

You Bought for War
Now Buy for Peace
INVEST

MEDFORD MAIL TRIBUNE

The Weather
Maximum yesterday.....77
Minimum today.....40
Tonight and tomorrow, fair.

Daily—Fourteenth Year.
Forty-ninth Year.

MEDFORD, OREGON, FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1919

NO. 35

NATION WIDE ROUND UP OF REDS ORDERED

I. W. W. and Radicals Arrested in All Parts of Country—Undesirable Characters to Be Deported—One Suspect Arrested in New York—Secret Service Claims Clue.

NEW YORK, May 2.—Federal and police investigators of the nationwide, bomb conspiracy to assassinate prominent men expressed opinion today that they had found a clue, when they learned the identity of the manufacturer of the peculiarly designed paper with which the boxes containing the bombs were covered. The manufacturer said that only a few hundred sheets of the paper had left his stock and that he could furnish the police with a list of his patrons into whose possession the paper went.

The paper is of fancy pale green, basket weave design. Investigators suggested the criminals might have had a box maker prepare 25 or 30 boxes and that the box maker made use of the sample paper because the order was a small one.

Proprietor Arrested
A raid on a "medical institution" last night, in which quantities of explosives were found, led to reports that something tangible had been learned regarding the May Day conspiracy but reticence concerning the report was observed by the investigators.

The house in which the explosives were found was described by police as a "medical institute" for the treatment of drug addicts. The proprietor of the place, Charles R. Baldwin, was arrested charged with violation of the drug act, a quantity of drugs also being found.

The explosives consisted of 36 eight-ounce bottles of various explosive chemicals, according to the police. Baldwin denied knowing that the bottles were in his quarters.

NEW YORK, May 2.—A large quantity of explosive confiscated last night by police and federal agents at a house in West 45th street was being examined at police headquarters today in connection with the investigation of the May Day conspiracy to kill prominent men by sending bombs to them thru the mails.

Round Up Reds

NEW YORK, May 2.—Federal and police officials were expected to make a round-up of "reds" here today in connection with the investigation into the nationwide May Day conspiracy to kill prominent men by sending bombs to them thru the mails.

It was reported today that messages had been sent to members of the peace delegation in Paris warning them against opening packages.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—Parties of alleged alien revolutionists are being made up in San Francisco, Seattle and other coast points for deportation thru the port of New York as a result of the receipt of mailed bombs and other radical activities at these points, Edward White, commissioner of immigration announced here today.

The murder of Mrs. George D. Greenwood, Oakland society matron, by a bomb and the sending of infernal contrivances to prominent men have caused the immigration authorities to redouble their efforts to round up all alien undesirable, White said.

Deport Bolsheviks
"The date for sending the men away from here will be fixed by the immigration bureau at Washington later," White announced. "It probably will be before the end of the month. The men now in custody are in county jails in various parts of the state, but will be collected in this city and sent out," possibly from Oakland, in a special car. The train then will proceed to Seattle and other coast points to pick up like parties. An official of the bureau in Washington is expected here soon to arrange for the details.

"We are cooperating with the police and other federal authorities in rounding up these men."

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 2.—Two hundred prisoners were arraigned in police court this morning as a result of yesterday's May Day disorders. C. E. Ruthenberg, former socialist candidate for mayor, was among those detained.

Rioting, precipitated by a socialist parade yesterday resulting in the death of a man and injury of more than 60 others, two perhaps fatally, was followed by street fighting last night. Sixteen policemen were injured.

VICTORY PEACE WILL BE SIGNED BY MAY 27TH

Present Program If Carried Out Will See Peace With Germany Last Week of May—Count Rantzau Overcome By Peace Terms—Italian Ambassador Invited.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS, May 2.—If the work of carrying out the last phase of the peace negotiations progresses according to the program outlined in Paris dispatches, the treaty probably will be signed early in the week beginning May 25.

The treaty will be presented to the Germans Monday afternoon. Reports from the peace conference indicate that it is to be a "victor's peace" and there will be no oral conversations except the mere formalities when the treaty is handed over. Fifteen days will be given the enemy to consider the treaty, with a few additional days for the exchange of views between the allied and German delegations.

Thus, at the latest, if present plans are followed, May 27 should see peace reigning once more between Germany and the allied and associated governments.

Italy Invited
A secret plenary session of the conference will be held Saturday, while on Monday a meeting will be held for the organization of the League of Nations. Italy still is not represented at the conference, but her ambassador is invited to attend such conferences as the regular peace delegation from that country would attend. He has been asked, formally, to be present Monday to represent his nation at the formal launching of the League of Nations.

The council of three met yesterday and gave Belgium a prior claim on \$500,000,000 of the reparation moneys to be received from Germany.

