

## M'NARY IS WEARY OF PACT DELAY

### Oregon Senator Tells Chairman Lodge of Foreign Relations Committee He Will Join Underwood Faction Unless Action Is Taken at Once—Article Ten Is Stumbling Block—Neither Side Offers Solution Favored by Other.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—Republican and democratic leaders of the senate gave attention again today to negotiations for a peace treaty compromise.

Senator Lodge, Massachusetts, republican leader, sent for Senator McNary, Oregon, leader of the mild reservation republican group, and discussed with him how far the republicans could go in modifying reservations approved by the senate majority at the last session of congress. Several other senators also saw Mr. McNary.

On the democratic side Senator Capper of Nebraska, party leader, referred with Senator Swanson of Ohio, a consistent supporter of administration in the treaty fight, to Senator King, Utah, who voted for reservations in the last session. It was understood that the article on reservation was given the greater share of attention by members of both parties and that so far neither side had advanced a solution which he other would consider favorably.

Both Senator McNary and Senator Letcher of Wisconsin and others of the mild reservationists are understood to have urged upon Senator Lodge the advisability of aggressive efforts toward a compromise offer. They are understood to have warned McNary unless compromise negotiations were in a promising stage by Monday when the senate reconvenes the mild reservationists would support the proposal of Senator Underwood of Alabama for appointment of a bipartisan conciliation committee.

Senator Lodge also saw Senator Swanson, Democrat, of Virginia, and although it was said they reached no conclusion they are said to have gone over a number of suggestions for modification of the article ten reservation and other parts of the majority program.

The general feeling among the conferees today seemed to be one of confidence that an agreement could be reached in the near future.

## TURKS GO INSANE OVER END OF WORLD STORY FROM U. S.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 23.—There was widespread terror throughout Turkey on December 17, because of reports reaching this country from America that the end of the world was predicted for that day. Children were not sent to school, large numbers of people were afraid to leave their homes and many Armenian and Turkish women became insane.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 23.—Mustapha Resha Pasha, foreign minister; Nahi Bey, former Turkish ambassador to Italy and a member of the committee which has been preparing data for submission to the peace conference will, with former Grand Vizier Tewfik Pasha, form Turkey's delegation to make peace with the allies. Tewfik Pasha will head the delegation.

## ENTER W. J. BRYAN MICHIGAN PRIMARY

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 2.—William J. Bryan will be entered in Michigan's presidential preference primary as a candidate for endorsement as democratic nominee for president, according to local friends of the former secretary of state.

Parties in his favor, which will require 100 names, will be in circulation shortly, it was said. The primaries will be held April 5.

## DUPONT POWDER MILL EXPLODES, 5 WORKMEN KILLED, ONE INJURED

WILMINGTON, Del., Jan. 2.—One of the grinding mills of the Hagley plant of the DuPont Powder company blew up this morning. Five workmen were killed and one was injured.

Wilmington and the surrounding country for 30 miles was violently shaken and some houses in the immediate vicinity of the plant were badly damaged. The home of former Federal Judge Edward G. Bradford, about half a mile from the mills, was partially wrecked. Judge Bradford, who is recovering from a long illness, was affected by the shock.

It is estimated that between 50,000 and 75,000 pounds of powder exploded.

## HAPPY OVER ITS VICTORY HARVARD STARTS FOR EAST

PASADENA, Cal., Jan. 2.—Wearing their laurels which yesterday were almost jarred loose, firmly pressed down on their battered but beaming brows, the Harvard football squad departed today for Cambridge and the scholastic grind, carrying along the proud consciousness that it had yesterday annexed the annual football classic of the Rose Tournament here by defeating Oregon seven to six.

Meanwhile the Oregon squad, grieving for defeat, but upheld by the consciousness of having done its best, prepared to leave for the sequestered shades of Eugene some time late today. It was announced that the men would probably take a night train to San Francisco and go thence home with as little delay as possible.

