

The Weather

Maximum yesterday.....80  
Minimum today.....44

# MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

MEDFORD, OREGON, FRIDAY, MAY 30, 1919

Predictions

Today, probably showers  
tonight; fair tomorrow.

Daily—Fourteenth Year.  
Forty-ninth Year.

NO. 59

## BOYS OF '18 DIED FOR A HIGH IDEAL

President Wilson Pays Eloquent Tribute to Heroes Who Fell to Preserve Liberty and Freedom—Did Not Fight to Defeat Germany But the German Spirit Wherever It Existed—Victory Means Rule of People and Peace of World.

PARIS, May 30.—The day of secret council is past because the people are in the saddle, President Wilson declared in his Memorial Day address in the American cemetery at Suresnes. The private councils of statesmen, he added, will no longer determine the destinies of nations. An earnest defense of the League of Nations was a prominent note of the president's address. He said he looked for a time when a man who failed to support the league would be as ashamed as the man who opposed the union of the states after the Civil war.

WASHINGTON, May 30.—The text of President Wilson's Memorial Day address at Suresnes cemetery today is in part as follows:

Mr. Ambassador, Ladies and Gentlemen, Fellow Countrymen: No one with a heart in his breast, no American, no lover of humanity, can stand in the presence of these graves without the most profound emotion. These who lie here are men of a unique breed. Their like has not been seen since the days of crusades. Never before have men crossed the seas to a foreign land to fight for a cause of humanity which they did not pretend was particularly their own, but knew was the cause of humanity and mankind. And when they came, they found comrades for their courage and their devotion. They found armies of liberty already in the field—men who, though they had gone through three years of fiery trial seemed only to be just discovering, not for a moment losing, the high temper of the great affair, men seasoned in the bloody service of liberty. Joining hand with these, the men of America gave that greatest of all gifts, the gift of life and the gift of spirit.

Men of Vision It will always be a treasured memory on the part of those who knew and loved these men that the testimony of everybody who saw them in the field of action was their unflinching courage, their ardor to the point of audacity, their full consciousness of the high cause they had come to serve, and their constant vision of the issue. It is delightful to learn from those who saw these men fight and saw them waiting in the trenches for the summons to fight that they had a touch of the high spirit of religion; that they knew they were exhibiting a spirit as well as a physical might, and those of us who know and love America know that they were discovering to the whole world the true spirit and devotion of their motherland. It was America who came in the person of these men and who will forever be grateful that she was so represented.

Fought Against War These men did not come across the sea merely to defeat Germany and her associated powers in the war; they came to defeat forever the things for which the Central Powers stood, the sort of power they meant to assert in the world, the arrogant, selfish domination which they meant to establish; and they came, moreover, to see to it that there should never be a war like this again. It is for us, particularly for us who are civilized, to use our proper weapons of council and agreement to see to it that there never is such a war again. The nation that should now fling out of this common accord of council would betray the human race.

So it is our duty to take and maintain the safeguards which will see to it that the mothers of America and the Mothers of France and England and Italy and Belgium, and all other suffering nations should never be called upon for this sacrifice again. This can be done. It must be done. And it will be done.

The League of Nations The things that these men left us, though they did not in their councils conceive it, is the great instrument which we have just erected in the League of Nations. The League of Nations is the covenant of government that these men shall not have died in vain. I like to think that the dust of those sons of America who were privileged to be buried in this

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## ALL WORLD JOINS U.S.A. IN TRIBUTE

In America, in England and in France, Memorial Day is Solemnized—Not a Grave On Foreign Soil is Overlooked—President Wilson and General Pershing Visit Battlefields—Congress Adjourns to Honor Soldiers of '61 and '18.

PARIS, May 30.—Not a grave of any American who fell in the great war was overlooked in today's observance of Memorial Day. Some of the services were held in the vicinity of the battle line along which the troops fought and sacrificed their lives—in the cemeteries where they were laid to rest. Others took place near the hospital centers further back where those whose wounds finally caused their death have been buried.

The two most notable events of the day were at Suresnes near Paris and at Mamagne near the Argonne. President Wilson left the peace conference to go to the former place for an address in the American cemetery there, while General Pershing went to Romagne, near the spot where the Americans suffered their heaviest losses in the fighting. The 500 soldier dead at Romagne were honored by the attendance of a battalion of infantry, a battery of artillery and a regimental band while similar detachments took part in the exercises at other large cemeteries.

