

ANTI-RED IS KEYNOTE OF G.O.P. RALLY

Stamp Out Radicals Declares Gen'l Wood—Call in Firing Squad for I. W. W.'s Declares Chairman Hays—Own Your Own Home Best Slogan to Combat Bolshevism Declares Gov. Lowden—G. O. P. Women Demand Equal Committee Rights.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—Republicans from fourteen middlewestern states continued today their work of molding party issues and laying plans for the participation of republican women in the 1920 presidential campaign. Demands of women for equal representation on the national committee of the party and a sentiment, reflected in speeches of prominent party leaders, to deal vigorously with the labor and industrial situation as one of the chief issues of the election campaign were the principal developments of the conference which began yesterday.

Many of the women today regarded their demands for "a fair representation" in the party organization as virtually confirmed with the statement of Will Hays, chairman of the republican national committee, that "the republican party offers the women everything we offer the men."

Plans for the national convention next June also were launched and arrangements for the fitting up of the Coliseum to allow a seating capacity of 13,187 were made.

Edward P. Thayer, of Indianapolis, was elected sergeant at arms for the gathering.

At a banquet last night given by the state central committee in honor of Chairman Hays and Mrs. John Glover South, chairman of the women's division of the national committee, the two candidates for the presidential nomination, and Chairman Hays devoted their attention to industrial problems. The gathering was attended by more than 1,200 republican men and women.

Anarchism is Assailed
Major General Leonard Wood, assailing anarchism, declared "the biggest problem of the day is maintenance of law and order, respect for constituted authority and maintenance of a government under the constitution."

"As for the reds," said General Wood, "let's stamp them out. They grow in communities where government is timid and slack. Ninety per cent of American labor is on the square," he said, urging American leadership for labor.

Governor Frank O. Lowden of Illinois urged women to aid in bringing about a more healthy industrial situation. "If every man and woman took the same interest in political matters as in their personal affairs, most of our ills would disappear," he asserted.

In the war on radicalism, he said, there was no more patent argument than home ownership.

Lowden for League
Governor Lowden made public a letter Senator Borah of Idaho in which he urged ratification of the covenant of the League of Nations with such reservations as already have been adopted by the senate.

The firing squad was recommended by Chairman Hays as the means of dealing with anarchists. He recommended reduction of taxes and the repeal of "those that crush initiative," development of better relations between capital and labor and administration of law and order in the nation as cardinal points in the party platform.

Mr. Hays went to Des Moines to attend a meeting of Iowa republicans today and later will attend conferences in Denver and San Francisco similar to the meeting here.

FARMERS ARE IN FAVOR OF ANTI-STRIKE CLAUSE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Results of the recent referendum in the National Grange on the anti-strike provisions of the Cummins railroad bill will be presented to Chairman Cummins of the state inter-state commerce committee tomorrow by the grange's executive committee which began sessions here today. It was announced that so far as heard from the results of the referendum were

PRESIDENT WILSON TO ISSUE FIRST CALL TO LEAGUE OF NATIONS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—President Wilson "will, no doubt" issue the call for the first meeting of the League of Nations under the peace treaty when the treaty is actually in effect through the exchange of ratification of three of the allied powers and Germany, Under Secretary Polk said today.

"I think there is hardly a doubt that the president will issue the call," Mr. Polk said. "In view of the fact that he is especially charged with this duty by the treaty and it has nothing to do with ratification by the United States."

Mr. Polk added that he had so advised Premier Clemenceau and the other entente premiers while he was in Paris as head of the American peace mission, when they asked whether the president would issue the call.

SAYS 20,000 REDS OPENLY ORGANIZED TO OVERTHROW U.S.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—More than 20,000 alien enemies in the communist party of New York state alone are openly organized for violent overthrow of the government under the direction of Bolshevik leaders in Russia, Senator Clayton R. Rusk, chairman of the legislative committee investigating seditious activities, declared today. In addition there are the communist labor party and other revolutionary organizations working actively to accomplish the same ends as well as many other bodies which encourage their activities without participating openly in them, the senator said.