Coach Huntington and his men felt the natural reaction today, and were worrying about what the northwest would say to them. They took the attitude that their home folks would consider them a sample of the justly celebrated Tillamook cheese. However, loyal Oregon graduates, football fans, and sporting writers galore managed to hearten them, by demonstrating beyond a doubt that "if" their luck had been a little better they would have been at the long end of the figures and without any "if" that they had played a fine game, giving Harvard all it could manage, and had nothing to worry over.

Both coaches stood by their sentiments expressed last night, which were, as given by Fisher of Harvard, that Oregon had a better team than he expected, and by Huntington that "Harvard has a great football team."

PASADENA, Cal., Jan. 2.—Happy over its victory over the football team of the University of Oregon here yesterday by a score of 7 to 6, the Harvard eleven planned to start back home today. The Oregonians, naturally disappointed at losing, but declaring "Harvard had a great team," tentatively planned to begin the trip back to Eugene tomorrow.

Coach "Shy" Huntington of the Lemon-Yellow aggregation said his men would go back to the university with the knowledge they had played as hard and as clean a game as they could and convinced they had made a good showing.

Harvard made its points on a touch down by Church and a clean goal from touchdown by A. Horween. Oregon scored from goals from the field by Steers and Manerud.

"The story of the game," said the Los Angeles Times, "is a story of Oregon fight and condition against a well drilled collection of young giants. It was a hard game, one of the kind in which the teams play the kind of football that wears and takes off weight. Harvard fortunately had a string of substitutes almost as strong as the first team men and had the game lasted ten minutes longer would probably have run up a large score. Oregon's stand on the two inch line was magnificent, but she was getting tired. Considering the resources of the two colleges the game was a victory for western football, and the time is not far distant when the championship will go to the Pacific coast,—at least for a year."

Collapses On Gallows.  
SAN QUENTIN, Cal., Jan. 2.—Lafayette Newell, 36, slayer of Mrs. Mary Reeves at Somerset, El Dorado county, October 3, 1919, was hanged for the crime at 10:16 a. m. here today. He was pronounced dead at 10:27. Newell collapsed twice on the gallows.

## PEACE WITH SOVIET NEAR IN ESTHONIA

### Bolshevik and Baltic Province Sign Agreement Preliminary to Armistice—Liberal Terms Given by Leningrad—Yudenitch Soldiers Allowed to Remain Until After Peace Signed—Both Parties Agree to Neutralization of Gulf Finland.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The state department was advised today of the armistice arranged between the Esthonian and bolshevik forces effective at 10:30 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Esthonia, Latvia and Lithuania have joined, another message said, in asking Poland and Finland to participate in a conference at Helsinki for military defense plans against the bolsheviks. Finland already has accepted and Poland probably will follow suit, the message said.

DORPAT, Thursday, Jan. 1.—Study of the agreement signed by Esthonian and bolshevik representatives last night preliminary to an armistice, particularly the military guarantees, indicates the Esthonians have scored a notable success. The biggest surprise was that the Esthonians would not be required to eject soldiers who fought under General Yudenitch in his recent campaign against Petrograd until after ratification of the treaty.

Bolshevik representatives admit they made great concessions as to frontiers and military guarantees. M. Joffe, head of the soviet delegation, declaring: "I far exceeded the latitude allowed by the Moscow government and expect to be called to account when I return but we have shown we are able to make peace."

Military Guarantees  
The military guarantees prohibit the presence in the territory of either soviet Russia or Esthonia of any army other than their own or of friendly powers with which one of the contracting parties has concluded a military convention, but which is not actually warring against the other. Recruiting and organizing armies of other states and organizations hostile to either side is prohibited.

It is provided that all troops not under the authority of either government on January 1 shall be disarmed and that all army and navy munitions and stores excepting foodstuffs and clothing belonging to such forces shall be neutralized and immobilized until January 1, 1922. Thirty per cent of such disarmament and neutralization of stores of non-governmental armies must be completed within seven days after the ratification of the peace treaty and 35 per cent of the remainder must be completed each week following ratification.

Use of Ports  
Soldiers and officers in non-governmental armies may not enter the armies of either of the contracting parties with the exception that men of Esthonian nationality may enter the Esthonian army. Use of ports in either Esthonia or soviet Russia is forbidden for the transport of goods which may be used against the other. The agreement stipulates that organizations may not be formed in either Esthonia or soviet Russia under the pretense that such organization is the government of all or part of the territory of either party. In case there is international neutralization of the Gulf of Finland both parties agree to join the convention.