Germany's delegation exchanged credentials with allied representatives yesterday. Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the German foreign secretary, appeared almost overcome with the sense of his country's defeat when confronted by the allied delegation.

JASPER MILLER, THE OLDEST TEACHER IN STATE, BREAKS DOWN

EUGENE, Ore., May 2.—Jasper N. Miller, 78 years old, and said to be the oldest rural school teacher in the state, has resigned his position in school district No. 125 in the Spencer Creek valley, near Eugene. He began his term last fall, declaring that he was as able to teach as he was 30 years ago; but his health declined and it was thought best that he resign.

His position has not been filled and the directors have decided to close his school as the term would have been completed in less than a month.

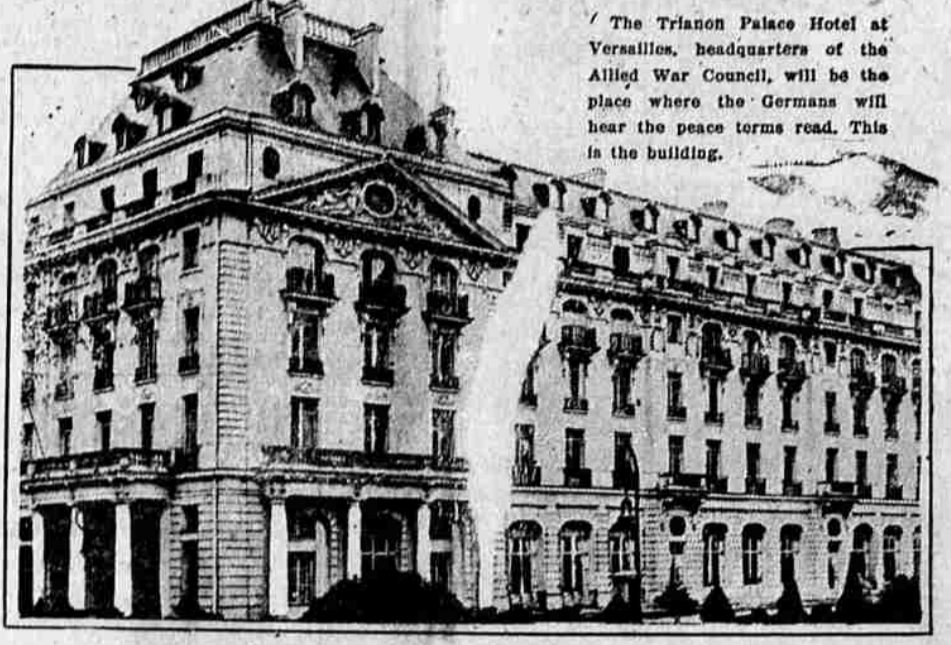
Jasper Miller is an old pioneer of Jackson County and formerly lived on his homestead near Butte Falls. He attained considerable prominence several years ago when he received offers of marriage from various parts of the state and celebrated his 75th birthday by doleful them. His many friends in the valley will regret to hear of his ill health.

ASK AN INJUNCTION AGAINST DRY LAW

SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—Permanent injunction to restrain Mrs. Annette Adams, United States attorney, from enforcing provisions of the war time prohibition act of November 21, 1918, and the Sheppard prohibition amendment, was sought in the United States district court here today in a petition filed by Theodore A. Bell, an attorney.

70 Killed at San Salvador.
SAN SALVADOR, May 2.—Seventy persons were killed and more than 500 persons were injured as a result of the earthquake of April 28. The damage was extensive in this city and nearby towns to which the earth shocks were confined.

WHERE GERMANS WILL HEAR PEACE TERMS



VERSAILLES, May 2.—(By Associated Press.) The first session of the peace congress was held in the room now used by the supreme war council and was devoted to a verification of credentials. The text of the peace treaty will be presented to the Germans at the second session in the dining room of the Hotel Trianon. This is a superb apartment 75 feet square and is virtually a room inclosed in glass. The delegates will proceed to the conference chamber thru a marble corridor 180 feet long lined with mirrors on one side and opening on the park from the other.

REFUSES TO ALLOW INFANT AS EVIDENCE WHITE SLAVE CASE

SACRAMENTO, Calif., May 2.—The prosecution failed today in its efforts to have the one year old baby of Mrs. Myrna P. Northcutt exhibited in the United States district court in the trial of W. E. Gowling, charged with transporting Mrs. Northcutt, his cousin, from Reno, Nev., to Sloat, Calif., for immoral purposes in violation of the Mann act in order to give the jury an opportunity to see whether the child resembled Gowling.

United States Judge W. C. Van Fleet said it would be dangerous to exhibit the child because of the well known fact that the resemblance of strangers in blood relations is frequently very strong.

