investigating the navy's conduct of the war.

Admiral Plunkett was testifying as to the need for keeping the navy personnel at full strength so men might be adequately trained. He did not go into details as to the Jutland battle and was asked no questions regarding it.

The admiral, who commanded the great naval battery of 14-inch guns on the western front, was the fourth witness in the investigation of Rear Admiral Sims' charges. He told the committee that the navy was without sufficient men when the war began.

"If we had been an against Germany at the outbreak of the war," he said, "we would have been paying indemnity today, and all because we did not have the trained men."

Daniels Blamed
"We didn't have the men because Mr. Daniels wouldn't let us have them and wouldn't let us do anything to get them."

Charges that the navy department took steps to prevent reports reaching the public regarding a shortage of personnel in the navy before the United States entered the war, were made before the committee by Captain Joseph K. Taussig, of the naval war college at Newport, R. I.

Captain Taussig, who was on duty at the navy department prior to the war and later served on destroyers overseas, said Secretary Daniels in his annual report in 1914, stated that the numerical strength of the navy was adequate and in 1915 said that only an additional 10,000 men were needed, while the navy general board in its 1911 report had stated that 19,600 men were necessary.

CARPENTIER SHOWS GREAT FORM, BOUT WITH MR. BIDDLE

NEW YORK, Mar. 26.—Georges Carpentier, the champion European heavyweight boxer, gained a host of American admirers here early today by his display of speed and cleverness in an informal shirt-sleeve sparring exhibition with Major Anthony J. Drexel Biddle of Philadelphia, before a thousand guests at a dinner of the International Sporting club. It was the French boxer's first exhibition in this country.

The "match" of two-minute rounds was staged in the center of the Hotel Commodore ball room. Tex Rickard was referee. The boxers merely removed their coats, vests and collars.

At the outset the Frenchman displayed lightning speed, his shifty footwork and feinting being very clever. Major Biddle, an amateur boxer of considerable ability, scarcely landed a blow.

BANDON, Ore., Mar. 26.—D. A. Davis, 19 years old, employed as a deck hand on the steamer Dispatch, was drowned in the Coquille river yesterday. His parents reside at Bandon. He was formerly a member of the Bandon coast guard. The body has not been recovered.

EMPEROR CHARLES IS OFFERED THRONE IN HUNGARY BY HORTHY



GENEVA, Mar. 26.—(By the Associated Press)—Admiral Horthy, the regent of Hungary, has secretly but officially offered the Hungarian throne to former Emperor Charles, with the assurance that everything has been arranged for the return of the Hapsburg monarchy, with the consent of the majority of the population, according to information from Franzing where the ex-emperor lives.

KIDNAPPED BOY FOUND LOCKED IN HOTEL ROOM

Paul Little, 12-Year-Old Son of Lexington, Ky., Capitalist, Telephones to Parents From Hotel Where He Had Been Held Captive Since Wednesday.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Mar. 26.—Paul Little, 12 years old, son of E. R. Little, Lexington capitalist, who has been held for ransom by kidnapers, was found this morning locked in a room at a local hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Little first learned the whereabouts of their son when he telephoned his home from the hotel room. He said he had been kept prisoner there since Wednesday night.

Investigation disclosed that the room had been reserved in advance by a man registered as J. C. Cox of Cincinnati.

The boy disappeared Wednesday afternoon when playmates said he had been inconspicuous with a man. They said they had been given a dollar to deliver a box of candy. Soon afterwards, the father received a note stating that his son, Paul, was being held for ransom. Little intimated that the amount asked for was \$25,000. He declared he would abide by the kidnaper's demands, that he did not mind paying the money and only wanted the safe return of his son.

At 7:30 o'clock last night, Little deposited a package containing the money in a Main street garbage can. When he returned a half hour later the package remained intact. Believing the kidnaper failed to show up for fear of being "double crossed," Little pocketed the money.