"The arrests already made in the state on the charge of criminal anarchy and for denigration hardly scratch the surface of the situation," said the senator.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—Hearing of the appeal of Victor Berger, convicted of interfering with the draft, was set today by the circuit court of appeals for February 19. Berger, who is at liberty under bond, was not in court.

Cases of William D. Haywood and 15 of his followers, convicted of seditious conspiracy were continued until next week. The defendants, sentenced to Leavenworth penitentiary for long terms, have been at liberty under bond pending appeal. Haywood was reinstated yesterday in the new round up of radicals, but obtained his liberty again under \$10,000 bond. Rafael Mallen, statistician of the federal trade commission, who was arrested last night by Hovey's men and turned over to federal authorities, was still in jail today.

Mallen, who was born in this country but went to Mexico before he was of age, is said to have admitted he is a Mexican citizen. His father is reported to be a political adviser to President Carranza.

Mallen, who formerly was a minister, will be deported to Mexico if evidence connecting him with radical activities is proven, according to Edward J. Brennan of the department of justice.

FRENCH AVIATRIX FLIES FROM PARIS TO MOROCCO

RABAT, Morocco, Jan. 5.—(French Wireless Service).—A French aviatrix has arrived here from Paris by air, having made the flight in two days. This is the first case of a woman flying from France to Morocco. Her route was via Toulon, Barcelona, Valencia, Alicante, Granada, Malaga and Tangier. The distance covered was about 1,150 miles.

20 CHURCHES UNITE UNDER ONE BANNER

Presbyterians Arrange Conference in Philadelphia Feb. 3-6 to Form National Union of Christ in America—Looks Forward Ultimately to Complete Organic Protestant Union.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Commissioners of approximately twenty denominations have accepted an invitation from the Presbyterian church to confer in Philadelphia, February 3 to 6 on a proposal "for a national merger of Christian interests under the name of the 'united churches of Christ in America,'" according to an announcement today from Presbyterian headquarters in this city.

The movement, started some time ago by the general assembly of the Presbyterian church in the United States of America, proposes formation of a council elected by the supreme bodies of the various denominations. The council would comprise two ministerial and two lay delegates from each 100,000 communicants.

The proposed constitution of the new organization, the announcement stated, "looks forward ultimately to a complete organic union of the protestant churches entering upon the membership of the council."

The announcement added the proposal opens the way for a gradual merger of the inter-denominational interests and is an advance on the present organization of the federal council of the churches of Christ in America as it opens the way for consolidation of administrative agencies and the carrying forward of the general work of the churches thru the council of the united churches.

The proposed plan of the council calls for administration of foreign and home missions in behalf of the churches, as well as other administrative agencies, on the approval of the supreme governing or advisory bodies. It accepted the ordination and doctrinal views of the Evangelical churches joining the council and provides also for admission of community churches and independent organizations.

Among denominations concerned are:

The Presbyterian church in the United States of America; Methodist Episcopal church in the United States; Reformed church in the United States; Congregational church; Disciples of Christ; Christian Union of the United States; Northern Baptist convention; Evangelical Synod of North America; Reformed Episcopal church; Moravian church in America; United Presbyterian church of North America; Welsh Presbyterian church; United Brethren and Primitive Methodists.

Other denominations which have unofficially approached the proposed organic union with tentative approval are the Society of Friends, United Lutheran church and Reformed church in America.

SHOES TO GO UP 50 PERCENT IN 1920

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 6.—Today before the annual convention of the National Shoe Travelers' association, J. B. Byrne, of Rochester, N. Y., the president of the association, predicted a 50 per cent advance in the prices of shoes next summer.

Byrne said that when Milady appears on the streets wearing glazed or colored kid-skin shoes, she is wearing something that approximately are worth their actual weight in silver. He also said that there are plenty of grades of cheap leather for shoes, but that the public did not want them.