"I merely made the request because of the absence of expert testimony regarding the birth of the child," P. H. Johnson, assistant district attorney, said. "Mrs. Northcutt's husband has testified by inference that the child is not his."

The cross examination of Mrs. Northcutt was continued today. Mrs. Northcutt testified that the plan of murdering her husband had "flashed through" her mind, when asked by Johnson if she had not thought "of killing him."

She added that she had "dreamed of killing him" after he had taken her two oldest children from her after his return from Riverside, Cal., last January from France.

"Why are you so anxious to testify in this case, you are not a defendant," Johnson said.

"Because I was brought into this case and want to clear my good name," the witness replied.

Mrs. Northcutt testified yesterday on cross examination that she loved Gowling, who is her cousin, and in answer to a question she denied she ever had immoral relations with him.

The witness was asked to identify a number of telegrams couched in terms of affection and state whether she had sent them to Gowling or received them from him.

She explained a number of phrases. "Dictator," she said, meant her father, the late Martia Pattison, business man of Superior, Wis.; "Friday," was her husband; "Robinson Crusoe" was her brother, Byron Pattison of Los Angeles, and "Castle of Gloom" meant the whole family. Mrs. Northcutt's husband is Lieutenant Carlton Northcutt of the United States navy.

LEAGUE COVENANT NOT TO BE ISSUE BETWEEN PARTIES

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Senator Curtis of Kansas, republican whip, who with Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, leader, recently telegraphed republican senators asking them not to discuss the revised league of nations covenant until a party conference could be held, said today replies had come from all but about six senators who could not be located and that all agreed silence would be the best policy.

Senator Kenyon of Iowa joined today with other republicans of the progressive group in opposing the making of the League of Nations question a party matter.

"It will not be a party question," Senator Kenyon said. "The question will be determined in the senate not on any theory of helping or injuring any political party, but solely on its merits as a distinct problem."

Senator Poindexter of Washington, who returned today from a month's speaking trip in opposition to the league, said he did not see how the League of Nations could be made into a party question at this time.

3 MINERS KILLED WHEN ENGINEER MAKES ERROR

BUTTE, Mont., May 2.—Three miners were killed early this morning when Reginald C. Higan, engineer at the Barus mine, let a cage run into the sheaves. Louis Demars and Frank Book were instantly killed and Fred Kiefert died at St. James hospital shortly after the accident. All three men leave families. Albert O. West, a fourth man on the cage, suffered a broken leg. The accident occurred a short time before the regular shift came off work. The coroner will hold an inquest.

AGAIN DECLARES CHILD LABOR LAW ILLEGAL

GREENSBORO, N. C., May 2.—The child labor section of the war revenue bill, placing a prohibitive tax on products of child labor entering interstate commerce, was declared unconstitutional today by Federal Judge James E. Boyd. Last year he declared void the original child labor act, which the United States Supreme court annulled by a margin of one vote.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY

May 2.
A new German drive is heralded by terrific artillery bombardment along the entire Western front. German seventy-five mile gun again opens fire on Paris, killing women and children. Crack German regiment assail American lines before Villers Bretonneaux. Hum batteries shell Allied line from Looge to Dramoutre. Allied reserves fast diminishing.

SUBSCRIBE NOW TO THE VICTORY LOAN WHAT YOU WOULD HAVE PAID FOR VICTORY THEN.

PARIS LABOR RESENTS MAY DAY METHODS

Socialists and Laborists Call Indignation Meeting—Declare Demonstration Was Orderly. Violence of Police Unwarranted—Clemenceau Criticized.

PARIS, May 2.—Two hundred and fifty policemen were hurt during yesterday's May Day disorders, it is announced. Apparently only one person was killed.

PARIS, May 2. Socialists and leaders of labor unions are indignant over yesterday's incidents. The General Labor Federation has issued a protest and a committee will meet tonight to consider steps to be taken. The managing committee of the socialist party and the socialist group of the chamber of deputies also will meet.

Clemenceau Blamed
Deputy Marcel Cachin, writing in Humanite, claims the day was a "magnificent demonstration of the power and discipline of the laboring classes and was marred only by the brutality of the ferocious police." M. Cachin places responsibility for the disorders upon Premier Clemenceau. The United Trade Union of the Department of the Seine, declaring many women were victims of the "violent action of the police, exercised by order of the government," has decided to call a meeting of the general council.

U. S. Ambulances Aid
PARIS, May 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—American ambulances did efficient work in picking up the wounded during the May Day demonstrations, the American Red Cross attendants being cheered by the crowds.