## DOUGLAS OFFICERS IN RUNNING FIGHT WITH AUTOBANDITS

ROSEBURG, Or., Jan. 2.—Two men giving the names of J. Walsh and Fred J. Johnson are under arrest here and another, believed to be wounded, is at large, following their apprehension with a car believed to have been stolen from John Benney of Selma, Cal. The third member of the party escaped from Sheriff Quine and Constable Dillard after a thrilling fight yesterday. Dillard emptied a revolver at the fugitive with the result that the man fell to the ground, but quickly recovered, beat off the officer and made his escape. Walsh claims to have come from Portland. Johnson said Colorado Springs was his address.

## DECLARES BOLSHEVIK ARMY INVINCIBLE, NO QUARTER TO DENIKINE

DORPAT, Jan. 1.—Bolshevik Russia is willing to make great concessions to the big powers in the interests of peace but will not hold out the olive branch to General Denikine, according to K. Klshko, secretary of the soviet delegation, conferring with Esthonian delegates here.

M. Klshko added that the bolshevik army now numbered 3,000,000 men and declared it to be "invincible."

## FIRING MINERS TO BREAK UP UNIONS DECLARES J. L. LEWIS

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 2.—John L. Lewis, acting president of the United Mine Workers of America, today said he had reports of operators of mines in the bituminous fields discharging workmen with a view to breaking up the unions.

The action of some of the operators in discharging men is regarded by the miners as bad faith, Mr. Lewis said, because under the agreement with the federal government by which the miners returned to work, the status of October 31, the day before the strike, was to obtain.

Mr. Lewis will go to Columbus, O., tomorrow, to attend the re-convened convention of the United Mine Workers next week.

## T. G. HENDRICK'S OF EUGENE ESTATE IS VALUED \$415,000

EUGENE, Ore., Jan. 2.—T. G. Hendricks, pioneer merchant and banker of Eugene and first rector of the University of Oregon, who died here a short time ago, left property valued at \$415,000, according to the petition of probate. The petition states that the personal property is valued at \$315,000 with the rest in real estate. The property consists for the most part of residence and business lots in Eugene.

Mr. Hendricks left to his granddaughter, Miss Mary Hendricks Chambers of this city \$200,000 in cash and considerable real estate, while the rest of the property was bequeathed to his widow, Mrs. Martha Hendricks, and his two daughters.

## AMERICANS FEEDING VIENNA CHILDREN

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—Famine conditions in Vienna are so acute that children's relief kitchens have to be guarded closely to protect them from pilfering, according to a copy of the newspaper Morgen just received here. Rigorous rules have been made against taking food away from kitchens where children are brought by their mothers to be fed.

The newspapers says 165,000 children in Vienna are fed daily in kitchens established by the American relief administration's European children's fund. The daily value of meals served by this fund throughout Austria is estimated at 2,100,000 crowns.

## SAN FRANCISCO WOMEN WILL BOYCOTT EGGS

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—A campaign to "force the profiteers out into the open," through a restricted use of eggs and milk products is to be undertaken today by the Housewives League of San Francisco in conjunction with similar leagues in other San Francisco bay cities.

A request to the city authorities asking the ordinance forbidding the sale of skimmed milk be rescinded was to be framed also.

## SOCIALISTS DRAWN INTO I. W. W. NET

### Lusk Committee Investigation Shows Socialists Involved With Communists and Other Radicals—Lenine's Teachings Studied—No Belief in God, Home or Patriotism—American Federation of Labor Is Attacked—Might Makes Right.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 2.—The socialist party was connected with the communist and other radicals in testimony placed before the Lusk legislative committee investigating red activities in New York state at its session today. It also was shown that by the constitution of the party aliens can hold office in its councils and control its official acts. It further was brought out that socialists held meetings in public school houses, at which literature written by Lenine and sent here from Russia was discussed.