At 7 o'clock this morning the key for the room in which the boy was found was turned in at the hotel desk. At 7:15 Mrs. Little was called to the telephone and heard her son's voice. Nothing has been seen of the "Mr. Cox" since he left at hotel at 7 o'clock.

Seattle Man Named.
WASHINGTON, Mar. 26.—Roscoe M. Drumheller, Seattle, has been nominated by President Wilson as collector of customs.

CANDIDATE IN MEXICO FROM U.S.A.

Y. Bonillas, Educated in America, and Formerly in Mexican Embassy at Washington, Latest Aspirant for Presidency—Election Calculated to Restore Better Feeling Between Two Countries—Carranza Switches Support to Latest Aspirant.

WASHINGTON, Mar. 26.—The reception accorded Ambassador Ygnacio Bonillas on his arrival recently in Mexico City from the United States and his formal acceptance of the nomination for the presidency on the civilista ticket, opens a new phase in the political campaign now in full swing in Mexico. Bonillas will have the support of President Carranza against General Alvaro Obregon, another leading candidate.

The first effect of Bonillas' entrance into the campaign apparently has been to lessen the chances of General Pablo Gonzalez, formerly military head in the federal district and at one time Carranza's candidate for the presidency. Mr. Bonillas will meet the desire of a large element which wishes to be relieved of the domination of the army. It is believed his long residence in this country, where he received his education, and his experience in the embassy, have made him familiar with American views and given him an understanding of this country's attitude in Pan-American affairs.

General Obregon will have the support of revolutionary leaders, including Francisco Villa, according to reports.

Barring another revolution, which many Mexicans openly predict as a result of the elections, officials here believe that which ever won the election, an era of better understanding between this country and Mexico will result.

MEXICO CITY, Mar. 26.—Circulants urging measures to prevent emigration of Mexican workers to the United States were sent to all state administrations yesterday by the interior department. It is pointed out that many Mexicans are in a miserable plight in southern states, where they can find no work. It is also said that unrestricted emigration endangers Mexican agriculture and industry.

GOVERNMENT TO INVESTIGATE THE PRICE FUEL OIL

WASHINGTON, Mar. 26.—Favorable report has been ordered by the house judiciary committee on the resolution directing the federal trade commission to make an immediate inquiry into recent advances in the prices of fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline and other petroleum products. The commission would be required to report to congress by June 1.

The commission in making its report would consider the sources of supply, profits of the oil business and whether any combination existed to restrain trade and if so what effect it had on retail prices.

A report drafted for the committee by Representative Dyer, republican, Missouri, declared that at the present time the disposition of and the price of motor fuel is in the hands of two enormously powerful capitalist combines, world wide in their source and if improperly used a dangerous power.

SAN FRANCISCO, Mar. 26.—After a rare but successful operation on his heart to overcome the effects of a bullet wound, Calvin J. Gilmer, an automobile salesman, formerly of Spokane, died of pneumonia.

SPOKANE BOOSTERS TO IMPORT 250 GIRLS TO RELIEVE K. M. SHORTAGE

SPOKANE, Wash., Mar. 26.—To relieve the shortage of domestic servants in this city which it is declared is acute, local business men are planning the organization of an association to bring 250 young women from Europe, according to announcement by C. P. Oudin, president of a large industrial concern here.

It is our plan to send a responsible woman as our representative to select these girls, act as our agent in booking their passage and all expenses.

To give the plan official standing in the eyes of the families of the girls employed, the approval of the mayor and city council will be asked, Mr. Oudin stated.

SPokane, Wash., Mar. 26.—The German cabinet, headed by Premier Gustav Bauer, has resigned, according to a message received here from Berlin today.

BITTER ATTACK IS MADE IN FRANCE ON LLOYD GEORGE

PARIS, Mar. 26.—A bitter attack upon Premier Lloyd-George of Great Britain, was delivered in the chamber of deputies yesterday by Jean Louis Barthou, the former premier, in connection with the discussion of France's foreign policy, of which he had given notice.