After paying tribute to the memory of their fallen comrades, the members of the American expeditionary forces, from the Rhine to the sea, spent the remainder of the day in taking part in and witnessing athletic events of various kinds. As part of the Memorial Day observance, Hugh C. Wallace, American ambassador to France, went to the Picpus cemetery in the outskirts of Paris, and placed a wreath on the tomb of LaFayette.

French Fire Salutes Marshal Pétain, commander of the French army, gave directions to French troops to fire salutes where the American dead were buried, to pay tribute to their fallen comrades in arms from overseas. The marshal notified General Pershing of this action in a letter which read: "I have invited French troops stationed near American cemeteries to go and salute their brothers in arms, fallen for the safety of their land and the liberty of the world. Later when you have left Europe, rest assured that the same rites will be rendered them, and with the same fervor. Remembrance of these valiant men will endure in our hearts."

President Wilson was accompanied by Mrs. Wilson, Rear Admiral Grayson, Brigadier General William M. Harts and Miss Edith Benham, Mrs. Wilson's secretary.

The London Ceremony LONDON, May 30.—The graves of 1562 United States soldiers and sailors were decorated today in many parts of the United Kingdom. American flags were placed above them by army and navy officials and on each was placed a wreath by representatives of the Knights of Columbus.

In each cemetery there were impressive services conducted by the local clergy, large numbers of the townspeople turning out. A special train bearing American Ambassador Davis and many other prominent Americans left here this morning for Brentwood cemetery.

Services at Arlington WASHINGTON, May 30.—With (Continued on Page Four.)

## PEACE DELEGATES ARE BUSY TRANSLATING

PARIS, May 30.—The council of four did not meet today. Peace making activities were suspended for the day pending the translation of the German proposals and the study of the Austrian peace terms by the delegates representing the smaller states.

VERSAILLES, May 30.—Two new notes were delivered to the secretariat of the peace conference by the German delegates today. At the same time the Germans handed over French and English translations of the first section of the counter proposals which were delivered yesterday in German only.

## BUT GRANDPA HAD A SWORD



## MUST HAVE FLEET TO SHIP U. S. GOODS SAYS SEC'Y DANIELS

PHILADELPHIA, May 30.—As a celebration of Memorial Day, Hog Island expected to establish a world's record for ship launchings from one yard today by sending overboard five 7500-ton cargo carriers in 80 minutes. Secretary of the Navy Daniels, a number of shipping board officials and a large delegation of the United States senators and representatives were expected to witness the launchings. "We could not, if we would, as a nation," said Secretary Daniels in his address, "longer live between the two oceans dependent upon foreign bottoms for our overseas commerce. We will not quit the shipbuilding industry or ever again be guilty of the folly of trusting our foreign commerce to foreign bottoms. We will put the industry on a firm and sound basis."

## REINFORCE U. S. ARMY ON THE MEXICAN LINE

Fifth Cavalry Ordered to El Paso—Villa Criticizes Wilson and Declares Won't Be Responsible for Results if Favors Are Shown Carranza—Is Nearina Chihuahua. NOGALES, Ariz., May 30.—Six hundred Mexican federal soldiers under General Francisco Torres, arrived at Granita siding, four miles south of Nogales, Sonora, today, after an all night run from Hermosillo. General Torres stated if the United States government would not allow the Mexican troops to be shipped in bond through American territory to Juarez he would take the train over the Cananea branch of the Southern Mexican railroad at Naco and then march overland to Chihuahua.

## ATT'Y GENERAL BROWN GIVES DECISION ON LOCAL BOOZE CASE

SALEM, May 30.—Automobiles carrying liquor from wet territory thru dry territory to another point in wet territory are not common carriers and the persons riding in them are not passengers on common carriers therefore the persons are liable under the law as being unlawfully in possession of liquor in dry territory. This was the ruling of Attorney General Brown today in reply to an inquiry by District Attorney G. M. Roberts of Medford. The question arose over the arrest of a man at Medford for transporting liquor by automobile from one point in California to another place in that state, the route necessitating his going thru Oregon territory.