Literature seized in the raids on radical strongholds here Saturday night had been exhibited. It attacked first labor in any form; second, the home and morals of the home, and third, decried patriotism in any form. Radical literature from the Great Western Publishing company, Chicago, attacked the American Federation of Labor, and showed sympathy with the German socialists.

Might Makes Right  
SPOKANE, Jan. 2.—Presentation of testimony by the state in support of its motion for a permanent injunction to restrain the activities of alleged members of the Industrial Workers of the World in this county continued today in the hearing on the motion in superior court.

"Might makes right," J. B. Clark, a prisoner from the city jail, where he is serving a sentence upon his conviction on a charge of criminal syndicalism, declared in outlining the doctrines of the organization.

"When the I. W. W. is strong enough we will take over the industries and debate our own terms." He testified the organization had no interest in politics and few members ever voted.

John Grady, presenting the case of the defense because of his inability to obtain an attorney, also was called upon as a witness for the state.

Prosecuting Attorney J. B. Linsley said he did not expect to finish his case today. Grady has indicated that the defense will have little testimony.

## EBERT APPEALS TO GERMANS TO SAVE THE FATHERLAND

BERLIN, Jan. 1.—President Ebert requested the chancellor to publish the following new year manifesto today:

"In the year just closed chaos was averted and the unity of the empire was maintained and consolidated. Under pressure of a reckless force we were compelled to conclude a peace threatening the honor and welfare of our nation and placing the fruits of our work of past and future years at the mercy of foreigners.

"The year which begins must decide whether Germany, despite all difficulties, will maintain herself as a nation and state and develop her economic life on a sound basis or whether, through internal quarrels she will definitely collapse and bury the hopes, even of her future generation.

"With these prospects of our fate before my eyes I urge all those calling themselves Germans, in view of the common danger, to close their ranks in order that each one, according to his capacity, may help to the utmost in the restoration of the fatherland."

Admiral Jellicoe, retired first lord of the British admiralty, today visited the New York Stock Exchange as the guest of Charles M. Schwab.

## ST. FRANCIS EMPLOYE VETERAN OF THE WAR CONFESSES TO THEFT

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 2.—With the aid of a \$10,000 theft hanging over him, J. J. Robinson, formerly a trusted employe of the St. Francis hotel here, enlisted in the United States army in Denver, served through several hard campaigns in France, according to his story to the police, and then surrendered himself today.

Robinson disappeared in May, 1918, after having been given a \$10,000 check by the hotel to cash. He said he visited many of the big cities in the country finally ending in Denver. He was released on \$5,000 bonds.

Robinson told the police he had returned \$5,000 of the stolen funds.

## ASKS CHANGE OF VENUE FOR ELEVEN CENTRALIA I. W. W.'S

ABERDEEN, Wash., Jan. 2.—Geo. F. Vanderveer, attorney for the eleven alleged I. W. W. men in jail here charged with the murder of the four American Legion men at Centralia on Armistice day will apply this afternoon for a change of venue to Tacoma. The grounds of his application are that Montesano lacks accommodations for the large number of jurors, witnesses and attorneys who will be directly interested in the case.

He states that the state will have 200 witnesses and that the defense will call at least 100, while the jury venire numbers 225. He also avers that the Montesano American Legion has engaged all the available hotel rooms, so that his witnesses will be unable to secure any accommodations in the town.

TACOMA, Jan. 2.—A picked number of alleged I. W. W. prisoners will be released from the city jail on their own recognizance unless a cleaner place can be found for them, Prosecuting Attorney W. D. Askren announced this afternoon. Mr. Askren today investigated jail conditions, about which the prisoners have been complaining. "The city jail is not the worst place on earth but it is bad enough," he said after his investigation.

The prosecutor will recommend that more recent members of the organization be freed on their oath that they will be present in court to stand trial.

R. E. Eddy, W. Randall and A. Gross, alleged I. W. W. who are held under a federal charge, today withdrew their pleas of not guilty and filed demurrers to the charges of addition under which they were arrested. Previously the three men had refused to obtain attorneys. George F. Vanderveer and two associates represented them today. The arguments on the demurrer will be heard January 19. The trial of the men had previously been set for January 13.