EARL FRUIT CO. TAKES CHARGE BOX FACTORY

KLAMATH FALLS, Ore., Jan. 6.—The Earl Fruit company of Sacramento, which purchased the Klamath Manufacturing company's box factory and yard here last October at a reported price of \$700,000, has assumed control. No change has been made in the personnel.

The name has been changed to the Klamath Lumber and Box company. The output of the factory will go primarily to supply the Earl Fruit company's various packing plants. If there is any surplus it will be marketed.

COURT HOLDS SMOKING OF CIGARETTES BY N. Y. WOMEN NOT IMMORAL

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—Smoking of cigarettes by women was judicially decreed today as not immoral. The decision was made by Supreme Court Justice Mulligan in a separation suit in which counsel for the husband tried to show that cigarettes had been found in the wife's dresser drawer and that this constituted evidence of "bad character."

"It is not immoral for women to smoke cigarettes," declared the judge. "Some of the best women in the country and in the world smoke cigarettes. It would not make any difference if she had a thousand packages of cigarettes there. This isn't Hickville."

DEPORTATION TO BE STOPPED FOR PRESENT

No More Radical Aliens to Be Deported Until Experiment With Soviet Ark Is Completed—Doubtful Whether Any Country Will Take U. S. Undesirables—More Reds Arrested—Congress Asked for Million for Red Campaign.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—No further deportation of radical aliens will be undertaken until the experiment with the transport Buford, the first "soviet ark" is completed, it was said today by Anthony Cammetti, commissioner general of immigration. The Buford is now enroute to northern Russia with 249 radical aliens destined for Russia, but whether she will be permitted to land her passengers has not yet been determined. The nearly 3,000 radical aliens taken in the raids of the past few days will be tried by the department of labor in the districts in which they were arrested and those ordered deported will be sent to New York.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Congress was asked today by the labor department for a special fund of \$1,000,000 for the enforcement of laws against alien radicals and \$150,000 for their deportation.

Arrest Dr. Mislav

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—An order for commitment to jail of Dr. Michael Mislav, treasurer of the Russian radical paper Novy Mir, on which Trotsky worked before going to soviet Russia to become minister of war, was prepared today by Deputy Attorney General Berger. By Supreme Court Justice Davis' decision last night Mislav was in contempt of the joint legislative committee investigating seditious activities when he refused to answer certain questions. The sheriff of New York county will be empowered to put Mislav in jail and keep him there until he decides to make reply to any and all inquiries the committee may make of him.

Mislav was treasurer of the Russian socialist federation which he testified was engaged in spreading bolshevist propaganda throughout the United States by its 10,000 members. Bolshevism and socialism are synonymous and socialism is the ideal government, Mislav told the committee. He admitted dispatching several thousand dollars in federation checks to the communist party of America, but denied the money was "contributed" by the federation.

Federal Employees Taken

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—Federal authorities today had in custody Rafael Mallen, statistician of the federal trade commission, in connection with the nation wide arrests of radicals, while the first of the 224 radicals held for deportation were brought before immigration authorities for hearing.

Mallen, who had just returned from Mexico, was arrested by agents of the department of justice late last night and District Attorney Clevoy is said to have asked officials at Washington to issue a warrant for him.

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2 MORE U. S. CITIZENS ARE KILLED MEXICO

Earl Bowles and F. J. Roney U. S. Oil Men Murdered by Mexicans Near Port Lobos—No Details Given—Territory Under Control Carranza Forces.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Earl Bowles and F. J. Roney, Americans, employed by the International Petroleum company, have been murdered by Mexicans within one mile of Palo Blanco, near Port Lobos, according to private advices received here today from Tampico.

HOUSTON, Texas, Jan. 6.—Two American employees of the International Petroleum company, murdered by bandits near Port Lobos, Mexico, were from Texas. They were slain Monday according to information received here today.