## BOLSHEVIKI CLAIM CRUSHING VICTORY OVER THE POLES

LONDON, May 30.—The Bolsheviks have driven the Poles from Rovno after fierce fighting and occupied the town, according to a wireless message from Moscow today. The Russians claim to have captured a large quantity of military stores at Rovno, and 70 guns at Zdolgunao and occupied Alexandria.

VALDIVOSTOK, May 28.—(By Associated Press.)—A large number of Bolsheviks are mobilizing at Jaranka, in the important Suchan mining district and according to reports, are preparing to attack the allied mine guards, composed of American, Chinese and Japanese troops. The mine deny that they are Bolsheviks, declaring that they are "partisans," as opposed to the "Kolechaki" troops of the Omsk government. A general strike has been called in the district, and 2,000 coal miners and railroad operators are on strike. A proclamation issued by the "partisans" demands that all the allied troops be removed from the mining district, which is declared neutral territory. The miners propose to operate the coal mines themselves.

## MURDERER OF ROSA LUXEMBERG MAKES MYSTERIOUS ESCAPE

BERLIN, May 30.—(By Associated Press.) A sensation has been caused by the statement published in the independent newspaper Freiheit, that Lieutenant Vogel, who was convicted of the murder of Rosa Luxemburg, the radical social leader, and who recently mysteriously escaped from prison, had been released under a falsified order and was now at the German legation in Holland awaiting the next steamer to Argentine. The statement led to an immediate official investigation and the government has issued a declaration that it will proceed unconditionally against all participating in Vogel's flight.

BERLIN, Thursday, May 29.—(By Associated Press.) The government has published a statement saying that those planning to separate the Rhineland from Germany and to create an independent republic are guilty of high treason, punishable with life-long imprisonment. The Prussian diet discussed the situation and vent their criticism of Kerr Kastert, Herr Kuechuff and Herr Frohberger, who are alleged to have negotiated with General Mangin, commanding the French forces in Mayence district. Herr Frohberger is editor of the Cologne Volks Zeitung. The social democratic Rhein Gazette has been suspended for eight days for printing news relative to the conference between Herr Frohberger and General Mangin.

## FRENCH ASSERT GERMAN CLAIMS TO BE IGNORED

Counter Proposals Already Answered—Declare French papers—Capt Tardieu in Address to American Students Praises Treaty and Appeals for Friendship Between the Two Countries.

LONDON, May 30.—Premier Lloyd George, in his speech to the Welsh division at Amiens last Sunday declared, according to the South Wales Daily News: "We say to the Germans: 'Gentlemen, you must sign. If you do not do so at Versailles, you shall do so at Berlin. We are not going to give way.'"

PARIS, May 30.—(Havas.)—The Paris newspapers generally agree that the allied and associated powers have answered in advance the pretensions put forth by the German counter proposals and that they will not consider the proposals. The newspapers say that the counter proposals are an attempt to escape the moral and material consequences of the war and give the impression that Germany is trying to open oral negotiations.

BEAUNE, France, May 29.—Captain Andre Tardieu, member of the French peace delegation, defended the treaty of peace in an address delivered today at the closing exercises of Benne University where 10,000 American student soldiers have been studying since the armistice. He said in discussing the treaty: "First it is honest, it agrees with our program of war, with our public engagements and with our conception of international life."

"While he is studying and discussing this same treaty, the enemy well knows that he has a block of granite in front of him. If anyone tries to belittle this solidarity he thereby confesses that he has learned nothing from the lessons of the war or from the creative greatness of our union. "Finally it is efficient, for in that world which it invites to peace it makes Germany truly harmless. It forces her to repair everything which she should and can repair. "To challenge the need of such a guarantee is to confess to having lived for five years outside of humanity and to ignoring the martyrdom which such aggression has inflicted on it."

Warned of Intrigues Captain Tardieu warned the Americans against intrigues at home and abroad which he said tended to break down the friendship between America and France and might "befog the conscience of the people." In appealing for mutual understanding between America and France, Captain Tardieu asked that American soldiers tell the people of the United States of the true conditions in France.