At the Invalids Bridge an American lieutenant colonel and two junior officers were stopped by dragoons when they attempted to cross the river. The Americans were charged upon by some cavalrymen and in the melee some shots were fired.

During a clash in Place de La Bastille, a policeman shouted to the mob: "If you want to fight, go to Versailles and fight the Germans."

The mob took up the cry of "on to Versailles," and averted more serious fighting.

Disturbances Deplored
The police maintain that they had no ball cartridges in their revolvers and that no ammunition was issued to the troops, the few shots fired consequently having come from the demonstrators.

The disturbances are generally deplored by public opinion. The conservative organs lay the blame upon the labor people, while the socialists that there would have been no trouble if a demonstration had been permitted in Paris.

The Petit Parisien says that throughout the country the laboring classes displayed their feelings in dignity and order.

OFFERS \$135,000 FOR WILLARD FIGHT

MINNEAPOLIS, April 2.—Mike Collins, the local boxing promoter, today telegraphed Tex Rickard an offer of \$135,000 for permission to promote the Willard-Dempsey fight, proposed for July 4. Collins announced he has received \$100,000 backing in Minneapolis and that the fighters would be brought here for a 10-round contest, if Rickard accepts the offer.

NON-PARTISAN LEADERS MUST STAND TRIAL

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 2.—A. C. Townley, president of the National Non-Partisan league and Joseph Gilbert, league organizer, must stand trial on charges of disloyalty, the state supreme court ruled today. The decision of the Jackson county district court, overruling demurrers brought by Townley and Gilbert, who sought to have the indictments quashed, was sustained. Gilbert is charged with having made public utterances designed to discourage patriotic cooperation in the war.

HUNS PLEASED WITH ATTITUDE AT VERSAILLES

German Delegates Well Satisfied With Spirit of First Meeting—Believe the Negotiations Will Be Conducted On Basis of Equity—League of Nations Covenant Not Acceptable.

PARIS, May 2.—The credentials committee of the peace conference held a meeting today to examine the German credentials received at Versailles yesterday.

There is no disposition, it is said, on the part of the allies and the United States to raise any questions regarding the competency of the Berlin government to speak for the remainder of Germany. They are proceeding on the theory that the Berlin ministry is the real German government.

Huns Are Satisfied
VERSAILLES, May 2.—The German delegates to the peace congress today expressed themselves as well satisfied that the first meeting Thursday with representatives of the allied and associated powers took the form of a mutual exchange of credentials rather than a one-sided demand for the production of the German papers for purposes of identification. They take this as an indication the negotiations are to be conducted on a basis of equality.

League Criticized
LONDON, May 2.—According to a report of an interview given by Herr Schuecking, one of Germany's peace delegates, to the Berlin correspondent of the Herald, the Laborite organ, the plan for the League of Nations which has been formulated at Paris has brought disillusionment to Germany. It is regarded there as a thinly veiled scheme for the victors powers to gain the ascendancy and give the militarists an opportunity to taunt the pacifists for their simplicity, it is said.

Herr Schuecking emphasized that a feature of the German plan for the league creates a representative world parliament, thus safeguarding the democratic base of the league and avoiding the return of militarism in a new form.

Not Sink Large Ships
PARIS, May 2.—The naval terms to be embodied in the peace treaty with Germany which finally have been completed, do not provide for the sinking of the larger warships. The disposition of these vessels is left to be decided upon later by the allied and associated powers.

PARIS, May 2.—The peace treaty comprises 15 to 20 chapters, according to Marcel Hutin of the Echo de Paris.

The preamble is contained in the first chapter, setting forth the reasons why the various contracting parties entered the war and mentioning the necessity for the League of Nations.

The second chapter deals with the German frontiers and the third contains all clauses connected with alterations of frontiers.

German Colonies
The fourth sets forth the military, naval and aerial clauses, and the fifth takes up disposition of the German colonies.

The other chapters are not as yet altogether finished but they will concern reparations, economic and financial questions and will deal with the international labor legislation treaty. The treaty concludes with a chapter concerning the guarantees for the execution of the treaty conditions by Germany.

M. Hutin adds he believes the German delegation has full powers and will end the negotiations by signing the preliminaries of the treaty.

JESS WILLARD STARTS WORK FOR BIG GO

LOS ANGELES, May 2.—Jess Willard, who is matched to meet Jack Dempsey July 4 for the heavyweight championship, started road work today. He left his quarters early in the morning with the announced intention of doing 10 miles. Willard came here to appear in a motion picture, and will remain about a week, he said.

PLYMOUTH, England, May 1.—(By the Associated Press.)—The United States cruiser Des Moines, the first ship to fire a salute at Plymouth since the beginning of the war, will sail tomorrow for Harwich, and thence will proceed for Anghel.