F. J. Roney was a Houston oil man and Earl Bowles, formerly was with the Gulf Refining company at Beaumont. The first report received here from a correspondent at Tampico was confirmed in a report to the Texas company.

One Mexican also was murdered. No details were given, but it was said that the American consul at Tampico was in possession of all the facts. He has not yet reported to the state department.

The territory in which the murder occurred was said to be under the control of Carranza forces.

EAGLE PASS, Texas, Jan. 6.—There was an unusual report here today that General Alberto Guadalupe, formerly of the Huerta army, had crossed the Rio Grande into Mexico, eight miles north of here, with 50 men, two machine guns and 20,000 rounds of ammunition, to join the Villista forces.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Jan. 6.—The divisional office of the bureau of investigation, department of justice, has received information from border agents to the effect that General Guadalupe with 55 men crossed the Rio Grande between Eagle Pass and Laredo Sunday night for the purpose of participating in elections in the state of Coahuila. No mention of ammunition or guns was contained in these reports.

OFFER BILL TO GIVE W. L. FINLEY STATE POSITION

SALFEM, Jan. 6.—An effort will be made at the special session of the legislature here next week to provide a berth for William L. Finley, deposed biologist, according to Senator R. S. Farrell of Portland, member of the game committee of the senate. According to Senator Farrell there will be introduced at the special session a bill providing for the creation of the office of state biologist, the cost to be paid out of the general funds of the state. Friends of Finley declare that his name probably will be incorporated in the bill and, in the event of its passage, the deposed biologist again would get his name on the state payroll.

ALL DEMOCRATIC WAR HORSES WILL SPEAK AT DINNER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Twelve of the leading figures of the democratic party, including most of those prominently mentioned for the presidential nomination, are on the list of speakers made public today for the Jackson day dinner to be held here Thursday night.

A message from President Wilson will be read first at the banquet and speeches will be made by the following:

William Jennings Bryan, Secretary Daniels, Attorney General Palmer, Governor Cox of Ohio, James W. Gerard, former ambassador to Germany; Champ Clark of Missouri, former speaker of the house; Governor Cornwell, West Virginia; Senators Hitchcock, Nebraska; Pomerene, Ohio; Underwood, Alabama, and Owen of Oklahoma, and Mrs. Peter Oleson, associate member of the national committee from Minnesota.

DECIDE TO BLOW UP GERMAN SHIPS SUNK BY HUNS SCAPA FLOW

LONDON, Jan. 6.—German warships sunk by their masters in Scapa Flow will be blown up shortly, it was said here today. The decision to dispose of the vessels in this way followed the completion of investigation by a special commission representing all of the allies.

The decision, announced in the foregoing dispatch to blow up the German ships sunk in Scapa Flow apparently disposes of a question which has caused a great deal of discussion in all of the allied countries. The almost insuperable task of raising the vessels and the possibility that the salvaged materials would not be of great value were believed to have weighed heavily in favor of destroying the vessels by explosives.

LIQUOR INTERESTS WILL NOW FIGHT 18TH AMENDMENT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Immediately after the supreme court upheld the constitutionality of provisions of the Volstead act prohibiting the manufacture and sale of liquors containing one-half of one per cent or more of alcohol, the department of justice began preparations for the prosecution of all persons who have sold beer since the passage of the act last October 28.

Cases against those who manufactured 275 beer before the Volstead act was passed were dismissed, but all manufacturers and retailers who have dealt in beer since the act was passed have been recorded by the department of justice.

CHICAGO, Jan. 6.—Liquor interests have not given up their fight against enforcement of a national prohibition despite the decision of the supreme court sustaining constitutionality of the Volstead prohibition enforcement act. Levy Mayer, counsel for the "wets," declared today.

"The real fight is still to come," said Mr. Mayer. "The whole eighteenth amendment to the United States constitution is under attack. The state of Rhode Island has filed two cases attacking the validity of that amendment. Other cases are in preparation and are almost ready to be filed. That will be the main fight."