France as She Is "You will tell of France just as you have seen her," he said, "you have seen her fighting in the front line, you have seen her at work behind the lines. "We at this end will tell how two years ago you had nothing of the many things which go to make modern war, and how 16 months later you were two million strong in our land. We will also say that during the labor of the conference our just claims found no more far-seeing advocate than President Woodrow Wilson. You will say that you were quite aware of all the intrigues on foot intended to darken the purity of our mutual friendship. We will say that we see clearly the name of those for whom the loosening of our common bonds is but an instrument of reaction or one of revolution. "In that way the Franco-American friendship, offspring of Washington and LaFayette, stimulated and warmed to by the common effort in this war of justice, will triumph over all the hidden attacks and will arise in all its splendor before the clean conscience of the two nations."

WILLARD TO HAVE REAL  
FIGHTER SPARRING PARTNER TOLEDO, Ohio, May 30.—Walter Monahan, who was chief sparring partner for Jess Willard, when the champion fought Jack Johnson at Havana, has been granted a furlough from the army and will report here to join Willard's camp next week, according to a message received today by Ray O. Archer, business manager of the champion.

PARIS, May 30.—Greek forces were landed yesterday at Avlani on the coast of Asia Minor, 66 miles northwest of Smyrna. The Turkish troops there offered only slight opposition which was overcome.

## NC-4 FAILS IN HOP OFF TO ENGLAND

U. S. Seaplane Forced to Make Landing on Mondego River 100 Miles Up Portuagal coast—Engine Trouble Cause—Crew and Plane Uninjured—Expect Flight to Be Continued Tomorrow—Plymouth Crowds Are Disappointed.

BREST, May 30.—The American naval seaplane NC-4, in charge of Lieutenant Commander A. C. Read, U. S. N., made an ineffectual attempt today to make the jump from Lisbon, Portugal, to Plymouth, England the scheduled last leg of her trip, and thus round out her memorable trans-Atlantic voyage. She was compelled to land in the Mondego river about 100 miles up the coast from Lisbon.

BREST, May 30.—The United States Ship George Washington late this afternoon picked up this wireless message: "NC-4 landed for today. It will continue tomorrow."

The message was sent by the destroyer Tarbell but did not give the position of the landing. The naval officials here are of the opinion that the seaplane will remain in the Mondego river overnight.

PLYMOUTH, May 30.—News that the NC-4 had started on her flight from Lisbon to Plymouth created much excitement. Hours before the plane was expected to arrive large crowds gathered on the bluffs overlooking the harbor. The United States destroyer Rochester is due here about noon.

BREST, May 30.—A message received here relayed from the torpedo boat destroyer Woolley at station C, on the route of the NC-4 is interpreted by the naval authorities here as meaning that the NC-4 developed trouble but effected repairs and resumed her flight.

The message read: "Maintain stations. NC-4 on her way."

PLYMOUTH, England, May 30.—The United States naval seaplane NC-4 left Lisbon for this port at 5:20 o'clock this morning. Left at 5 a. m. WASHINGTON, May 30.—The navy department was officially advised of the departure of the seaplane NC-4 from Lisbon for Plymouth at 5 o'clock this morning in a brief message from Admiral Cummings at Lisbon. The starting time was given at 5:24 Greenwich time (1:20 a. m. Washington time.) Slow cable communication keeps the department about four or five hours behind in news of progress of the flight.

LONDON, May 30.—The following message has been received by wireless from the NC-4: "Landed Mondego river."

The mouth of the Mondego river is near Figueira, about 100 miles north of Lisbon on the Portuguese coast.

Can't Make Plymouth BREST, May 30.—The following message from the NC-4 has been received here: "NC-4 at Mondego river, must await high tide. Seaplane cannot make Plymouth. Request destroyers to keep stations. What is best port to land seaplane within 300 miles?"

The message was signed by Lieutenant Commander Read. It was not timed. It was picked up at 12:30 p. m. by the United States auxiliary Bridgport in Brest harbor. The message was addressed to Command-

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## NO WORD IN SIBERIA OF ALLIED SUPPORT

VLADIVOSTOK, Wednesday, May 28.—(By Associated Press.) The highest allied government representatives in Siberia have not received notification of any change in the attitude of their governments toward the All-Russian government at Omsk headed by Admiral Kolchak. Newspapers here state positively, however that the peace conference has recognized the Kolchak government. It was also stated yesterday that Japan had extended recognition, but this is untrue.