M. Barthou declared that the British premier was in agreement with the allies in the sending of stern notes to Germany and that he had been politically benefitted in England from a vigorous policy toward Germany. However, M. Barthou added, "when these stern notes were sent to Germany they bore the signatures of Clemenceau or Millerand, while when concessions were allowed Germany the notes were signed by Mr. Lloyd George. Thus France is left alone facing Germany as the country towards which Germany must prepare her revenge."

"France is not a militaristic nation. There is no military dictatorship in France. She desires no conquests, but she asks no restitution."

M. Barthou advocated the resumption of relations with Russia, saying that all the neighboring countries had resumed or were preparing to resume such relations and that Italy's stand along this line was being supported by Great Britain.

"Great Britain knows how to defend her interests," added the ex-premier, "France is still strong enough to defend hers with her allies, if they agree, and without them, if they withdraw."

In addition to the attack upon Premier Lloyd George and advocacy of the resumption of relations with the soviet government, the outstanding feature of the speech was the deputy's insistence upon the strict application of the peace treaty and the pursuance of a hands-off policy towards Germany so far as a choice of a government for herself was concerned.

REBEL YELL CALLS CONFEDERATE VETERANS FROM BURNING HOME

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Mar. 26.—A rebel battle yell sounded throughout the Confederate home at Pewee Valley, Ky., 18 miles from Louisville, at 6 o'clock last night as the first alarm of a fire that three hours later had destroyed the institution.

Commanded by Sergeant Gus Head, who during the civil war was the keeper of John Morgan's mount, the one hundred veterans of the home able to walk filed from the building with precision similar to that which

WILD FIRE OF REVOLT UNCHECKED

Premier Bauer Resigns While Civil War Rages in Many Parts of Empire—Wesel Heavily Bombarded by Revolutionary Workmen, Who Threaten to Destroy All Mines and Factories in Western Germany—Reorganization Efforts Fail.

PARIS, Mar. 26.—(Havas)—The German cabinet, headed by Premier Gustav Bauer, has resigned, according to a message received here from Berlin today.

BERLIN, Mar. 26.—Dr. Herman Mueller, foreign minister in the Bauer cabinet, has been requested to form a new cabinet, it was unofficially reported today.

PARIS, Mar. 26.—The allies have not as yet given or refused permissions for German regular troops to enter the allied zone of occupation or the neutral zone to the east established by the treaty of Versailles, according to semi-official information today.

According to the same source there is no further question of inter-allied intervention in the Ruhr district.

LONDON, Mar. 26.—Minister of Posts Geisberts has returned to Berlin from the Ruhr region. He confirms reports that Wesel is still holding out, despite a bombardment this morning by the revolutionary workmen, according to a wireless message from the German capital.

LONDON, Mar. 26.—Workers forces entrenched along the Lippe river, threaten, if they fail to capture Wesel, to destroy all factories and mines in western Germany, says a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company filed in Berlin this morning. The reds have established great headquarters similar to that of the old German army.

Workers Refuse Peace
AMSTERDAM, Mar. 26.—Decision not to abandon the struggle in the Ruhr district of Germany was reached at a meeting of representatives of labor councils of the Rhineland and Westphalia at Essen last night. The only condition under which the workers will consent to peace is the withdrawal of government forces from the Munster military district, says a dispatch received here.

Until these forces retire, armed workers will undertake to maintain public order in the district.

BUDERISH, Rhenish Prussia, Mar. 25.—(By the Associated Press)—Ebert government troops still held Wesel, across the Rhine north of this city, at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Fighting, which had been in progress during the day was seemingly giving way at that time.

Today's battle opened during the forenoon when government troops attacked worker forces which had

made the army of the confederacy famous. Calmly the hundred graves marched to the hospital building, made liters of the cots and carried fifty invalid comrades to the little stone church nearby.

After Sergeant Head, in terse manner, had called the roll, the men sat cross-legged upon the grass, and with typical southern stoicism, waited until the smoldering ruins resembled but a bivouac of days gone by, then tramped slowly to the little church, spread their blankets and slept.

(Continued on Page Eight)