McNARY WORKING HARD FOR RATIFICATION

Senator Chas. L. McNary was quick with his response to the urgent telegraphic appeal on the peace treaty sent him yesterday by 19 Medford citizens. This noon his response contained in the following telegram which was received by Judge W. M. Phipps:

"Am using every effort that I can command to bring about early ratification of the treaty of peace including covenant of the League of Nations and I have no doubt but that ratification will follow within a short time."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—A bill to abolish the war risk insurance bureau and transfer its functions to other departments was introduced today by Senator Smoot, republican, Utah, and referred to the finance committee. Senator Smoot claimed the change would eliminate 7,000 employees at a saving of millions annually.

BOLSHEVIKI DRIVEN FROM DVINSK BY POLES-LETTS

LONDON, Jan. 6.—The bolshevik army has evacuated the city of Dvinsk on the Dvina, it is admitted in a Russian soviet communique received by wireless from Moscow today. The place was abandoned under enemy pressure, the statement says.

The Latvian and Polish armies which are engaged in the campaign on this front confined their advances along the Pskov railroad after the capture of Dvinsk, according to official advices to the Latvian legation here.

PROTOCOL TO BE SIGNED ON JANUARY 10

Council of League of Nations to Be Called a Week Later—Hungary Treaty Ready—U. S. Fails to Furnish Troops for Allied Service—Italy Denies Charges of Prince Sixtus of Bourbon—Settlement of Turkey Problem Expected Soon.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—There is every indication now in supreme council circles that the peace protocol will be signed by Germany and ratifications of the treaty of Versailles exchanged, on the coming Saturday, January 10, the date tentatively set by the council yesterday.

The council of the League of Nations, it is understood, will be called to meet about a week later.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—An application from the German representatives here for a reduction in the number of troops to be sent to the areas in which plebiscites are to be taken under the peace treaty has been received by the supreme council. Germany will have to bear the expense of maintaining these troops and her representatives complain that the cost will be excessive. So heavy an expenditure is not necessary, it is asserted.

The council, it is learned, will reply that inasmuch as the United States has not supplied its quota of troops which was to constitute a quarter of the whole, the number of men sent will comprise only three-quarters of the total originally fixed.

Hungary Treaty Ready
PARIS, Jan. 6.—The inter-allied military commission at Budapest authorized by the supreme council today to intervene in favor of some of the more moderate communists who have been condemned to death by the authorities in the Hungarian capital. Authority to intervene to this end had been requested by the commission.

At this morning's session of the council the questions last remaining to be decided to complete the Hungarian peace treaty were taken under consideration. The Hungarian delegates probably will receive the full text of the treaty Monday or Tuesday next.

The precise date for the conference of the powers on the Turkish question remains uncertain. Ambassador Wallace has thus far received no instructions regarding participation of the United States in the conference.

ROME, Monday, Jan. 5.—Everything attributed to Italy concerning negotiations for a separate peace with Austria in published documents of Prince Sixtus of Bourbon is "absolutely false," says the Giornale d'Italia, an authority of Baron Sonnino, former minister of foreign affairs of Italy.

The Turkish Settlement

CONSTANTINOPLE, Wednesday, Dec. 24.—Members of the commission preparing data on the Turkish viewpoint relative to peace have completed their work. In addition to territorial matters, the commission has formulated a detailed outline of projected legal and administrative reforms which offers substitutes for capitulations which would deprive Turkey of possible development economically and which would interfere with sovereignty and legal matters.

Exchange of Smyrna for Macedonia, which was proposed just before the war and accepted in principle by Premier Venizelos of Greece, is proposed.

French Election January 17th.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—January 17 was fixed as the date for the election of a president of the French republic, by the French cabinet today.

capture of Dvinsk, according to official advices to the Latvian legation here. It was stated at the legation that the first train from Riga to Dvinsk would probably leave Riga today, thus establishing direct communication with Poland. The population of Dvinsk enthusiastically welcomed the occupying troops.