## EUREKA UNION MEN TEAR UP CARDS

EUREKA, Cal., Jan. 2.—The lumber mills in this vicinity started on a new basis today, as far as labor conditions were concerned, following the repudiation of the Timber Workers union by 63 of its members Wednesday because of their conviction that the union was affiliated with the Industrial Workers of the World. The workers tore up their membership cards.

SEATTLE, Dec. 31.—Chiff Durant, aviator and automobile race driver, probably will enter an air race between Seattle and Alaska planned for next spring, it was announced here today.

Captain Sir Arthur Whitten Brown non-stop trans-Atlantic flyer, several days ago wrote that he probably would enter. The Aero club of the Northwest which is arranging for the race, has received inquiries from several other aviators.

A capital prize of \$25,000 probably will be offered.

Borden Thanks Rockefeller.  
OTTAWA, Jan. 2.—Sir Robert Borden has written to John D. Rockefeller expressing his deep appreciation for Mr. Rockefeller's gift of \$50,000,000 to promote medical education in Canada.

Former President Feng Kuo-Chang of China died Thursday last. In a circular telegram issued from his deathbed to warring governors, he urged cessation of civil strife and reconciliation between the factions of the north and south.

## MURDERERIS HUNG BEFORE CELL MATES

### Experiment in Psychology Tried by Chicago Sheriff When 200 Criminals Are Forced to See Durraiges' Execution—"When Do We Eat?" Is Cry From Jail Tiers and Refrain of Death—Too Much Coddling of Criminals Declares Sheriff.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Out at the county jail in the grizzly dim hour of dawn an experiment in psychology was made this morning when 200 prisoners were forced to witness the hanging of Raffaele Durraiges, convicted murderer. Hardened criminals—other murderers and felons whose expiation is not yet the gallows—were placed in cells, tier on tier of which surrounded the square in which the scaffold had been erected.

It was the contention of Sheriff Peters that the sight of the gruesome trappings, the watching of the noose adjustment, the listening to the administration of last rites, the sound of the click of the spring trap and the jerk of the rope as its slack was snapped up by the falling body—all these would have a most salutary effect upon those in whose life might come future temptations to slay or to rob or to burn.

Disregard Protests  
And so firmly did the sheriff believe in the efficacy of this idea that he persisted in it despite protests from scores of other persons who thought the scheme was unnecessarily brutal.

Accordingly the stage was set in the death chamber.

Durraiges was led forth. The quiet in the death chamber became absolute for a moment. Then the noose was slipped over the murderer's head. From one of the higher tiers came a strident shout:

"When do we eat?" Tier by tier, cell by cell the cry was taken up. It became a roar above which the warden's voices could not be heard.

When Do We Eat?  
The trap was sprung. Durraiges dropped into the space beneath the scaffold—dead.

"When do we eat?" was his requiem.

Sheriff Charles W. Peters later issued a statement answering critics which said his action in permitting prisoners in the jail to witness the hanging as an object lesson. The statement reads as follows:

Too Much Coddling  
"In my opinion the modern coddling of criminals by well meaning, but misguided, sympathetic, theoretical reformers and self constituted organizations is one of the greatest causes of the present crime wave in this city. Their interference with the vigorous enforcement of the law has destroyed the fear of punishment by criminals to the extent that it is no longer a deterrent to the further commission of crime to be incarcerated in our penal institutions. A large number of prisoners openly acknowledge that they would prefer to be incarcerated in the county jail where they are better fed and where sanitary conditions are far better than in their ordinary environments.

Reformers Wast Energy  
"The reformers are constantly advocating the adoption and enactment of laws which are for the purpose of alleviating the punishment of the criminal, forgetting and losing sight of the protection that the law abiding and peaceable citizen is entitled to as against these human parasites.

"If one half of the energy now spent in sympathy on murderers and criminals would be devoted to the families of the victims and the other half to bringing to justice the brutes who have blotted out the lives of law abiding and peaceful citizens and darkened forever the lives of others, this would be a happier and safer world to live in."

Offer \$25,000 Seattle for Alaska Air Race